

Washington, Tuesday, June 7, 1960

# **Contents**

Agricultural Marketing Service Rules and Regulations: Cotton and cotton linters licensing program, abolishment		Michigan Broadcasting Co. (WBCK) et al 5003 Northeast Radio, Inc. (WCAP) 5005 Oil Transport Co., Inc 5006
ing program, abolishment 499 Irish potatoes grown in Maine:	Costollis Doledo	R. O'Brien and Co., Inc. 5006
limitation of shipments 498	PROPOSED RULE MAKING: Coal-tar products; notice of in-	Washington Broadcasting Co. (WOL) et al 5007
Agriculture Department	tention to establish new stand-	PROPOSED RULE MAKING: 994 Public ship-shore communication
See Agricultural Marketing Serv- ice; Commodity Credit Corpora-	Defense Department	in the maritime mobile service; Los Angeles-San Diego area 5000
tion; Commodity Stabilization Service.	See Army Department.	Rules and Regulations: Extension of lines and discon-
202 1200.	Federal Aviation Agency	tinuance of service by carriers 4992
Army Department	Proposed Rule Making:	
Rules and Regulations:	Federal airway and associated	Federal Power Commission
Procurement; indefinite delivery	control areas, revocation; re- porting points, modification;	Notices:
type contracts 499	control area extension, modifi-	Hearings, etc.:
Atomic Energy Commission	cation4	999 Pacific Gas Transmission Co.
_ <del>-</del>	Federal airway and associated control areas; withdrawal of	et al 5008 Peoples Gulf Coast Natural Gas
Notices: Consumers Power Co.; notice of is-		Pipeline Co. et al 5008
suance of construction permit. 500	2 Federal airway and associated	RULES AND REGULATIONS:
_	control areas and reporting	Uniform system of accounts pre-
Civil Aeronautics Board	points; revocation (2 docu- ments) 4	scribed for Class A and Class B public utilities and licensees (see
Notices:	Rules and Regulations:	Part II of this issue).
Hearings, etc.:	Control area extension; designa-	
Investigation of accident which		P86 Federal Trade Commission
occured near Cannelton, Ind. 500 Reopened large irregular air	Federal airway and associated	RULES AND REGULATIONS:
carrier investigation 500	control areas; modification and	Prohibited trade practices:  American Deb Furs, Inc., et al. 4986
Seven Seas Airlines, Inc., en-		Mendiola, Rudolph, and Whole-
forcement proceeding 500	Federal Communications Co	sale Fur House 4987
<b>Commodity Credit Corporation</b>	mission	Titche-Goettinger Co. et al 4987
RULES AND REGULATIONS:	Notices:	Food and Drug Administration
Cotton; 1960 choice (A) price sup-	Hearings, etc.:	Proposed Rule Making:
port program 49'	•	Food additives: notice of filing of
Honey; 1960 price support pro-		002 petition 4994
gram 490	Babylon-Bay Shore Broadcast-	
<b>Commodity Stabilization Service</b>	ing Corp. (WBAB) 5	1003 Health, Education, and Welfare
Proposed Rule Making:	Deloit Broadcasters, Inc.	Department
Tobacco, certain types; establish-		003 003 See Food and Drug Administra-
ment of farm acreage allot-	Geller, Simon, and Associated	tion.
ments and normal yields 49	6 Enterprises 5	003 (Continued on next page)
		4973

#### CONTENTS

Housing and Home Finance	Internal Revenue Service	Renegotiation Board
Agency Notices: Redelegations of authority: Regional Director of Community Facilities Activities,	Profosed Rule Making: Liquor; manufacture and sale of certain compounds, prepara- tions, and products containing alcohol4995	Rules and Regulations:  Prime contracts and subcontracts to be performed outside the United States; correction 4991
Region IV (Chicago): Housing for educational institutions5009 Public facility loans5009	1953 4988	Securities and Exchange Commission Notices:
Public works planning 5009 Regional Director of Urban Renewal, Region IV (Chicago); Slum Clearance and Urban	Interstate Commerce Commission Notices: Fourth section applications for	Auto Lube, Inc.; notice of hearing on stated issues 5008
Renewal Program, Demon- stration Grant Program, and Urban Planning Grant Pro- gram5009	relief 5010  National Park Service  RULES AND REGULATIONS:  YOSEMITE National Park, Cali-	Small Business Administration Rules and Regulations: Household movers industry; no- tice of availability of SBA busi-
Indian Affairs Bureau Proposed Rule Making:	fornia; fishing and speed 4992  Post Office Department	ness loans 4985  Tariff Commission
San Carlos Indian Irrigation Project, Arizona; operation and maintenance charges, closing time for comments 4994	Proposed Rule Making: Mailing chutes and receiving boxes; procedure for approv-	Notices: Certain woven mats; notice of dismissal of complaint
Interior Department See Indian Affairs Bureau; National Park Service.	Rules and Regulations: Information on postal matters, special cancellations, money orders and postal savings; mis- cellaneous amendments 4991	Treasury Department  See Customs Bureau; Internal Revenue Service.

# Codification Guide

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in today's issue. A cumulative list of parts affected, covering the current month to date, appears at the end of each issue beginning with the second issue of the month.

appears at the end of each issue beginning with the second issue of the month.

Monthly, quarterly, and annual cumulative guides, published separately from the daily issues, include the section numbers as well as the part numbers affected.

6 CFR 427	4075	16 CFR 13 (3 documents) 4986.	4087	26 (1954) CFR	4988
434		18 CFR (see Part II of this	, 1001	Proposed Rules:	
7 CFR 28		issue). 101	5013	32 CFR 606	4990
730 970 Proposed Rules:		19 CFR PROPOSED RULES:		36 CFR	4991
723 725 727	4996	14	4994	39 CFR	4992
13 CFR	1000	Proposed Rules:	4994	4	4991
121	4985	25 CFR		PROPOSED RULES:	4991
14 CFR 600	4985	Proposed Rules:	4994	43 47 CFR	4994
601 (3 documents) 4985, Proposed Rules:	<b>4986</b>	26 (1939) CFR		63PROPOSED RULES:	4992
600 (4 documents) 4999, 601 (4 documents) 4999,			4995	8	5000 5000

# Rules and Regulations

# Title 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Commodity Stabilization Service and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER B-LOANS, PURCHASES, AND
OTHER OPERATIONS

[1960 CCC Cotton Bulletin 2]

#### PART 427—COTTON

# Subpart—1960 Choice (A) Cotton Price Support Program Regulations

JUP	bon modiam kedalamani
Sec.	
427.1151	General statement.
427.1152	Administration.
427.1153	Availability of program.
427.1154	Approved purchasing agency and
	approved sales agency.
427.1155	Producer.
427.1156	Eligible producer.
427.1157	Eligible cotton.
427.1158	Purchase forms.
427.1159	Approved storage.
427.1160	Warehouse receipts and insurance.
427.1161	Weight, purchase rate, and amount,
427.1162	Preparation of documents.
427.1163	Liens.
427.1164	Setoffs.
427.1165	Classification of cotton.
427.1166	Warehouse charges.
427.1167	Purchase of cotton represented by
	order bills of lading.
427.1168	Manner of payment to producers.
427.1169	Tender of Forms SA by purchasing
	agencies.
427.1170	Choice (A) recourse loans.
427.1171	Schedule of premiums and dis-
	counts for eligible qualities of
	1960-crop American upland cot-

AUTHORITY: §§ 427.1151 to 427.1171 issued under sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070, as amended, sec. 5, 62 Stat. 1072, secs. 101, 102, 401, 63 Stat. 1051, as amended, Title II, 73 Stat. 178; 15 U.S.C. 714b and 714c, 7 U.S.C. 1441, 1443, 1421.

ton (basis middling 1-inch).

#### § 427.1151 General statement.

This bulletin contains the regulations and requirements with respect to the 1960 Choice (A) Cotton Price Support Program of Commodity Credit Corporation (referred to in this subpart as "CCC") formulated by CCC and the Commodity Stabilization Service (referred to in this subpart as "CSS"). Under this program, CCC will purchase 1960-crop Choice (A) upland cotton from producers, subject to the \$50,000 limitation on nonrecourse price support on 1960-crop cotton contained in Public Law 86-80, and will make recourse loans to producers on 1960-crop Choice (A) upland cotton in excess of that which may be tendered for purchase under the \$50,000 limitation, if such cotton was produced on a farm for which the operator elected the Choice (A) allotment and the acreage planted to cotton on the farm is in compliance with such allotment. Cotton as used in this subpart means American upland cotton. The requirements with respect to loans to

producers on cotton produced on farms for which the operators elected the Choice (B) allotment are contained in 1960 CCC Cotton Bulletin 1.

#### § 427.1152 Administration.

Under the general direction and supervision of the Executive Vice President, CCC, the Cotton Division and other appropriate divisions of CSS will carry out the provisions of this subpart. In the field, the program will be administered through the New Orleans CSS Commodity Office, 120 Marais Street, New Orleans 16, Louisiana (referred to in this subpart as the "New Orleans office"), and Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation (referred to in this subpart as "ASC") State and county committees (referred to in this subpart as "State committees" and "county committees," respectively). Program availability and maturity dates will be those specified hereinafter except that whenever the final date of availability or the maturity date falls on a nonwork day for ASC county offices or the New Orleans office. the applicable final date shall be extended to include the next work day. Forms will be distributed by the New Orleans office and will be available at county ASC offices (referred to in this subpart as "county offices") and at approved purchasing agencies, approved warehouses, and others designated to participate in the purchase program. State and county committees and the New Orleans office do not have authority to modify or waive any of the provisions of this subpart or any amendments or supplements hereto.

#### § 427.1153 Availability of program.

(a) Purchases. The purchase program will be available to eligible producers on eligible cotton and will be made available on warehouse-stored cotton and cotton represented by order bills of lading. As provided in § 427.1156, no person shall be eligible to receive more than \$50,000 in nonrecourse price support from sales of 1960-crop Choice (A) cotton to CCC unless he has qualified for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation on nonrecourse price support contained in P.L. 86-80 through reduction of his production of cotton.

(b) Recourse loans. Eligible producers who have not qualified for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation may obtain price support on their Choice (A) cotton in excess of that permitted under the \$50,000 limitation on purchases only by means of recourse loans obtained in accordance with the provisions of \$427.1170.

(c) Area. The purchase program will be available on cotton stored in approved warehouses in all cotton-producing areas of the United States and will be available on cotton represented by order bills of lading in areas specified by the New Orleans office where there is a shortage of storage space and where the necessary

arrangements for handling the cotton may be made.

(d) Time. Purchases will be made from date purchase rates are announced through April 30, 1961. Cotton Producer's Sales Agreements covering the cotton must be signed by the producer and delivered to an approved purchasing agency on or before April 30, 1961, or postmarked not later than such date if tendered to the New Orleans office by mail for direct purchase by CCC.

(e) Source. Purchases of eligible cotton will be made by approved purchasing agencies and by the New Orleans office. Purchase proceeds shall be disbursed to producers by approved purchasing agencies, or by the New Orleans office. Disbursement of purchase proceeds by approved purchasing agencies shall be made not later than April 30, 1961, except where specifically approved by the New Orleans office in each instance. The producer shall not present the cotton for purchase by CCC unless the cotton is in existence and in good condition. If the cotton is not in existence and in good condition at the time of disbursement, the producer shall promptly refund the

# § 427.1154 Approved purchasing agency and approved sales agency.

(a) Approved purchasing agency. An approved purchasing agency shall be any person or firm, such as bank, cotton buyer, cotton merchant, cotton cooperative, ginner, or other legal entity, which has entered into a Cotton Purchasing Agency Agreement (Form CCC Cotton SD) with CCC. Under this agreement, a purchasing agency which purchases cotton is required to assist the producer in preparing the necessary purchase documents, to pay him or his designee the purchase price for his Choice (A) cotton, and to tender to CCC either directly or through another purchasing agency the documents covering the purchased cotton, in accordance with § 427.-1169. Persons or firms desiring to enter into Cotton Purchasing Agency Agreements should make application to the New Orleans office which will enter into such agreements on behalf of CCC with responsible applicants having organizations and facilities adequate to properly carry out their responsibilities and obligations under the program.

(b) Approved sales agency. An approved sales agency shall be any person or firm, such as a cotton buyer, cotton merchant, cotton cooperative, cotton ginner, or other legal entity, which is an approved purchasing agency and which has entered into a Cotton Sales Agency Agreement (CCC Cotton Form SL or SU) with CCC. Each approved sales agency must furnish the required performance guarantee. In selecting sales agencies, CCC will give preference to persons or firms which were actively engaged in the merchandising of cotton during the years immediately preceding 1960. An ap-

proved sales agency will be permitted to offer Choice (A) cotton, which it purchased from producers as a purchasing agency or which was transferred to it by another purchasing agency, for sale locally for CCC in accordance with the terms of its agreement with CCC and such other instructions as are issued by CCC. The sales agency will be required to deposit the warehouse receipts for all cotton it retains for sale locally with a bank selected by the sales agency and approved by CCC. A sales agency which desires to purchase any Choice (A) cotton from a local sales agent of CCC, either directly or indirectly for its own account, will be required to enter into a different type of agreement from a sales agency which is acting solely in the capacity of sales agent for CCC and is not buying any such cotton from local sales agents for its own account. Any person or firm desiring to enter into a Cotton Sales Agency Agreement and sell Choice (A) cotton locally should make application to the New Orleans office which will enter into such agreements on behalf of CCC.

#### § 427.1155 Producer.

A producer shall be any individual, partnership, corporation, association, trust, estate, or other legal entity, or a State or political subdivision thereof, or an agency of such State or political subdivision, producing upland cotton in the capacity of landowner, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper.

#### § 427.1156 Eligible producer.

A producer will be entitled to sell to CCC eligible cotton produced by him in 1960 on a farm (as defined for purposes of cotton marketing quotas) for which the operator has elected the Choice (A) allotment in accordance with the Acreage Allotment Regulations for the 1960 Crop of Upland Cotton (24 F.R. 8430 and any amendments or supplements thereof) if all the following requirements are met:

- (a) The 1960 planted acreage (as determined for purposes of cotton marketing quotas) of cotton on the farm does not exceed the 1960 Choice (A) cotton acreage allotment for the farm. For the purpose of determining eligibility under this program, the cotton acreage on the farm will not be deemed to be in excess of the acreage allotment unless the acreage allotment is knowingly exceeded. If the producer operating the farm is notified that the acreage allotment has been exceeded, and the planted acreage is not adjusted to the acreage allotment within the period allowed under the notice, the acreage allotment shall be deemed to have been knowingly exceeded by all producers having an interest in the cotton.
- (b) A person will not be eligible to receive more than \$50,000 from sales of Choice (A) cotton to CCC unless he has qualified for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation on nonrecourse price support contained in P.L. 86–80 through reduction of his production of cotton. The rules provided in the "Regulations Relating to the \$50,000 Limitation of Nonrecourse Price Support for the 1960 Crop of Price Supported Field Crops in

Surplus Supply" (25 F.R. 1001), as amended (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations Relating to the \$50,000 Limitation"), shall be applied for the purposes of this subpart to determine whether certain individuals or legal entities are to be treated as one person or as separate persons for the purpose of applying the \$50,000 limitation in P.L. 86-80 and whether producers come within the exemption from such limitation through reduction of their production. Any person who, on the basis of a reduction of his production, desires to qualify for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation shall file an application with the ASC county committee in accordance with the Regulations Relating to the \$50,000 Limitation.

- (c) Where eligible cotton is produced by a landlord and his share tenant or sharecropper, the cotton may be sold to CCC (subject to the other provisions of this subpart) only as follows:
- (1) If the cotton is divided among the producers entitled to share in such cotton, each landlord, tenant, or sharecropper may sell his separate share.
- (2) If the cotton is not divided, (i) all producers having a share in the cotton may join in the sale of such cotton, or (ii) the landlord may sell cotton in which both he and one or more share tenants or sharecroppers have an interest, if he has the legal right to do so, and in such cases, the share tenants or sharecroppers must be paid their pro rata share of the proceeds of the sale: Provided, That the landlord shall not be eligible to sell to CCC cotton in which a share tenant's or sharecropper's share of the sales proceeds when added to price support proceeds previously received by the share tenant or sharecropper from sales of 1960 crop cotton to CCC would exceed \$50,000, unless such share tenant or sharecropper has qualified for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation on nonrecourse price support through reduction of his production, in accordance with the Regulations Relating to the \$50,000 Limitation. In determining the amount of price support extended each producer in the case of sales of cotton in which both the landlord and one or more share tenants or sharecroppers have an interest, each producer shall be deemed to have been extended price support to the extent of his interest in the cotton. In no case shall a share tenant or sharecropper sell individually cotton in which a landlord has an interest. Except as provided above, two or more producers may not sell their cotton jointly.
- (d) When a producer becomes ineligible to sell cotton to CCC because of the \$50,000 limitation on nonrecourse price support, any cotton in which he has an interest with other producers must be divided among all of the producers before the other producers, if they are otherwise eligible, may sell their separate shares to CCC.

#### § 427.1157 Eligible cotton.

Eligible cotton under the purchase program shall be Choice (A) upland cotton produced in the United States in 1960 which meets the following requirements:

- (a) Such cotton must not be tendered to CCC for purchase if any producer's share of the sales proceeds of such cotton together with such producer's share of the sales proceeds of any 1960 crop cotton previously sold to CCC will exceed \$50,000, unless such producer has qualified for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation on nonrecourse price support.
- (b) Such cotton must have been produced on a farm for which the operator elected the Choice (A) allotment and on which the acreage planted to cotton is in compliance with such allotment.
- (c) Such cotton must be of a grade and staple length specified in § 427.1171.
- (d) Such cotton must not be false-packed, water-packed, mixed-packed, reginned, or repacked, and must not be below grade or shorter than <sup>13</sup>/<sub>16</sub>-inch staple. Cotton which has been reduced in grade because of preparation, but which has not been reduced more than two grades, will be purchased at the purchase rate for the grade to which it is reduced. Cotton designated as "Wasty" or which has been reduced in grade, other than a reduction of not more than two grades for preparation, will be eligible for purchase but at a discount as shown in § 427.1161.
- (e) Such cotton must be in existence and in good condition.
- (f) Such cotton must not be compressed to high density.
- (g) Such cotton must have been produced by the producer tendering it for purchase, and such producer must have the legal right to sell the cotton.
- (h) If such cotton was produced on land owned by the Federal Government, it must not have been produced in violation of the provisions of the lease.
- (i) If the producer tendering such cotton for purchase is a landlord or landowner, the cotton must not have been acquired by such landlord or landowner directly or indirectly from a share tenant or sharecropper and must not have been received in payment of fixed or standing rent; and if it was produced by him in the capacity of landlord, share tenant, or sharecropper, it must be his separate share of the crop, unless he is a landlord and is tendering cotton in which both he and one or more share tenants or sharecroppers have an interest.
- (j) The producer tendering such cotton must not have previously sold and repurchased such cotton.
- (k) Each bale of cotton must weigh not less than 275 and not more than 700 pounds, gross weight. However, bales weighing from 275 through 349 pounds and from 626 through 700 pounds, gross weight, will be subject to a discount as shown in § 427.1161. Each bale must be adequately packaged in new material manufactured for cotton bale covering, except used jute and sugar bagging will be acceptable if such bagging is clean and in sound condition. The bagging must be sufficiently strong to adequately protect the cotton. Cotton compressed to standard density, whether compressed by a warehouseman or at a gin, must not have less than eight bands. Heads of bales must be completely covered. Bales pack-

aged with new bagging and ties used in the Cotton Experimental Bale Packaging Program sponsored by the National Cotton Council, Memphis, Tennessee (referred to in this subpart as "Experimental Bale Packaging Program"), will be acceptable provided there is attached to each such bale a tag which identifies such bale with the program and which shows the actual tare weight and the number of pounds to be added to the gross weight of the bale for the purpose of adjusting the bale to the normal gross weight under such program.

(1) Each bale of cotton must bear the gin bale number.

#### § 427.1158 Purchase forms.

The following documents must be delivered by producers in connection with each sale to CCC:

(a) Warehouse-stored cotton. (1) Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement (Form CCC Cotton SA, referred to in this subpart as "Form SA").

(2) Warehouse receipts complying with the provisions of § 427.1160.

(3) If the sales proceeds are to be obtained direct from the New Orleans office, a Producer's Letter of Transmittal (Sales) (CCC Cotton Form SB, referred to in this subpart as "Form SB").

(4) Lien Waiver (Form CCC Cotton 888, referred to in this subpart as "Form 888") if used in lieu of execution of Lienholder's Waiver on the Form SA in accordance with provisions of § 427.1163.

(b) Cotton represented by order bills of lading. (1) Form SA executed within the area and during the period such purchases are available.

(2) Order bill of lading in a form acceptable to CCC and representing the cotton tendered for purchase.

(3) If the receiving agency is not a warehouseman, Weight and Condition Certificates complying with the provisions of § 427.1167 and a Receiving Agency's Certificate.

(4) If the sales proceeds are to be obtained direct from the New Orleans

office, a Form SB.

(5) Lien Waiver (Form 888) if used in lieu of execution of Lienholder's Waiver on the Form SA in accordance with provisions of § 427.1163.

(c) Sales documents executed by an administrator, executor, or trustee. Sales documents executed by an administrator, executor, or trustee will be acceptable only where valid in law. State documentary revenue stamps shall be affixed to sales documents where required by law. A producer who desires to appoint an attorney-in-fact to act in his place and stead in selling his cotton shall use Power of Attorney (Form CCC Cotton 77) which must be filed with the New Orleans office. Only one attorney-infact shall be appointed in each Power of Attorney.

#### § 427.1159 Approved storage.

Warehouse-stored cotton will be accepted for purchase by CCC only if stored in warehouses approved by CCC. Warehousemen desiring approval of their facilities should communicate with the New Orleans office. The names of approved warehouses may be obtained from the

New Orleans office or State or county offices.

# § 427.1160 Warehouse receipts and insurance.

Only negotiable machine card type warehouse receipts, acceptable to CCC, issued by an approved warehouse, and properly assigned by an endorsement in blank so as to vest title in the holder or issued to bearer, will be acceptable in connection with sales to CCC. The warehouse receipts must show that the cotton is covered by fire insurance and that warehouse charges have been paid as provided in § 427.1166. The warehouse receipts must contain the gin bale number and must be dated on or prior to the date of the Producer's Sales Agreement. Each receipt must set out in its written or printed terms a description by tag number and the weight of the bale represented thereby and all other facts and statements required to be stated in the written or printed terms of a warehouse receipt under the provisions of section 2 of the Uniform Warehouse Receipts Act. Block warehouse receipts will not be accepted without prior approval by CCC.

# § 427.1161 Weight, purchase rate, and amount.

' (a) Weight. Purchases will be made on the gross weight of each bale. The gross weight of the bale shall be the gross weight shown on the warehouse receipt if cotton represented by warehouse receipts is purchased, or on the gross weight shown on the Weight and Condition Certificate (see § 427.1167(c)) if cotton represented by an order bill of lading is purchased. Forms SA covering cotton offered for sale to CCC on reweights will not be accepted if it is evident that such reweights reflect an increase in weight due to the absorption of additional moisture. In order to encourage improved wrapping methods and compensate for resulting reduced tare weight in purchasing upland cotton wrapped with material under the Experimental Bale Packaging Program, there will be added to the gross weight of the bale an allowance equal to the number of pounds shown on the program bale tag to be necessary "to adjust to normal gross weight" under such programs. No allowances other than those provided for in this subsection will be made.

(b) Purchase rate. (1) The base purchase rate applicable to Middling 1-inch cotton at each approved warehouse will be shown in the Schedule of Base Purchase Rates for Choice (A) Cotton (which will be issued about June 15, 1960).

(2) The premium or discount applicable to each other eligible grade and staple length is shown in § 427.1171.

(3) The purchase rate for cotton (i) for which the classification memorandum shows a reduction in grade shall be two cents a pound less than the purchase rate for the quality (grade and staple length) to which the cotton is reduced, except that the purchase rate for cotton which is reduced not more than two grades because of preparation will be the purchase rate for the quality to which it is reduced, or (ii) for which the classi-

fication memorandum shows that the cotton has been designated as "Wasty" shall be four cents a pound less than the purchase rate for the quality (grade and staple length) shown on the classification memorandum.

(4) The purchase rate for bales weighing from 275 through 349 pounds, gross weight, will be reduced one cent per pound, and the purchase rate for bales weighing from 626 through 700 pounds, gross weight, will be reduced one-half cent per pound.

(c) Amount. The amount due the producer will be determined by multiplying the gross weight as determined in paragraph (a) of this section by the applicable purchase rate as determined in paragraph (b) of this section. After the cotton is purchased, CCC will not be obligated to make adjustments in the amount of the purchase as a result of any subsequent redetermination of the weight or quality of the cotton.

#### § 427.1162 Preparation of documents.

(a) A producer desiring to sell eligible warehouse-stored or bill of lading cotton may obtain the necessary forms from county offices, approved purchasing agencies, and approved warehouses. The purchasing agency will assist the producer in the preparation and execution of the Form SA, except as provided below. All applicable blanks on the purchase forms must be filled in with ink, indelible pencil, or typewriter in the manner indicated therein, and documents containing additions, alterations, or erasures may be rejected by CCC (Forms SA having a date prior to March 17, 1960, shall not be used). All copies should be clearly legible. The spaces provided on Form SA for the producer to request and direct payment of the sales proceeds must be completed in every instance. All disbursements made from the proceeds of a sale must be shown, and the total must agree with the amount of the sale. No deduction may be made from the sales proceeds by the purchasing agency as a charge for preparing (or handling) the documents. Care should be exercised by the purchasing agency to determine that the producer and the cotton are eligible and that the warehouse receipts or bills of lading are genuine. Before a purchasing agency prepares documents for a producer, it must require the producer to present his marketing card so the purchasing agency can determine whether the producer is eligible to sell his cotton to CCC. The marketing cards issued by the county office will indicate the producer's eligibility. If the producer's 1960 Choice (A) marketing card is Form MQ-76-A-Upland Cotton (a green card), the purchasing agency will use this as evidence that the producer is eligible to sell his cotton to CCC. If the producer's 1960 marketing card is Form MQ-76-R-Upland Cotton (a red card) and the boxes following the words "1960 Choice (A)" and "Not eligible unless price support documents approved by county committee" contain an "X," the purchasing agency shall inform the producer that in order for him to sell his cotton to CCC he must have the Certifi-

cate of Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation County Committee on Form SA executed by the county office manager (or a county office employee designated by him). If the box on Form MQ-76-R-Upland Cotton following the words, "Not eligible" contains an "X," the cotton produced on the farm for which the marketing card was issued is not eligible for price support under any condition, and the producer should be so informed by the purchasing agency. In any case where a Marketing Certificate for Penalty Free Upland Cotton, Form MQ-91-Cotton (Upland), is presented to a purchasing agency in lieu of a 1960 Choice (A) upland cotton marketing card, the purchasing agency shall inform the producer that in order for him to sell his cotton to CCC he must have the Certificate of Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation County Committee on the Form SA executed by the county office manager (or a county office employee designated by him). If it is determined that the cotton is eligible to be sold to CCC, the Certificate of Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation County Committee shall be executed as prescribed in the preceding sentence, and the serial number of the Marketing Certificate for Penalty Free Upland Cotton shall be inserted by the county office in the space provided for the Marketing Card Serial Number on the Form SA. Purchasing agencies which are also eligible producers must sell cotton produced by them direct to the New Orleans office or to another approved purchasing agency. If a purchasing agency, or any officer, employee, or agent of such purchasing agency, holds a power of attorney from an eligible producer who desires to sell his cotton to CCC, the cotton must be sold direct to the New Orleans office or to another purchasing agency.

(b) The Purchasing Agency's Certificate on each Form SA tendered for purchase by CCC must be executed by the purchasing agency making the purchase from the producer. The original of Form SA must be signed by the producer in the presence of the person who signs the Purchasing Agency's Certificate except that, if the producer is a nonresident applicant, such producer may sign the Form SA in the presence of the county office manager of any ASC county office, and the county office manager shall enter his signature and title in the space provided for Witness to Signature. The copy marked "producer's copy" is to be retained by the producer. Purchase forms must not be signed in blank. All applicable entries, except entries in the Agreement of Warehouseman, must be completed prior to the time the form is signed by the producer and the purchasing agency. If the Agreement of Warehouseman on Form SA is not executed prior to payment of the purchase price, the purchasing agency shall require the producer to pay charges due the warehouseman according to

§ 427.1166 and, before tendering the purchase documents to CCC, shall present the Form SA, class cards, and warehouse receipts to the warehouseman for execution of the Agreement of Warehouseman one Form SA and for stamping of the warehouse receipts to reflect the date through which charges have been paid. The proper status of the product (i.e., whether landowner, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper) must be shown in the space provided therefor on Form SA. The producer's correct percentage share of the cotton must be shown in the space provided therefor on Form SA if he has reason to believe that the total amount of price support advances which could be obtained by or for him (including any price support advances obtained in his name for sharecroppers or tenants) on upland cotton under the 1960 price support programs of CCC would exceed \$50,000, unless he has qualified for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation in Public Law 86-80. If a producer's correct percentage share in the cotton is required to be shown, such producer must have the same percentage share in all cotton listed in the Schedule of Cotton Sold on a particular Form SA, and separate Forms SA must be used for each lot of cotton in which the producer's share is different. All persons claiming liens on the cotton must sign the Lienholder's Waiver on the Form SA except that in lieu of signing the Lienholder's Waiver on each Form SA, the lienholder may waive his lien on all cotton produced on a farm by executing Form CCC Cotton 888 as provided in § 427.1163. Cotton of various grades and staple lengths may be included on one Form SA. All of the cotton on a Form SA must be stored in the same warehouse, and the gin bale number of each bale must be entered in the applicable column of the Schedule of Cotton Sold on the Form SA. When the cotton has been designated by the notation "Wasty" on the cotton classification memorandum, the notation "Wasty" must be entered in the column headed 'Reduced from A/C or Wasty" in the Schedule of Cotton Sold. Not more than 999 bales shall be included on any one Sales Agreement. When a producer has two or more Choice (A) farms, the cotton produced on different farms shall not be entered on the same Form SA.

(c) County ASC offices will maintain a file of Forms SA and a record of the cotton sold to CCC from each Choice (A) farm as reflected by the county office copies of the Forms SA.

#### § 427.1163 Liens.

Eligible cotton tendered for purchase must be free and clear of all liens except the warehouseman's lien for charges permitted under § 427.1166 on warehousestored cotton. The signatures of the holders of all existing liens on cotton tendered for purchase by CCC, such as landlords, laborers, or mortgagees (but

not the warehouseman, if the cotton is stored in a warehouse) must be obtained on the Lienholder's Waiver on each Form SA, except that in lieu of signing the Lienholder's Waiver on each Form SA, the lienholder may waive his lien on all cotton produced on a farm for the crop year designated by executing a Lien Waiver (Form 888). The original of the Form 888 must be attached securely to the first Form SA on which the Lienholder's Waiver is not executed for the particular lien so as to be recorded and filed at the New Orleans office. Thereafter, the Lienholder's Waiver on Forms SA covering additional cotton produced on the farm shall show the words "See Form 888 on file." An executed copy must be filed by the producer selling the cotton with each purchasing agency which disburses the proceeds of any Form SA executed by the producer. ditional copies may be prepared and retained by the producer and agency as desired. A fraudulent representation, as to prior liens or otherwise, will render the producer personally liable under the terms of the Sales Agreement and subject him, and any other person who causes the fraudulent representation to be made, to criminal prosecution under the provisions of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act. The Lienholder's Waiver or Lien Waiver must be signed personally by all lienholders, by their agents (in which case duly executed Powers of Attorney (Form 77) must be filed with the New Orleans office), or if a corporation, by the designated officer thereof customarily authorized to execute such instruments (in which case no authority need be attached).

#### § 427.1164 Setoffs.

(a) If any installment or installments on any loan made available by CCC on farm-storage facilities or mobile drying equipment are payable, under the provisions of the note evidencing such loan, out of any amount due the producer under the program provided for in this subpart, the producer must designate CCC or the lending agency holding such note as payee of such amount to the extent of such installments, but not to exceed that portion of the amount remaining after deduction of amounts due prior lienholders.

(b) If the producer is indebted to CCC, or if the producer is indebted to any other agency of the United States, and such indebtedness is listed on the county debt record, amounts due the producer under the program provided for in this subpart, after deduction of amounts payable on farm-storage facilities or mobile drying equipment and other amounts provided in paragraph (a) of this section, shall be applied, as provided in the Secretary's Setoff Regulations, Title 7, Part 13, CFR (23 F.R. 3757), to such indebtedness.

(c) In any case referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the producer must go to the county office in the county in which he is listed on the debt record and have the Certificate of Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation County Committee on Form SA executed by the county office manager (or a county office employee designated by him). Any amount which is to be set off must be entered in the space provided in the Producer's Sales Agreement by the county office manager (or an employee designated by him).

(d) Compliance with the provisions of this section shall not deprive the producer of any right he might otherwise have to contest the justness of the indebtedness involved in the setoff action either by administrative appeal or by

legal action.

#### § 427.1165 Classification of cotton.

(a) All cotton tendered for purchase must be classed by a Board of Cotton Examiners of the United States Department of Agriculture (referred to in this subpart as the "Board") and tendered on the basis of such classification. Only Cotton Classification Memorandum Form 1 and Form A3 of the United States Department of Agriculture will be acceptable as proof of quality when the cotton is sold to CCC. A Cotton Classifi-cation Memorandum Form 1 will be accepted only if the sample was a representative sample drawn in accordance with instructions to organized cotton improvement groups for sampling cotton under the 1960 Smith-Doxey Program. If the producer's cotton has not been sampled for a Form 1 classification, the warehouseman (for warehouse-stored cotton) or receiving agency (for cotton covered by bills of lading) shall sample such cotton and forward the samples to the Board serving the district in which the cotton is located. A Cotton Classification Memorandum Form A3 must be inserted in each such sample. A Tag List and Record Sheet (CCC Cotton Form L, referred to in this subpart as "Form L") must be prepared by the warehouseman or receiving agency listing each sample included in a shipment to the Board. A copy of such Form L shall be included with the samples, and the original and two copies must be mailed separately to the Board. The Board will enter the classification of each bale on the Form L and return a copy of such form to the warehouse or receiving agency. The Cotton Classification Memorandum Form A3 will be returned to the producer by the Board. If a sample has been drawn and submitted for a Form 1 or Form A3 classification, another sample may not be drawn and forwarded to a Board except for a review classification. If through error or otherwise, in any case where review classification is not involved, two or more samples from the same bale are submitted for classification, the purchase rate shall be based on the classification having the lower purchase rate. If a Form 1 or Form A3 review classification is obtained, the purchase rate for the cotton represented thereby will be based on such review classification.

(b) A charge of 25 cents per bale shall be collected from the producer by the warehouseman or receiving agency for all cotton for which samples are submitted to a Board for a Form A3 classification or a Form 1 or A3 review classification. The Boards will submit billings for classing charges to the warehouseman or receiving agencies at the end of each month. Checks or money orders covering these charges shall be made payable to "Commodity Credit Corporation" and shall be sent to the New Orleans office.

#### § 427.1166 Warehouse charges.

(a) All warehouse charges for storage and for other services performed (except compression) must be paid by the producer to the end of the calendar month during which the Agreement of Warehouseman on the Form SA is executed by the warehouseman. The warehouseman must stamp each warehouse receipt to reflect the date through which such charges have been paid. The Agreement of Warehouseman on each Form SA must be executed by the warehouseman storing the cotton covered by the Form SA not more than 10 days preceding the date of the Producer's Sales Agreement on the Form SA. By executing the Agreement of Warehouseman on the Form SA, the warehouseman agrees that such cotton will be stored and handled in accordance with the Warehouseman's Certificate and Agreement on the reverse side of the Form SA and makes the representations contained therein, and the warehouseman further agrees to store such cotton under conditions and at rates determined as follows:

(b) The cotton shall be insured against loss or damage by fire under a policy or policies providing coverage equivalent to that afforded under the standard fire policy of the State in which the cotton is stored for the full market value (if the cotton is compressed, its market value shall be the market value of flat cotton plus compression charges. or if the cotton is uncompressed and the warehouseman desires to collect his delivery charge for flat cotton in lieu of compression if it is destroyed by fire, such charge must be covered by insurance) at the time and place of loss and shall be kept so insured so long as the warehouse receipts therefor are outstanding, unless the cotton comes under a storage agreement between the warehouseman and CCC allowing the warehouseman to cancel his insurance on the cotton. Such insurance shall cover damage to the cotton by water from the warehouseman's sprinkler system when such damage results from fire in the same warehouse in which the cotton is stored. From the dates through which the producer has paid storage charges through July 31, 1961, all charges on the cotton for storage and insurance shall be at the rate of 46 cents per bale per month or fraction thereof for flat or compressed cotton stored in warehouses operating compress facilities or compressed cotton stored in warehouses not operating compress facilities, and at the rate of 51 cents per bale per month or fraction thereof for flat cotton stored in warehouses not operating compress facilities, or the warehouseman's established tariff on cotton other than CCC cotton, whichever is less: Provided, That on any cotton transferred prior to July 31, 1961, to another warehouseman without movement of the cotton, and for which new warehouse receipts must be issued, or on any cotton shipped by CCC prior to July 31, 1961, at the request of the warehouseman to permit the warehouseman to discontinue the storage of cotton, payment for the fractional part of the storage month prior to the date of such transfer or shipment shall be paid by CCC at the proportionate part of the monthly rate. If the warehouse operates compress facilities, the tariff rate to which reference is made herein shall be the rate applicable to compressed cotton regardless of the compression status of the cotton. Such charges, accrued through July 31 of any year in which these rates are in effect, shall be paid by CCC, as soon as possible after such date, on all of the cotton represented by warehouse receipts held by CCC at the time of payment. The charges for delivery or outhandling, including picking out by tag numbers and loading according to custom into cars or trucks, shall not exceed 25 cents per bale in case cotton is shipped by CCC at the request of the warehouseman and 50 cents per bale in any other case where cotton is shipped by CCC, or in either case, the warehouseman's established tariff, whichever is less: Provided, That no such outhandling charge may be made where collection for the service has been included in any other charge or otherwise collected. Charges for com-pression of cotton by the warehouseman, including compression charges on cotton compressed to standard density by the warehouseman at his gin, will be at the rates provided in the warehouseman's established tariff in effect at the time the service is ordered performed. Compression charges on cotton compressed to standard density for the warehouseman at a gin or another warehouse under contract with the warehouseman will be at the rate which the warehouseman pays the ginner or the other warehouseman. In no event shall compression charges on gin compressed cotton or cotton compressed by another warehouseman exceed the rate paid to the ginner or the other warehouseman by his customers on all other cotton. Charges for the compression of cotton will be

paid by CCC only if the charges have not been paid by the producer, and if the cotton is shipped from the warehouse by CCC. All other charges on cotton including flat delivery charges on cotton moved from a warehouse operating compress facilities without payment of compression charges, will be at the rates provided in the warehouseman's established tariff in effect at the time the service is ordered performed: Provided, That no charge may be made with respect to the cotton that is not applicable to cotton other than CCC cotton stored by the warehouseman, except that the warehouseman may make a charge of not to exceed 25 cents per bale for transmitting samples to the designated classing office, postage, verifying and guaranteeing the correctness of the information for which the warehouse is responsible in the Schedule of Cotton Sold on the Form SA, and executing the Agreement of Warehouseman on the Form SA, if such charges are included in the warehouseman's tariff: And provided further, That in no event shall such charge, a service charge or charges for receiving, tagging, weighing, sampling on arrival, or storage of samples, be collected from CCC or a purchaser of the cotton. No charge for standard density compression or for delivery or outhandling, except as provided in this section, will be paid with respect to cotton received by the warehouseman which has been compressed to standard density either by a gin (gin compress bale) or by another warehouseman. No charge of any kind whatsoever will be paid with respect to any of the cotton compressed to high density without the written authority of CCC. The warehouseman shall execute and submit to CCC with each youcher for amounts payable by CCC under this agreement the following certificate:

I hereby certify that, since the cotton covered by this voucher was received at the warehouse, there has been removed from such cotton only that amount of cotton necessary to secure representative samples, to properly trim the sample holes, or to otherwise maintain the cotton in the interest of good housekeeping and fire prevention incidental to the handling, storage, or compressing of said cotton except for reconditioning of damaged cotton, and that since issuance of warehouse receipts thereon such cotton has not been reconditioned, picked, or cleaned by blowing or brushing except as noted on report attached hereto or to a previous voucher covering such cotton.

The warehouseman shall store the cotton so that the tags will be visible and readily accessible so as to permit an accurate check of stocks at any time. The rates quoted herein will remain in effect through July 31, 1961, and will remain in effect thereafter until terminated by CCC or the warehouseman on July 31, 1961, or at the end of any subsequent month by giving the other at least 30 days' prior notice, or until the

cotton comes under another storage agreement between the warehouseman and CCC, whichever is earlier. If the cotton is sold by CCC, the storage rates provided in this section shall be applicable for storage service rendered up to and including the last day of the calendar month in which the sale is made, and the warehouseman shall not charge the holder of the warehouse receipts representing such cotton for such storage service an amount in excess of that computed in accordance with this agreement. The terms and provisions of this section shall prevail over the written or printed terms of the warehouse receipts representing the cotton.

# § 427.1167 Purchase of cotton represented by order bills of lading.

(a) Purchases of cotton represented by order bills of lading will be made only in areas and during the periods specified by the New Orleans office where there is a shortage of storage space and where the necessary arrangements for handling the cotton may be made.

(b) Cotton represented by order bills of lading will be eligible for purchase only when it is shipped by an approved receiving agency as agent for the producer. Warehousemen, ginners, and other responsible parties in areas where such purchases will be made may be approved to act as receiving agencies by the New Orleans office. Receiving agencies will enter into Receiving Agency Agreements with CCC. When receiving agencies are approved, notifications will be given by letter or published lists.

(c) A producer in any such area who is unable to find storage space in his local area and who desires to sell his cotton to CCC should deliver his cotton to a receiving agency with the request that it ship the cotton as agent for the producer, in accordance with shipping instructions furnished by CCC, to a warehouse where storage space is available. The receiving agency will complete the Schedule of Cotton Sold on a Form SA. and if it is a warehouseman, will execute the Agreement of Warehouseman thereon. If the receiving agency is not a warehouseman, it will have the cotton weighed by a public or licensed weigher and will secure a Weight and Condition Certificate in the form prescribed by CCC and execute the Receiving Agency's Certificate. The receiving agency will ship the cotton, secure order bills of lading in a form acceptable to CCC, and deliver to the producer the bills of lading, together with the Form SA and Weight and Condition Certificates (if any). If the receiving agency is a warehouseman, it will be permitted to collect fees in accordance with § 427.1166 and a fee of not to exceed 10 cents per bale to cover the costs of preparation of shipping documents. If the receiving agency is not a warehouseman, it will, for the purpose of payment of gin compression only, be considered as a warehouseman, and will be permitted to collect from CCC charges for gin compression as provided in § 427.1166, and will be permitted to collect from producers a fee not in excess of the fee set forth in the Receiving Agency Agreement executed by the receiving agency, and shall post in a conspicuous place a notice showing the fee to be charged producers. Purchases will be made at the full purchase rate at the point where the receiving agency receives the cotton. If the receiving agency is a warehouseman, CCC will not pay any storage charges on such cotton.

# § 427.1168 Manner of payment to producers.

Purchases of cotton under the 1960 Cotton Purchase Program will ordinarily be made by purchasing agencies acting as agents for CCC. In such case, the producers must tender a Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement, together with forms required in § 427.1158, to the purchasing agency not later than April 30, 1961. After completion of the Form SA in accordance with § 427.1162, the purchasing agency will pay the purchase price on behalf of CCC in the manner directed in the Producer's Sales Agreement on such Form SA and will distribute the copies of Form SA in accordance with the provisions of the Purchasing Agency Agreement. A producer may also obtain payments direct from CCC by tendering a properly executed Form SA, together with forms required in § 427.1158, to the New Orleans office not later than April 30, 1961. In case payment is to be obtained direct from CCC, the sales documents shall be transmitted to the New Orleans office by the county office of the county in which the producer's farm is located.

# § 427.1169 Tender of Forms SA by purchasing agencies.

Forms SA evidencing purchases of eligible Choice (A) cotton made by a purchasing agency which has entered into Cotton Purchasing Agency Agreement with CCC (Form CCC Cotton SD) prior to the purchase of the cotton will be eligible for tender to CCC. The Forms SA and other required purchase documents must be tendered on a Purchasing Agency's Letter of Transmittal (CCC Cotton Form SC). Separate Forms SC shall be used for listing Forms SA covering warehouse-stored cotton which is to be retained for sale locally; Forms SA covering warehouse-stored cotton which is not to be retained for sale locally; and Forms SA covering cotton represented by order bills of lading. Separate Forms SC shall also be used for Forms SA covering cotton produced in different counties. A purchasing agency which purchases Choice (A) cotton for CCC may tender the required purchase documents as specified in § 427.1158 to CCC directly or through another purchasing agency. Such tender shall be in accordance with the provisions of Form SD and shall be

made within 15 days after execution of the Producer's Sales Agreement on the Forms SA. Upon receipt of the documents by CCC, they will be examined and if found to be acceptable, the purchasing agency designated on the Form SC will be reimbursed by CCC. The required purchase documents will be the Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement (CCC copy together with county office copy) and the warehouse receipts (or a tag list receipted by the custodian bank where applicable) or order bills of lading. Purchasing agents will have the following options in tendering documents to and obtaining reimbursement from CCC (all cotton listed on a Form SC must be submitted under the same option):

(a) If the purchasing agency has not entered into a Cotton Sales Agency Agreement with CCC, such tender may be made direct to the New Orleans office or through another approved purchasing agency (including a banking institution which has been approved to obtain immediate payment by drawing drafts on CCC or an approved sales agency).

(b) If the purchasing agency has entered into a Cotton Sales Agency Agreement with CCC but does not desire to retain for sale cotton covered by the sales agreements listed on a particular letter of transmittal, it shall tender the purchase documents covering such cotton directly to the New Orleans office or through another purchasing agency as set forth in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) If the purchasing agency has entered into a Cotton Sales Agency Agreement with CCC and desires to retain, for sale locally, the cotton covered by the sales agreements listed on a particular letter of transmittal, it shall tender the purchase documents covering such cotton to CCC through the custodian bank (selected by the agency and approved by CCC) which will retain the warehouse receipts representing such cotton. In this case the agency shall prepare and submit to the custodian bank a tag list. in duplicate (on a form prescribed by CCC), of the warehouse receipts covered by the sales agreements listed on the letter of transmittal. If a reconcentration order number has been entered on a sales agreement, the cotton covered by such sales agreement cannot be retained for sale locally (since it will be reconcentrated), and the purchase documents must be tendered to CCC.

#### § 427.1170 Choice (A) recourse loans.

(a) General. Producers who have not qualified for an exemption from the \$50,000 limitation on nonrecourse price support contained in Public Law 86-80 through reduction of their production of cotton may obtain price support by means of recourse loans on their Choice (A) cotton in excess of that which may be tendered for purchase under this subpart. Except as provided herein, these recourse loans will be made by CCC under the same terms and conditions as

loans are made to producers on Choice (B) cotton under the provisions of 1960 CCC Cotton Bulletin 1 (Subpart-1960 Cotton Loan Program Regulations of this Part 427—Cotton). The necessary forms may be obtained from county offices.

(b) Eligible producer. A producer will be entitled to a recourse loan on eligible cotton produced by him in 1960 on a farm (as defined for purposes of cotton marketing quotas) for which the operator has elected the Choice (A) allotment in accordance with the Acreage Allotment Regulations for the 1960 Crop of Upland Cotton (24 F.R. 8430 and any amendments or supplements thereof) if all the following requirements are met:

(1) The 1960 planted acreage (as determined for purposes of cotton marketing quotas) of cotton on the farm does not exceed the 1960 Choice (A) cotton acreage allotment for the farm. For the purpose of determining eligibility under this program, the cotton acreage on the farm will not be deemed to be in excess of the acreage allotment unless the acreage allotment is knowingly exceeded. If the producer operating the farm is notified that the acreage allotment has been exceeded, and the planted acreage is not adjusted to the acreage allotment within the period allowed under the notice, the acreage allotment shall be deemed to have been knowingly exceeded by all producers having an interest in the cotton.

(2) Where eligible cotton is produced by a landlord and his share tenant or sharecropper, a loan may be obtained only as follows:

(i) If the cotton is divided among the producers entitled to share in such cotton, each landlord, tenant, or sharecropper may obtain a loan on his separate share.

(ii) If the cotton is not divided, all producers having a share in the cotton may obtain a joint loan on such cotton, or the landlord may obtain a loan on cotton in which both he and one or more share tenants or sharecroppers have an interest if he has the legal right to do so, and in such cases the share tenants or sharecroppers must be paid their pro rata share of the loan proceeds and their pro rata share of any additional proceeds received from the cotton. In no case shall a share tenant or sharecropper obtain a loan individually on cotton in which a landlord has an interest. Except as provided above, two or more producers may not obtain a joint loan on cotton.

(c) Eligible cotton. Eligible cotton shall be Choice (A) cotton which was produced in the United States in 1960 on a farm for which the operator elected the Choice (A) allotment and which meets the requirements of subsections (b) through (k) of § 427.1107 of 1960 CCC Cotton Bulletin 1 (Subpart-1960 Cotton Loan Program Regulations of this Part 427—Cotton).

(d) Time. Loans will be available from the date on which the producer has sold to CCC all of the Choice (A) cotton which he may sell to CCC under this subpart through April 30, 1961. Note and loan agreements covering the cotton must be signed and delivered to the New Orleans office on or before April 30, 1961, or postmarked not later than such date if tendered to the New Orleans office by mail.

(e) Source and preparation of documents. Loans will be available only from the New Orleans office. Loan forms for Choice (A) cotton will be prepared by ASC county offices. The producer must present his 1960 Choice (A) marketing card before the county office will prepare the loan forms. If the producer is a corporation, one or more of the principal stockholders (as determined by CCC) of the corporation must sign the loan note personally, as an individual, in addition to the note being signed by an authorized agent of the corporation on behalf of the corporation. Disbursements on loans will be made to producers by the New Orleans office only.

(f) Forms. The words "Choice (A) Recourse Loan" must be typed stamped in the heading of the Cotton Producer's Note and Loan Agreement (Form CCC Cotton A) and Producer's Letter of Transmittal (CCC Cotton Form B).

(g) Loan rate.(1) The base loan rate applicable to Middling 1-inch cotton at each approved warehouse shall be an amount equal to the base purchase rate applicable to Middling 1-inch cotton shown in the Schedule of Base Purchase Rates for Choice (A) cotton (which will be issued about June 15, 1960).

(2) The premium or discount applicable to each other eligible grade and staple length is shown in § 427.1171 of this subpart.

(h) Maturity. Recourse loans mature on April 30, 1962, and producers are required to pay the amounts due on such loans on or before such date. In the event a producer fails to pay the amount due on a loan by April 30, 1962, CCC will have the right, as provided in the loan agreement and 1960 CCC Cotton Bulletin 1, to sell the collateral, and the producer will be liable for any deficiency.

(i) Repayment by producer. If a producer desires to obtain the return of his recourse note and the release of the cotton securing the recourse note prior to maturity, he must execute the Producer's Redemption Request on the front of the Producer's Loan Statement-A and submit it in accordance with the provisions of 1960 CCC Cotton Bulletin 1. The producer shall not transfer either his right to redeem the Choice (A) cotton securing the recourse loan or his remaining interest in the cotton. The Producer's Equity Transfer on the reverse side of the Producer's Loan Statement-A may not be used in connection with such recourse loans.

§ 427.1171 Schedule of premiums and discounts for eligible qualities of 1960-crop American upland cotton (basis middling linch).

	<u> </u>								····	·				<del></del>
		Staple length (inches)												
Grade	13/18	3/8	29/32	15/16	. 31/82	1	11/62	11/10	13/62	11/8	1552	1316	17/32	1¼ and longer
White  GM and better SM Mid plus Mid SLM plus SLM LM plus LM plus LM plus GO plus GO plus GO plus GO plus GO plus	Pts365 -375 -400 -420 -570 -685 -800 -995 -1, 135 -1, 120 -1, 235 -1, 305	Pts285 -300 -325 -345 -500 -620 -735 -825 -035 -1,055 -1,175 -1,245	Pts215 -225 -250 -270 -430 -550 -665 -760 -990 -1, 120 -1, 200	Pts110 -120 -150 -165 -330 -460 -580 -680 -825 -915 -1,060 -1,140	Pts20 -30 -60 -80 -245 -365 -505 -505 -510 -755 -850 -1,000 -1,080	Pts. 70 60 25 8ase -155 -280 -420 -525 -675 -770 -930 -1,010	Pts. 155 140 105 75 -75 -190 -345 -625 -725 -885 -970	Pts. 240 225 190 155 Even -135 -305 -425 -595 -700 -885 -955	Pts. 275 265 230 205 35 -110 -285 -405 -595 -700 -865 -955	Pts. 335 320 290 255 - 65 - 80 - 260 - 395 - 595 - 700 - 865 - 955	Pts. 400 390 360 325 110 -40 -235 -390 -590 -700 -855 -955	Pts. 490 475 445 400 170 Even -205 -390 -700 -865 -955	Pts. 600 590 545 485 235 35 -170 -390 -590 -700 -865 -955	Pts. 690 680 640 580 305 75 75 -130 -390 -590 -700 -865 -955
Light spoited GM	-525	-455	-380	-275	-200	-105	-25	35	60	100	150	200	275	355
	-545	-470	-400	-295	-215	-125	-45	15	45	80	125	175	250	330
	-675	-605	-535	-445	-370	-285	-205	155	120	85	-40	10	80	155
	-885	-825	-760	-680	-605	-525	-460	430	405	380	-365	-335	-310	-285
	-1, 105	-1,045	-990	-925	-860	-785	-735	720	705	700	-695	-690	-685	-680
Spotted GM	-720	-640	-570	-470	-400	-310	-240	-190	-165	-135	-95	-45	5	55
	-740	-660	-590	-490	-420	-330	-260	-210	-185	-155	-115	-75	-45	Even
	-920	-855	-795	-715	-650	-560	-500	-465	-445	-420	-385	-360	-320	-295
	-1, 110	-1,070	-1,005	-930	-870	-800	-765	-740	-735	-725	-715	-710	-705	-700
	-1, 320	-1,260	-1,215	-1,150	-1,110	-1,045	-1,020	-1,005	-1,005	-1,005	-1,005	-1,005	-1,005	-1,005
Tinged GM	-1,065	-1, 010	-965	-910	-875	-835	-815	-805	-880	-790	-785	-780	-770	-755
	-1,090	-1, 030	-985	-935	-895	-850	-835	-830	-820	-810	-810	-805	-790	-790
	-1,235	-1, 185	-1, 140	-1,095	-1,085	-1,020	-1,005	-995	-995	-995	-995	-995	-995	-995
	-1,420	-1, 370	-1, 325	-1,275	-1,245	-1,210	-1,200	-1, 105	-1, 195	-1, 195	-1, 195	-1, 195	-1,195	-1, 195
	-1,600	-1, 550	-1, 500	-1,450	-1,420	-1,380	-1,375	-1, 370	-1, 370	-1, 370	-1, 370	-1, 370	-1,370	-1, 370
Yellow stained GMSMMid	-1, 325	-1, 270	-1, 215	-1, 175	-1, 140	-1, 105	-1, 095	-1, 090	-1,090	-1,090	-1, 090	-1,090	-1,090	-1,090
	-1, 350	-1, 295	-1, 240	-1, 200	-1, 165	-1, 135	-1, 120	-1, 115	-1,115	-1,115	-1, 115	-1,115	-1,115	-1,115
	-1, 525	-1, 470	-1, 410	-1, 365	-1, 335	-1, 305	-1, 300	-1, 295	-1,295	-1,295	-1, 295	-1,295	-1,295	-1,295
Light gray GMSMMidSLM	-545	-475	-400	-310	-240	-150	-75	-25	5	30	65	105	170	245
	-615	-540	-470	-375	-305	-225	-155	-100	-70	45	-5	35	75	150
	-760	-690	-615	-535	-470	-375	-320	-270	-235	205	-170	-130	-90	-40
	-980	-910	-850	-770	-705	-615	-565	-535	-505	480	-455	-430	-405	-380
Gray GM	-760	-695	-620	-525	465	-380	-310	-270	-250	-230	-200	-145	105	55
	-830	-700	-690	-595	540	-460	-400	-355	-335	-315	-285	-260	220	180
	-1,025	-960	-895	-815	755	-670	-625	-595	-575	-565	-545	-530	515	500
	-1,230	-1,165	-1,105	-1,030	975	-900	-855	-840	-825	-805	-790	-780	780	770

Grade symbols: GM—Good Middling; SM—Strict Middling; Mid—Middling; SLM—Strict Low Middling; LM—Low Middling; SGO—Strict Good Ordinary; GO—Good Ordinary.

Issued this 1st day of June 1960.

Andrew J. Mair, Acting Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5118; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

[1960 Honey Bulletin 1, Amdt. 1]

#### PART 434-HONEY

#### Subpart—1960 Honey Price Support Program

The regulations issued by Commodity Credit Corporation with respect to the 1960 Crop Honey Price Support Program (25 F.R. 2785), are amended by revising § 434.1115 to read as follows:

#### § 434.1115 Interest rate.

Loans shall bear interest at the rate of  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per centum per annum from the date of disbursement of the loan: Provided, That if the producer has made a fraudulent representation in the loan documents or in obtaining the loan, the principal amount of the loan and any costs incurred by CCC shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the rate of 6 per centum per annum.

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070 as amended; 15 U.S.C. 714b. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 62 Stat. 1072, secs. 201, 401, 63 Stat. 1052, 1054; 15 U.S.C. 714c, 7 U.S.C. 1446, 1421)

Issued this 1st day of June 1960.

Andrew J. Mair, Acting Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5136; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:48 a.m.]

# Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter I—Agricultural Marketing Service (Standards, Inspections, Marketing Practices), Department of Agriculture

PART 28—COTTON CLASSING, TEST-ING, AND STANDARDS

Subpart A—Regulations Under The United States Cotton Standards Act

ABOLISHMENT OF COTTON AND COTTON LINTERS LICENSING PROGRAM

Pursuant to authority contained in the United States Cotton Standards Act,

as amended (42 Stat. 1517; 7 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), the regulations under said Act (7 CFR Part 28, Subpart A) are amended as hereinafter set forth to delete all references to licensed cotton classers and licensed cotton linters classers.

This amendment abolishes the licensing program for cotton classers and cotton linters classers effective August 1, 1960. Each classer to whom a license was issued for the 1959-60 season was given written notice of plans to discontinue the program. No objections were received.

The licensing program was established to provide an objective classing service on a fee basis for the public, supplemental to that provided by the Agricultural Marketing Service. The number of licensees and activity under the program have declined steadily to a point where continuation of the program is not considered justified or useful.

The amendment is as follows:

#### § 28.2 [Amendment]

1. Paragraphs (k) and (l) of § 28.2 are deleted.

#### § 28.67 [Deletion]

2. Section 28.67 is deleted.

#### 3. The undesignated center head "Li-

- 3. The undesignated center head "Licensed Classers" preceding § 28.80 and § \$ 28.60 through 28.99 are deleted.
- 4. Section 28.122 is amended to read as follows:

# § 28.122 Fee for practical classing examination.

The fee for the practical classing examination for cotton or cotton linters shall be \$40.00. Any applicant who passes the examination may be issued a certificate indicating this accomplishment

#### §§ 28.141, 28.147, 28.150 [Deletion]

- 5. Sections 28.141, 28.147, and 28.150 are deleted.
- 6. Section 28.138 is amended to read as follows:
- § 28.138 Classification and comparison; requests, memorandums and certificates.

For each lot or mark of linters which the applicant desires classified or compared separately he shall make a separate written request specifying which of the following forms of service is desired. Only one request within a 30-day period shall be made by the same owner for the classification or comparison of the same linters, except a request for a review determination. If the applicant desires that the samples be returned to him, at his expense, he must indicate this in the request for classification or comparison. If the return of samples is not requested they shall become the property of the Government and shall be disposed of in accordance with law and applicable regulations.

(a) Form C determination. The classification of bales of linters sampled under the supervision of an employee of the Department. The classification in such cases shall be evidenced by a Form C certificate which shall be subject to review as provided in § 28.146. Such certificate when it has been reviewed in accordance with § 28.146 shall be deemed to be a final certificate as to the classification shown, within the meaning of section 4 of the act (42 Stat. 1517; 7 U.S.C. 54).

(b) Form D determination. The classification or comparison of samples submitted for other than Form C determination. Such classification or comparison shall be evidenced by a Form D memorandum which shall be subject to review as provided in § 28.146.

7. Section 28.139 is amended to read as follows:

#### § 28.139 Filing of requests.

All requests for classification or comparison leading to Form D memoranda or Form C certificates shall be filed with the secretary of the Board of Cotton Linters Examiners at Washington, D.C., unless otherwise directed by the Director.

8. Section 28.142 is amended to read as follows:

#### § 28.142 Submission of samples.

All samples submitted to a Board of Cotton Linters Examiners for classification or comparison under this subpart

shall be delivered or sent to the secretary of the board with all transportation charges thereto prepaid.

9. Section 28.146 is amended to read as follows:

#### § 28.146 Reviews.

A review of any Form C or Form D determination may be requested by the owner of the linters from which the sample was drawn, or his agent, within 30 days after the issuance of the original certificate. Such request shall be filed with the secretary of the Board of Cotton Linters Examiners at Washington, D.C., and shall be accompanied by the original classification memorandum or certificate or a statement explaining why the original classification document cannot be submitted. Redrawn samples will be required for reviews except in cases where the original samples have remained in the custody of the Board of Cotton Linters Examiners. When redrawn samples are necessary, they shall be drawn and submitted in accordance with the applicable provisions of §§ 28.138, 28.140, and 28.142. A Form C certificate or Form D memorandum appropriately marked to indicate that it represents a review determination, shall be issued to the applicant requesting the review. The review classification document shall supersede the original classification document.

(Sec. 10, 42 Stat. 1519; 7 U.S.C. 61)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective on August 1, 1960.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 2d day of June 1960.

Roy W. Lennartson, Deputy Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5117; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

Chapter VII—Commodity Stabilization Service (Farm Marketing Quotas and Acreage Allotments), Department of Agriculture

#### PART 730-RICE

#### Subpart---1960-61 Marketing Year

DETERMINATION OF COUNTY NORMAL YIELDS FOR 1960 CROP

The regulations contained in § 730.1108 are issued pursuant to and in conformity with the rice marketing quota provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, including the amendments to section 301 of that Act which are contained in section 502 of the Agricultural Act of 1956. These amendments provide definitions for county normal yields as follows:

(D) "Normal yield" for any county, in the case of rice, shall be the average yield per acre of rice for the county during the five calendar years immediately preceding the year for which such normal yield is determined, adjusted for abnormal weather conditions and for trends in yields. If for any such year data are not available, or there is no actual yield, an appraised yield for such year, determined in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary, taking into con-

sideration the yields obtained in surrounding counties during such year and the yield in years for which data are available, shall be used as the actual yield for such year.

4983

(F) In applying subparagraphs (D) and (E), if on account of drought, flood, insect pests, plant disease, or other uncontrollable natural cause, the yield for any year of such five-year period is less than 75 per centum of the average, 75 per centum of such average shall be substituted therefor in calculating the normal yield per acre. If, on account of abnormally favorable weather conditions, the yield for any year of such five-year period is in excess of 125 per centum of the average, 125 per centum of such average shall be substituted therefor in calculating the normal yield per acre.

Prior to the issuance of the regulations for determining county normal yields for 1960 and the determination of county normal yields thereunder, public notice (24 F.R. 8186) was given in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003). No data, views, or recommendations pertaining thereto were submitted pursuant to such notice.

Section 730.1108 is issued to provide the regulations for determining county normal yields and to proclaim the yields for the 1960 crop of rice determined thereunder.

# § 730.1108 County normal yields for 1960 crop rice.

(a) Regulations. County normal yields for 1960 crop rice shall be determined by computing the average yield per harvested acre of rice for each county producing rice during the years 1955 through 1959, adjusted for abnormal weather conditions and other uncontrollable natural causes and for trends in yields. Where data for any year are not available, or there was no actual yield, and appraised yield for such year shall be determined on the basis of the yields obtained in surrounding counties during such year and the yield in years for which data are available. Adjustments for abnormal weather conditions and other uncontrollable natural causes shall be made as follows: For any annual yield, including an appraised yield, which is less than 75 per centum of the five-year 1955-59 average yield, 75 per centum of such average shall be substituted therefor; and for any annual yield, including an appraised yield, which is in excess of 125 per centum of the five-year 1955-59 average yield, 125 per centum of such average shall be substituted therefor. The adjustment for trends in yields shall be made by computing the simple average of (1) the 1955-59 average yield per harvested acre of rice for the county, adjusted for abnormal weather conditions and other uncontrollable natural causes as provided in the preceding sentence, and (2) the 1958-59 average yield per harvested acre of rice for the county, similarly adjusted.

(b) Statistical data. Section 301(c) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, provides that "The latest available statistics of the Federal Government shall be used by the Secretary in making the determinations required to be made by the Secretary under this act." In accordance therewith, the annual yields of rice for counties in the States of Arkansas, California, Louisi-

ana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Texas used in the determination of county normal yields in this section were the latest official yields determined by the Agricultural Estimates Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, on the basis of its estimate of harvested acres and production of rice in applicable counties of these States during each of the years 1955 through 1959. In the minor rice-producing States of Florida, Illinois, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, and Tennessee where no official estimates of county rice yields were available the annual rice yields for the years 1955 through 1959 used in determining the county normal yields in this section for the applicable counties in these States were obtained by special surveys covering all farms producing rice in any of the calendar years 1955 through 1959.

(c) Proclamation of county normal yields. County normal yields for 1960 crop rice, determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, are as follows:

#### ARKANSAS

Normal	Normal			
yield	yield			
County (pounds) .				
Arkansas 3, 212	Lafayette 2, 554			
Ashley 2,970	Lawrence 3, 128			
Chicot 2,974	Lee 3, 053			
Clark 2,836	Lincoln 3, 102			
Clay 3,072	Little River 2,722			
Conway 2,713	Lonoke 3, 212			
Craighead 3, 210	Miller 2, 459			
Crittenden 3,020	Mississippi 2,876			
Cross 3, 088	Monroe 3, 058			
Dallas 2, 889	Perry 2, 912			
Desha 3, 064	Phillips 2,900			
Drew 3, 041	Poinsett 3, 122			
Faulkner 2,930	Prairie 3, 249			
Grant 2,810	Pulaski 2,985			
Greene 3,020	Randolph 2,808			
Hot Spring 3,022	St. Francis 3,062			
Independence 2,975	White 2,863			
Jackson 3, 138	Woodruff 3, 104			
Jefferson 3,084	State 3, 128			
CALIF	ORNIA			
Butte 4,510	Riverside 2,000			
Colusa 4, 370	Sacramento 4,505			
Fresno 3,915	San Joaquin _ 3.930			
Glenn 4,520	Stanislaus 4,073			
Imperial 1,780	Sutter 4,620			
Kern 3, 205	Tulare 2, 996			
Kings 2, 230	Yolo 4, 708			
Madera 3,860	Yuba 3, 695			
Merced 3,674	State 4, 348			
Placer 3, 865				
FLO	RTDA			
Palm Beach				
ILLI				
Adams	2,950			
Louisiana				

Normal	Normal
yield	yield
County (pounds)	County (pounds)
Acadia 2,826	Iberville 2,573
Allen 2,762	Jefferson Davis 2, 826
Ascension 2,500	Lafayette 2,772
Assumption 2,443	Lafourche 2, 414
Avoyelles 2,908	Madison 3, 817
Beauregard 2, 156	Morehouse 3,799
Bossier 3,670	Plaquemines _ 2,598
Calcasieu 2,444	Rapides 2,801
Cameron 2, 526	Richland3, 732
Concordia 3,340	St. Charles 2, 472
East Carroll 3,890	St. James 2, 438
Evangeline 2,736	St. John the
Franklin 3, 703	Baptist 2, 505
Grant 2,928	St. Landry 2, 750
Iberia 2,427	St. Martin 2, 790

#### LOUISIANA-Continued

TO OTHER THE CONTRACTOR						
Normal	Normal					
yield .	yield					
County (pounds)	County (pounds)					
	Vermilion 2, 771					
St. Tammany_ 2, 172						
Tensas 3.698	State 2, 747					
Terrebonne 2,416						
Missi	SSIPPI					
Bolivar 2, 724	Quitman 3, 115					
Coahoma 2, 952	Sharkey 2,975					
De Soto 3, 227	Sunflower 2.785					
Hancock 2, 524	Tallahatchie _ 2,485					
Humphreys 2, 740	Tate 1,984					
Issaquena 2, 134	Tunica 3, 028					
Leflore 2, 762	Washington 2,887					
Panola 2,770	State 2,814					
Miss	OURI					
Butler 3,330	Pemiscot 3,356					
Dunklin 3, 316	Ripley 3, 136					
Lewis 2,679	St. Charles 2, 763					
Lincoln 2, 805	Scott 3, 314					
Marion 2,662	Stoddard 3, 118					
Mississippi 2, 900						
New Madrid 2,951	State 3, 177					
New Madrid 2, 951						
	AROLINA					
Brunswick	1,922					
	1,710					
State	1,760					
OKLA	нома					
McCurtain 3, 304						

# Berkeley 1,709 Horry 1,736 Charleston 1,245 Jasper 1,579 Colleton 943 Kershaw 1,040 Georgetown 1,010 State 1,374 TENNESSEE Crockett 2,926 Lauderdale 3,198 Dyer 3,572 State 3,280 Fayette 2,110

SOUTH CAROLINA

Austin	3, 225	Liberty	2,849
Bowie	2,662	Matagorda	3,340
Brazoria	2, 905	Newton	2,942
Calhoun	3, 225	Orange	2,778
Chambers	2,812	Polk	2,840
Colorado	3, 280	San Jacinto	2,595
Fort Bend	3, 344	Victoria	3,288
Galveston	3,060	Walker - Hous-	
Hardin	2, 926	ton	2,662
Harris	3, 132	Waller	3, 170
Jackson	3, 342	Washington _	3, 133
Jasper	2,930	Wharton	3, 248
Jefferson	2, 769	State	3,069
Lavaca	3, 225		

(Secs. 301, 52 Stat. 38, as amended by 70 Stat. 212, 375, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1301, 1375)

Done at Washington, D.C., this 1st day of June 1960.

Andrew J. Mair, Acting Administrator, Commodity Stabilization Service.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5138; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:48 a.m.]

Chapter IX—Agricultural Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[970.306, Amdt. 3]

# PART 970—IRISH POTATOES GROWN IN MAINE

#### **Limitation of Shipments**

Findings. (a) Pursuant to Marketing Agreement No. 122 and Order No. 70 (7 CRF Part 970), hereinafter re-

ferred to as the "order," regulating the handling of Irish potatoes grown in the State of Maine, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended, 7 U.S.C. 601-674), it is hereby found and determined that the amendment to the limitation of shipments, as hereinafter provided, will establish and maintain such minimum standards of quality and maturity and such grading and inspection requirements as will tend to effectuate such orderly marketing as will be in the public interest, and is not for the purpose of maintaining prices to farmers above the level which is declared to be the policy of Congress to establish thereunder. It is hereby further found and determined that the estimated season average price to growers for potatoes for the marketing season which began in September 1959 will be in excess of the parity level specified in section 2(1) of the said act.

(b) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice and engage in public rule making procedure, and that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this amendment for 30 days or any other period beyond the date hereinafter specifled (5 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), in that (1) the provisions of the act require that the minimum standards of quality and maturity, as set forth herein, shall be made effective when the season average price to growers for potatoes exceeds the parity level specified in section 2(1) of the act; (2) compliance with this amendment will not require any special preparation on the part of handlers which cannot be completed by the effective date; and (3) this amendment relieves restrictions on the handling of potatoes.

Order as amended. Section 970.306 (24 F.R. 7569, 25 F.R. 1724, 2944) through paragraph (a) thereof is amended to read as follows:

#### § 970.306 Limitation of shipments.

During the period from June 8, 1960, through July 16, 1960, no handler shall handle any lot of potatoes unless such potatoes meet the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section or unless such potatoes are handled in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section.

(a) Minimum standards of quality and maturity—(1) Round varieties. U.S. No. 1, or better, grade, size A, 2 inches minimum diameter.

(2) Long varieties. U.S. No. 2, or better, grade, 1% inches minimum diameter or 3 ounces minimum weight.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674).

Dated June 2, 1960, to become effective June 8, 1960.

S. R. SMITH, Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5135; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:48 a.m.]

# Title 13—BUSINESS CREDIT AND ASSISTANCE

Chapter I—Small Business
Administration

PART 121—SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS

#### Notice of Availability of SBA Business Loans for Household Movers Industry

In § 121.3–10 add the following note to paragraph (h):

§ 121.3-10 Definition of small business for SBA business loans.

(h) \* \* \*

Note: Pending further study of the relationship between large interstate van lines and small household movers, freight forwarders, booking and hauling agents and similar enterprises, no such concern will be denied an SBA business loan solely because of its relationship with an interstate van line, provided that its annual receipts have not exceeded \$3,000,000 during the concern's most recently completed fiscal year. Applications for SBA business loans submitted by household movers, freight forwarders, booking and hauling agents and similar enterprises must state the amount, if any, of such annual receipts which are directly attributable to the applicant's relationship with an interstate van line.

Dated: June 3, 1960.

PHILIP McCallum,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5182; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:51 a.m.]

# Title 14—AERONAUTICS AND SPACE

Chapter III—Federal Aviation Agency

SUBCHAPTER E-AIR NAVIGATION REGULATIONS

[Airspace Docket No. 59-KC-2]

# PART 600—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS

PART 601—DESIGNATION OF THE CONTINENTAL CONTROL AREA, CONTROL ZONES, REPORTING POINTS, AND POSITIVE CONTROL ROUTE SEGMENTS

#### Modification of Federal Airway and Associated Control Areas; Change of Effective Date

On February 2, 1960, there were published in the Federal Register (25 F.R. 857) amendments to §§ 600.6300 and 601.6300 of the regulations of the Administrator. These amendments, to be effective June 30, 1960, modified VOR Federal airway No. 300 and its associated control areas by extending them from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., to Lakehead, Ontario, concurrently with the commissioning of a VOR near Whitefish, Mich.

The commissioning date of the White-fish VOR has been rescheduled. There-

fore, it is necessary to postpone the effective date of the above-mentioned amendments until January 12, 1961.

Subsequent to the publication of Airspace Docket No. 59-KC-2 as a final rule, Victor 300 and its associated control areas were further modified by extending them from the Sherbrooke, Quebec, VOR to the Millinocket, Maine, VOR. (Airspace Docket No. 59-NY-25; 25 F.R. 4543.) Since the action contained herein will cause Airspace Docket No. 59-KC-2 to become effective at a later date than Docket 59-NY-25, it is necessary to incorporate the changes to Victor 300 contained in Docket 59-NY-25, with the action being taken in 59-KC-2.

Since this action does not impose a burden on the public, compliance with the notice, public procedure and effective date requirements of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary.

In consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (24 F.R. 4530), effective immediately, Airspace Docket No. 59-KC-2 is hereby modified as follows:

1. Section 600.6300 is amended to read:

§ 600.6300 VOR Federal airway No. 300 (Lakehead, Ontario, to Wiarton, Ontario; Sherbrooke, Quebec, to Millinocket, Maine).

From the Lakehead, Ont., VOR via the Whitefish, Mich., VOR; Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., VOR including a N alternate via the INT of the Whitefish VOR 084° True and the Sault Ste. Marie VOR 328° True radials; to the Wiarton, Ont., VOR, including a N alternate. From the Sherbrooke, Quebec, VOR to the Millinocket, Maine, VOR.

2. Section 601.6300 is amended to read:

§ 601.6300 VOR Federal airway No. 300 control areas (Lakehead, Ontario, to Wiarton, Ontario; Sherbrooke, Quebec, to Millinocket, Maine).

All of VOR Federal airway No. 300 including N alternates.

3. Delete "effective 0001 e.s.t. June 30, 1960." and substitute therefor "effective 0001 e.s.t. January 12, 1961."

(Secs. 307(a), 313(a), 72 Stat. 749, 752; 49 U.S.C. 1348, 1354)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on May 31, 1960.

D. D. Thomas, Director, Bureau of Air Traffic Management.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5103; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 59-KC-67]

PART 601—DESIGNATION OF THE CONTINENTAL CONTROL AREA, C O N T R O L AREAS, CONTROL ZONES, REPORTING POINTS, AND POSITIVE CONTROL ROUTE SEGMENTS

#### **Designation of Control Zone**

On November 25, 1959, a notice of proposed rule-making was published in

the Federal Register (24 F.R. 9480) stating that the Federal Aviation Agency proposed to amend Part 601 and \$601.1103 of the regulations of the Administrator by designating a control zone at Minot AFB, N. Dak., and by modifying the present Minot, N. Dak., control area extension.

As stated in the notice, at present there is no control zone designated at Minot AFB. Designation of a control zone, within a 5-mile radius of Minot AFB. with an extension to the southeast 2 miles either side of the Minot AFB ILS localizer southeast course to the ILS outer marker, will provide protection for aircraft conducting instrument approaches at Minot AFB. In the notice, it was also proposed to modify the Minot control area extension by changing it from a 15-mile radius area centered on the Minot VOR to a 35-mile radius area centered on the geographical center of the Minot AFB. However, subsequent to the issuance of the notice, a jet penetration procedure from the Minot VOR was published. This penetration could not be conducted entirely within the proposed control area extension. Therefore, the Federal Aviation is not modifying the Minot control area extension at this time, but is giving further study to the actual requirements for control area at Minot

The Air Transport Association submitted a comment to the effect that a conflict will exist between ILS approaches at Minot AFB and VOR approaches to Minot International Airport and that this conflict will call for nonsimultaneous approaches to each airport. The Federal Aviation Agency recognizes that it will not be possible to conduct simultaneous approaches to Minot AFB and Minot International Airport. However, Federal Aviation Agency records show that during calendar year 1959, there were only 459 instrument approaches, or an average of less than two per day, conducted at Minot International Airport. Therefore, due to the limited operations at Minot International, the Federal Aviation Agency considers that non-simultaneous approaches to these two airports can be tolerated without prohibitive delays to either civil or military aircraft. The Air Transport Association also objected to the 35-mile radius control area extension and the comments will be given full consideration prior to the modification of this control area extension.

No other adverse comments were received regarding the proposed amendment.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of the rule herein adopted, and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (24 F.R. 4530), Part 601 (24 F.R. 10530) is amended as follows:

Section 601.2455 is added to read:

§ 601.2455 Minot, N. Dak. (Minot AFB), control zone.

Within a 5-mile radius of the geographical center of the Minot AFB (latitude 48°25′18" N., longitude 101°22′08" W.) and within 2 miles either side of the ILS localizer SE course extending from the 5-mile radius zone to the ILS outer marker (latitude 48°21′01" N., longitude 101°12′43" W.).

This amendment shall become effective 0001 e.s.t., July 28, 1960.

(Secs. 307(a), 313(a), 72 Stat. 749, 752; 49 U.S.C. 1348, 1354)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on May 31, 1960.

D. D. THOMAS, Director, Bureau of Air Traffic Management.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5104; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 59-KC-48]

# PART 601—DESIGNATION OF THE CONTINENTAL CONTROL AREA, CONTROL ZONES, REPORTING POINTS, AND POSITIVE CONTROL ROUTE SEGMENTS

#### **Designation of Control Area Extension**

On November 19, 1959, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the Federal Register (24 F.R. 9346) stating that the Federal Aviation Agency was considering an amendment to Part 601 of the regulations of the Administrator which would designate a control area extension at K. I. Sawyer AFB, Marquette, Mich.

As stated in the notice, the Federal Aviation Agency, at the request of the United States Air Force, is designating a control area extension at K. I. Sawyer AFB. The proposal as published in the notice provided for a control area extension within a 40-mile radius of the airbase to provide protection for instrument flight operations being conducted by jet aircraft arriving K.I. Sawyer AFB, and departing on active air defense missions.

The Air Transport Association objected to the southeast portion of the proposed control area extension as it encompasses an area near Escanaba, Mich., which is used for procedure turns on an ADF approach to Runway 18 at the Escanaba airport, and would necessitate each IFR arrival at Escanaba having to secure ATC clearance from the agency having jurisdiction over the proposed area. This could result in an unnecessary delay to aircraft making approaches to the Escanaba airport. The Federal Aviation Agency considers this a valid objection and is modifying the amendment herein to exclude the airspace bounded on the west by longitude 87°20' 30" W., and on the north by latitude 46°03'00" N., which lies within a 40-mile radius of K. I. Sawyer AFB. The Air Transport Association also objected to the proposal until the Federal Aviation Agency assures that proper facilities and procedures are available to handle the traffic within the area proposed. The Minneapolis Air Route Traffic Control Center has the capability and will control the traffic in this area until such time as this authority is delegated to approach control at K. I. Sawyer AFB.

No other adverse comments were received regarding the proposed amendment.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of the rule herein adopted, and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (24 F.R. 4530), Part 601 (24 F.R. 10530) is amended by adding the following section:

# § 601.1183 Control area extension (Marquette, Mich.)

That airspace not otherwise designated as control area within a 40-mile radius of the geographical center of K. I. Sawyer AFB (latitude 46°20′54′′N., longitude 87°24′05′′W.), excluding the airspace within the 40-mile radius bounded on the W. by longitude 87°20′30′′W., and on the N by latitude 46°03′00′′N.

This amendment shall become effective 0001 e.s.t. July 28, 1960.

(Secs. 307(a), 313(a), 72 Stat. 749, 752; 49 U.S.C. 1348, 1354)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on May 31, 1960

D. D. THOMAS, Director, Bureau of Air Traffic Management.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5105; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

# Title 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission ·

[Docket 7503 o.]

# PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

American Deb Furs, Inc., et al.

Subpart—Advertising falsely or mis-leadingly: § 13.155 Prices: § 13.155-40 Exaggerated as regular and customary. Subpart—Invoicing products falsely: § 13.1108 Invoicing products falsely; § 13.1108-45 Fur Products Labeling Act. Subpart—Misbranding or mislabeling: § 13.1185 Composition; § 13.1185-30 Fur Products Labeling Act; § 13.1212 Formal regulatory and statutory requirements: § 13.1212-30 Fur Products Labeling Act. Subpart—Misrepresenting oneself and goods-Prices: § 13.1805 Exaggerated as regular and customary. Subpart- Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure: § 13.1865 Manufacture or preparation: § 13.1865-40 Fur Products Labeling Act; § 13.1900 Source or origin: § 13.1900-40 Fur Products Labeling Act; § 13.1900-40(b) Place.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 722; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; sec. 8, 65 Stat. 719; 15 U.S.C. 45, 69f) [Cease

and desist order, American Deb Furs, Inc., et al., New York, N.Y., Docket 7503, April 18, 1960]

In the Matter of American Deb Furs, Inc., a Corporation, and Herbert Fischbein and Ethel Harris, Individually and as Officers of Said Corporation

This proceeding was heard by a hearing examiner on the complaint of the Commission charging a New York City furrier with violating the Fur Products Labeling Act by falsely identifying animals producing the fur in certain products; by invoicing which failed to state the country of origin of fur and to reveal that certain fur was dyed, and which set out fictitious "original" prices; and by failing in other respects to comply with labeling and invoicing requirements.

After hearings, the hearing examiner made his initial decision, including findings, conclusion and order to cease and desist, which as modified on review, became on April 18 the decision of the Commission.

The order to cease and desist is as follows:

It is ordered, That American Deb Furs, Inc., a corporation, and its officers, and Herbert Fischbein, individually and as an officer of said corporation, and respondents' representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the introduction or manufacture for introduction into commerce, or the sale, advertising or offering for sale, transportation or distribution, in commerce, of fur products; or in connection with the sale, manufacture for sale, advertising, offering for sale, transportation or distribution of fur products which are made in whole or in part of fur which has been shipped and received in commerce, as "commerce", "fur" and "fur product" are defined in the Fur Products Labeling Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

A. Misbranding fur products by:

1. Falsely or deceptively labeling or otherwise identifying any such products as to the name or names of the animal or animals that produced the fur from which such product was manufactured.

2. Failing to affix labels to fur products showing each element of information required to be disclosed under section 4(2) of the Fur Products Labeling Act.

3. Failing to set forth the term "Dyed Broadtail processed Lamb" as required by Rule 10 of the "Rules and Regulations under the Fur Products Labeling Act."

4. Setting forth on labels attached to fur products information required under section 4(2) of the Fur Products Labeling Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder which is mingled with non-required information.

B. Falsely or deceptively invoicing fur products by:

1. Failing to furnish purchasers of the fur products an invoice showing each element of information required to be disclosed under section 5(b)(1) of the Fur Products Labeling Act.

2. Setting forth on invoices pertaining to fur products the name or names of any animal or animals other than the name or names provided for in section 5(b) (1) of the Fur Products Labeling Act.

3. Representing, directly or by implication, that the respondents' regular or usual price of any fur product is any amount in excess of the price at which the respondents have usually and customarily sold such product in the recent regular course of business.

4. Representing, directly or by implication, that any person's regular or usual price of any fur product is any amount in excess of the price at which such person has usually and customarily sold such product in the recent regular course of business

5. Setting forth information required under section 5(b) (1) of the Fur Products Labeling Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder in abbreviated form.

6. Failing to set forth the term "Dyed Broadtail Processed Lamb" as required by Rule 10 of the "Rules and Regulations under the Fur Products Labeling Act."

C. Falsely or deceptively advertising fur products through the use of any advertisement, representation, public announcement, or notice which is intended to aid, promote or assist, directly or indirectly, in the sale, or offering for sale, of fur products and which represents, directly or by implication, that the former, regular or usual price of any fur product is any amount which is in excess of the price at which respondents have formerly, usually or customarily sold such product in the recent regular course of their business.

D. Making pricing claims or representations of the type referred to in paragraph C above, unless there are maintained by respondents full and adequate records disclosing the facts upon which such claims and representations are based.

It is further ordered, That the complaint herein against respondent Ethel Harris, an individual, be, and the same hereby is, dismissed without prejudice to the right of the Commission to take such action in the future as the facts may warrant.

By "Decision of the Commission", etc., report of compliance was required as follows:

It is further ordered, That the respondents, American Deb Furs, Inc., and Herbert Fischbein, shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report, in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with the order to cease and desist as modified.

Issued: April 18, 1960. By the Commission.

[SEAL] ROBERT M. PARRISH,

Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5110; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket 7436o.]

# PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

#### Rudolph Mendiola and Wholesale Fur House

Subpart—Invoicing products falsely: § 13.1108 Invoicing products falsely: §13.1108-45 Fur Products Labeling Act. Subpart—Misbranding or mislabeling: §13.1212 Formal regulatory and statutory requirements; § 13.1212-30 Fur Products Labeling Act. Subpart—Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure: § 13.1852 Formal regulatory and statutory requirements: § 13.1852-35 Fur Products Labeling Act.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 722; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; sec. 8, 65 Stat. 719; 15 U.S.C. 45, 69f) [Cease and desist order, Rudolph Mendiola t/a Wholesale Fur House, Houston, Tex., Docket 7436, April 18, 1960]

This proceeding was heard by a hearing examiner on the complaint of the Commission charging a Houston, Tex., furrier with violating the Fur Products Labeling Act by failing to comply with labeling and invoicing provisions.

Setting aside the initial decision on review, the Commission on April 18 issued in lieu thereof its own findings, conclusions and order to cease and desist.

The order to cease and desist, including compliance order, is as follows:

It is ordered, That Rudolph Mendiola, an individual, trading as Wholesale Fur House, or under any other name, and respondent's representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the introduction into commerce, or the sale, advertising, or offering for sale, in commerce, or the transportation or distribution, in commerce, of fur products, or in connection with the sale, advertising, offering for sale, transportation, or distribution of fur products which are made in whole or in part of fur which has been shipped and received in commerce, as "commerce", "fur" and "fur product" are defined in the Fur Products Labeling Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Misbranding fur products by setting forth on labels affixed to fur products information required under section 4(2) of the Fur Products Labeling Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder in handwriting.

2. Falsely or deceptively invoicing fur products by failing to furnish to purchasers of fur products an invoice showing.

(A) All of the information required to be disclosed by each of the subsections of section 5(b)(1) of the Fur Products Labeling Act.

(B) The item number or mark assigned to a fur product.

It is further ordered, That the allegations contained in paragraphs 3, 4(a) (b) (d), 6(a) and 7 through 11 of the complaint be, and they hereby are, dismissed.

It is further ordered, That the respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon him of this order, file with the Commission a report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which he has complied with the order to cease and desist.

Issued: April 18, 1960.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ROBERT M. PARRISH, Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5111; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

Docket 7628 c.o.1

# PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

#### Titche-Goettinger Co., et al.

Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly: § 13.155 Prices: § 13.155-40 Exaggerated as regular and customary; § 13.155-45 Fictitious marking. Subpart—Misbranding or mislabeling: § 13.1280 Price. Subpart—Mispresenting oneself and goods—Prices: § 13.1805 Exaggerated as regular and customary; § 13.1810 Fictitious marking. Subpart—Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure: § 13.1852 Formal regulatory and statutory requirements; § 13.1852-35 Fur Products Labeling Act.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 722; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; sec. 8, 65 Stat. 719; 15 U.S.C. 45, 691) [Cease and desist order, Titche-Goettinger Co., et al., Dallas, Tex., Docket 7628, April 6, 1960]

In the Matter of Titche-Goettinger Company, a Corporation, and L. D. Starr, W. A. Lea, Saul Hirsch, and Henry Kaufman, Individually and as Officers of Said Corporation

This proceeding was heard by a hearing examiner on the complaint of the Commission charging Dallas, Tex., furriers with violating the Fur Products Labeling Act by affixing to fur products labels containing fictitious prices represented thereby as the regular retail prices; and by advertising in newspapers which represented prices of fur products as reduced from regular prices which were, in fact, fictitious, and contained comparative prices without giving a designated time of a bona fide compared price; and by failing to maintain adequate records as a basis for said pricing claims.

Based on a consent agreement, the hearing examiner made his initial decision and order to cease and desist which became on April 6 the decision of the Commission.

The order to cease and desist is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents Titche-Goettinger Company, a corporation, and its officers, and L. D. Starr, W. A. Lea, and Saul Hirsch, individually and as officers of said corporation, and respondents' representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corpo-

rate or other device, in connection with the introduction into commerce, or the sale, advertising, or offering for sale in commerce, or the transportation or distribution in commerce, of fur products; or in connection with the sale, advertising, offering for sale, transportation, or distribution of fur products which are made in whole or in part of fur which has been shipped and received in commerce, as "commerce", "fur" and "fur product" are defined in the Fur Products Labeling Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Misbranding fur products by:

(a) Falsely or deceptively labeling or otherwise identifying such products as to the regular prices thereof by any representation that the regular or usual prices of such products are any amount in excess of the prices at which respondents have usually and customarily sold such products in the recent regular course of business.

2. Falsely or deceptively advertising fur products through the use of any advertisement, representation, public announcement, or notice which is intended to aid, promote or assist, directly or indirectly, in the sale, or offering for sale of fur products, and which:

(a) Represents, directly or by implication, that the regular or usual price of any fur product is any amount which is in excess of the price at which respondents have usually and customarily sold such products in the recent regular course of business.

(b) Represents, directly or by implication, that prices of fur products are reduced from previous higher prices without giving the time of such compared previous higher prices.

(c) Misrepresents in any manner the savings available to purchasers of re-

spondents' fur products.

3. Making claims and representations respecting prices and values of fur products unless respondents maintain full and adequate records showing the facts upon which such claims and representations are based.

It is further ordered, That the complaint be, and the same hereby is, dismissed as to respondent Henry Kaufman.

By "Decision of the Commission", etc., report of compliance was required as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents Titche-Goettinger Company, a corporation, and L. D. Starr, W. A. Lea, and Saul Hirsch, individually and as officers of said corporation, shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with the order to cease and desist.

Issued: April 6, 1960. By the Commission.

[SEAL] ROBERT M. PARRISH. Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5112; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

# Title 26—INTERNAL REVENUE.

Chapter I—Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury

> SUBCHAPTER A-INCOME TAX [T.D. 6468]

PART I-INCOME TAX; TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEM-BER 31, 1953

#### Miscellaneous Amendments

On November 24, 1959, notice of proposed rule making with respect to the amendment of the Income Tax Regulations (26 CFR Part 1) under section 1232 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to bonds and other evidences of indebtedness) to reflect the changes made by sections 50 and 51 of the Technical Amendments Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 1642, 1643) and by section 3(e) of the Life Insurance Company Income Tax Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 140) was published in the Federal Register (24 F.R. 9428). After consideration of all such relevant matter as was presented by interested persons regarding the rules proposed, the amendment of the regulations as so published is hereby adopted, subject to the changes set forth below.

Paragraph (b) (4) of § 1.1232-3, as set forth in paragraph 3 of the notice of proposed rule making, is revised-

(A) By striking the last sentence of subdivision (i) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof: "For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "original purchaser" does not include persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters or dealers, who purchased the obligation for resale in the ordinary course of their trade or business. It is not necessary that the issuer's intention to call the obligation before maturity be communicated directly to the original purchaser by the issuer. The understanding to call before maturity need not be unconditional; it may, for example, be dependent upon the financial condition of the issuer on the proposed early call date.

(B) By striking the last sentence of subdivision (ii) (a) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof: "The fact that the obligation is issued with provisions on its face giving the issuer the privilege of redeeming the obligation before maturity is not determinative of an intention to call before maturity; likewise, the absence of such provision is not determinative of the absence of an intention to call before maturity. However, such provision, or the absence of such provision, is one of the circumstances to be given consideration along with other factors in determining whether an understanding existed. If the obligation was part. of an issue registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and was sold to the public (whether or not sold directly to the public by the obligor) without representation to the public that

the obligor intends to call the obligation before maturity, there shall be a presumption that no intention to call the obligation before maturity was in existence at the time of original issue. The existence of a provision on the face of an obligation giving the issuer the privilege of redeeming the obligation before maturity shall not in and of itself overcome the presumption set forth in the preceding sentence."

This Treasury decision is issued under the authority contained in section 7805 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805).

[SEAL]

CHARLES I. FOX, Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Approved: June 1, 1960.

FRED C. SCRIBNER, Jr., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Paragraph 1. Section 1.1232 is amended-

(A) By revising subsections (a) (2) and (c) of section 1232 to read as follows:

#### § 1.1232 Statutory provisions; bonds and other evidences of indebtedness.

SEC. 1232. Bonds and other evidences of indebtedness-(a) General rule. \* \*

(2) Sale or exchange-(A) General rule. Except as provided in subparagraph (B), upon sale or exchange of bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued after December 31, 1954, held by the taxpayer more than 6 months, any gain realized which does not exceed-

(i) An amount equal to the original issue

discount (as defined in subsection (b)), or (ii) If at the time of original issue there was no intention to call the bond or other evidence of indebtedness before maturity, an amount which bears the same ratio to the original issue discount (as defined in subsection (b)) as the number of complete months that the bond or other evidence of indebtedness was held by the taxpayer bears to the number of complete months from the date of original issue to the date of maturity,

shall be considered as gain from the sale or exchange of property which is not a capital asset. Gain in excess of such amount shall be considered gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held more than 6 months.

(B) Exceptions. This paragraph shall not

apply to-

(i) Obligations the interest on which is not includible in gross income under section 103 (relating to certain governmental obligations), or

(ii) Any holder who has purchased the bond or other evidence of indebtedness at a premium.

(C) Double inclusion in income not required. This section shall not require the inclusion of any amount previously includible in gross income.

(c) Bond with unmatured coupons detached. If a bond or other evidence of indebtedness issued at any time with interest coupons-

(1) Is purchased after August 16, 1954, and before January 1, 1958, and the purchaser does not receive all the coupons which first become payable more than 12 months after the date of the purchase, or

(2) Is purchased after December 31, 1957. and the purchaser does not receive all the coupons which first become payable after the date of the purchase,

then the gain on the sale or other disposition of such evidence of indebtedness by such purchaser (or by a person whose basis is determined by reference to the basis in the hands of such purchaser) shall be considered as gain from the sale or exchange of property which is not a capital asset to the extent that the fair market value (determined as of the time of the purchase) of the evidence of indebtedness with coupons attached exceeds the purchase price. If this subsection and subsection (a)(2)(A) apply with respect to gain realized on the sale or exchange of any evidence of indebtedness, then subsection (a)(2)(A) shall apply with respect to that part of the gain to which this subsection does not apply.

(B) By adding at the end thereof the following historical note:

[Sec. 1232 as amended by secs. 50 and 51, Technical Amendments Act 1958 (72 Stat. 1642, 1643); sec. 3(e), Life Insurance Company Income Tax Act 1959 (73 Stat. 140)]

Par. 2. Section 1.1232-1 is amended by revising paragraph (a) thereof to read as follows:

# § 1.1232-1 Bonds and other evidences of indebtedness; scope of section.

(a) In general. Section 1232 applies to any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness (referred to in this section and §§ 1.1232-2 through 1.1232-4 as an obligation) (1) which is a capital asset in the hands of the taxpayer, and (2) which is issued by any corporation, or by any government or political subdivision thereof. In general, section 1232(a) (1) provides that the retirement of an obligation, other than certain obligations issued before January 1, 1955, is considered to be an exchange and, therefore, is usually subject to capital gain or loss treatment; and section 1232(a) (2) provides that in the case of a gain realized on the sale or exchange of certain obligations issued at a discount after December 31, 1954, the amount of gain equal to such discount or, under certain circumstances, the amount of gain equal to a specified portion of such discount, constitutes ordinary income. Section 1232 (c) treats as ordinary income a portion of any gain realized upon the disposition of (i) coupon obligations which were acquired after August 16, 1954, and before January 1, 1958, without all coupons maturing more than 12 months after purchase attached, and (ii) coupon obligations which were acquired after December 31, 1957, without all coupons maturing after the date of purchase attached.

Par. 3. Section 1.1232-3 is amended—
(A) By revising paragraph (a) thereof to read as follows:

#### § 1.1232-3 Gain upon sale or exchange of obligations issued at a discount after December 31, 1954.

(a) General rule—(1) Sale or exchange before January 1, 1958. Gain realized upon the sale or exchange before January 1, 1958, of an obligation issued at a discount after December 31, 1954, and held by the taxpayer for more than six months, shall be considered ordinary income to the extent it equals a specified portion of the "original issue discount", and the balance, if any, of the

gain shall be considered as long-term capital gain. The term "original issue discount" is defined in paragraph (b) of this section. The computation of the amount of gain which constitutes ordinary income is illustrated in paragraph (c) of this section.

(2) Sale or exchange after December 31, 1957. In the case of gain realized upon the sale or exchange after December 31, 1957, of an obligation issued at a discount after December 31, 1954, and held by the taxpayer for more than six months, section 1232(a) (2) (A) provides that such gain shall be considered ordinary income to the extent it does not exceed—

(i) An amount equal to the entire "original issue discount", or

(ii) If at the time of original issue there was no intention to call the bond or other evidence of indebtedness before maturity, a portion of the "original issue discount" determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section,

and the balance, if any, of the gain shall be considered as long-term capital gain. The terms "original issue discount" and "intention to call the bond or other evidence of indebtedness before maturity" are defined in paragraph (b) of this section.

- (3) Obligations issued before January 1, 1955. Whether gain representing original issue discount realized upon the sale or exchange of obligations issued at a discount before January 1, 1955, is capital gain or ordinary income shall be determined without reference to section 1232.
- (B) By adding at the end of paragraph (b) thereof the following new subparagraph:

(b) Definitions. \* \* •

(4) Intention to call before maturity—(i) Meaning of term. For purposes of section 1232, the term "intention to call the bond or other evidence of indebtedness before maturity" means an understanding between (a) the issuing corporation (such corporation is hereinafter referred to as the "issuer"), and (b) the original purchaser of such obligation (or, in the case of obligations constituting part of an issue, any of the original purchasers of such obligations) that the issuer will redeem the obligation before maturity. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "original purchaser" does not include persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters or dealers, who purchased the obligation for resale in the ordinary course of their trade or business. It is not necessary that the issuer's intention to call the obligation before maturity be communicated directly to the original purchaser by the issuer. The understanding to call before maturity need not be unconditional; it may, for example, be dependent upon the financial condition of the issuer on the proposed early call date.

(ii) Proof of intent—(a) In general. Ordinarily the existence or non-existence of an understanding at the time of original issue that the obligation will be redeemed before maturity shall be determined by an examination of all of the

circumstances under which the obligation was issued and held. The fact that the obligation is issued with provisions on its face giving the issuer the privilege of redeeming the obligation before maturity is not determinative of an intention to call before maturity; likewise, the absence of such provision is not determinative of the absence of an intention to call before maturity. However, such provision, or the absence of such provision, is one of the circumstances to be given consideration along with other factors in determining whether an understanding existed. If the obligation was part of an issue registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and was sold to the public (whether or not sold directly to the public by the obligor) without representation to the public that the obligor intends to call the obligation before maturity, there shall be a presumption that no intention to call the obligation before maturity was in existence at the time of original issue. The existence of a provision on the face of an obligation giving the issuer the privilege of redeeming the obligation before maturity shall not in and of itself overcome the presumption set forth in the preceding sentence.

(b) Circumstances indicating absence of understanding. Examples of circumstances which would be evidence that there was no understanding at the time of original issue to redeem the obligation

before maturity are-

(1) The issue price and term of the obligation appear to be reasonable, taking into account the interest rate, if any, on the obligation, for a corporation in the financial condition of the issuer at the time of issue.

(2) The original purchaser and the issuer are not related within the meaning of section 267(b) and have not engaged in transactions with each other (other than concerning the obligation).

- (3) The original purchaser is not related within the meaning of section 267(b) to any of the officers or directors of the issuer, and he has not engaged in transactions with such officers or directors (other than concerning the obligation).
- (4) The officers and directors of the issuer at the time of issue of the obligation are different from those in control at the time the obligation is called or the taxpayer disposes of it.
- (C) By striking the heading and first sentence of paragraph (c) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof:
- (c) Gain treated as ordinary income in certain cases; computation. The amount of gain treated as ordinary income under paragraph (a) (1) or (2) (ii) of this section is computed by multiplying the original issue discount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of full months the obligation was held by the holder and the denominator of which is the number of full months from the date of original issue to the date specified as the redemption date at maturity.
- (D) By inserting between the second and third sentences of example (1) in paragraph (c) thereof the following new sentence: "At the time of original issue,

there was no intention to call the bond before maturity."

- (E) By revising paragraph (e) thereof to read as follows:
- (e) Amounts previously includible in income. Nothing in section 1232 shall require the inclusion of any amount previously includible in gross income. Thus, if an amount was previously includible in gross income or account of obligations issued at a discount and redeemable for fixed amounts increasing at stated intervals, or, under section 818(b), as amended by the Life Insurance Company Income Tax Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 133) (relating to accrual of discount on bonds and other evidences of indebtedness held by life insurance companies), such amount is not again includible in the taxpayer's gross income under section 1232. For example, amounts includible in gross income by a cash receipts and disbursements method taxpayer who has made an election under section 454 (a) or (c) (relating to accounting rules for certain obligations issued at a discount) are not includible in gross income under sectonery.

of the bond as income pursuant to section 454(a). On January 1, 1960, A sells the bond for \$90. The total stated increase in the redemption price of the tion 1232. In the case of a gain which would include, under section 1232, an amount considered to be ordinary instated redemption price at maturity of the bond is \$100. A elects to treat the annual increase in the redemption price come and a further amount considered long-term capital gain, any amount to which this paragraph applies is first ordinary income. For example, on January 1, 1955, A purchases a ten-year bond which is redeemable for fixed At the time of original issue, there was no intention to call the bond before mathrough 1959 is \$7. The portion of the used to offset the amount considered amounts increasing at stated intervals. turity. The purchase price of the bond is \$75, which is also the issue price. The bond which A has reported anually as income for the taxable years 1955 utable to this period is \$12.50, computed original issue discount of \$25 attribas follows:

60 (months bond is held by A)  $\times$  \$25 (original issue discount) (months from date of original issue to redemption date)

However, \$7, which represents the annual stated increase taken into income, is offset against the amount of \$12.50, leaving \$5.50 of the gain from the sale to be treated as ordinary income.

PAR. 4. Section 1.1232-4 is amended by striking the first sentence thereof and inserting in lieu thereof:

§ 1.1232-4 Obligations with excess coupons detached.

Section 1232(c) provides that if an obligation which is issued at any time with interest coupons—

(a) Is purchased after August 16,

(a) Is purchased after August 16, 1954, and before January 1, 1958, and the purchaser does not receive all the coupons which first become payable more than 12 months after the date of the purchase, or

(b) Is purchased after December 31, 1957, and the purchaser does not receive all the coupons which first become payable after the date of purchase,

any gain on the later sale or other disposition of the obligation by the purchaser (or by a transferee of the pur-

chaser whose basis is determined by reference to the basis of the obligation in the hands of the purchaser) shall be treated as ordinary income to the extent that the fair market value of the obligation (determined as of the time of the purchase) with coupons attached exceeds the purchase price.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5116; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

# Title 32-NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter V—Department of the Army suschapter G—PROCUREMENT PART 606—SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS

Indefinite Delivery Type Contracts Section 606.1102 is revised to read 8

g

§ 606.1102 General.

follows:

(a) Definite quantity contract. A definite quantity contract is an indefinite

delivery type contract calling for a stated quantity of certain supplies or services to be delivered pursuant to delivery orders furnished during a designated period of time. The duration of this type of contract is limited to the fiscal year for which such funds are appropriated. Funds are opligated for the total amount upon execution of the contract for the fulfillment of a bona fide need of certain supplies or services for the fiscal year for which such funds are appropriated. It normally specifies the individuals or activities authorized to issue orders for delivery. on behalf of the Government and in most cases provides for the direct shipment of the supplies involved from the vendor's establishment to the using agency, thereby minimizing expense of Government handling. Although this type of contract is used primarily for commercial type items readily available, or which will be available after a short lead time, it may also be used for noncommercial items.

or services and the contractor agrees to furnish the specified supplies or services during a designated period of time upon receipt of a delivery order from the Government. Under such an arrangement, funds are obligated for individual purchases each time a delivery order is issued except where the terms of the contract provide for an acceptance of each (b) Requirements contract. A requirements contract is an indefinite delivery type contract under which the Government agrees that designated activities are obligated to order all of their purorder by the contractor. When the contract provides for such acceptance, funds are obligated when the contractor for each delivery order, and (3) the supplies or services to be obtained by each such delivery order are determined to be for the fulfillment of a bona-fide need duration of this type contract may extend beyond the fiscal year for which the contract provides no limitation as to the maximum quantity which may be orchase requirements for specified supplies contract was executed provided (1) the does not exceed one calendar year, (2) current fiscal year funds are obligated of the fiscal year involved. When the duration of performance of the contract dered at one time, the contracting officer should not issue delivery orders for what, has accepted the delivery order. under the circumstances, may be quantities. reasonable

function, purpose, and use of a requirements contract are similar to those of the definite quantity contract.

(c) Indefinite quantity contract.

tracting officer should not establish a quantity greater than may be reasonably expected to be ordered from, or furnished by, the contractor. Up to the stated minimum the contract is in effect a definite quantity contract and funds for which such funds are appropriated and for the fulfillment of a bona-fide need of certain supplies or services for that fiscal year. If and when the Govwith respect to such quantities, the contract is in effect a requirements contract and funds are obligated upon the issuance of the delivery order or its acindefinite quantity contract is a combination of a definite quantity contract and a requirements contract, in that the ices, during a specified period and has Government under the option. The optional provision of the contract shall ceptance by the contractor, depending upon the terms of the contract. In this the option to order quantities in excess of the minimum. Under this arrangement the contractor is obligated to furernment exercises its option of ordering quantities in excess of the minimum, the fiscal year for which the contract was executed provided (1) the entire period of one calendar year, (2) current fiscal year funds are obligated for each delivery order, and (3) the supplies or Government is obligated to order a stated minimum quantity of supplies or servstate a maximum quantity. In the determination of such maximum, the conare obligated upon execution of the contract. In this situation, the duration of the contract is limited to the fiscal year situation, the duration of the performance of the contract may extend beyond contract period does not exceed a total services to be obtained by each such delivery order are determined to be for fulfillment of a bona-fide need of nish such stated minimum and additional quantities ordered by fiscal year involved

[C 21, APP, May 18, 1960] (Sec. 3012, 70A Stat. 157; 10 U.S.C. 3012. Interpret or apply secs. 2301-2314, 70A Stat. 127-133; 10 U.S.C. 2301-2314)

R. V. Lee,
Major General, U.S. Army,
The Adjutant General.
Doc. 60-5101; Filed, June 6, 1960;

8:45 a.m.]

[F.R.

# Chapter XIV—The Renegotiation Board

SUBCHAPTER B-RENEGOTIATION BOARD REGU-LATIONS UNDER THE 1951 ACT

#### PART 1455—PERMISSIVE EXEMP-TIONS FROM RENEGOTIATION

#### Prime Contracts and Subcontracts To Be Performed Outside the United States; Correction

In Federal Register Document 60-4965, published on page 4801 of the issue for Wednesday, June 1, 1960, in § 1455.2 (c-1) (2) the final word "exemption" should read "renegotiation".

Dated: June 2, 1960.

THOMAS COGGESHALL, Chairman.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5127; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:47 a.m.]

# Title 39—POSTAL SERVICE

Chapter I—Post Office Department
PART 4—INFORMATION ON
POSTAL MATTERS

# PART 36—SPECIAL CANCELLATIONS PART 61—MONEY ORDERS PART 63—POSTAL SAVINGS Miscellaneous Amendments

The regulations of the Post Office Department are amended as follows:

I. In § 4.4 Available records, paragraph (d) is amended to provide that postmasters and postal employees consult with and secure the approval of the General Counsel before complying with a proper subpena duces tecum. As so amended, paragraph (d) reads as follows:

#### § 4.4 Available records.

(d) Postmasters and postal employees will comply with a proper subpena duces tecum issued by a court of record only after consulting with and getting approval of the General Counsel of the Post Office Department. When employees are authorized to comply with subpenas duces tecum, they will not leave the records themselves with the court but will leave copies prepared for that purpose.

Note: The corresponding Postal Manual section is 114.44.

(R.S. 161, as amended 396, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 22, 369)

II. Part 36—Special Cancellation, as amended by Federal Register document 59—5314, 24 F.R. 5302–5303, is further amended by (1) clarifying the period of time for use of the special cancellations; (2) providing that the wording must relate directly to the event and that Illustrations or designs should not be used; (3) adding the requirement that postmasters submit an impression of the cancellation presently in the machine which is to use the special die, and the part numbers of certain dies; (4) inserting a new § 36.5 which requires mall-

ers desiring special cancellations on their mail to pay postage on the mail at first class rate, and prohibits the holding of mail by postmasters to comply with requests that the mail be cancelled on a particular date. As so amended, Part 36 reads as follows:

Sec.

36.1 Description of machine cancellations,
36.2 How sponsors obtain special cancellations.

36.3 Disposition.

36.4 Revocation.

36.5 Mail submitted for special cancellation.

AUTHORITY: §§ 36.1 to 36.5 issued under R.S. 161, as amended, 396, as amended, sec. 1, 2, 42 Stat. 540, as amended; 5 U.S.C. 22, 369, 39 U.S.C. 368, 368a.

#### § 36.1 Description of machine cancellations.

The canceling of postage stamps and the printing of the postmark circle on letter mail is accomplished simultaneously by the inked die hubs of high speed canceling machines. The cancellation portion of the impression appears to the right of the postmark circle and consists of lines, or messages, to sufficiently deface stamps in the area indicated in the following diagram:





Special canceling machine die hubs may be authorized for use in place of the regular die hubs at designated post offices. When authorized, the special die hubs are placed on canceling machines through which a large volume of letter mail is canceled.

#### § 36.2 How sponsors obtain special cancellations.

(a) Requirements for use—(1) When.
(i) Permission for use of special cancellations is granted for advertising purposes in the following cases only:

(a) Where the event to be advertised is for some national purpose for which Congress has made an appropriation; or

- (b) Where the event to be advertised is of general public interest and importance, to endure for a definite period of time, and is not to be conducted for private gain or profit.
- (ii) Special cancellations are not authorized for:
- (a) Events of interest primarily to a particular local group.
- (b) Fraternal, political, religious, commercial, or trade organizations.
- (c) Campaigns or events promoting the sale or use of private products or services.
- (d) Idea or slogan promotion not directly connected with an event of general public interest and importance.
- (e) Events which occur during a period when all canceling machines in the post office have already been scheduled for the use of other special cancellation die hubs.
- (2) Where. The cancellation may be used only in a first- or second-class post office.

(3) Period of time. The special cancellation may not be used longer than 6 months, plus the duration of the event.

(4) Cost. The sponsor must pay the cost of manufacturing the special cancellation die hub, and any costs incurred in adapting canceling machines for its use or for installing the hub. The cost of a die hub is usually \$36 to \$60. The organization or persons assuming the cost of manufacturing the die hub are billed by the manufacturer.

the manufacturer.
(b) Wording. The space available for the wording is shown in the illustration below. The wording must be limited to 3 lines of not more than 20 letters, numbers, or spaces each, so that the wording may be in type large enough to be legible. The wording must relate direct to the event. Illustrations or designs should not be used because of the limited space available on the die hub.





- (c) Application—(1) Where to apply. If the event to be advertised meets the conditions in paragraph (a) (1) of this section, submit the application in writing to the postmaster at the post office where the cancellation die hub is to be used, so that the postmaster can furnish the Department certain necessary information.
- (2) When to apply. The application should be submitted to the postmaster at least 2 months before the date the cancellation die hub is to be placed in operation.
- (3) Information needed. The application must provide the following information:
- (i) Complete description of the event to be advertised, including evidence that it is not being conducted for private profit.
- (ii) Wording of the proposed cancellation.
- (iii) Name of the post office where the cancellation is to be used.
  - (iv) Period of use desired.
  - (v) Number of die hubs desired.
- (vi) Name and address of the sponsor who will be billed for the cost.
- (d) Referral by postmaster. The postmaster will forward the application to the Postal Services Division, Bureau of Operations, Post Office Department, Washington 25, D.C. The postmaster must furnish with the application a sample impression of the canceling die presently on the machine that is to use the special cancellation die and the name of the manufacturer and model of the canceling machine on which the special die hub will be used, and must specify whether the machine is new or old (square or round type ring die). If the canceling machine is a Model Flier, M, or G, the postmaster must state the correct die hub part number from the Operating Instruction Book (1207 or 1207-G for Flier and M Machines, and 218 or 218-A for G Machines). The postmaster must also state the effect the approval would have on the use of special

cancellations already approved for his

(e) Authorization. The sponsor will be informed through the postmaster of the approval or denial of the application. If the application is approved, the Department will arrange for the manufacture of the die hub, and instruct the postmaster as to its use.

#### § 36.3 Disposition.

(a) After use. Sponsors may not obtain from postmasters die hubs that have been used. Hubs not retained by the postmaster for future use shall be sent by him to the Procurement Parts Unit, Mail Equipment Shops, 2135 Fifth Street NE., Washington 25, D.C., as soon as the period of use is completed.

(b) Unserviceable die hubs. (1) Replacement parts for a die hub retained for use during an event which recurs each year may be requisitioned from the Procurement Parts Unit, Mail Equipment Shops, if the die hub can be repaired by the postmaster. Die hubs that cannot be repaired by the postmaster should be sent to the Procurement Parts Unit, Mail Equipment Shops, 2135 Fifth Street NE., Washington 25, D.C., together with a memorandum requesting their disposal. No facilities are available at the Shops for the repair of these die hubs.

(2) When the special cancellation die hub must be replaced, the postmaster will immediately notify the local sponsor so that the sponsor may, if he desires, make application for a replacement through the local postmaster.

#### § 36.4 Revocation.

Authorization to use any special cancellation die hub may be curtailed or revoked when necessary to use special postmarking dies for Government purposes.

#### § 36.5 Mail submitted for special cancellations.

(a) Postage. Mailers requesting that their mail be canceled with a special cancellation must affix first-class postage to the mail. Stamps issued by foreign countries must not be placed on the mail.

(b) Holding the mail. Postmasters will not hold mail to comply with requests of patrons that the mail be postmarked with the special cancellation on a particular date.

Note: The corresponding Postal Manual Part is 146.

III. In § 61.3 How to cash a money order, subparagraph (3) of paragraph (a) as amended by Federal Register Document 60-1647, 25 F.R. 1616-1617, is further amended by deleting the provision for cashing money orders issued at military post offices at foreign branches of United States banks. As so amended, subparagraph (3) of paragraph (a) reads as follows:

#### § 61.3 How to cash a money order.

(a) Where to cash. \* \* \*

(3) Money orders issued at military post offices are payable only at military post offices and United States military banking facilities, or at post offices or banks located in the United States, its possessions or Territories, and countries with which the United States transacts domestic-international money order business. If the remitter or payee of a money order issued at a military post office transfers ownership by endorsement to another, the endorsee must cash the money order at either a military post office, a United States military banking facility, or a post office located in the United States, its possessions or Territories.

Note: The corresponding Postal Manual section is 171.313.

(R.S. 161, as amended, 396, as amended, 4027, sec. 12, 65 Stat. 676, as amended; 5 U.S.C. 22, 369, 39 U.S.C. 246f, 711)

IV. In § 63.7 Privacy of accounts, a new paragraph (d) is added to extend authority to furnish information about the balance in a postal savings account to an Internal Revenue agent. As so added, paragraph (d) reads as follows:

#### § 63.7 Privacy of accounts.

(d) On request of an Internal Revenue agent investigating a tax deficiency, if the agent has reason to believe the person may have a postal savings account.

Note: The corresponding Postal Manual section is 173.7d.

(R.S. 161, as amended, 396, as amended, sec. 1, 36 Stat. 814, as amended; 5 U.S.C. 22, 369, 39 U.S.C. 751)

#### § 63.8 [Deletion]

V. Section 63.8 Nuisance accounts is deleted.

#### § 63.9 [Amendment]

VI. Section 63.9 Claims is redesignated as § 63.8 Claims. The 20 cents fee charged a depositor for cashing a certificate within 1 month from the date of issue eliminates the necessity for classifying an account with frequent turnover of deposits as a nuisance account.

Note: The corresponding Postal Manual sections are 173.8 and 173.9.

(R.S. 161, as amended, 396, as amended, sec. 1, 36 Stat. 814, as amended; 5 U.S.C. 22, 369, 39 U.S.C. 751)

[SEAL] HERBERT B. WARBURTON, General Counsel.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5068; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

# Title 36—PARKS, FORESTS, AND MEMORIALS

Chapter I-National Park Service, Department of the Interior

PART 7-SPECIAL REGULATIONS **RELATING TO PARKS AND MONU-**MENTS

#### Yosemite National Park, California; Fishing and Speed

Pursuant to the authority contained in section 3 of the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535; 16 U.S.C. 3), National lic telegraph office, a telephone exchange

Park Service Order No. 14, 19 F.R. 8824: Regional Director, Region Four, Order No. 3, 21 F.R. 1495, § 7.16 of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows: Subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a), is revoked since these waters are no longer needed as a source of fish spawn and paragraph (d) Speed is deleted, as this is adequately covered in the National Park Service General Rules and Regulations under § 1.42 Limitations on speed. As these amendments are a relaxation of the restrictions of the special regulations, notice and public procedure thereon have been deemed unnecessary and the amendments shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

> JOHN C. PRESTON. Superintendent Yosemite National Park.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5114; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.1

#### Title 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

#### PART 63—EXTENSION OF LINES AND DISCONTINUANCE OF SERVICE BY CARRIERS

#### Miscellaneous Amendments

The Commission having under consideration the desirability of making certain editorial changes in Part 63 of its rules and regulations; and

It appearing that the amendments adopted herein are editorial in nature and, therefore, prior publication of Notice of Proposed Rule Making under the provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary, and the amendments may become effective immediately; and

It further appearing that the amendments adopted herein are issued pursuant to authority contained in sections 4(i), (5)(d)(1) and 303(r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and section 0.341(a) of the Commission's Statement of Organization, Delegations of Authority and Other Information;

It is ordered, This 27th day of May 1960 that, effective June 3, 1960, Part 63 is amended as set forth below.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U.S.C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U.S.C. 303)

Released: May 31, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.

[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE Acting Secretary.

1. Section 63.60(a)(1) and (h) are amended to read:

#### § 63.60 Definitions.

(a) \* \* \*

(1) The closure by a carrier of a pub-

rendering interstate or foreign telephone toll service, a public toll station serving a community or part of a community, or a public coast station as defined in § 7.3 of this chapter; the term "closure" of a public telegraph office includes the substitution of an agency or jointly-operated office for a telegraph office operated directly by the carrier but does not include the substitution of one telegraph agency office for another telegraph agency office, except where an increase in charges to the public results;

- (h) "Public toll station" means a public telephone station, located in a community, through which a carrier provides service to the public, and which is connected directly to a toll line operated by such carrier;
- 2. Section 63.62(d) is amended by adding a proviso (derived from § 63.60 (h)), as follows:

§ 63.62 Type of discontinuance, reduction, or impairment of telephone or telegraph service requiring formal application.

(d) The closure of a public toll station where no other such toll station of the applicant in the community will continue service (for contents of application, see § 63.504): Provided, however, That no application shall be required under this part with respect to the closure of a toll station located in a community where telephone toll service is otherwise available to the public through a telephone exchange connected with the toll lines of a carrier;

#### § 63.63 [Amendment]

3. Section 63.63(b) is amended by adding a comma after "expiration of such 60-day period".

#### § 63.64 [Amendment]

4. Section 63.64(b) is amended by adding a comma after "effective as of the 60th day following the date of filing of such request unless".

#### § 63.67 [Amendment]

5. Section 63.67(a) (6) is amended by changing the word "substituted" to "substitute" in two places in the form of notice.

#### § 63.68 [Amendment]

6. Section 63.68(a) (6) is amended by changing the word "substituted" to "substitute" in the parenthetical expression in the form of notice,

#### § 63.502 [Amendment]

7. Section 63.502(n) is amended by substituting a colon for the semicolon after "If application is for reduction of hours".

[F.R. Doc. 60-5140; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:48 a.m.]

# Proposed Rule Making

#### POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

[ 39 CFR Part 43 ]
MAILING CHUTES AND RECEIVING
BOXES

# Procedure for Approving Manufacturers

It is proposed to amend the regulations in § 43.6(h) of Title 39, Code of Federal Regulations, by adding regulations which outline the general procedure to be followed by a firm desiring to have its name placed on the list of approved manufacturers of mailing chutes and receiving boxes.

Although the regulations relate to a proprietary function of the Government. it is the desire of the Postmaster General voluntarily to observe the rule making requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003) in order that patrons of the Postal Service may have an opportunity to present written views concerning the proposed regulations. Accordingly, such written views may be submitted to Mr. L. B. Schoonover, Director, Postal Installations Division, Room 4334, Post Office Department. Washington 25, D.C., at any time prior to the thirtieth day following the date of publication of this notice in the FED-ERAL REGISTER.

The proposed amendments are as follows:

In § 43.6 Mail chutes and receiving boxes, paragraph (h) is amended by redesignating subparagraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (2) and (3), and by inserting a new subparagraph (1). As so amended, paragraph (h) reads as follows:

#### § 43.6 Mail chutes and receiving boxes.

. (h) Mailing chute and receiving box manufacturers. (1) A firm interested in the manufacture of mailing chutes or mailing chute receiving boxes must first submit to the Regional Operations Director, through the postmaster, specifications, drawings, and a full size working model of the chute and receiving box. The chute section should be at least five feet in length and must contain a mail slot. This section is to be attached to the receiving box. If the specifications, drawings, and model are found satisfactory, the Regional Operations Director will request the firm to submit a \$10,000 bond as specified in paragraph (f) (3) of this section. After the bond is examined and approved, he will authorize installation of not more than three mailing chutes and receiving boxes for a 90-day actual service condition test. If no unsatisfactory condition is disclosed during the test period, the Regional Operations Director will give the concern final approval for the manufacture of this equipment. The company's name and address will then be added to the list of authorized manu-

facturers of mailing chutes and receiving boxes.

(2) Manufacturers of approved receiving boxes and mailing chutes are: Capitol Mail Chute Corp., 55 Cozine Avenue, Brooklyn 7, N.Y.; Cutler Mail Chute Co., 76 Anderson Avenue, Rochester 7, N.Y.; Federal Mail Chute Corp., Ltd., 436 Kearny Street, San Francisco 8, Calif.

(3) Louis Sack Co., Inc., 24 Lake Street, Somerville 43, Mass., is authorized to manufacture only receiving boxes for mailing chutes.

Note: The corresponding Postal Manual section is 153.68.

(R.S. 161, as amended, 396, as amended, sec. 1, 24 Stat. 569, as amended; 5 U.S.C. 22,369,39 U.S.C. 156)

[SEAL] HERBERT B. WARBURTON, General Counsel.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5128; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:47 a.m.]

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs
[ 25 CFR Part 221 ]
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
CHARGES

#### San Carlos Indian Irrigation Project, Arizona; Closing Time for Comments

In F.R. Doc. 60-4811, appearing on page 4751 of the issue of May 28, 1960, notice was given of the intent to amend 25 CFR Part 221. Further notice is given that written comments, suggestions, or objections with respect to the proposed amendment may be submitted within thirty days of the date of the publication of that notice in the Federal Register to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington 25, D.C.

LEON V. LANGAN, Acting Commissioner.

JUNE 1, 1960.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5113; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDU-CATION, AND WELFARE

Food and Drug Administration
[ 21 CFR Part 121 ]
FOOD ADDITIVES

Notice of Filing of Petition

Pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409(b)(5), 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348 (b)(5)), notice is given that a petition has been filed by Dow Chemical Company, Abbott Road Building, Midland, Michigan, proposing the issuance of a

regulation to establish a tolerance of 6,000 parts per million (0.6 percent) of ronnel (O,o-dimethyl o-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothicate) in feed for beef cattle.

Dated: May 31: 1960.

[SEAL] J. K. KIRK,
Assistant to the Commissioner of
Food and Drugs.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5126; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:47 a.m.]

# DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

**Bureau of Customs** 

[ 19 CFR Part 14 ]

# APPRAISEMENT OF COAL-TAR PRODUCTS

#### Notice of Intention To Establish New Standards of Strength of Dyes

Notice is hereby given that under the authority conferred in paragraph 28(h), Tariff Act of 1930 (U.S.C., Title 19, section 1001, par. 28(h)), it is proposed to establish new standards of strength of dyes and to remove certain standards of strength previously adopted, as set forth below.

The new standards of strength would replace the standards previously adopted, which are not now of the lowest commercial strength. The specific duties provided for in paragraph 28 on the importations of the dyes affected thereafter would be based on the new standards of lower strength.

Upon any importations which exceed the new standards of strength, the dutiable weight is to be computed on the weight which the article would have if it were diluted to correspond with the new standard strength established as provided in paragraph 28(e).

It is further proposed that the number of the Treasury decision to be published to adopt the proposed new standards of strength shall be added to footnote 13 to § 14.5(m) of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR 14.5(m)).

This notice is published pursuant to section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003). Data, views, or arguments with respect to this proposal may be addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Bureau of Customs, Washington 25, D.C. To insure consideration, such communications must be received in the Bureau of Customs not later than 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register. No hearing will be held.

[SEAL] C. A. EMERICK,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: May 31, 1960.

A. GILMORE FLUES,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

#### STANDARDS ESTABLISHED

Standard No.	Class index	Name of standard	Manu- facturer	Partial list of trade names of imported products com- mercially identical with each standard	Manu- facturer
1 CE	S-VII 1077 O 978.	Calcogene Black RBCF Solution.	(CCC)	Neosol Printing Black BD Sulphur Printing Black WR Powder.	(0)
2 CE	S-VII 1301 C-1177.	Indigo VS Paste	(ICI)	Sulphur Black T Ex. Indigo, Pure BASF Pastes and Powder. Indigo Synthetic Powder Indigo Powder O	(A) (B) (Fran) (ICI)

Key to additional abbreviations of names of manufacturers:
(CCC) American Cyanamid Co., Dyestuff Dept., Bound Brook, N.J., U.S.A.
(Ciba) Ciba Limited, Basle, Switzerland.
(ICI) Imperial Chemical Industries, I.td., Dyestuffs Div., Manchester, England.
(Fran) Compagnie Francaise de Matieres Colorantes, Paris, France.

#### STANDARDS REMOVED

Standard No.	Class index	Name of standard	Manu- facturer	Partial list of trade names of imported products com- mercially identical with each standard	Manu- facturer
1005 757	S-720	Sulphur Black T ExIndigo, Pure BASF, 20% Paste.	(A) (B)	Sulphur Black FAG Ext. No. 4375. Indigo, Pure Pastes and Powder. Indigo MLB Pastes and Powder.	(A) (Var.) (M)

Note: Standard 1 CE replaces standard 1005. Standard 2 CE replaces standard 757.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5130; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:47 a.m.]

#### Internal Revenue Service [ 26 CFR (1939) Part 171 ] [ 26 CFR (1954) Part 170 ] MISCELLANEOUS REGULATIONS RELATING TO LIQUOR Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, approved June 11, 1946, that the regulations set forth in tentative form below are proposed to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate. Prior to the final adoption of such regulations, consideration will be given to any comments or suggestions pertaining thereto which are submitted in writing, in duplicate, to the Director, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax Division, Internal Revenue Service, Washington 25, D.C., within the period of 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Any person submitting written comments or suggestions who desires an opportunity to comment orally at a public hearing on these proposed regulations should submit his request, in writing, to the Director within the 30-day period. such a case, a public hearing will be held, and notice of the time, place, and date will be published in a subsequent issue of the FEDERAL REGISTER. The proposed regulations are to be issued under the authority contained in section 7805 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954

CHARLES I. FOX, [SEAL] Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

(68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805).

The purposes of this Treasury decision are to delete certain obsolete material now contained in 26 CFR (1939) Part

171, to revise and include in 26 CFR Part 170 certain regulatory provisions now contained in 26 CFR (1939) Part 171 and in Subparts C, D, and E of 26 CFR Part 235, and to implement the changes in section 5025(i), I.R.C., as amended by Public Law 85-859.

Pursuant to the above:

(A) 26 CFR (1939) Part 171 is amended by deleting § 171.1(a).

(B) 26 CFR Part 170 is amended by adding, immediately following § 170.585. a new Subpart U, as follows:

#### Subpart U-Manufacture and Sale of Certain Compounds, Preparations, and Products Containing Alcohol

170.611

Scope of subpart. 170.612 Meanings of terms.

COMMODITY TAX STATUS OF PRODUCTS

170.613 Products exempt from commodity taxes.

170.614 Other exempt U.S.P. and N.F. preparations.

170.615 Change of formula; when required. 170.616 Products classed as rectified products.

(OCCUPATIONAL) TAX STATUS OF Apothecaries and Manufacturers

170.617 Apothecaries and manufacturers ex-

170.618 Sale of products for beverage use; special tax.

#### EFFECT ON OTHER DOCUMENTS

170.619 Regulations superseded.

AUTHORITY: \$\$170.611 to 170.619 issued under 68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805. Other statutory provisions interpreted or applied are cited to text in parenthesis.

#### § 170.611 Scope of subpart.

This subpart contains provisions relating to the special tax status of persons who compound, mix, manufacture, or sell compounds, mixtures, preparations,

or products containing taxpaid distilled spirits or wines, and the commodity tax status of such compounds, mixtures, preparations, and products.

#### § 170.612 Meanings of terms.

When used in this subpart, where not otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof, terms shall have the meaning ascribed in this section. Words in the plural form shall include the singular, and vice versa, and words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine. The terms "includes" and "including" do not exclude things not feminine. enumerated which are in the same general class.

Assistant regional commissioner. An assistant regional commissioner (alcohol and tobacco tax) who is responsible to, and functions under the direction and supervision of, a regional commissioner of internal revenue.

Commodity tax. The tax or taxes imposed by sections 5021 and 5022, I.R.C., on products of rectification.

Director. The Director, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax Division, Internal Revenue Service, Treasury Department, Washington, D.C.

Distilled spirits, or spirits. That substance known as ethyl alcohol, ethanol, or spirits of wine, including all dilutions and mixtures thereof.

I.R.C. The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.

Liquors. Distilled spirits and/or wines. Person. An individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation.

Special tax. The special (occupational) tax imposed by sections 5081, 5111, and 5121, I.R.C., on rectifiers and dealers in liquors.

Taxpaid distilled spirits, or wines. Distilled spirits or wines, as the case may be, on which the distilled spirits tax imposed by section 5001, I.R.C., or the wine taxes imposed by section 5041, I.R.C., have been paid or determined.

This chapter. Chapter I of Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations. U.S.C. The United States Code.

COMMODITY TAX STATUS OF PRODUCTS

#### § 170.613 Products exempt from commodity taxes.

(a) Products meeting requirements. Except as provided in § 170.616(b), apothecaries, pharmacists, and manufacturers are not required to pay commodity taxes on medicines, medicinal preparations, food products, flavors, and flavoring extracts manufactured or compounded by them, if the tax has been paid or determined on all of the distilled spirits and/or wines contained therein, as follows:

(1) Medicines and medicinal preparations. Medicines and medicinal preparations (including such preparations manufactured in accordance with formulas prescribed by the United States Pharmacopoeia, the National Formulary, or the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States) that are unfit for use for beverage purposes.

- (2) Patent medicines. Patented, patent, and proprietary medicines that are unfit for use for beverage purposes.
- (3) Toilet preparations. Toilet, medicinal, and antiseptic preparations and solutions that are unfit for use for beverage purposes.
- (4) Flavoring extracts. Flavoring extracts, sirups, and concentrates that are unfit for use for beverage purposes.
- (5) Laboratory reagents. Laboratory reagents, stains, and dyes that are unfit for use for beverage purposes.
- (6) Salted wines. Salted wines which contain not in excess of 21 percent alcohol by volume and not less than 1.5 grams of salt per 100 cubic centimeters.
- (7) Sauces. Sauces, or sirups consisting of sugar solutions and liquors, in which the alcohol content is not more than 12 percent by volume and the sugar content is not less than 60 grams per 100 cubic centimeters.
- (8) Brandied fruits. Brandied fruits consisting of solidly packaged fruits, either whole or segmented, and liquors not exceeding the quantity and alcohol content necessary for flavoring and preserving.
- (9) Food products. Food products such as mincemeat, plum pudding, and fruit cake, where only sufficient liquor is used for flavoring and preserving; and ice cream and ices where only sufficient liquor is used for flavoring purposes.
- (b) Formulas and samples; when required. On request of the Director, or when in doubt as to the classification of his product, the manufacturer shall submit to the Director the formula for and a sample of his product for examination to verify the manufacturer's claim of exemption from tax.

(72 Stat. 1328; 26 U.S.C. 5025)

# § 170.614 Other exempt U.S.P. and N.F. preparations.

The following United States Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary preparations which are used by physicians and pharmacists principally as vehicles may be made with distilled spirits without incurring liability for rectification and special taxes for their manufacture and sale:

Elixir aromaticum.
Elixir aromaticum rubrum.
Elixir aurantii amari.
Elixir cardamom compositum.
Elixir glycyrrhizae.
Elixir taraxaci compositum.
Elixir terpini hydratis.
Spiritus aetheris.
Spiritus myrciae compositus.
Tinctura aurantii dulcis.
Tinctura ilmonis.

# § 170.615 Change of formula; when required.

If the assistant regional commissioner finds at any time that any product manufactured under this subpart as an unfit product exempt from tax is being used for beverage purposes, or for mixing with beverage liquors other than by a rectifier, he shall notify the manufacturer to desist the manufacturing of such product until the formula is so changed as to render the product not susceptible of beverage use and such change is approved by the Director:

Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not be so construed as to prohibit the use of such unfit products in small quantities for flavoring drinks at the time of serving for immediate consumption. Where, pursuant to notice, the manufacturer does not desist, or the formula is not so modified as to render the product unsusceptible of beverage use, the manufacturer shall immediately qualify as a rectifier and pay the rectification tax on such product.

# § 170.616 Products classed as rectified liquors.

- (a) Rectified liquors. United States Pharmacopoeia tincture of ginger is held to be rectified liquor. Bitters, patent medicines, and similar alcoholic preparations which are fit for beverage purposes, although held out as having certain medicinal properties, are also classed as rectified liquors. The commodity tax imposed by section 5021 or 5022, I.R.C., as the case may be, is required to be paid on alcoholic preparations classed as rectified liquors (including cordials or liqueurs). Such preparations are required to be manufactured in the rectifying facilities of a distilled spirits plant, taxpaid, bottled or packaged, stamped, recorded, and disposed of in accordance with the procedure prescribed in Part 201 of this chapter for other rectified spirits or products. Sellers of such preparations will be subject to the provisions of Part 194 of this chapter with respect to special taxes.
- (b) Products sold for beverage use. Any product described in §§ 170.613 to 170.614, or any other product declared by the Director to be unfit for use for beverage purposes, or any taxpaid distilled spirits recovered from any such product, which is sold for beverage purposes, or is sold under circumstances from which it might reasonably appear that it is the intention of the purchaser to procure the same for sale or use for beverage purposes, is subject to commodity tax.

(72 Stat. 1328; 26 U.S.C. 5021, 5022)

SPECIAL TAX STATUS OF APOTHECARIES AND
MANUFACTURERS

#### § 170.617 Apothecaries and manufacturers exempt.

- (a) Compounders or manufacturers. An apothecary, a pharmacist, or a manufacturer is not required to qualify as a rectifier, or pay special (occupational) tax as a rectifier or, except as provided in § 170.618, to qualify as a dealer in liquors in order to prepare, manufacture, or sell products described in §§ 170.613 to 170.614, or products declared by the Director to be unfit for use for beverage purposes.
- (b) Manufacturers recovering taxpaid alcohol. A manufacturer who recovers taxpaid distilled spirits from dregs or marc or percolation or extraction, or from medicines, medicinal preparations, food products, flavors, or flavoring extracts, which do not meet the manufacturer's standards, is not required to qualify or pay special tax as a rectifier, if such manufacturer uses the recovered distilled spirits exclusively in the manufacture of medicine, medicinal prepara-

tions, food products, flavors, or flavoring extracts, which are unfit for use for beverage purposes.

(c) Records. Each manufacturer intending to recover taxpaid distilled spirits under the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section shall notify the assistant regional commissioner of his intention to do so and advise where such operations will be conducted. Such manufacturer shall keep a record of the distilled spirits recovered and the subsequent use to which they are put. The records shall show, (1) the date of recovery, (2) the commodity from which the spirits were recovered, (3) the amount of distilled spirits recovered, (4) the amount of recovered distilled spirits reused, (5) the commodity in which the recovered distilled spirits were reused, and (6) the date of such reuse. Such records shall be retained at the premises where the recovery operations are conducted for not less than two years, and shall be available during regular business hours for examination by internal revenue officers.

(72 Stat. 1328; 26 U.S.C. 5025)

# § 170.618 Sale of products for beverage use; special tax.

Any person (including the manufacturer) who sells for beverage purposes any of the products described in §§ 170.613 to 170.614, or any other product declared by the Director to be unfit for use for beverage purposes, or any distilled spirits recovered as provided in § 170.617(b), or who sells any such substance under circumstances from which it might reasonably appear that it is the intention of the purchaser to procure the same for sale or use for beverage purposes, is required to pay special tax as a wholesale dealer in liquors or a retail dealer in liquors, as the case may be, and, in the case of a manufacturer, may also be required to pay special tax as a rectifier (plus any penalties and interest due).

(72 Stat. 1338, 1340, 1343; 26 U.S.C. 5081, 5111, 5113, 5121)

# EFFECT ON OTHER DOCUMENTS § 170.619 Regulations superseded.

The provisions of this subpart supersede the regulations contained in 26 CFR (1939) 171.6 and 171.7, and 26 CFR 235.40 through 235.42, 235.50 through 235.61, 235.75, and 235.76. The regulations in this subpart shall not affect any act done or any liability or right accruing or accrued, or any suit or proceeding had or commenced before the effective date of the regulations in this subpart.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5131; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:47 a.m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Stabilization Service
[ 7 CFR Parts 723, 725, 727 ]
TOBACCO

# Farm Acreage Allotments, Normal Yields, and History

Notice of formulation of regulations relating to establishment of farm acre-

age allotments and normal yields for Cigar-binder (types 51, and 52) Tobacco; Cigar-filler and Binder (types 42, 43, 44, 53, 54, and 55) Tobacco; Burley, Flue-cured, Fire-cured (type 21), Fire-cured (types 22, 23, and 24) Tobacco, Dark Air-cured, and Virginia Sun-cured Tobacco; and Maryland Tobacco, for the 1961–62 marketing year, and including certain basic provisions relating to determination of tobacco acreage history and preliminary tobacco acreage allotments for farms for succeeding years.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the authority contained in the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1301, 1312, 1313, 1375), regulations are being prepared governing the establishment of farm acreage allotments and normal yields for the 1961 crop of (1) cigar-binder (types 51 and 52) tobacco, and cigar-filler and binder (types 42, 43, 44, 53, 54, and 55) tobacco, (2) burley, flue-cured, fire-cured (type 21), fire-cured (types 22, 23, and 24), dark air-cured, and Virginia sun-cured tobacco, and (3) Maryland tobacco. Included in such regulations are certain basic provisions relating to determination of tobacco acreage history and preliminary acreage allotments for farms for succeeding years.

The Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, includes only type 41 tobacco in the definition of cigar-filler tobacco. Producers of cigar-filler (type 41) tobacco disapproved marketing quotas for such kind of tobacco for the three marketing years beginning October 1, 1959 (24 F.R. 2271), and previously thereto had disapproved marketing quotas for three successive years subsequent to 1952 (18 F.R. 8474, 19 F.R. 9365, 21 F.R. 667). Hence, pursuant to the provisions of section 312 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, no acreage allotments and marketing quotas were determined for such kind of tobacco for the 1960 crop of such kind of tobacco, and will not be determined for such kind of tobacco for the 1961 crop, unless the required number of producers petition the Secretary to proclaim a quota for such kind of tobacco in accordance with said section.

Maryland tobacco growers approved quotas for the 1960, 1961 and 1962 crops in a referendum held on February 2, 1960 (25 F.R. 1479). Cigar-binder (types 51 and 52) tobacco growers and cigarfiller and binder tobacco growers approved quotas in referenda held on February 11, 1960 for the 1960, 1961 and 1962 crops (25 F.R. 2125). Burley tobacco growers and Virginia sun-cured tobacco growers approved quotas for the 1959, 1960 and 1961 crops in referenda held on February 24, 1959 (24 F.R. 2271). Flue-cured tobacco growers approved quotas for the 1959, 1960 and 1961 crops in a referendum held on December 15. 1958 (24 F.R. 356).

Pursuant to the provisions of section 312 of the Act, as amended, the Secretary of Agriculture has proclaimed marketing quotas for the 1961-62 marketing year for burley, flue-cured, Virginia suncured, Maryland, cigar-binder, and cigar-filler and binder tobacco, respec-

tively. In accordance with section 312 of the Act, the amounts of such marketing quotas will be determined and announced, and under section 313 of the Act will be apportioned among the States, converted into State acreage allotments, and allotted to farms.

Fire-cured tobacco growers and dark air-cured tobacco growers approved quotas for the 1958, 1959 and 1960 crops in referenda held on February 18, 1958 (23 F.R. 2070). The regulations to be issued will be applicable to determination of 1961 farm acreage allotments. which allotments will remain in effect whether or not quotas are approved by growers for the 1961 crop in separate referenda to be held in late 1960 or early 1961, but marketing quotas will not be applicable to the 1961 crop if quotas are disapproved for such crop by growers voting in such referenda. Consideration will be given to suggestions for a date or dates on which the referenda will be

Pursuant to the provisions of section 312 of the Act, as amended, the Secretary of Agriculture is required to proclaim marketing quotas for the 1961-62, 1962-63, and 1963-64 marketing years for fire-cured (type 21) tobacco, firecured (types 22, 23, and 24) tobacco, and for dark air-cured tobacco. In accordance with section 312 of the Act, the amounts of such marketing quotas will be determined and announced, and under the provisions of section 313 of the Act (7 U.S.C. 1313), such quotas will be apportioned among the States, converted into State acreage allotments and allotted to farms.

It is contemplated that the regulations for (1) cigar-binder (types 51 and 52) tobacco, and cigar-filler and binder (types 42, 43, 44, 53, 54, and 55) tobacco, respectively, (2) burley, flue-cured, firecured, dark air-cured and Virginia suncured tobacco respectively, and (3) Maryland tobacco, will provide for establishment of farm acreage allotments and normal yields and the issuance of notices of allotments and marketing quotas by county committees substantially the same as provided with respect to the 1960 crops (24 F.R. 6889, 7243), (24 F.R. 6895, 7243), and (23 F.R. 6889). However, the following modifications are contemplated:

1. Sections 725.1116, 723.1116 and 727.1116 would be abbreviated to read:

Determination of 1961 preliminary acreage allotments for old farms. (a) The 1961 preliminary acreage allotment for an old tobacco farm shall be the 1960 farm acreage allotment established for such farm, prior to any reduction for violation of the tobacco marketing quota regulations.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, no 1961 preliminary allotment or 1961 farm allotment shall be determined for any land which is devoted to commercial or residential development or other non-agricultural purposes, which was not acquired by an agency having the right of eminent domain and which could not have been acquired under right of eminent domain by the person or agency that did acquire it, and which the county

committee and a representative of the State committee determine is retired from agricultural production: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall not preclude the determination of a preliminary allotment or allotment for an old farm returned to agricultural production, or for a farm for which an acreage allotment may be determined under the provisions of § 725.1220 (723.1220 or 727.1220).

Sections 725.1220, 723.1220 and 727.1220 relate to §§ 725.1120, 723.1120 and 727.1120 in the regulations for the 1960–61 marketing year.

2. The following sentence would be added at the end of §§ 725.1118, 723.1118 and 727.1118: "The allotment for a farm under a conservation contract shall

farm under a conservation contract shall be given the same consideration as the allotments for other farms under this section."

3. The following paragraph (d) would be added following paragraph (c) of §§ 725.1123, 723.1123 and 727.1123:

- (d) Any new farm allotment approved under §§ 725.1211 to 725.1228, 723.1211 to 723.1229 or 727.1211 to 727.1228 which was determined by the county committee on the basis of incorrect information knowingly furnished the county committee by the applicant for the new farm allotment shall be canceled as of the date established.
- 4. The definition of "new farm" would be revised to read: "New farm means a farm on which there is no tobacco acreage history since 1955. If in accordance with applicable law and regulations, no 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959 or 1960 tobacco acreage allotment was determined for the farm, any production of tobacco in 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, or 1960, respectively, shall not be considered in determining whether the farm is a new farm. The term 'tobacco acreage history' as used in this paragraph shall be as defined and explained in § 725.1228 (723.1229 or 727.1228)."
- (723.1229 or 727.1228)."

  5. The definition of "old farm" would be revised to read: "Old farm means a farm on which there is tobacco acreage history in one or more of the five years 1956 through 1960. If in accordance with applicable law and regulations, no 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959 or 1960 tobacco acreage allotment was determined for the farm, any production of tobacco in 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959 or 1960, respectively, shall not be considered in determining whether the farm is an old farm. The term 'tobacco acreage history' as used in this paragraph shall be as defined and explained in § 725.1228 (723.1229 or 727.1228)."
- 6. Sections 725.1228, 723.1229 and 727.1228 would be included and would read as follows:

Determination of preliminary allotments for 1962 and subsequent years, and tobacco acreage history for 1960 and subsequent years. (a) The preliminary acreage allotment for an old farm for 1962 and subsequent years shall be the farm acreage allotment for the immediately preceding year prior to any reduction for violation of the tobacco marketing quota regulations; except that if the tobacco acreage history in at least one of the immediately preceding two years

is not as much as 75 percent of the farm allotment (after any reduction for violation) for such year, the preliminary allotment shall be the larger of (1) the largest tobacco acreage history in the past two years or (2) the average tobacco acreage history for the past five years.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, no 1962 preliminary allotment or 1962 farm allotment shall be determined for any land which is devoted to commercial or residential development or other non-agricultural purposes, which was not acquired by an agency having the right of eminent domain and which could not have been acquired under right of eminent domain by the person or agency that did acquire it, and which the county committee and a representative of the State committee determine is retired from agricultural production: Provided, That this paragraph shall not preclude the determination of a preliminary allotment or allotment for an old farm returned to agricultural production, or for a farm for which an acreage allotment may be determined under the provisions of § 725.1220, 723.1220 or 727.1220.
- (c) For each of the years 1957, 1958 and 1959, the tobacco acreage history shall be the same as the farm allotment for each such respective year, prior to any reduction for violation. For 1960, and for each subsequent year, the tobacco acreage history shall be the same as the farm allotment (prior to any reduction for violation) for such year, if
- (1) The farm consists of federally owned land, or
- (2) The final acreage of tobacco determined for the farm is as much as 75 percent of the farm tobacco acreage allotment (after any reduction for violation) for such year, or
- (3) The final tobacco acreage determined for the farm plus the acreage regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act is as much as 75 percent of the farm tobacco acreage allotment (after any reduction for violation) for such year, or
- (4) The final tobacco acreage determined for the farm plus the acreage regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act for at least one of the two immediately preceding years was as much as 75 percent of the farm tobacco acreage allotment (after any reduction for violation) for such respective year.
- (d) If for 1960 or for any subsequent year, the county committee determines that the final tobacco acreage determined for the farm plus the acreage regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act is not as much as 75 percent of the farm tobacco acreage allotment (after any reduction for violation) for such year because of abnormal weather or disease, the tobacco acreage history for such particular year shall be adjusted to become the smaller of (1) the allotment (prior to any reduction for violation) or (2) the final tobacco acreage determined for the farm, plus the additional acreage which the county committee determines would have been included in the final tobacco acreage except for abnormal weather or disease, plus the acreage regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act, and

plus the amount of any reduction for violation. However, in such a case, the farm allotment for such year shall still be considered less than 75 percent planted or regarded as planted in connection with determining the tobacco acreage history for one or both of the next two succeeding years.

- (e) If the tobacco acreage history for 1960 or any subsequent year cannot be considered to be the same as the farm allotment under the provisions of paragraph (c) or (d), it shall be the final tobacco acreage determined for the farm, plus the acreage regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act, plus the acreage by which the farm allotment was reduced for violation, and plus the additional acreage which the county committee determines would have been included in the final tobacco acreage except for abnormal weather or disease, not to exceed the tobacco acreage allotment prior to any reduction for violation.
- (f) In applying the provisions of paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section, the tobacco acreage history for any year shall not be larger than the allotment prior to any reduction for violation. For any year for which the allotment was reduced for violation (but not reduced to zero), the reduced allotment shall be used in determining whether the allotment was 75 percent planted or regarded as planted. For any year for which an allotment of zero was established (or no allotment was established). any acreage planted to tobacco on the farm in such year shall not be taken into account in determining whether at least 75 percent of the allotment for 1960 or any subsequent year was or is planted or is to be regarded as planted. In the event of planting pursuant to an erroneous notice of allotment for any year, the smaller of (1) the allotment shown on the erroneous notice or (2) the correct allotment that should have been shown on the notice will be used in determining whether the allotment was 75 percent planted or regarded as planted: except that, if the correct notice is zero. any acreage planted to tobacco on the farm in such year shall not be taken into account in determining whether at least 75 percent of the allotment for 1960 or any subsequent year was or is planted or is to be regarded as planted.
- (g) The 1956 tobacco acreage history shall not exceed the 1956 allotment, and shall include the tobacco acreage harvested on the farm in 1956, the tobacco acreage devoted in 1956 to the acreage reserve program, the tobacco acreage devoted in 1956 to the conservation reserve program, and, excepting flue-cured tobacco, the 1956 tobacco acreage preserved pursuant to a request of the owner or operator of the farm, as provided in \$725.816(c) of the tobacco marketing quota regulations for the 1957-58 marketing year (21 F.R. 6803, 9398).
- (h) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, a farm shall be construed to have no tobacco acreage history during the base period, and shall therefore not be considered an old farm, if the only tobacco acreage history computed for the farm during the base

period consists of acreage history restored pursuant to reductions of the allotment for violation(s) of the tobacco marketing quota regulations.

- (i) As used in this section, the following terms shall have the meanings described as follows:
- (1) "Federally owned land" means land owned by the Federal Government or any department, bureau or agency thereof, or by any corporation all the stock of which is owned by the Federal Government.
- (2) "Final tobacco acreage" means the acreage determined under the provisions of Part 718, Determination of Acreage and Performance, and any amendments thereto, to be the final acreage of tobacco on the farm. Any acreage that may have been planted in any year on a farm for which a zero allotment was established or for which no allotment was established shall not be taken into account in determining whether at least 75 percent of the farm allotment for 1960 or any subsequent year was planted.
- (3) "Acreage regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act" means: For 1960 and any subsequent crop year. if the tobacco allotment is the only commodity acreage allotment for the farm, the acreage placed in the conservation reserve at the regular rate, not to exceed the amount by which the farm tobacco acreage allotment, after any reduction for violation, exceeds the final tobacco acreage shall be regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act. In the event the farm has two or more commodity allotments for which the final acreage is less than the respective allotment, and the acreage placed in the conservation reserve at the regular rate on the farm is less than the sum of the. amounts by which such respective allotments (after release and before reapportionment) exceed the respective final acreages of such crops on the farm, the acreage placed in the conservation reserve at the regular rate shall be prorated and credited to each such allotment commodity. To prorate this acreage, the sum of the amounts by which the respective allotments for those crops for which the final acreage is less than the respective allotment (after release and before reapportionment) exceed the respective final acreage for such allotment crops on the farm shall be obtained. This total shall then be divided into the amount by which each such allotment (after release and before reapportionment) exceeds the final acreage. The percentage thus obtained for each such commodity shall be applied to the acreage on the farm under a conservation contract at the regular rate. The result shall be the acreage considered planted to such commodity on the farm under a conservation reserve contract. Where it is necessary to determine the acreage regarded as planted to tobacco under the Soil Bank Act in 1959 or 1958, the provisions of this paragraph shall be followed in making such determination. For 1958, the acreage entered on the acreage reserve agreement shall be included in the acreage regarded as planted under the Soil Bank

Act, and shall be added to the final acreage in determining whether, and the extent to which, the commodity is entitled to share in the conservation reserve credit for the farm. As used in this paragraph (i) (3), the term "allotment" means the allotment after any reduction for violation in the case of tobacco and peanuts.

7. The definitions of "community cropland factor" and "acreage indicated by cropland" would be eliminated.

8. In §§ 725.1118, 723,1118 and 727.-1118, the word "county" would be substituted for the word "community".

9. §727.1118, the expression "four percent" would be substituted for the expression "three-fourths of one percent".

Prior to the final adoption and issuance of these regulations, consideration will be given to any data, views, and recommendations pertaining thereto which are submitted in writing to the Director, Tobacco Division, Commodity Stabilization Service, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D.C. All submissions must be postmarked not later than ten days after the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register in order to be considered.

Issued at Washington, D.C., this 1st day of June 1960.

ANDREW J. MAIR,
Acting Administrator,
Commodity Stabilization Service.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5137; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:48 a.m.]

## FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

[ 14 CFR Parts 600, 601 ]

[Airspace Docket No. 60-FW-35]

# FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROL AREAS AND REPORTING POINTS

#### Revocation

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (§ 409.13, 24 F.R. 3499), notice is hereby given that the Federal Aviation Agency is considering an amendment to Parts 600 and 601 of the regulations of the Administrator, the substance of which is stated below.

Red Federal airway No. 34 presently extends from the intersection of the southwest course of the Norfolk, Va., radio range and a line bearing 287° True from the Weeksville, N.C., (Navy) radio range to the Weeksville (Navy) radio range. The Federal Aviation Agency has under consideration the revocation of Red 34 in its entirety. A Federal Aviation Agency IFR peak-day airway traffic survey for the period from July 1, 1958 through June 30, 1959, shows no aircraft movement on this airway. On the basis of this survey it appears that the retention of this airway and its associated control areas is unjustified as an assignment of airspace and that the revocation thereof would be in the public interest.

If this action is taken, Red Federal airway No. 34 and its associated control

areas and reporting points would be revoked.

Interested persons may submit such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Chief, Air Traffic Management Field Division, Federal Aviation Agency, P.O. Box 1689, Fort Worth 1, Tex. All communications received within forty-five days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Agency officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Management Field Division Chief, or the Chief, Airspace Utilization Division, Federal Aviation Agency, Washington 25, D.C. Any data, views or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

The official Docket will be available for examination by interested persons at the Docket Section, Federal Aviation Agency, Room B-316, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington 25, D.C. An informal Docket will also be available for examination at the office of the Regional Air Traffic Management Field Division Chief.

This amendment is proposed under sections 307(a) and 313(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 749, 752; 49 U.S.C. 1348, 1354).

Issued in Washington, D.C., on June 1, 1960.

D. D. THOMAS, Director, Bureau of Air Traffic Management.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5106; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

#### [ 14 CFR Parts 600, 601 ]

[Airspace Docket No. 60-LA-39]

# FEDERAL AIRWAY, CONTROL AREAS AND REPORTING POINTS

#### Revocation

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (§ 409.13, 24 F.R. 3499), notice is hereby given that the Federal Aviation Agency is considering an amendment to Parts 600 and 601 of the regulations of the Administrator, the substance of which is stated below.

Blue Federal airway No. 22 and associated control areas presently extend from Delta, Utah, to Malad City, Idaho. The Federal Aviation Agency has under consideration the revocation of Blue 22. The Federal Aviation Agency IFR peakday airway traffic survey for the period July 1, 1958 through June 30, 1959 shows no aircraft movements on Blue 22. On the basis of the survey, it appears that the retention of Blue 22 and its associated control areas is unjustified as an assignment of airspace and the revoca-

tion thereof would be in the public interest.

If this action is taken, Blue Federal airway No. 22 and its associated control areas and reporting points would be revoked

Interested persons may submit such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Chief, Air Traffic Management Field Division, Federal Aviation Agency, 5651 West Manchester Avenue, P.O. Box 90007, Airport Station, Los Angeles 45, Calif. All communications received within forty-five days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Agency officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Management Field Division Chief, or the Chief, Airspace Utilization Division, Federal Aviation Agency, Washington 25, D.C. Any data, views or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

The official Docket will be available for examination by interested persons at the Docket Section, Federal Aviation Agency, Room B-316, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington 25, D.C. An informal Docket will also be available for examination at the office of the Regional Air Traffic Management Field Division Chief.

This amendment is proposed under sections 307(a) and 313(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 749, 752; 49 U.S.C. 1348, 1354).

Issued in Washington, D.C., on June 1, 1960.

D. D. Thomas, Director, Bureau of Air Traffic Management.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5107; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

#### [ 14 CFR Parts 600, 601 ]

[Airspace Docket No. 60-NY-25]

# FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROL AREAS AND REPORTING POINTS

#### Revocation of Segment of Federal Airway and Associated Control Areas; Modification of Reporting Points and Control Area Extension

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (§ 409.13, 24 F.R. 3499), notice is hereby given that the Federal Aviation Agency is considering an amendment to §§ 600.107, 601.107, 601.1378, and 601.4107 of the regulations of the Administrator, the substance of which is stated below.

Amber Federal airway No. 7 presently extends, in part, from Richmond, Va., to Philadelphia, Pa. The Federal Aviation Agency has under consideration the revocation of this segment of Amber 7.

The Federal Aviation Agency IFR peakday air traffic survey for the period January 1, 1959, through December 31, 1959, showed a maximum of seven aircraft movements between any two reporting points on this segment of Amber 7. On the basis of this survey, it appears that the retention of this airway segment and the associated control areas is unjustified as an assignment of airspace and that the revocation thereof would be in the public interest. Concurrently, with this action, the Federal Aviation Agency is considering modification of the Wilmington, Del., control area extension which is presently designated as that airspace lying south of a true east/ west line through the center of the New Castle County Airport, Wilmington, Del., within a 30-mile radius of the center of the airport; the airspace west of Wilmington bounded on the south by Amber Federal airway No. 7, on the west by Red Federal airway No. 45, on the north by VOR Federal airway No. 3 and on the northeast by VOR Federal airway No. 29, excluding the portion which lies within the geographic limits of, and between the designated altitudes of, the Aberdeen Restricted Area (R-54) during the restricted area's time of designation. It is proposed to redescribe this control area extension to simplify its description and substitute in its description VOR Federal airways in lieu of L/MF Federal airways due to the diminishing requirement for and the gradual phasing out of the L/MF airways. This modification of the Wilmington control area extension would not result in the designation of any additional control area.

If these actions are taken, the segment of Amber Federal airway No. 7 and associated control areas from Richmond, Va., to Philadelphia, Pa., would be revoked. The caption to § 601.4107 relating to the associated reporting points on Amber Federal airway No. 7 would be modified to coincide with the redesignated airway.

The Wilmington, Del., control area extension would be designated as the area southwest of Wilmington within a 30-mile radius of the New Castle County Airport (latitude 39°40′42′′ N., longitude 75°36'27" W.), extending clockwise from the New York control area extension (§ 601.1066), to the northern boundary of VOR Federal airway No. 123, excluding the portion which would coincide with the Aberdeen, Md., Restricted Area (R-54) during the restricted area's time of designation; and the area west of Wilmington bounded on the east by the New York control area extension, on the south by VOR Federal airway No. 123. on the west by VOR Federal airway No. 93 and on the north by VOR Federal airway No. 3

Interested persons may submit such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Chief, Air Traffic Management Field Division, Federal Aviation Agency, Federal Building, New York International Airport, Jamaica 30, N.Y. All communications received within forty-five days after publication of this notice in the Federal

REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Agency officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Management Field Division Chief, or the Chief, Airspace Utilization Division, Federal Aviation Agency, Washington 25, D.C. Any data, views or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

The official Docket will be available for examination by interested persons at the Docket Section, Federal Aviation Agency, Room B-316, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington 25, D.C. An informal Docket will also be available for examination at the office of the Regional Air Traffic Management Field Division Chief.

This amendment is proposed under sections 307(a) and 313(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 749, 752; 49 U.S.C. 1348, 1354).

Issued in Washington, D.C., on June 1, 1960.

D. D. Thomas, Director, Bureau of Air Traffic Management.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5108; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

[ 14 CFR Parts 600, 601 ]

[Airspace Docket No. 59-WA-430]

# FEDERAL AIRWAYS AND CONTROL AREAS

#### Withdrawal of Proposed Modification

In a notice of proposed rule making published in the FEDERAL REGISTER as Airspace Docket No. 59-WA-430 on March 23, 1960 (25 F.R. 2439), it was stated that the Federal Aviation Agency proposed to designate a standard east alternate to VOR Federal airway No. 42 with associated control areas from the Flint, Mich., VOR to the Windsor, Ontario, VOR. Subsequent to publication of the notice, information has been received regarding a proposal by the Department of Transport of the Canadian Government to convert the Windsor low frequency range to a non-directional radio beacon. This conversion would require revision of procedures in the Detroit, Mich., terminal area, which, in turn, would require a change in alignment of the proposed Victor 42 east alternate. In view of this requirement, the notice is being withdrawn pending further coordination with the Department of Transport of the Canadian Government.

In consideration of the foregoing, the notice of proposed rule making contained in Airspace Docket No. 59-WA-430 is hereby withdrawn.

(Sections 307(a), 313(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 749, 752; 49 U.S.C. 1348, 1354))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on June 1, 1960.

D. D. THOMAS, Director, Bureau of Air Traffic Management.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5109; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR Parts 7, 8]

[Docket No. 13588; FCC 60-652]

#### PUBLIC SHIP-SHORE COMMUNICA-TION IN THE MARITIME MOBILE SERVICE

#### Los Angeles-San Diego Area

In the matter of amendment of Parts 7 and 8 of the Commission's rules to make the frequency pair 2466 kc (coast)—2382 kc (ship) available for public shipshore use in the Los Angeles-San Diego area on a 24-hour basis, Docket No. 13588.

1. Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above-entitled matter. The rule amendments proposed are set forth below.

2. By its Report and Order of February 10, 1954 (FCC 54-182, Docket No. 10444), the Commission adopted a frequency assignment plan to implement the provisions of the Geneva Agreement (1951). The frequency pair 2466 kc (coast)-2382 kc (ship) was at that time assigned to the Los Angeles-San Diego area for public ship-shore communication in the maritime mobile service but was not to be available for use until assignment conflicts with other services were eliminated. Those conflicts have been resolved, and final clearance of the frequency pair has been effected.

3. Accordingly, the rule amendments proposed herein would make the frequency pair 2466 kc (coast) -2382 kc (ship) available for public ship-shore use in the Los Angeles-San Diego area on a 24-hour basis. Such use of this pair would be, as indicated in the proposed amendments, subject to certain conditions concerning harmful interference.

4. This proposal is issued under the authority contained in section 303 (c), (f), and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

5. Any interested person who is of the opinion that the proposed amendments should not be adopted, or should not be adopted in the form set forth herein, may file with the Commission on or before July 11, 1960, written data, views, or briefs setting forth his comments. Comments in support of the proposed amendments may also be filed on or before the same date. Comments in reply to the original comments may be filed within ten days from the last day for filing said original data, views, or briefs. The Commission will consider all such comments prior to taking final action in this matter.

6. In accordance with the provisions of § 1.54 of the Commission's rules, an

original and fourteen copies of all statements, briefs, or comments filed shall be furnished the Commission.

Adopted: June 1, 1960. Released: June 2, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS

COMMISSION,

BEN F. WAPLE, [SEAL]

Acting Secretary.

A. Part 7 is amended as follows:

1. The entry for Los Angeles-San Diego, California, in the table in § 7.306 (b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 7.306 Availability of frequencies below 30 Mc.

(b)

	Co	ast station transmitting carrier frequency <sup>1</sup>	Associa	Associated coast station receiving carrier frequency			
Coast stations located in the vicinity of—	Frequency (kc)	Specific limitations imposed upon availability for use <sup>2</sup>	Fre- quency (kc)	Specific conditions relating to use of these frequencies by ship sta- tions for transmission as shown in § 8.354(a)(1) of this chapter <sup>2</sup>			
*	•	*	<u> </u>	* *			
Los Angeles-San Diego, Calif.	2566 2466 2466 2598 2598 2522	None. Available on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the service of any coast station located in the vicinity of Tampa, Fla., to which this carrier frequency is assigned for transmission.  7 a.m. to 7 p.m., P.s.t., onlydo	2009 2382 - 2206 2126	None. Available on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the service of any ship station which is within 300 nautical miles of New Orleans, La., and is transmitting on this frequency to a coast station located in the vicinity of that port.  7 a.m. to 7 p.m., P.s.t., only. Do.			

#### § 8.354 Frequencies below 5000 kc for public correspondence.

For communication with coast stations located in the vicinity of—	Mobile station transmitting carrier fre- quency <sup>1</sup>		Associated coast station carrier frequency	
	Fre- quency (kc)	Specific limitations imposed upon availability for use <sup>2</sup>	Fre- quency (kc)	Specific conditions relating to use of these frequencies by coast stations for transmission as shown in (7.306 (b) of this chapter. 2
*		•	·——·	• .
Los Angeles-San Diego, Calif.	2009 2382 2206 2126	None. Available on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the service of any ship station which is within 300 nautical miles of New Orleans, La., and is transmitting on this frequency to a coast station located in the vicinity of that port.  7 a.m. to 7 p.m., P.s.t., onlydo.		None. Available on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the service of any coast station located in the vicinity of Tampa, Fla., to which this carrier frequency is assigned for transmission.  7 a.m. to 7 p.m., P.s.t., only. Do.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5139; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:48 a.m.]

B. Part 8 is amended as follows: 1. The entry for Los Angeles-San Diego, California, in the table in  $\S 8.354(a)$  (1) is amended to read as follows:

# **Notices**

#### ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-155]

#### CONSUMERS POWER CO.

# Notice of Issuance of Construction Permit

Please take notice that the Atomic Energy Commission by an order of the Presiding Officer dated May 6, 1960, has issued Construction Permit No. CPPR-9, effective May 31, 1960, to Consumers Power Company. A public hearing on the issuance of the Construction Permit was held on March 29, 1960.

Dated at Germantown, Md., this 31st day of May 1960.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

R. L. KIRK,

Deputy Director, Division of

Licensing and Regulation.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5100; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

#### **CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD**

[Docket 5132 et al.]

# REOPENED LARGE IRREGULAR AIR CARRIER INVESTIGATION

#### **Notice of Hearing**

In the matter of the qualification for supplemental-air-service authorization of Airline Transport Carriers, Inc., Argonaut Airways Corporation, Miami Airline, Inc., and World Wide Airlines, Inc.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, that hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held on June 14, 1960, at 10 a.m., in room 911, Universal Building, Connecticut and Florida Avenues NW., Washington, D.C., before Examiner Ralph L. Wiser, and is to be recessed for further hearing in Miami, Fla., and Los Angeles, Calif., at places and at times which shall be designated hereafter.

This is a reopened phase of the Large Irregular Air Carrier Investigation in which the record will be brought up to date with respect to the qualifications of Airline Transport Carriers, Inc., Argonaut Airways Corporation, Miami Airline, Inc., and World Wide Airlines, Inc., to perform supplemental air transportation. For further details of the issues involved in the proceeding, interested persons are referred to the applications as amended, the examiner's prehearing conference report and supplement thereto and notices to the parties, and the orders entered in the proceeding, all of which are on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Notice is further given that any person other than parties of record desiring to be heard in this proceeding should file with the Board on or before June 10, 1960, a statement setting forth the issues of fact or law raised by the proceeding on which he desires to be heard, and such person may appear and participate in the hearing in accordance with rule 14 of the Board's rules of practice in Economic Proceedings.

Dated at Washington, D.C., June 1, 1960.

[SEAL]

Francis W. Brown, Chief Examiner.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5132; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8.47 a.m.]

[Docket No. SA-354]

# ACCIDENT OCCURRING NEAR CANNELTON, IND.

#### Notice of Reconvening of Hearing

In the matter of investigation of accident involving aircraft of United States Registry N 121US, which occurred on March 17, 1960, near Cannelton, Indiana.

Notice is hereby given that the hearing in the above styled matter will be reconvened for receiving in evidence certain exhibits that were not available at the original hearing. This hearing will commence on Wednesday, July 20, 1960, at 9:30 a.m. (local time) and will be held in the ballroom of the Hollywood Roosevelt Hotel, Hollywood, California.

Dated at Washington, D.C., June 1, 1960.

[SEAL]

Van R. O'Brien, Hearing Officer.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5133; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:47 a.m.]

[Docket 11096]

#### SEVEN SEAS AIRLINES, INC.; EN-FORCEMENT PROCEEDING

#### Notice of Postponement of Hearing

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, that the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding, now assigned for June 7, 1960, is postponed to June 24, 1960, at 9:30 a.m., e.d.t., in Room 803, Universal Building, Washington, D.C. and to June 27, 1960, at 10:00 a.m., e.d.t., in the Army Reserve Building, 30 West 44th Street, New York, New York, before Examiner Russell A. Potter.

Dated at Washington, D.C., June 3, 1960.

[SEAL]

Francis W. Brown, Chief Examiner.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5183; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:51 a.m.]

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 13535; FCC 60M-949]

# AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

#### Order Scheduling Hearing

In the matter of American Telephone and Telegraph Company, Docket No. 13535; regulations and charges for switching and selecting equipment (common user group) for use with channels of telephone grade furnished for the remote operation of mobile radiotelephone systems and for channel terminals and terminal equipment in connection with Schedule 5 channels for data transmission. (Filed on behalf of the Lincoln-Tillamook Telephone Company.)

It is ordered, This 1st day of June 1960, that Thomas H. Donahue will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence on July 19, 1960, in Washing-

ton, D.C.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,

[SEAL]

BEN F. WAPLE, Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5141; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 13385; FCC 60M-940]

#### ANTENNAVISION SERVICE CO., INC.

#### **Order Continuing Hearing**

In re applications of Antennavision Service Company, Inc., Phoenix, Arizona, Docket No. 13385; for construction permit for new fixed radio station at Oatman Mountain, Arizona, File No. 2984-C1-P-59 (KPK30); for construction permit for new fixed radio station at Telegraph Pass, Arizona, File No. 2985-C1-P-59 (KPK31).

The Hearing Examiner having under consideration an informal proposal for continuing the date of hearing;

It appearing that the hearing is now scheduled to commence on June 14, 1960, but that a conference was held on May 27, at which time all the parties, including counsel for the Broadcast and Common Carrier Bureaus, expressed themselves in favor of a continuance in order to permit the Commission to act on certain pending petitions, which action would be likely to have a profound influence on the course of the hearing; and

It further appearing that if circumstances should change so as to permit scheduling of the proceeding earlier than the date shown in the ordering

clause below the Examiner will advance the date of hearing:

It is ordered, This 31st day of May 1960, that the hearing is continued from June 14 to September 7, 1960.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.

[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5142; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 13527; FCC 60M-947]

#### BABYLON-BAY SHORE BROADCAST-ING CORP. (WBAB)

#### Order Scheduling Hearing

In re application of Babylon-Bay Shore Broadcasting Corp. (WBAB), Babylon, New York, Docket No. 13527, File No. BP-12538; for construction permit.

It is ordered, This 1st day of June 1960, that Annie Neal Huntting will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence on July 22, 1960, in Washington, D.C.

Released: June 1, 1960.

[SEAL]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,
BEN F. WAPLE,
Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5143; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 13308 etc.; FCC 60M-935]

# BELOIT BROADCASTERS, INC. (WBEL) ET AL.

#### Order Continuing Hearing

In re applications of Beloit Broad-casters, Incorporated (WBEL), South Beloit, Illinois, Docket No. 13308, File No. BP-12101; Samuel A. Burk and Ralph J. Bitzer, d/b as Washington County Broadcasting Company, Washington, Iowa, Docket No. 13309, File No. BP-12118; Lloyd C. McKenney, tr/as Iola Broadcasting Company, Iola, Kansas, Docket No. 13311, File No. BP-12785; Heart of America Broadcasters, Inc. (KUDL), Kansas City, Missouri, Docket No. 13312, File No. BP-12879; Washington Home and Farm Radio, Inc., Washington, Iowa, Docket No. 13314, File No. BP-13159; for construction permits.

The Hearing Examiner having under consideration a joint motion to postpone hearing filed by the partnership doing business as Washington County Broadcasting Company and Washington Home and Farm Radio, Inc., on May 31, 1960;

It appearing that a hearing is now scheduled for June 2, 1960, on the comparative issues only and that the two applicants making this motion are the only ones concerned with this particular aspect of the case and;

It further appearing that these applicants represent the existence of steps

to secure a merger which would render the comparative issues moot; and

It further appearing that the Broadcast Bureau has consented to immediate consideration of the motion and a grant thereof; and

It further appearing that all parties have previously reached an understanding that the engineering portions of the proceeding would go forward at a further hearing to be held on June 20, at which time the merger question can also be dealt with;

It is ordered, This 31st day of May 1960, that the hearing now scheduled for June 2 is continued to June 20, 1960.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.

[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5144; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 13480; FCC 60M-941]

#### EDWARD C. FRITZ, JR.

#### **Order Continuing Hearing**

In re application of Edward C. Fritz, Jr., Waukegan, Illinois, Docket No. 13480, File No. BPH-2861; for construction permit (FM).

The Hearing Examiner having under consideration the petition filed in the above-entitled proceeding on May 23, 1960, by Edward C. Fritz, Jr., requesting leave to amend and grant of his application as amended without hearing;

It appearing that jurisdiction over the said pleading insofar as leave to amend and acceptance of the amendment tendered therewith is sought rests in the Hearing Examiner pursuant to the provisions of section 0.231 of the Commission's rules and that jurisdiction over the relief otherwise requested is reserved to the Commission:

It further appearing that the said request to amend is unopposed and that good cause for a grant thereof is shown in that the proferred amendment more clearly sets forth in affidavit form matters affecting the financial qualifications of applicant and the participation of one Charles W. Kline in the instant proposal which are the matters at issue herein;

It is ordered, This 31st day of May 1960 that the said petition is granted insofar as leave to amend is requested, the amendment tendered therewith is accepted and the said petition insofar as grant of the application as amended without hearing is requested is respectfully referred to the Commission;

It is further ordered, On the Hearing Examiner's own motion, that the hearing herein presently scheduled to commence on June 27, 1960, is continued without date.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,

[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5145; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket Nos. 13525, 13526; FCC 60M-946]

# SIMON GELLER AND ASSOCIATED ENTERPRISES

#### Order Scheduling Hearing

In re application of Simon Geller, Gloucester, Massachusetts, Pocket No. 13525, File No. BP-11667; Alan C. Tindal, Kristian Solberg, Paul Monson, and John J. Sullivan, d/b as Associated Enterprises, Brockton, Massachusetts, Docket No. 13526, File No. BP-11630; for construction permit.

It is ordered, This 1st day of June 1960, that Forest L. McClenning will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence on July 22, 1960, in Washington, D.C.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,

[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5146; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 13222 etc.; FCC 60-598]

# MICHIGAN BROADCASTING CO. (WBCK) ET AL.

# Memorandum Opinion and Order Amending Issues

In re application of Michigan Broadcasting Company (WBCK), Battle Creek, Michigan, et al., Docket No. 13222, et al., File No. BP-11439; for construction permits.

1. The Commission has before it for consideration (1) a petition to enlarge issues, filed November 18, 1959, by the Caba Broadcasting Corporation; (2) comments on petition, filed on December 7, 1959, by Edwin R. Fischer; (3) opposition to the petition, filed on December 7, 1959, by Charles R. Randolph, Farley W. Warner, Richard S. Cobb, and Mary Cobb, doing business as Catonsville Broadcasting Company; (4) opposition to the petition, filed December 9, 1959, by Rossmoyne Corporation; (5) opposition to Fischer's comments, filed December 10, 1959, by The Tidewater Broadcasting Company; (6) reply to petition, filed December 14, 1959, by the Broadcast Bureau; (7) reply to responses, filed December 28, 1959, by Caba Broadcasting Company.

Broadcasting Corporation 2. Caba (Caba) filed an application for a new standard broadcast station for Baltimore, Maryland, which is mutually exclusive with the applications of Rossmoyne Corporation (Rossmoyne) for Lebanon, Pennsylvania, and of Catonsville Broadcasting Company (Catonsville) for Catonsville, Maryland. The application of Edwin R. Fischer (Fischer) for Newport News, Virginia, is mutually exclusive with the application for Smithfield, Virginia, filed by The Tidewater Broadcasting Company (Tidewater) and by East Virginia Broadcasting Company (East Virginia), respectively. All named applications were consolidated for hearing with certain other applications by

5004 NOTICES

Order released on October 28, 1959 (FCC 59-1079). The proposals of each of the named applicants are also mutually exclusive, or have mutual interference problems, with several other proposals in the above-captioned proceeding. Caba requests enlargement of the issues to include a multiple ownership issue as to Rossmoyne and Catonsville, a standard comparative issue between Caba and Catonsville, and a financial issue as to Catonsville. Fischer requests a standard comparative issue between Fischer, East Virginia, and Tidewater.

#### MULTIPLE OWNERSHIP ISSUE

3. In its petition, Caba requests that the issues be enlarged by the addition of the following issue as to Rossmoyne:

To determine whether a grant of the application of Rossmoyne Corporation for Lebanon, Pennsylvania, would be consistent with the provisions of § 3.35 <sup>1</sup> of the Commission's rules in view of the ownership by Rossmoyne of Station WCMB in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and the overlap of the primary service areas of the two stations which would result from a grant of the application.

In support of its request, Caba states that 9 percent of the population of 240,955 within the 2.0 mv/m contour of Rossmoyne's Station WCMB, and 39 percent of the population of 394,104 within the 0.5 mv/m contour of WCMB, would be affected by the overlap of the proposed Lebanon service area. As to Lebanon, it shows that 12 percent of the population of 179,603 in its 2.0 mv/m contour, and 35 percent of the population of 427,906 in its 0.5 mv/m contour, would be affected by the overlap of the WCMB primary service area.

- 4. Both Rossmoyne and the Broadcast Bureau oppose the addition of the requested issue because neither the proposal nor the existing station would furnish a 2 my/m service to the principal community of the other and because the overlap of the 2 mv/m contours is small. Rossmoyne points out that the two communities are some 20 miles apart, in separate counties and separate metropolitan areas; that each community has separate marketing areas and distinct interests; that both the communities and the overlap area have available service from a multiplicity of mass communication media-radio, television and newspaper; that these facts were before the Commission at the time of its order of designation herein, and that no new or additional facts have been presented in Caba's petition.
- 5. We have held on numerous occasions that a problem under § 3.35 of our rules is not presented where, as here, the proposed operation and existing station would not provide primary service to the principal city of the other, where the cities involved are separate and distinct

communities, and where the overlap area is served by other media. Knorr Broadcasting Corp., 14 RR 925 (1958), Booth Broadcasting Co., 18 RR 934 (1959). Accordingly, Caba's request for an overlap issue as to Rossmoyne will be denied.

# STANDARD COMPARATIVE ISSUE BETWEEN CABA AND CATONSVILLE

- 6. Caba also requests that the issues be enlarged by adding a standard comparative issue between Caba and Catonsville. Caba submits that Catonsville adjoins Baltimore; that Catonsville's population in 1950 was about 18,000 whereas Baltimore's population in that year was 950,000; that it will serve almost all of the area to be served by Catonsville; that the two proposed transmitter sites are only 8 miles apart; that each would provide a 2 mv/m or better signal over the other's community, and that in view of these circumstances a choice between the two communities may not be possible on 307(b) grounds alone, in which case a comparative evaluation would be required. To meet the contingency mentioned by Caba, Catonsville in its opposition expresses a belief that a comparative issue, contingent on the event that it is concluded that section 307(b) considerations are not applicable or controlling, should be added. The Broadcast Bureau opposes Caba's request because of the existence of other 307(b) as well as various interference problems among the numerous applicants consolidated in this multi-party proceeding, which must be resolved before comparative consideration could be given to the Caba and Catonsville applications. It also argues that the question whether Catonsville may be considered a separate community is admissible under the present issues.
- 7. The facts alleged in Caba's request and the Bureau's opposition are similar to those considered in our Memorandum Opinion and Order in Michigan Broadcasting Company (WBCK), released May 31, 1960 (FCC 60-599). For the reasons therein stated, issues like those adopted in that Memorandum will be added in the instant proceeding.<sup>2</sup>

# MULTIPLE OWNERSHIP ISSUE AS TO CATONSVILLE

8. Caba also requests the addition of the following multiple ownership issue as to Catonsville:

To determine whether a grant of the application of Catonsville Broadcasting Company would be consistent with the provisions of § 3.35 of the rules relating to the multiple ownership of standard broadcast stations.

In support thereof, it states that Mary Cobb and her son, Richard S. Cobb (hereinafter referred to as "the Cobbs"),

are each 25 percent partners in Catonsville, and that they also hold significant partnership interests in five other broadcasting companies which are either permittees or applicants for permits; that three of those stations are located from 30 to 140 miles from Catonsville; and that under the circumstances a question of undue concentration of control is raised. Catonsville and the Broadcast Bureau oppose the requested issue because of lack of showing of any overlap of the primary service contours of the several stations and proposals in which the Cobbs have interests. It is the Commission's view that the bare allegation that the applicant has other broadcast interests, without a showing as to any overlap of primary service area, present or proposed, does not warrant the addition of the requested multiple ownership issue, and this request, therefore, will be denied. See Knorr Broadcasting Corp., supra.

## FINANCIAL QUALIFICATION ISSUE AS TO CATONSVILLE

9. Caba also requests an additional issue to determine whether Catonsville is financially qualified to construct and operate its proposed station because of the Cobbs' failure to show their ability to meet their financial commitments, particularly in view of their other broadcast commitments. It argues that the balance sheet accompanying the Catonsville application shows the total of current assets belonging to the Cobbs amount to about \$7,300 and that they have assumed financial commitments amounting to over \$7,500 in connection with various applications for radio stations, in addition to Catonsville. In opposition, Catonsville contends that there are more than sufficient funds available to cover the construction costs; that the wife of Richard S. Cobb, Catonsville's consulting engineer, agreed to forego indefinitely the payments for such services; that Farley W. Warner, one of Catonsville's four partners, has been functioning as its general counsel on an unsalaried basis; that special counsel to prosecute its application before the Commission were not retained until after receipt of the Commission's McFarland letter; and that, consequently, the actual pre-designation cash requirements for Catonsville have been less than \$1,000. Catonsville states that the other applications, in which the Cobbs are interested, have been handled on approximately the same basis during the preoperational period. The Bureau agrees with Caba's request for the financial issue as to Catonsville, in view of the existence of sufficient doubt in the Cobbs' ability to meet their commitment for 50 percent of the hearing costs in that application, while they have extensive financial obligations with respect to other broadcast undertakings. Although Catonsville alleges certain later modifications to the partnership agreement, the Bureau points out that such changes (an agreement by the Cobbs' partners to underwrite all the expenses of special legal counsel) do not appear in the application.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 3.35 provides in pertinent part as follows: "No license for a standard broadcast station shall be granted to any party \* \* \* if (a) Such party \* \* \* \* owns \* \* \* another broadcast station, a substantial portion of whose primary service area would receive primary service from the station in question, except upon showing that public interest, convenience, and necessity will be served through such multiple ownership situation. \* \* \*"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "service" as used in Issue 15, as herein amended, and in Issue 18 hereinafter adopted, means the service which, under our Rules, an applicant is required to provide to the community which it has designated in its application as the community it proposes to serve. Thus, if community A is the favored community under section 307(b), an applicant for community B will be considered comparatively with applicant for community A only if it meets all of the requirements of our Rules which applicants for community A are required to meet.

10. The Commission has considered the allegations and arguments advanced by the parties and concludes that Catonsville's financial commitments and arrangements, not part of its original proposal, warrant the addition of the financial issue. These are matters which could best be documented at the hearing, and made part of the record. Accordingly, Caba's request for an issue as to Catonsville's financial qualifications will be added.

#### COMPARATIVE ISSUE AS TO NEWPORT NEWS AND SMITHFIELD

11. Fischer, an applicant for a new standard broadcast station at Newport News, Virginia, and a party in the consolidated proceeding, filed comments on that portion of Caba's petition which pertains to the addition of the standard comparative issue between Caba and Catonsville. Fischer's application is mutually exclusive with the application of Tidewater for a new station at Smithfield, Virginia.3 Fischer believes that in view of the limited population of Smithfield (1950 population 1,180), Tidewater's application was filed solely in an attempt to obtain a section 307(b) advantage and, consequently, this section under the circumstances should not be controlling. Fischer contends that the transmitter site for his Newport News station is located on the Smithfield side of the James River, and will provide a 25 mv/m service to Smithfield. Similarly, the Smithfield applicani will provide primary service to Newport News and other parts of the Norfolk area. It requests, therefore, that if a comparative issue will be added as to Catonsville and Baltimore, such an issue also be added with respect to the Smithfield and Newport News applications, in the event it is determined that a choice among them cannot be based upon section 307(b) considerations or that this section is inapplicable under the circumstances. Tidewater and the Broadcast Bureau oppose Fischer's request as an untimely filed petition to enlarge the issues (filed on December 7. 1959, while the last day for filing petitions to enlarge issues was November 18. 1959). Tidewater also states that the grounds in Caba's petition with respect to Baltimore and Catonsville are entirely unrelated to the situation existing with regard to Newport News and Smithfield; that Caba's basic allegation is that Catonsville adjoins Baltimore and is a suburb of it, whereas Smithfield and Newport News are distant communities; that Fischer's reliance upon the fact that his transmitter size is located on the Smithfield side of the James River, is not well founded, because the proposed location of his main studios is in Newport News, whereas the Smithfield applicants propose main studios in Smithfield; and that Fischer's allegation that the Smithfield applicants designated that community "solely in an attempt to obtain a

section 307(b) advantage" is unsupported by any convincing factual showing.

12. It appears from their respective applications that Fischer and Tidewater would provide a 25 mv/m signal to the other's community. We have held that a determination under the 307(b) issue will not be dispositive of the question of which application is to be granted if the community selected as having the greater need would receive service not only from the applicant for that community, but also from applicants for communities which were not preferred under the 307(b) issue. Under such circumstances, the decision in FCC v. Allentown Broadcasting Corp., 349 U.S. 358 (1955), requires a comparative consideration of the qualifications of the applicants which would provide service to the favored community. In view of the fact that each of these applicants might provide such service to the community of the other, an issue to determine this question, together with a contingent standard comparative issue, will be added. Although Fischer's petition was untimely filed, the Commission, in view of the requirements of Allentown, is adding these issues on its own motion.

Accordingly, it is ordered, This 25th day of May 1960, That the petition to enlarge issues, filed by Caba Broadcasting Corporation, on November 18, 1959. is granted to the extent noted above. and in all other respects is denied: that Issues 13 and 15 in this proceeding are amended to read as follows:

13. To determine in the light of their location and urban and industrial characteristics, and other relevant factors, whether Delphos, Ohio, and Lima, Ohio, and whether Baltimore, Maryland, and Catonsville, Maryland, are separate communities for the purpose of section 307(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

15. To determine (a) if Delphos and Lima are separate communities, whether Citizens Broadcasting Company and Western Ohio Broadcasting Company will provide service to the community selected as having the greater need for a new facility; and (b) if Baltimore and Catonsville are separate communities, whether Caba Broadcasting Corporation and Catonsville Broadcasting Company will provide service to the com-munity selected as having the greater need for a new facility.

It is further ordered, That the request for enlargement of issues, filed on December 7, 1959, by Edwin R. Fischer in his comments on Caba Broadcasting Corporation's petition to enlarge issues, is denied:

It is further ordered, By the Commission on its own motion, That the order. released on October 28, 1959 (FCC 59-1079), is amended by renumbering Issue 18 as Issue 22; and the issues are enlarged, by adding new Issues 18, 19, 20, and 21. Issues 18 to 21 shall accordingly read as follows:

18. To determine if (a) Baltimore and Catonsville are determined not to be separate communities, or (b) if they are separate communities and if it is determined that Caba Broadcasting Corporation and Catonsville Broadcasting Company would provide service to the community determined to have the greater need for a new facility, which of the proposals of Caba Broadcasting Corporation and Catonsville Broadcasting Company would better serve the public interest in the light of evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues and the record made with respect to significant differences between the applicants as to:

(1) The background and experience of each having a bearing on the applicant's ability to own and operate its proposed

station.

(2) The proposal of each of the applicants with respect to the management and operation of the proposed station.

(3) The programming service proposed in each of said applications.

19. To determine whether Catonsville Broadcasting Company is financially qualified to construct and operate its proposed station for a reasonable period of time without operating revenue.

20. To determine, in the event Newport News, Virginia, or Smithfield, Virginia, is preferred under Issue 14, whether Edwin R. Fischer and Tidewater Broadcasting Company will provide service to the community selected as having the greater need for a new facility.

21. To determine, if Edwin R. Fischer and Tidewater Broadcasting Company would provide service to the community determined to have the greater need for a new facility, which of the proposals of these two applicants would better serve the public interest in the light of evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues and the record made with respect to significant differences between the applicants as to:

(1) The background and experience of each having a bearing on the applicant's ability to own and operate its proposed station.

(2) The proposal of each of the applicants with respect to the management and operation of the proposed station.

(3) The programming service proposed in each of the said applications.

22. To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced pursuant to the foregoing issues, which, if any, of the instant applications should be granted.

Released: May 31, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,

[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5147; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 12870; FCC 60M-938]

# NORTHEAST RADIO, INC. (WCAP)

#### Order Scheduling Prehearing Conference

In re application of Northeast Radio, Inc. (WCAP), Lowell, Massachusetts, Docket No. 12870, File No. BP-12014; for construction permit.

The Hearing Examiner having under consideration a motion filed May 16. 1960, on behalf of Northeast Radio, Inc., requesting that a prehearing conference be held at 10:00 a.m., on June 13, 1960;

It appearing that no opposition to the motion has been filed, and that a grant thereof will conduce to the orderly dispatch of the Commission's business; now therefore.

It is ordered, This 31st day of May 1960, that the aforesaid motion is granted, and that a prehearing confer-

The application of East Virginia, with which Fischer's application was also mutually exclusive, was dismissed by Order released March 11, 1960 (FCC 60M-483).

For a definition of "service", as here used and as it appears in Issues 20 and 21 hereinafter adopted, see footnote 2, supra.

NOTICES 5006

13, 1960.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, BEN F. WAPLE,

[SEAL]

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5148; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 13538]

#### R. O'BRIEN & CO., INC.

#### Order To Show Cause

In the matter of R. O'Brien & Co., Inc., 34 Fish Pier, South Boston, Massachusetts, Docket No. 13538; order to show cause why there should not be revoked the license for radio station WB-5666 aboard the vessel "Thomas Whalen."

There being under consideration the matter of certain alleged violations of the Commission's rules in connection with the operation of the abovecaptioned station;

It appearing that pursuant to § 1.61 of the Commission's rules, written notice of violation of the Commission's rules was served upon the above-named licensee as follows:

Official Notice of Violation was mailed to the licensee on January 20, 1960, alleging that on January 3, 1960, at approximately 2311 GMT, the subject ship radio station was observed operating in violation of § 8.366(b)(2) of the Commission's rules in that said ship station transmitted on the 2738 kc intership radio-channel frequency without first establishing communication on the 2182 kc calling channel frequency;

It further appearing that the abovenamed licensee received said Official notice but did not make satisfactory reply thereto, whereupon the Commission, by letter dated March 2, 1960, and sent by Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested (No. 777830), brought this matter to the attention of the licensee and requested that such licensee respond to the Commission's letter within fifteen days from the date of its receipt stating the measures which had been taken, or were being taken, in order to bring the operation of the radio station into compliance with the Commission's Rules, and warning the licensee that his failure to respond to such letter might result in the institution of proceedings for the revocation of the radio station license; and

It further appearing that receipt of the Commission's letter was acknowledged by the signature of the licensee's agent, B. F. Whalen, on March 7, 1960, to a Post Office Department return receipt; and

It further appearing that although more than fifteen days have elapsed since the licensee's receipt of the Commission's letter, no response was made thereto: and

It further appearing that in view of the foregoing, the licensee has repeatedly violated § 1.61 of the Commission's

It is ordered, This 27th day of May 1960, pursuant to section 312 (a) (4) and (c) of the Communications Act of 1934.

ence will be held at 10:00 a.m., on June as amended, and section 0.291(b) (8) of the Commission's Statement of Delegations of Authority, that the said licensee show cause why the license for the above-captioned Radio Station should not be revoked, and appear and give evidence in respect thereto at a hearing 1 to be held at a time and place to be specified by subsequent order; and

It is further ordered, That the Secretary send a copy of this order by Certified Mail-Return Receipt Requested to the said licensee.

Released: June 2, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, BEN F. WAPLE,

[SEAL]

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5149; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 13394; FCC 60M-939]

#### OIL TRANSPORT CO., INC.

#### Memorandum Opinion and Order Continuing Hearing

In the matter of Oil Transport Co., Inc., 2837 Tchoupitoulas Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, Docket No. 13394; order to show cause why there should not be revoked the license for radio station WC-5908 aboard the vessel "Susan Houghland."

1. There is under consideration a motion for changes in dates previously prescribed in this proceeding filed with the Commission by the above-named licensee on May 27, 1960,3 and a statement in response thereto filed by the Chief of

<sup>1</sup> Section 1.62 of the Commission's rules provides that a licensee, in order to avail himself of the opportunity to be heard, shall, in person or by his attorney, file with the Commission, within thirty days of the receipt of the order to show cause, a written statement stating that he will appear at the hearing and present evidence on the matter specified in the order. In the event it would not be possible for respondent to appear for hearing in the proceeding if scheduled to be held in Washington, D.C., he should advise the Commission of the reasons for such inability within five days of the receipt of this If the licensee fails to file an appearance within the time specified, the right to a hearing shall be deemed to have been waived. Where a hearing is waived, a written statement in mitigation or justification may be submitted within thirty days of the receipt of the order to show cause. If such statement contains, with particularity, factual allegations denying or justifying the facts upon which the show cause order is based, the Hearing Examiner may call upon the submitting party to furnish additional information, and shall request all opposing parties to file an answer to the written statement and/or additional information. record will then be closed and an initial decision issued on the basis of such procedure. Where a hearing is waived and no written statement has been filed within the thirty days of the receipt of the order to show cause, the allegations of fact contained in the order to show cause will be deemed as correct and the sanctions specified in the order to show cause will be invoked.

<sup>2</sup> The document is dated May 24, 1960, and was sent by ordinary mail on that date, according to the certificate of service, but did not reach the Commission's offices until May 27th.

the Commission's Safety and Special Radio Services Bureau, the only other party to the proceeding, on the same date.

2. The motion, after reciting that respondent licensee has been directed to give notice by June 2, 1960 whether it desired to proceed by oral or written presentation or by waiver of hearing in accordance with § 1.62 of the Commission's rules, to mail to the Commission copies of all of its exhibits in rebuttal or extenuation by June 9, and to transmit copies of all such exhibits to the Hearing Examiner by June 12th, requests in the alternative either the indefinite postponement of these dates or the establishment of new dates "no sooner than fourteen days after respondent has been served with answers" to certain specified letters it wrote to the Commission. The respondent urges that in one of its letters to the Commission (dated May 10th) it suggested "the possibility of amicable adjustment of all issues herein" and in another (dated May 13th) it suggested adjustments and deletions in the proposed exhibits it received on May 13, 1960, from the Commission. Since its evidence will depend on the "as yet unexpressed attitude of the Commission," respondent having allegedly received no reply to this correspondence. it is not feasible, respondent asserts, to meet the deadlines previously estab-

3. The Bureau's rejoinder is that while the Bureau does not object to granting the motion, since it believes "a bona fide error of understanding on the part of the Respondent has occurred," the Bureau had in fact responded to the letters on May 23d, and that the respondent's letters were "in fact extraneous to the feasibility of timely compliance by respondent with the Hearing Examiner's order of May 3, 1960." The question of "amicable adjustment," the Bureau asserts, has been raised and reiterated by the respondent heretofore and it is obviously impossible to reach such an agreement until the facts concerning the alleged violations, as well as any matters in extenuation, are made known by the respondent itself. On the question of the exhibits to which the respondent refers the Bureau points out, in substance, that there was no request by the examiner or the Bureau that the respondent agree to the admissibility thereof in advance of the hearing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The Hearing Examiner concurs with the Bureau's version on this. However, the possibility that the parties may yet agree to put in their respective cases entirely in written form, with the right to cross-examination waived, in the event for some reason the respondent does not desire to proceed under § 1.62(f) of the Commission's rules should be explored by the parties concerned. It is believed that a condition precedent to such an arrangement might be the elimination, also by agreement of the parties, of objectionable matter in the respective exhibits or perhaps by the submission of objections in writing. If the parties are able to reach specific and clear-cut agreements on such a procedure including the precise method whereby it could be implemented the Hearing Examiner's approval will be forthcoming.

4. It is by no means as clear to the Hearing Examiner as it appears to be to the Bureau that the present motion is the product of a "bona fide error of understanding" on the respondent's part. Respondent's counsel was clearly informed at the prehearing conference in this proceeding, which was held on May 2, 1960-on which occasion the procedures at issue were agreed upon and thereafter established by the Examiner's May 3d order—that the gravamen of the Show Cause Order is whether the respondent has repeatedly violated § 1.61 of the Commission's rules in failing to respond to rotices of violation served upon it by the Commission (t. 2, 3). As a matter of fect, this much is quite plain from the Show Cause Order itself, which was released February 17, 1960. Indeed, the main, if not the only, purpose in scheduling a prehearing conference in this case was to ascertain or investigate whether there are any triable issues of fact in this proceeding in the first place, inasmuch as an admission by the respondent that it had received the notices of violation mentioned in the order to show cause might well reduce the entire case to an exploration of the justifications offered by the respondent for its failure to respond to Commission inquiries; and it was believed that the Bureau might be willing to accept such explanations as the respondent might wish to offer without requiring crossexamination of any witnesses. Under § 1.62(f) of the Commission's rules a procedure is delineated which would allow for this and if that procedure could be followed in this case the Hearing Examiner thought that both the licensee concerned and the government could be spared the unnecessary expense of a formal hearing, whether in the field or in Washington, D.C. However, respondent's counsel stated at the prehearing conference that he could not "say that there are no issues of fact" since he did not know what the engineer at the monitoring station would testify to and, while the respondent admits it received the violation notice, "our man says that according to his recollection, he answered" (T. 4). On the basis of this declared uncertainty on respondent's counsel's part the procedure summarized in the order of the Hearing Examiner released May 3d was worked out. The Bureau for its part appears to have com-

date of May 16th—by supplying respondent's counsel with copies of all exhibits it would offer into evidence at a formal hearing as part of its direct case. Presumably, at least, the respondent must now be aware of what the testimony of the engineer at the monitoring station would be. To show its bona fides in this matter it follows that the respondent must make timely reply in accordance with the agreements to which its own counsel subscribed at the prehearing conference.

5. In view of the fact, however, that the motion papers and the Bureau's response to the respondent's letters may have crossed in the mails and that the Bureau's response, together with the present statement of the Examiner's views, may serve to clear up any lingering uncertainties on the part of respondent or its counsel, the Hearing Examiner will extend the June 2d date, to enable the respondent to decide whether it wants to proceed by a formal hearing or by the procedure delineated by § 1.62 (f) of the Commission's rules, until June 16, 1960.5 In addition, the respondent will be required to furnish a copy of its own exhibits to the Bureau by no later than June 23, 1960, and at the same time to provide a copy thereof to the Hearing Examiner. If compliance with the June 23d deadline is not obtained respondent's exhibits will be subject to possible exclusion, on objection, at any formal hearing which may be held. The two dates herein prescribed are the dates on which the prescribed information is to be placed in the mails and the postmark will be considered conclusive if any question of timely compliance should

6. Because of the changes in dates to be ordered hereinafter, the possibility that the parties may yet be able to evolve some sort of stipulation that would eliminate the necessity of holding a formal hearing in this case, and the presently crowded condition of the Hearing Examiner's calendar, the hearing which has been scheduled to commence on June 29, 1960, will be postponed to a date to be determined by a further order. In this connection, the Hearing Examiner reiterates his feeling that counsel for the respondent should now proceed promptly to comply with the new deadlines and that counsel for both parties should immediately thereafter leave no stone unturned to stipulate all unessentials out of this case with the goal in mind that the need for a formal, oraltype hearing may be eliminated.

Accordingly, it is ordered, This 31st day of May 1960, that the motion of the respondent for changes in dates prescribed in the Order of the Hearing Ex-

plied fully-and prior to the deadline aminer released May 3, 1960, is granted to the extent only that respondent is afforded until June 16, 1960, to mail a letter to the Chief of the Commission's Safety and Special Radio Services Bureau stating whether respondent desires to proceed by formal hearing or by the procedure set forth in § 1.62(f) of the Commission's rules, and until June 23. 1960, to mail copies to the Bureau and to the Hearing Examiner of all exhibits the respondent intends to present either in rebuttal of the charges in the order to show cause or in extenuation or mitigation thereof (irrespective of the method of procedure the respondent finally determines to pursue);

It is further ordered, That in all other respects the respondent's motion is

denied;

It is further ordered, On the Hearing Examiner's own motion that the hearing in this proceeding now scheduled to commence on June 29, 1960, at the Commission's offices, Washington, D.C., is postponed to a date to be determined in a further order, after the deadline dates prescribed herein have been met.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

BEN F. WAPLE, [SEAL]

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5150; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:50 a.m.]

[Docket Nos. 13528-13534; FCC 60M-948]

#### WASHINGTON BROADCASTING CO. (WOL) ET AL.

#### Order Scheduling Hearing

In re applications of Washington Broadcasting Company (WOL), Washington, D.C., Docket No. 13528, File No. BP-12145; Delaware Broadcasting Company (WILM), Wilmington, Delaware, Docket No. 13529, File No. BP-12250; WDAD, Inc. (WDAD), Indiana, Pennsylvania, Docket No. 13530, File No. BP-12455: Centre Broadcasters, Inc., (WMAJ), State College, Pennsylvania, Docket No. 13531, File No. BP-12463; Sky-Park Broadcasting Corporation (WFTR), Front Royal, Virginia, Docket No. 13532, File No. BP-12624; Miners Broadcasting Service, Inc. (WPAM), Pottsville, Pennsylvania, Docket No. 13533, File No. BP-13197; Cumberland Valley Broadcasting Corporation (WTBO), Cumberland, Maryland, Docket No. 13534, File No. BP-13471; for construction permits.

It is ordered, This 1st day of June 1960, that Thomas H. Donahue will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence on September 6, 1960, in

Washington, D.C.

Released: June 1, 1960.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,

BEN F. WAPLE. [SEAL]

Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5151; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:50 a.m.]

Section 1.62 f) provides: "Where a hearing is waived,  $\epsilon$  written statement in mitigation or justification may be submitted within 30 days of the receipt of the order to show cause or within such shorter period of time as may be specified therein. The Hearing Examiner may, if the statement contains, with particularity, factual allegations denying or, in the Hearing Examiner's opinion. justifying the dacts upon which the show cause order is kased, call upon the submitting party to furnish additional information, and the Hearing Examiner shall request all opposing parties to file an answer to the written statement and/or additional information. The Hearing Examiner will then, unless he orders that further pleadings be filed, close the record and issue, on basis of the procedure delineated in this paragraph, an initial decision."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> If the respondent should fail to comply with the direction that it notify the Bureau by June 16th on the matter mentioned in the text this will be construed as a decision by it not to waive a formal hearing in this proceeding. However, the Examiner feels in view of what has transpired to date, that the respondent should make its intentions known in writing either way.

#### FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. G-17350 etc.]

#### PACIFIC GAS TRANSMISSION CO., ET AL.

#### Notice of Postponement of Oral Argument

JUNE 1, 1960.

Pacific Gas Transmission Company, Docket Nos. G-17350, G-17351 and G-17352; El Paso Natural Gas Company, Docket Nos. G-17902 and G-18033; The Montana Power Company, Docket Nos. G-17370 and G-17371.

Take notice that the oral argument in the above-designated matters now scheduled for June 21, 1960, is hereby postponed to July 6, 1960, at 10:00 a.m., e.d.s.t., in a hearing room of the Federal Power Commission, 441 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE, Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5124; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. G-19086 etc.]

# PEOPLES GULF COAST NATURAL GAS PIPELINE CO., ET AL.

#### Order Waiving Intermediate Decision Procedure and Fixing Date of Oral Argument

JUNE 1, 1960.

Peoples Gulf Coast Natural Gas Pipeline Company and Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America, Docket No. G-19086; Hassie Hunt Trust, Operator, et al., Docket No. G-19115; H. L. Hunt, Operator, et al., Docket No. G-19116; Hunt Oil Company, Docket No. G-19117; William Herbert Hunt Trust Estate, Operator, Docket No. G-19118; Lamar Hunt Trust Estate, Docket No. G-19119; George W. Graham, Inc., Operator, et al., Docket No. G-19123; Placid Oil Company, Operator, et al., Docket Nos. G-19124, G-19125; Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America, Docket No. G-20202; Iowa Southern Utilities Company, Docket No. G-20313; Missouri Utilities Company, Docket No. G-20335; City of Corning, Iowa, Docket No. G-20591; Iowa-Illinois Gas and Electric Company, Docket No. G-20593; Lateral Gas Pipeline Company, Docket No. GP60-42; Iowa Electric Light and Power Company, Docket No. CP60-43; Iowa Power and Light Company, Docket No. CP60-48.

On May 20, 1960, at the conclusion of the hearing in the above-captioned proceedings, counsel for Peoples Gulf Coast Natural Gas Pipeline Company (Peoples Gulf Coast) and Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America (Natural) moved on the record that the intermediate decision procedure be waived.

By the proposals set forth in their applications both Peoples Gulf Coast and Natural plan to construct substantial pipeline facilities and lay considerable

pipe in order to expand the capacities of their respective pipelines.

In support of the motion for waiver, Applicants counsel stated that in order to have the proposed facilities in operation by November 1, 1960, for the next winter heating season, it would be necessary to commence construction no later than July 1, 1960, and to commit for critical materials prior to that time. Counsel further indicated that its gas purchase contracts, involved in these proceedings, are subject to cancellation if a certificate has not issued to and been accepted by Peoples Gulf Coast on July 1, 1960. The producer applicants in these proceedings supported the motion stating that they were suffering severe drainage which makes it necessary for them to immediately begin the sale of gas.

The motion was unopposed by any party to the proceedings. The City of Chicago, Fuels Research Council, Inc., et al., and Staff counsel took no position with respect to the motion.

As we have indicated many times in the past, it is our intention to expedite the handling and disposition of certificate applications in which the expansion of service to areas in need of natural gas is sought. We further recognize the hardship which may be suffered by the independent producers who must await Commission action prior to the delivery of their product into interstate commerce. The Commission considers that good cause has been shown for waiving the intermediate decision procedure and for allowing oral argument before the Commission.

The Commission finds:

(1) The due and timely execution of the Commission's functions imperatively and unavoidably requires the omission of the intermediate decision procedure.

(2) Good cause has been shown for waiving the intermediate decision procedure and for allowing oral argument before the Commission at the time hereinafter fixed.

The Commission orders:

(A) The intermediate decision procedure in the above-entitled proceedings is hereby waived.

(B) The time fixed by the presiding examiner for the filing of briefs is hereby adopted.

(C) Oral argument shall be held before the Commission on July 8, 1960, at 10:00 a.m., e.d.s.t., in a hearing room of the Federal Power Commission, 441 G Street, NW., Washington, D.C. All parties intending to participate in the oral argument shall notify the Secretary of the Commission in writing on or before June 17, 1960, of such intention and of the length of time requested for presentation of their arguments. Parties having common interests should present their arguments by one representative.

By the Commission.

Joseph H. Gutride, Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5125; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

#### TARIFF COMMISSION

[337-D-21]

#### CERTAIN WOVEN MATS

#### Notice of Dismissal of Complaint

After preliminary inquiry in accordance with § 203.3 of its rules of practice and procedure (19 CFR 203.3) the United States Tariff Commission, on May 23, 1960, dismissed the complaint filed under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337) by the Chicago Weaving Corporation of Chicago, Illinois. That complaint alleged unfair methods of competition and unfair acts in the importation and sale in the United States of certain woven mats. (Notice that the complaint had been received and that a preliminary inquiry had been instituted was published in 24 F.R. 10723.)

The preliminary inquiry did not disclose to the Commission a prima facie case of substantial injury to a domestic industry resulting from the importations or sales in question. A substantial decline in sales, by domestic producers, of woven mats of the kind or class to which complainant's patent relates, began before there were any imports of such mats, and their sales of such mats in 1959 were less than in 1958 by a quantity equal to approximately three times the quantity of imports in 1959. Two firms that imported and sold woven mats allegedly made in accordance with the invention disclosed in the patent were named in the complaint, and one additional firm that imported and sold mats of the class or kind to which the patent relates was discovered during the preliminary inquiry. Importations and sales of the mats by these firms were in limited quantities, and the three firms have advised the Commission that they have no intention of engaging hereafter in importations and sales of the allegedly offending mats.

By order of the Commission.

Issued June 2, 1960.

[SEAL]

Donn N. Bent, Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5129; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:47 a.m.]

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 24SF-2639]

AUTO LUBE, INC.

Order Temporarily Suspending Exemption, Statement of Reasons Therefor, and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing

JUNE 1, 1960.

I. Auto Lube, Inc. (issuer), a Nevada corporation, 8 East Charleston Boulevard, Las Vegas, Nevada, filed with the Commission on August 13, 1959 a notification on Form 1-A and an offering circular relating to an offering of 250,000 shares of its \$1 par value common stock at \$1 per share for an aggregate of \$250,000 for the purpose of obtaining an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, pursuant to the provisions of section 3(0) and Regulation A promulgated the eunder.

II. The Commission has reasonable cause to believe that the issuer has violated Rule 261(a) (7) of Regulation A in that the issuer has failed to cooperate with the Commission in connection with its proposed offering to be made hereunder.

III. It is crdered, Pursuant to Rule 261(a) of the general rules and regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the exemption under Regulation A be, and it hereby is, temporarily suspended.

Notice is hereby given that any person having any interest in the matter may file with the Secretary of the Commission a written request for hearing within thirty days after the entry of this order; that within twenty days after receipt of such request the Commission will, or at any time upon its own motion may, set the matter down for hearing at a place to be designated by the Commission, for the purpose of determining whether this order of susrension should be vacated or made permanent, without prejudice, however, to the consideration and presentation of additional matters at the hearing; that if no hearing is requested and none is ordered by the Commission, this order shall become permanent on the thirtieth cay after its entry and shall remain in effect unless or until it is modified or vacated by the Commission; and that notice of the time and place for any hearing will be promptly given by the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5115; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:45 a.m.]

### HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Office of the Administrator

### REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES ACTIVITIES, REGION IV (CHICAGO)

### Redelegation of Authority With Respect to Housing for Educational Institutions

The Regional Director of Community Facilities Activities, Region IV (Chicago), with respect to the program of loans for housing for educational institutions authorized under Title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended (64 Stat. 77, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1749–1749c), is hereby authorized within such Region:

1. To execute loan agreements involving loans for student and/or faculty housing and/or dining facilities, and to

amend or modify any such loan agreement:

2. To execute any loan agreement under the program in the amount approved by the Community Facilities Commissioner, and to amend or modify any such loan agreement.

(62 Stat. 1283 (1948), as amended by 64 Stat. 80 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1701c; Housing and Home Finance Administrator's delegation effective April 9, 1960 (25 F.R. 3090, April 9, 1960, as corrected 25 F.R. 3198, April 13, 1960)

Effective as of the 7th day of June 1960.

[SEAL] JOHN P. McCollum, Regional Administrator, Region IV. [F.R. Doc. 60-5119; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

### REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF COMMU-NITY FACILITIES ACTIVITIES, RE-GION IV (CHICAGO)

### Redelegation of Authority With Respect to Public Facility Loans

The Regional Director of Community Facilities Activities, Region IV (Chicago), with respect to the public facility loans program authorized under section 202 of Public Law 345, 84th Congress, as amended (69 Stat. 643, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1492), is hereby authorized within such Region:

- 1. To enter into contracts with public agencies involving loans for essential public works or facilities in amounts not exceeding \$250,000, and to amend or modify any such contract provided that such amendment or modification does not increase the Federal loan beyond \$275,000:
- 2. To enter into contracts with public agencies for loans for such public works or facilities in amounts approved by the Community Facilities Commissioner, and to amend or modify any such contract provided that such amendment or modification does not increase the amount of the Federal loan approved by the Commissioner by more than \$25,000 or 10 percent, whichever is the lesser.

(62 Stat. 1283 (1948), as amended by 64 Stat. 80 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1701c; Housing and Home Finance Administrator's delegation effective April 9, 1960 (25 F.R. 3090, April 9, 1960)

Effective as of the 7th day of June 1960.

[SEAL] JOHN P. McCollum, Regional Administrator, Region IV.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5120; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

### REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES ACTIVITIES, REGION IV (CHICAGO)

### Redelegation of Authority With Respect to Public Works Planning

The Regional Director of Community Facilities Activities, Region IV (Chicago), with respect to the program of advances for public works planning authorized under section 702 of the Housing Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 641), as amend-

ed by section 112 of the Housing Amendments of 1955 (69 Stat.-641), 40 U.S.C. 462, is hereby authorized within such Region:

- 1. To execute offers to public agencies for planning projects involving advances in amounts not exceeding \$30,000 per project, and to amend or modify contracts resulting from the acceptance of such offers provided that such amendments or modifications do not increase the Federal advances for any project beyond \$30,000;
- 2. To execute offers to public agencies in amounts approved by the Community Facilities Commissioner for planning projects involving advances in excess of \$30,000, and to amend or modify contracts resulting from the acceptance of such offers, except that any amendment or modification involving a substantial increase in the scope of a project or an increase in the amount of the Federal advance shall not be executed without the prior approval of the Community Facilities Commissioner;
- 3. To approve the planning data submitted by public agencies in accordance with contracts resulting from acceptance of offers under subparagraphs 1 or 2 above;
- 4. To authorize payments under any contracts resulting from acceptance of offers under subparagraphs 1 or 2 above. (62 Stat. 1283 (1948), as amended by 64 Stat. 80 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1701c; Housing and Home Finance Administrator's delegation effective April 9, 1960 (25 F.R. 3090, April 9, 1960))

Effective as of the 7th day of June 1960.

[SEAL] JOHN P. McCollum, Regional Administrator, Region IV. [F.R. Doc. 60-5121; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

### REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF URBAN RE-NEWAL, REGION IV (CHICAGO)

### Redelegation of Authority With Respect to Slum Clearance and Urban Renewal Program, Demonstration Grant Program, and Urban Planning Grant Program

The Regional Director of Urban Renewal, Region IV (Chicago), Housing and Home Finance Agency, is hereby authorized within such Region to exercise all the authority delegated to the Regional Administrator by the Housing and Home Finance Administrator's delegation of authority effective December 23, 1954 (20 F.R. 428, Jan. 19, 1955), as amended, with respect to the slum clearance and urban renewal program authorized under Title I of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended (63 Stat. 414-421, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1450-1460), and under section 312 of the Housing Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 629, 42 U.S.C. 1450 note), with respect to the demonstration grant program authorized under section 314 of the Housing Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 629, 42 U.S.C. 1452a), and with respect to the urban planning grant program authorized under section 701 of the Housing Act of 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 640, as amended, 40

NOTICES

U.S.C. 461), except those authorities which under paragraph 5 of such delegation may not be redelegated.

5010

This redelegation supersedes the redelegations effective December 19, 1959 (24 F.R. 10315, December 19, 1959) and October 27, 1955 (20 F.R. 8678, November 24, 1955).

(62 Stat. 1283 (1948), as amended by 64 Stat. 80 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1701c; Housing and Home Finance Administrator's delegation, as amended)

Effective as of the 7th day of June 1960.

[SEAL] JOHN P. McCollum, Regional Administrator, Region IV.

[F.R. Doc. 60-5122; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

### INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

### FOURTH SECTION APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF

JUNE 2, 1960.

Protests to the granting of an application must be prepared in accordance with Rule 40 of the general rules of practice (49 CFR 1.40) and filed within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

LONG-AND-SHORT HAUL

FSA No. 36288: Cinders—Strawn, Tex., to Memphis, Tenn., and Vicksburg, Miss. Filed by Southwestern Freight Bureau, Agent (No. B-7815), for interested rail carriers. Rates on coal cinders, in carloads, from Strawn, Tex., to Memphis, Tenn., and Vicksburg, Miss.

Grounds for relief: Market competition.

Tariff: Supplement 60 to Southwestern Freight Bureau tariff I.C.C. 4319.

FSA No. 36289: Asphalt, returned, from points in Central Territory. Filed by Traffic Executive Association-Eastern Railroads, Agent (ER No. 2544), for interested rail carriers. Rates on asphalt (asphaltum), natural, by-product, or petroleum, other than paint, stain or varnish, in tank-car loads, from points in New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, to points in Delaware, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Virginia.

Grounds for relief: Carrier competi-

Tariff: Supplement 12 to Traffic Executive Association-Eastern Railroads tariff I.C. 4780.

FSA No. 36290: Substituted service—Wabash for Great American Transport, Inc., et al. Filed by Middlewest Motor Freight Bureau, Agent (No. 244), for interested carriers. Rates on property loaded in highway trailers and transported on railroad flat cars between Kansas City, Mo., on the one hand, and Chicago, Ill., Detroit, Mich., and Buffalo, N.Y., on the other, on traffic originating at or destined to such points or points beyond as described in the application.

Grounds for relief: Motor-truck competition.

Tariff: Supplement 132 to Middlewest Motor Freight Bureau tariff MF-I.C.C. 223.

FSA No. 36291: Class rates—Sea-Land Service, Inc. Filed by Sea-Land Service, Inc. (No. 23), for itself and interested motor carriers. Rates on various commodities moving on less-than-truckload class rates loaded in trailers and transported over water, joint motor-water, water-motor and motor-water-motor routes of applicant motor carriers and Sea-Land Service, Inc., between points in

Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Vermont, on the one hand, and points in Florida, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Freight forwarder competition.

Tariff: Sea-Land Service, Inc., tariff I.C.C. 2.

FSA No. 36292: Substituted service—CRI&P for Spector Freight System, Inc. Filed by Middlewest Motor Freight Bureau, Agent (No. 242), for interested carriers. Rates on property loaded in highway trailers and transported on railroad flat cars between Kansas City (Armourdale), Kans., and Wichita, Kans., on traffic originating at or destined to such points or points beyond as described in the application.

Grounds for relief: Motor-truck competition.

Tariff: Supplement 132 to Middlewest Motor Freight Bureau tariff MF-I.C.C. 223.

FSA No. 36293: Substituted service— C&NW for Bos Lines, Inc., et al. Filed by Middlewest Motor Freight Bureau, Agent (No. 245), for interested carriers. Rates on property loaded in highway trailers and transported on railroad flat cars between Chicago, Ill., and Des Moines, Iowa, on traffic originating at or destined to such points or points beyond as described in the application.

Grounds for relief: Motor-truck competition.

Tariff: Supplement 133 to Middlewest Motor Freight Bureau tariff MF-I.C.C. 223.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] HAROLD D. McCOY, Secretary,

[F.R. Doc. 60-5123; Filed, June 6, 1960; 8:46 a.m.]

### **CUMULATIVE CODIFICATION GUIDE—JUNE**

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published to date during June.

3 CFR	Page	7 CFR	Page
PROCLAMATIONS:		28	4982
Mar. 1, 1907	4923	29	4948
3351	4947	46	4845
EXECUTIVE ORDERS:		52	4949
July 2, 1910	4923	730	4983
Apr. 11, 1916	4812	909	4952
Sept. 5, 1916	4812	911	4896
Apr. 17, 1926	4814	918	4801
2242	4813	922	4953
10879	4893	936 4801, 4802,	, 4897
5 CFR		937 4856	4897
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ADAE	953	4953
89		970	4984
		980	4856
325	4948	982	4898
6 CFR		1011	4803
366	4789	1016	4803
421 4856, 4894	4895	PROPOSED RULES:	
427		27	4867
434	4982	28	4867
446		52	4867

date during June.	
7 CFR—Continued	Page
PROPOSED RULES—Contin	
717	
723	4996
725	
727	4996
943	4869
953	
978	
994	
1004	4962
9 CFR	
PROPOSED RULES:	
131	4962
12 CFR	
222	4898
13 CFR	
121	4985
PROPOSED RULES:	
121	4832
141	1002

14 CFR	Page	32 CFR—Continued
301	4954	1455 4801,
507 4803, 4899,	4955	1460
600	1857 l	1464
4859, 4899, 4900, 4955, 4956,		1467
601 4804, 4858-	4861,	32A CFR
4899, 4900, 4955, 4956, 4985,	4986	
602 4859, 4862,	4956	OIA (CH. X); OI Reg. 1
PROPOSED RULES: 600 4999,	5000	
6014831, 4921, 4999,	5000	33 CFR
608 4832,	4021	74
	1021	36 CFR
16 CFR		7 4804,
13 4862-4864, 4900, 4901, 4986,	4987	
17 CFR		38 CFR
240	4901	1
18 CFR		2
101	F010	39 CFR
•	5013	4
19 CFR		36
PROPOSED RULES:		61
14	4994	63
21 CFR		PROPOSED RULES:
120 4864,	4902	43
Proposed Rules:	1002	42 CFR
29	4962	
120 4920	4963	71
121		43 CFR
121		43 CFR 192
25 CFR	4994	192 Public Land Orders:
25 CFR 88		192 Public Land Orders:
121 25 CFR 88 PROPOSED RULES:	4994 4864	192 Public Land Orders: 833 1550
121	4994 4864	192
25 CFR 88	4994 4864	192
25 CFR 88	4994 4864 4994	192
121	4994 4864	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903 4995	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903 4995 4790 4790 4790	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4995 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4995 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790	192
121_ 25 CFR  88	4994 4864 4995 4995 4988 4903 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790	192
121_ 25 CFR  88	4994 4864 4994 4995 4995 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790	192
121	4994 4864 4994 4995 4988 4903 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790	192
121_ 25 CFR  88	4994 4864 4994 4995 4995 4995 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790 4790	192

32	CFR-	-Continued	Page
1455		4801,	4001
			4801
			4801
		<del></del>	4801
		~	4001
32/	\ CFR		
OTA	(Сн. Х	):	
	OI Reg	. 1	4957
	CFR		
			4001
			4901
36		•	
7		4804,	4992
38	CFR		
		*	4804
			4808
			1000
	CFR		
4			4991
36			4991
61			4991
63			4991
Pro	POSED R	ULES:	
	43		4994
42	CFR		
			4960
			1000
43	CFR		
<b>43</b>	CFR		4808
192_		OBBERS	4808
192_	LIC LANI	ORDERS:	
192_	LIC LANI	ORDERS:	4813
192_	LIC LANI 833 1550	ORDERS:	4813 4813
192_	LIC LANI 833 1550	O ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813
192_	1550 1989	O ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813
192_	1550 1989 2045	O ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4813
192_	1550 1989 2045 2048 2095	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4813
192_	1550 1989 2045 2048 2095	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4808
192_	1550 1989 2045 2048 2095 2097	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4808 4808
192_	1550 1989 2045 2048 2095 2097	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4808 4809 4809
192_	1550 1989 2045 2048 2095 2096 2097 2098	O ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4809 4810
192_	Lic Lani 833 1550 1989 2045 2095 2096 2096 2098 2099 2100	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4809 4810 4810
192_	LIC LANI 833 1550 1989 2045 2048 2095 2096 2097 2098 2100 2101	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4809 4810 4811
192_	LIC LANI 833 1550 1989 2045 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4809 4810 4811 4811
192_	LIC LANI 833 1550 1989 2045 2048 2095 2096 2097 2098 2100 2101 2102 2103	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4809 4810 4811 4811
192_	LIC LANI 833 1550 1989 2045 2098 2098 2099 2101 2102 2103 2104 2104	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811
192_	LIC LANI 833	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811 4812 4813
192_	LIC LANI 833 1550 1989 2045 2048 2096 2098 2101 2102 2104 2104 2104 2105 2106 2106 2106 2106 2106 2106 2106	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811 4812 4813 4813
192_	2045	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811 4812 4813 4813 4813
192_	2045 2095 2096 2100 2101 2102 2105 2106 2107 2108 2107 2108 2107 2108 2107 2108 2108 2108 2108 2108 2108 2108 2108	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811 4812 4813 4813
192_PUB	LIC LANI 833 1989 2045 2048 2096 2098 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2109 2108 2109	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4808 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811 4813 4813 4813
192_PUB:	LIC LANI 833	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4808 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811 4813 4813 4813
192_PUB:	LIC LANI 833	ORDERS:	4813 4813 4813 4813 4808 4808 4809 4810 4811 4811 4811 4813 4813 4813

47	CFRContinued	Page
Pro	POSED RULES:	
	3	
	7	5000
	8	5000
	21	4922
	CFR	
142.		4911
181.		4866
182.		4866
192.		4961
193.		4961

### Announcement

### CFR SUPPLEMENTS

(As of January 1, 1960) The following Supplements are now available:

Title 7, Part 960 to End\_\_\_\_ \$2.50 Title 14, Parts 1-39\_\_\_\_\_ \$0.65 Title 15\_\_\_\_\_ \$1.25

Previously announced: Title 3 (\$0.60); Titles 4-5 (\$1.00); Title 7, Parts 1-50 (\$0.45); Parts 51-52 (\$0.45); Parts 53-209 (\$0.40); Parts 210-399, Revised (\$4.00); Parts 900-959 (\$1.50); Title 8 (\$0.40); Title 9 (\$0.35); Titles 10-13 (\$0.50); Title 18 (\$0.55); Title 19 (\$1.00); Title 20 (\$1.25); Title 21 (\$1.50); Titles 22-23 (\$0.45); Title 24 (\$0.45); Title 25 (\$0.45); Title 26 (1939), Parts 1-79 (\$0.40); Parts 80-169 (\$0.35); Parts 170-182 (\$0.35); Parts 300 to End (\$0.40); Title 26, Part 1 (\$\$ 1.01-1.499) (\$1.75); Parts 1 (§ 1.500 to End)-19 (\$2.25); Parts 20-169 (\$1.75); Parts 170-221 (\$2.25); Part 300 to End (\$1.25); Titles 28-29 (\$1.75); Titles 30-31 (\$0.50); Title 32, Parts 1-399 (\$2.00); Parts 400-699 (\$2.00); Parts 700-799 (\$1.00); Parts 800-999, Revised (\$3.75); Part 1100 to End (\$0.60); Title 33 (\$1.75); Title 35, Revised (\$3.50); Title 36, Revised (\$3.00); Title 37, Revised (\$3.50); Title 38 (\$1.00); Title 39 (\$1.50); Title 42, Revised (\$4.00); Title 43 (\$1.00); Title 46, Parts 1–145 (\$1.00); Parts 146–149, Revised (\$6.00); Part 150 to End (\$0.65); Title 47, Parts 1–29 (\$1.00); Part 30 to End (\$0.30); Title 49, Parts 1-70 (\$1.75); Parts 71-90 (\$1.00); Parts 91-164 (\$0.45); Part 165 to End (\$1.00); Title 50 (\$0.70).

Order from the Superintendent of Documents, 4992 | Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.



Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following official Federal holidays, by the Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Serv-

by the Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, epprescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

The Federal Register will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for \$1.50 per month or \$15.00 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies (minimum 15 cents) varies in proportion to the size of the issue. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, directly to the Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended August 5, 1953. The Code of Federal Regulations is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of books and pocket supplements vary.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the Federal Register, or the Code of Federal Regulations.

•	
	-



Washington, Tuesday, June 7, 1960

## Uniform System of Accounts for Public Utilities and Licensees

### Title 18—CONSERVATION OF POWER

Chapter I—Federal Power Commission SUBCHAPTER C-ACCOUNTS, FEDERAL POWER

Order No. 218; Docket No. R-173]

PART 101-UNIFORM SYSTEM OF **ACCOUNTS PRESCRIBED FOR CLASS** A AND CLASS B PUBLIC UTILITIES AND LICENSEES

prescribed hereinafter to become effective January 1, 1961.

Part 101, \$\$ 101.02-1—101.905, cor-That System of Accounts, as revised, is tion in this proceeding the revision of its for Class A and Class B Public Utilities and Licensees, Part 101, Chapter I, Title 18, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Uniform System of Accounts Prescribed This Commission has under considera-

vised to September 1, 1957, as amended by Order No. 204 issued May 29, 1958 (23 F.R. 4160, June 12, 1958). The I System of Accounts, as revised and prescribed hereinafter, follows the numbering system (accounts, instructions, definitions, etc.) used in the Commission's responds to, and appears at pp. 4–145 of Commission's pamphlet publication scribed for Public Utilities and Licensees of its Uniform System of Accounts Pre-Subject to the Provisions of the Federal Power Act, effective January 1, 1937, repamphlet edition, referred to above.

tric power industry since the adoption of the Uniform System of Accounts mission's experience over the intervening 23 years, indicated the need for a upon interested parties, effective January 1, 1937, and the Comcordingly, this proceeding was com-Important developments in the elecmenced by Notice of Proposed Rulemakrevision of the System of Accounts. served

<sup>1</sup>The Uniform System of Accounts effective January 1, 1937, was prescribed by Comsiston Order No. 42 dated June 16, 1936 (1 F.E. 691, July 1, 1936); and was contained in the codification and reissuance of by Commission Order No. 141, December 11, 1947, effective January 1, 1948 (12 F.R. 8461).

\*\*Also see Order No. 216 issued October 22, the Commission's general rules promulgated

1959 (24 F.R. 8790, October 29, 1959),

agencies, and by publication in the Feb-eral Recister on May 14, 1959 (24 F.R. Copies of a proposed revised System of Accounts were served and published as a part of that general notice.

then proposed, are prescribed herein-after as a part of the Commission's Sys-tem of Accounts to become effective January 1, 1961. Additional revisions and modifications of those previously the Commission's System of Accounts, as Generally speaking, the revisions of proposed, are detailed hereinafter.

Overall, the more significant changes and improvements to be found in the revised System of Accounts prescribed herein are as follows:

(a) Redefinition of size classifications of electric utilities to permit more simplified accounting requirements smaller utilities;

(b) Inclusion of accounts for nuclear power plant operations;

(c) Improvement and clarification of account texts and instructions, lessening of special filing requirements for certain subject matters, provision of certain needed new instructions, simplification

of account numbering; (d) Rearrangement of balance sheet and certain other accounts to make them more informative;

not entirely, by the discontinuance of segregations of functional accounts as to (e) Reduction in the number of expense account classifications, mainly, but labor and other expenses;

(f) Expansion of items lists of account texts and clearer description of such items according to their functional nature, to facilitate use and consistency of respective account classifications;
(g) Restatements of the accounting taspects of certain accounting interpre-

None of these changes affect, adversely, the basic principles, generally, of the Commission's existing System of Accounts. They remain undisturbed. tations issued in the past.

System of Accounts accompanying the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in this proceeding, the staff of this Commission correlated its activities with the activities of the National Association of Railroad and Utility Commissioners (NARUC) which has recently prepared In recommending the form of revised a revised form of the NARUC's Uniform System of Accounts for Class

two accounting systems do differ. The staff's activities in this regard were undertaken mainly with the Committee on Statistics and Accounts of the NARUC. Subsequent to the general public nouniformity of approach to the common This was done to promote continued consistency and problems with which the two accounting systems are concerned; and to assure a minimum amount of deviation where the Class B Electric Utilities.

tice of rulemaking in this proceeding on May 14, 1959, comments and suggestions were filed by the following classes of respondents:

Legal Firms\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total

Some respondents objected to any general revision of the effective System of time consuming. Also, issue was taken with some definitions of basic terms. Other respondents urged basic changes in the accounting requirements for into settled Commission policy and decisions. Objections were made to the specificity of the records requirements These comments, criticisms, and suggestions covered a wide spectrum. for depreciation and certain other accounts. Some respondents further suggested that this Commission completely Accounts as unnecessary, expensive, and come taxes and other matters contrary abandon its cost accounting policies in favor of a fair value concept of depreciation.

this In reviewing all of the responses, the lated its activities with those of the NARUC Committee on Statistics and staff of this Commission again corre-Accounts at a conference held December 8, 9, and 10, 1959. Thereafter, the staff matter to the Commission. The staff presented its recommendations in

the following further revisions or modifications (page citations are to Volume 24 of the Federal Register, issue of May adoption of the revised System of Accounts as proposed in the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking initiating this proceeding with recommends Commission 14, 1959)

Page 3907: Definition 28, "Retirement Units": Change word "utility" in the next to last line of text to "electric".

Pages 3907-08: General Instruction 3, Numbering System: Delete present para-

graph C. Substitute the following revision:

bers herein prescribed shall appear in the descriptive headings of the ledger accounts and in the various sources of original entry; however, if a utility uses a different group of account numbers and it is not practicable to show the prescribed account numbers in the various sources of original entry, such reference titles. Each utility, however, may adopt for its own purposes a different system of account numbers (see also General Instruction 2D) provided that the num-C. The numbers prefixed to account titles are to be considered as parts of the to the prescribed account numbers may be omitted from the various sources of original entry. Moreover, each utility using different account numbers for its own purposes shall keep readily available a list of such account numbers bers provided herein. It is intended that the utility's records shall be so kept as to permit ready analysis by prescribed accounts (by direct reference to sources of original entry to the extent practicable) and to permit preparation of financial and operating statements directly from such records at the end of each accounting period according to the which it uses and a reconciliation of such account numbers with the account numprescribed accounts. 53 43

"if" after phrase "contributions in aid of construction". Sentence will then read "\* \* \* provisions for depreciation tion 1. Classification of Electric Plant at aid of construction if recorded by the In paragraph C, third sentence, add word and amortization and contributions in Pages 3908-09: Electric Plant Instruc-Effective Date of System of Accounts: accounting utility \* \* \*."

Page 3910: Electric Plant Instruction 5. Electric Plant Purchased or Sold: De-

<sup>\*</sup>All parties were given to and including I June 19, 1959, later extended to and include a ing September 30, 1959 (24 F.R. 5001, June 19, 1959), to submit data, views, and comments in writing concerning the aforesaid proposed revisions in the Commission's then effective Uniform System of Accounts.

Substitute present paragraph B(4). the following revision:

aid of construction applicable to the property acquired, shall be charged to account 102, Electric Plant Purchased or struction, unless otherwise authorized The amount of contributions in Sold, and concurrently credited to account 271, Contributions in Aid of Conby the Commission.

Page 3911: Electric Plant Instruction Land and Land Rights: Change item of Paragraph I to read:

brush, trees, and debris, except in the case of account 332, Reservoirs, Dams and Waterways, and Account 351 (Transmission Plant), Clearing Land 3. Clearing (first cost) the land of and Rights of Way.

Page 3912: Electric Plant Instruction 9, Equipment: Paragraph B, fourth line change "(\$50 or less)" to read "(for ex-

Page 3913: Electric Plant Instruction 11. Work Order and Property Record System Required: Change paragraph C ample, \$50 or less)" to read:

in which, for each plant account, the amount of the annual additions and re-C. Each utility shall maintain records subsequent to the effective date of this system of accounts, are classified so as to show the number and cost of the various record units or retirement units. tirements,

Page 3914: Operating Expense Instruction 3. Rents: Delete note follow-

Change title of Account 151 to "Fuel Page 3915: Balance Sheet Accounts. ing paragraph D. Stock."

Change title of Account 152 to "Fuel

Change title of Account 163 to "Stores Stock Expenses Undistributed."

Change title of reference 11 to "Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes." Expense Undistributed."

Change title of Account 281 to "Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes—Ac-

to "Ac-Taxes-Change title of Account 282 cumulated Deferred Income Liberalized Depreciation." celerated Amortization."

to "Ac-Taxes-Change title of Account 283 cumulated Deferred Income

Page 3917: Account 124, Other Investments: Change reference sentence at end of paragraph B to read: "(See also account 210, Gain on Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock, and account 217, Reacquired Capital Stock)". Page 3918: Account 142, Customer Accounts Receivable: Change paragraph B to read: "This account shall be main-

tained so as to permit ready segregation of the amounts due for merchandising, jobbing, and contract work."

Page 3918: Account 151, Fuel: Change title of Account 151 to "Fuel Stock."

Page 3918: Account 152, Fuel Stock

first sentence of paragraph A to read:
"A. This account shall include the cost
of materials purchased primarily for use
in the utility business for construction, Expenses: Change title of Account 152 to terials and Operating Supplies: Change "Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed." Pages 3918–19: Account 154, Plant Ma-

terials and Operating Supplies: Change title reference in last line of note to: "account 163, Stores Expense Undis-tributed." operation and maintenance purposes." Page 3919: Account 154, Plant Ma-

Page 3919: Account 163, Stores ExPage 3919: Account 163 to:
"Stores Expense Undistributed." Change to
reference to Account 152 in last line of
paragraph B to account 152 "Fuel Stock a
Expenses Undistributed."
Page 3920: Account 181, Undmortized
Debt Discount and Expense: In para1

funding transactions, as to which a special charge of similar amount shall be entered in account 428, Amortization of Debt Discount and Expense." graph E, twelfth line, place a period after the word "redemption" and delete the following: "after reducing the aggregate of such amounts by an amount equal to the saving in income taxes from the re-

Page 3921: Account 213, Discount on Capital Stock; Page 3922: Account 214, Capital Stock Expense: In paragraph B, line 10, of the above accounts, place a period after "account 210" and delete the following: ", and provided, further, that in no event shall debits in excess of accumulated credits from the retirement of stock be charged to account 210."

of the above account, place a period after "210" and delete the following: ", and provided, further, that in no event Page 3922: Account 217, Reacquired Capital Stock: In paragraph B, line 15,

shall debits in excess of accumulated credits from the retirement of stock be

cumulated Deferred Income Taxes" and delete the first paragraph. Per Commission Order No. 216, issued October 22, 1959, substitute the following recharged to account 210."
Page 3924: 11. Accumulated Deferred
Taxes on Income: Change title to "Acvision:

sion a copy of its plan of accounting for deferred taxes on income. The filling of such order or other authorization, or accounting plan, shall constitute permission for additional accumulations of deferred taxes on income. Account 283 is provided for use of those public utili-ties and licensees which have obtained permission of the Commission for specific types of deferrals on taxes on income public service commission having accounting jurisdiction, the public utility or licensee shall file with this Commisother than with respect to accelerated amortization or liberalized depreciation. to practice deferred tax accounting of the state public service commission also having jurisdiction shall be filed with the Commission, or, in the absence of a state Public utilities and licensees shall use the accounts provided below for prior copy of the order or other authorization accumulations of deferred taxes on income and for additional provisions.

Page 3924: Account 281, Accumulated Deferred Taxes on Income—Accelerated change first sentence of paragraph A to read: "A. This account shall be credited and account 410, Provision for Deferred 281 to "Accumulated Deferred Income Amortization: Change title of Account Taxes-Accelerated Amortization" Income Taxes, shall be \* \* \*."

Change first sentence of paragraph B ferred in Prior Years-Credit, shall be \* \* \* ., ited and account 411, Income Taxes Deto read: "B. This account shall be deb-

end of paragraph E to read: "account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit, \* \* \*." Change fourth and third lines from

change first sentence of paragraph A to read: "A. This account shall be credited Page 3924: Account 282, Accumulated Deferred Taxes on Income-Liberalized Depreciation: Change title of Account 282 to "Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes—Liberalized Depreciation" and

Change first sentence of paragraph B and account 410, Provision for Deferred Income Taxes, shall be \* \* •."

to read: "B. This account shall be debited and account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit, shall be \* \* \*."

Other" and change fourth and fifth lines of paragraph A to read: " \* \* and Change fourth and third lines from Page 3925: Account 283, Accumulated Deferred Taxes on Income—Other: Change title of Account 283 to "Accu-milated. Deferred Income Taxes account 410, Provision for Deferred Income Taxes \* \* \* "... E to read: "count 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years-Credit, \* \* \*." mulated Deferred Income end of paragraph

graph B to read: "debited and account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Change third and fourth lines of para-Years—Credit,".

end of paragraph D to read: "Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Yearsfrom Change fourth and third lines Credit, • • •."

erators are so integrated that it is not practical to classify them separately, the entire unit may be included in account 344 Generators." Page 3930: Account 344, Generators: At end of list of items add the following note: "Note: If prime movers and gen-

Page 3932: Account 368, Line Transformers: Add the following to list of items:

Capacitors.
 Network Protectors.

ferred Income Taxes"; Change title of Account 411 to "Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit." Page 3934: Income Accounts: Change title of Account 410 to "Provision for De-

Deferred Taxes on Income: Change title Page 3935: Account 410, Provision for of Account 410 to "Provision for Deferred Income Taxes."

Change reference to Account 411 in third to last line of text of account to read "account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years-Credit."

Change title of Account 411 to "Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit." Page 3935: Account 411, Taxes on Income Deferred in Prior Years—Credit:

Change reference to Account 410 in last line of text of account to read: "Provision for Deferred Income Taxes",

Page 3936: Following the text of Account 426 Other Income Deductions add the following note: "Note: The classification of expenses as nonoperating and to the contrary for ratemaking or other their inclusion in this account is for accounting purposes. It does not preclude Commission consideration of proof purposes."

counts to be credited to this account is not significant with respect to net in-come determination for the year, it may ating income account. (See also General Instruction 7. Delayed Items.)."

Page 3936: Account 435, Miscellaneous sentence of Account 434, add the following sentence: "If an amount otherwise be credited to the appropriate nonoper-Page 3936: Account 434, Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus: After the first full required by the Uniform System of Ac-

(See ing sentence: "If an amount otherwise sentence of Account 435, add the followcounts to be charged to this account is to income determination for the year, it may be also General Instruction 7. Delayed Debits to Surplus: After the first full required by the Uniform System of Accharged to the appropriate nonoperatincome deduction account. not significant with respect Items.)." ing

Page 3937: Account 442, Commercial and Industrial Sales: Present note be-

Add the following note as Note A to the text of Account 442 comes "Note B'

mercial and industrial customers and related revenues on a lesser basis than 1000 kilo-watts of demand, or segregates industrial Nore A: If the utility classifies large com-

a recognized definition of an industrial customer, such classifications are acceptable in lieu of those otherwise required by the text of this account on the basis of 1000 customers and related revenues according to kilowatts of demand.

Expense Undistributed."

nance Expense Accounts: Delete "and improvements" from title of Account Page 3938: Operation and Mainte-

line of paragraph B, change reference to Account 151, Fuel to "account 151, Fuel Stock." Page 3939: Account 501, Fuel: Second

fits to be derived from the revised System For the convenience of all parties con-

of Accounts, as prescribed herein.

Sixth and seventh lines of paragraph B, change reference to Account 152, to "account 152, Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed" Undistributed.

of fuel stock and fuel stock expenses At the end of paragraph B, add the following sentence: "Respective amounts shall be readily available."

Page 3941: Account 529, Maintenance of Structures and Improvements: Delete

Page 3942: Account 547, Fuel: Change "and Improvements" from title of account.

the reference to Account 151, Fuel, in the second line of the text of Account 547 to "account 151, Fuel Stock." Page 3945: Account 588, Miscellane-

ous Distribution Expenses: Change the reference to Account 163 in last line of item 8 to "account 163, Stores Expense Undistributed."

Page 3947: Account 913, Advertising Expenses: Change the last three lines of 915, as appropriate, on the basis of space, time, or other proportional factors." Note B to read: "and accounts 416 or

surance: In Note B(1), change reference Page 3948: Account 924, Property In-

Act that the proposed revised System of Accounts as set forth in the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (24 F.R. 3906for the purposes of the Federal Power forth above, be adopted and promulgated as this Commission's revised Uniform lic Utilities and Licensees subject to the sented, it is necessary and appropriate 3949) and as modified by the changes set provisions of the Federal Power Act, effective January 1, 1961, all in the man-System of Accounts Prescribed for Pubto Account 163 to: "account 163, Stores The Commission recognizes that some burden and expense will have to be borne by the accounting and reporting parties affected in connection with the transition from the present to the revised System of Accounts. However, the Commission is of the opinion that the physical burden and monetary cost of the changeover is of minor importance when viewed in relation to the immediate and future bene-

(2) Good cause exists for the adoption of the revised System of Accounts set forth herein to be effective as of Janner as hereinafter provided. uary 1, 1961.

The Commission, acting pursuant to

the Federal Power Act, as amended, particularly sections 301(a), 304, and 309 (16 U.S.C. 825, 825c, and 825h), orders: (A) Effective January 1, 1961, §§ 101.02-1 through 101.905, Part 101 of Subchapter C—Accounts, Federal Power Act (18 CFR 101.02-1 through 101.905) are amended to read as provided by Apcerned, Appendix A set forth below correlates the account titles of the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts Prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees Subject to the Provisions of the Federal Power Act, effective January 1, 1937, with the revised System of Accounts 1961. Being a schematic presentation only, and of a very general nature, nothing contained therein shall be construed as in any way modifying the general or

prescribed herein effective January 1,

pendix B set forth below.
(B) Effective January 1, 1961, all Class A and Class B Public Utilities and Licenkeep their accounts in the manner set forth in the revised System of Accounts (C) The Secretary of the Commission sees under the Federal Power Act shall appearing in Appendix B set forth below

Also, it should be noted that for the

period of time required for the prepara-

Systems of

specific account titles, texts, and instruc-

tions of either of

Accounts.

tion and publication of the revised Sys-tem of Accounts prescribed herein in

pamphlet form, the revised System of will be available in the printed form set

Accounts (18 CFR 101.02-1-101.905)

forth below as Appendix B. The Commission finds:

shall cause prompt publication of order.

Issued: June 7, 1960

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

(1) In view of the foregoing, and upon consideration of all relevant matters pre-

Secretary. JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,

APPENDIX A-Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Villities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1937, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961

esa	αy,	Jun	e 7	, 1	960	<i>y</i> •					rei	)EK#	YL K	EGISI	EK					
system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	BALANCE : SHEET ACCOUNTS	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	1. Utility Plant	Electric plant in service. Electric plant purchased. Electric plant sold. Electric plant in process of reclassification. Electric plant leased to others. Electric plant held for future use. Construction work in progress.	<u>स</u>	Reserve for depreciation of electric plant leased	Reserved depreciation of electric plant held	æ	Reserve for amortization of limited term elec- tric investment—electric plant leased to	Reserve for amortization of limited term electric investments—electric plant held for	四四	Electric plant adjustments. Cother utility plant. Reserve for depreciation and amortization of other property.	2. Investment and Fund Accounts	Other physical property.  Reserve for depreciation and amortization of other property.		Advances to associated companies. Other investments.		
, to the		No.				100.1 392 100.6 100.2 100.4	. 250.1	250.2	250.3	251.1	251. 2	251.3	100. 5 252	107 108 253		253	111.1	112.2	114.2	
1, 1, 1961	•	No.				101 102 103 104 105 106 106	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	116 118 119		121	123	124	128	
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	1. Utility Plant	Electric plant in service.  Electric plant purchased or sold.  Electric plant in process of reclassification.  Electric plant beased to others.  Completed construction not classified—electric.  Construction work in progress—electric.  Acamaniated provision for depreciation and	amortization: Accumulated provision for depreciation of	electric plant in service. Accumulated provision for depreciation of	Accumulated provision for depreciation of	Accumulated program for amortization of	Accumulated provision for amortization of electric plant leased to others.	Accumulated provision for amortization of electric plant held for future use.	Electric plant acquisition adjustments.	electric plants acquistion acquistments. Other electric plant adjustments. Accumulated provision for depocation and amortzacion of other utility plant.	2. Other Property and Investments	Accumisted provision for depreciation and	Investment in associated companies	Other investments	Depreciation fund. Amortization fund—Federal. Miscellaneous smerla funds	•
the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	No Account title	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	1. Vility Plant	Blectric plant in service.   Blectric plant lessed to others.   Blectric plant lessed to others.   Blectric plant lessed to others.   Construction work in progress—electric.   Blectric plant held for future use.   Blectric plant held for future adjustments.   Blectric plant adjustments.   Blectric plant adjustments.   Blectric plant adjustments.   Construction plant adjustmen							,		2. Other Property and Incestments	121 Nonutility property. 123 Investment in associated companies.		126 Deprecation fund.		_
1937, to		Z O Z	<u>                                      </u>			100.1 100.2 100.4 100.6 100.6			<u>.</u>							-1-1	112.2	114.1	4 <u>i</u>	-
effective Jan. 1	an. 1, 1937	Z					_						<u> </u>		nts				-	-
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accounts	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	1. Utility Plant	Electric plant in service.  Electric plant leased to others.  Construction work in progress.  Electric plant held for future use.  Electric plant adquistion adjustments.  Electric plant in process of reclassification.  Electric plant adjustments.	Other neutry pigns								2. Investment and Fund Accounts	Other physical property. Investment in securities of associated companies.	Advances to associated companies	Surking lunds. Depreciation fund—Federal Amortization fund—Federal	Miscellaneous special funds	

APPENDIX A-Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1987, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961—Continued

			ļ ģ	,,				es. infes.						rges.				
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS-Continued	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS—Continued	5. Current and Accrued Assets	Cash. Interest sp. Dividend : Miscellane Working fr. Temporar: Notes rece.		Notes receivable from associated companies. Accounts receivable from associated companies.	Materials and supplies—electric.	Materials and supplies—other.	New account.	New account. Stores expense—clearing. Propayments. Interest and dividends receivable. Rents receivable. Accured utility revanues. Other current and accured assets.	4. Deserred Debits	Unamortized debt discount and expense. Extraordinary property losses. Preliminary Survey and investigation charges. Clearing accounts. New account. Other deferred debtts.	·			
11, to the		No.				120 121.1 121.2 122.3 122.3 7,124	<u></u>	126.1	31.1	31.2		25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2		140 142 143 146 146				
an. 1, 196		No.				132 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133	3 3 4	145	152 152	55. 57.	158	159 163 165 171 172 173 173	-	181 182 183 184 186 186				
From the system of accounts effective Je	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS—Continued	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS-Continued	3. Current and Accrued Assets	Cash.  Interest special deposits.  Divided special deposits.  Other special deposits.  Working funds.  Temporary cash investments.	Customer accounts receivable. Other accounts receivable. Accurational provision for uncollectible ac-	Notes receivable from associated companies Acounts receivable from associated companies From the companies	Fuel stock expenses undistributed. Residuals Plant materials and operating supplies.	Merchandise. Other materials and supplies. Nuclear fuel assemblies and components—in	reactor. Nuclear fuel assemblies and components—stock	Nuclear byproduct materials Stores expenses undistributed Prepayments Interest and dividends receivable Rents receivable A cerued utility revenues Missellaneous current and accrued assets	4. Deserred Debits	Unamortized debt discount and expense— Extraordinary property losses. Preliminary survey and investigation charges. Clearing accounts. Temporary facilities. Miscellaneous deferred debits.				-
system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS-Continued	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS-Continued .	5. Current and Accrued Assets	Cash. Interest special deposits. Dividend special deposits. Other special deposits. Other special deposits. Temporary eash investments. Notes receivable	Customer accounts receivable. Other accounts receivable. Notes receivable from associated companies. Filminated—charges to the massociated companies.	Interest and divi			Miscellaneous current and accrued assets.		4. Deserred Debits	Unamortized debt discount and expense. Straordinary property losses. Preliminary survey and investigation charges. Clearing accounts. Cleminaced-charges to be made to account 108.) Kilminated-charges to be made to account 188.) Miscellaneous deferred debits.		Discount on capital stock. Capital stock expense.	Reacquired capital stock. Reaccuired bands	
37, to the		No.				131 132 134 134 141 141	142 143 145 146	122			174			181 182 183 184 184		213	222	
an. 1, 19		No.				24 E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	125.1 125.2 126.1 126.2	888	131.1		133			141 142 143 145 146 146		150	152	
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accounts	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS-Continued	ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITScontinued	3. Current and Accrued Assets	Cash Interest special deposits. Dividend special deposits. Miscellaneous special deposits. Working funds. Temporary eash investments. Notes receivable.	Accounts recelvable—customens. Other accounts receivable. Notes receivable from associated companies. Subscriptions to capital stock.	Interest and dividends receivable. Rents receivable. Accrued utility revenues.	Materials and supplies—electric.	Materials and supplies—other	Other current and accrued assets.		4. Deferred Debits	Unamortized debt discount and expense	5. Capital Stock Discount and Expense	Discount on capital stock	6. Reaguired Securities Reacquired capital stock. Reacquired lone-term dobt	

APPENDIX A.—Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Othities and Ucensees effective Jan. 1, 1937, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961—Continued

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1837, to the system of accounts System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1837  System of accounts	Sys	2 1 2 1	rystem of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961 System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1967 System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	1, 1961,	to the s	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1837 System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
No. No.			Account title	Account title	No.	No.	Account title
BALANCE SHE	BALANCE SHE	BALANCE SHE	EET ACCOUNTS—Continued	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS—Continued			BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS—Continued LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS
5. Pr	6. Pr	6. Pr	ropridary Capital	5. Propridary Capital			7. Capital Stock
Common stock i Preferred stock i Common stock	Common stock i Preferred stock i Common stock	eferred stock is mmon stock is	issued. issued. liability for conversion.	Common stock Issued	201	88	14. Surplus Common capital stock.
205 Preferred Stock 207 Premiums on ca 202 Common stock is 205 Preferred stock is 219 Installmants rack	Preferred Stock Premiums on ca Common stock s Preferred stock s	elerred stock light on cap mumon stock st eferred stock su eferred stock s	liability for conversion. pital stock. subscribed. subscribed.	Common stock lability for conversion. Preferred stock issued. Preferred stock stand. Preferred stock stabsorboard.	2022 2023 2024 2024	38588	Capital stock subscribed, Stock liability for conversion. Preferred capital stock. Capital stock buseribed. Stock liability for conversion.
	Baj samaminasim	20a1 comamnonc	IVEU OIL Capited STUCK.	Freierred stock infolity for bouversion.  Premium on capital stock  Donations received from stockholders.	888	388	Stock Hability for conversion. Premiums on assessments on capital stock, New secount (included in account 270, capital
-	·			Reduction in par or stated value of capital stock	500		Surplus). New second (included in account 270, capital
		•		Gain on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock. Miscellancous paid-in-capital	210		New account (included in account 270, capital surplus). New account (included in account 270, capital
				Installment received on capital stock Discount on explicit stock Capital stock expense. Approprinted earned surplus. Unappropriated earned surplus Resequired capital stock.	212 213 214 215 216 216	205 150 151 413 271 152	sur plusy. Installments received on capital stock. Discount on capital stock. Capital stock expanse. Miscellaneous reservations of surplus. Barned surplus stock. Reseculted capital stock.
Donde 6.	9	60	Long-Term Ded:	8. Long-Term Debt			8. Long-Term Debt
210 224 Other long-term debt. 212.2   223 Advances from associated Companies.		ther long-term del Ivances from asso	bt. cisted Companies.	Bonds. Reacquired bonds. Advances from associated companies.	222	210 153 212. 1 212. 2	Bonds. Reacquired long-term debt. Advances from associated companies—notes. Advances from associated companies—open
224 Other long-term	man-seem			Other long-term debt	224	211	accounts. Receiver's certificates. Miscellaneous long-term debt.
7. Current an	7. Current an	7. Current an	and Accrued Liabilities	7. Current and Accrued Liabilities			9. Current and Accrued Liabilities
221 141 Notes payable. 222 232 Accounts payable associated companies. 223. 1 234 Accounts payable to associated companies. 223. 2 234 Accounts payable to associated companies. 224 Dividends declared.		otes payable. otes receivable. xcounts payable. stes payable to ass xcounts payable to averable to ave	Notes payable. Notes receivable. Accounts payable. Notes payable to associated companies. Accounts payable to associated companies. Dividends declared.	Notes payable Accounts payable to associated companies. Accounts payable to associated companies. Accounts payable to associated companies. Taxts accruded.	222222	822.22.22 22.22.22.22 22.22.22.22	Notes payable. Accounts payable. Accounts payable to associated companies. Accounts payable to associated companies. Taxes accurate deposits.
8 88£8 ~		atured long-term atured interest. astomer deposits. txes accrued. terest accrued.	lobs.	In erest accrued  Dividends declared  Matured long-term debt.  Matured interes are also account of a control	230 240 240	229. 2 224. 2 225. 2 226.	Interest secured on long-term debt, Interest secured on other liabilities. Dividends declared. Matured long-term debt, Manured interest.
242		iscellaneous curre	Miscellaneous current and accrued liabilities.	Miscellaneous current and accrued liabilities	242	830	Other current and accrued Habilities.
251		namortized pren	nium on debt.	Unamortized premium on debt	281	240	Unamortized premium on debt.
242   252   Customers adve		her deferred o	Customers advances for construction.  Other deferred credits.	Customers advances for construction.	252	242	Customers advances for construction. Other deferred credits.

APPENDIX A—Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1937, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961—Continued

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of account	n. 1, 1937	, to the s	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	1. 1, 1961,	, to the s	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937			System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961			System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Account title	Ŋ.	No.	Account title	Account title	No.	No.	Account title
BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTSContinued			BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS-Continued	BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS—Continued			BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS—Continued
LABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS-Continued			LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS—continued	LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS-Continued			LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS—continued
11. Reserves			9. Operating Reserves	9. Operating Reserves			11. Reserves
Reserve for depreciation of electric plant in	250.1	108		Property insurance reserve	261	255	
Reserve for depreciation of electric plant leased	250.2	109		Injuries and damages reserve. Pensions and benefits reserve.	383	823	
Reserved depreciation of electric plant held	250.3	110	Accumulated provision for depreciation of	Amorpization reserve—rederation	\$ 58	258.2	Amortization fund—rederal. Other reserves.
Reserve for amortization of limited-term electric	251, 1	III		,			
mvestments—electric plant in service. Reserve for amortization of limited-term electric	251.2	112					·
investments—electric plant leased to others.  Reserve for amortization of limited-term electric	251.3	113	electric plant leased to others.  Accumulated provision for amortization of				
investments—electric plant held for future use.  Reserve for amortization of electric plant acquisi-	252	115					
tion adjustments.  Reserve for depreciation and amortization of	253	119					
other property.  Reserve for uncollectible accounts	254	144	amortization of other utility plant. Accumulated provision for uncollectible ac-				
Insurance reserve. Injuries and damages reserve. Employees' provident reserve	255 256 257	15 25 25 26 25 26 26 25 26 26 26 26 25 26 25 26 26 25 26 2	counts—creuit. Property insurance reserve. Injuries and damages reserve. Pension and benefits reserve				
Amortization reserve—Federal. Miscellaneous reserves.	258.1 258.2	88	Amortization reserve—Federal. Miscellaneous operating reserve.		-		
12. Contributions in Aid of Construction			10. Contributions in Aid of Construction.	10. Contributions in Aid of Construction			12. Contributions in Aid of Construction
Contributions in aid of construction	265	271	Contributions in aid of construction.	Contributions in aid of construction	27.1	265	Contributions in aid of construction.
18. Accumulated Deferred Taxes on Income			11. Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	11. Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes			18. Accumulated Deferred Taxes on Income
Accumulated deferred taxes on income-acceler-	266.1	182	Accumulated deferred income taxes—acceler-	Accumulated deferred income taxes—accelerated	182	266.1	Accumulated deferred taxes on income-
Accumulated deferred taxes on income—liberal-	266.2	282	Accumulated deferred income taxes—liberal-	Accumulated deferred income taxes—liberal-	282	266.2	Accountlated deferred taxes on income-
Accumulated deferred taxes on income—other	266.3	8	aced depreciation.  Accumulated deferred income taxes—other.	Accumulated deferred income taxes—other	283	266.3	Accumulated deferred taxes on income-other.
14. Surplus		208	•				
		503	Reduction in par or stated value of capital				
Capital surplus	220	210	Stock.  Gain or resale on cancellation of reacquired		•		
Earned surplus	27.1	211	Miscellaneous paid in capital. Appropriated earned surplus.				
「レースト・リー・リー 日日 カート 日本日 中央 日本日 日本日 日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本		7 210 i	Unappropriated earned surpius.	_	-	-	_

APPENDIX A.—Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1937, soith the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961.—Continued

	(Lg)			, -					-	, 25%	.,		<b>.</b>			
system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	ELECTRIC PLANT ACCOUNTS	1. Intangible Plant	Organization. Franchises and consents. Miscellaneous intangible plant.	2. Production Plant	A. Steam Production	Land and land rights. Structures and improvements. Boiler plant equipment. Engines and engine driven generators. Turbogenerator units. Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous power plant equipment.		New accounts.	B. Hydraulic Production	Land and land rights. Structures and improvements. Reservoirs, dams, and waterwars. Water wheels, turbines, and generators. Accessory electric equipment. Aliscellaneous power plant equipment. Roads, railroads, and bridges.	C. Internal Combustion Engine Production	Land and land rights. Structures and improvements. Structures and improvements. Fuel holders, producers, and accessories. Internal combustion engines. Generators. Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous power plant equipment.	5. Transmission Plant	Land and land rights. Clearing land and rights-of-way. Structures and improvements. Station equipment. Towers and fixtures. Poles and fixtures. Overhead conductors and devices. Underground conduit. Underground conductors and devices. Roads and trails.
l, to the		No.			303 303 303			8888889 888889				88888888		. 88888888 8888888888888888888888888888		25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2
n. 1, 1961		No.			303 303 303			310 313 313 314 315 316		320 322 323 324 324 324		332 332 335 335 335 335		340 342 343 345 346 346		355 45 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 5
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	ELECTRIC PLANT ACCOUNTS	1. Intangible Plant	Organization Franchises and consents. Miscellaneous intangible plant.	2. Production Plant	A. Steam Production	Land and land rights.  Structures and inprovements.  Boiler plant equipment.  Engines and engine driven generators.  Thogenerator units.  Accessory electric equipment.  Miscellaneous power plant equipment.	B. Nuclear Production	Land and land rights Structures and in provements Reactor plant equipment. Turbogenerator units Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous power plant equipment.	C. Hydraulic Production	Land and land rights  Structures and improvements Reservoirs, dams, and waterways. Water wheels, turbines, and generators Accessory electric equipment. Miscellamous power plant equipment Roads, railroads, and bridges.	D. Other Production	Land and land rights Structures and all improvements Fuel holders, producers, and accessories. Prine movers Generators Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous pover plant equipment	3. Transmission Plant	Land and land rights.  Clearing land and rights-of-way Clearing land and rights-of-way Structures and improvements. Station equipment. Towers and fixtures Poles and fixtures Overhead conductors and devices Underground conductors and devices Koads and trails.
system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	Electric Plant Accounts	1. Intangible Plant	Organization. Franchises and consents. Miscellaneous intangible plant.	2. Production Plant	A. Steam Production	Land and land rights. Structures and improvements. Boiler plant equipment. Engines and engine driven generators. Turbogenerator units. Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous power plant equipment.			C. Hydraulic Production	Land and land rights. Schrotures and improvements. Reservoirs, dams, and waterways. Water wheels, turbines, and generators. Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous power plant equipment. Roads, railroads, and bridges.	D. Other Production	Land and land rights. Structures and improvements. Ruel holders, producers, and accessories. Prine movers: Generators. Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous power plant equipment.	3. Transmission Plant	Land and land rights. Clearing land and rights-of-way. Structures and improvements. Station equipment. Towers and fatures. Poles and fatures. Poles and fatures. Towers and devices. Underground conductors and devices. Was
to the		Ño.			303 303 303			310 312 313 314 315				332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332		340 342 342 345 345 346		355 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55
1, 1, 1937		No.			303			93.54 93.54 93.54 93.54 93.54				32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32		333 333 335 335 335 335		25.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accounts	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	Electric Plant Accounts	1. Intangible Plant	Organization. Franchises and consents. Miscellaneous intangible plant	2. Production Plant	A. Steam Production	Land and land rights.  Eductures and improvements.  Boiler plant equipment.  Engines and engine driven generators.  L'ub égenerator units.  Accessory electric equipment.  Miscellaneous power plant equipment.			B. Hydraulic Production	Land and land rights  Estubtures and improvements  Reservoirs, dams, and waterwys.  Water wheels, turbines, and generators  Accessory, electric equipment.  Miscellameous power plant equipment.  Roads, railroads, and bridges.	C. Internal Combustion Engine Production	Land and land rights  Furtheres and improvements  Fuel holders, producers, and accessories  Generators  Accessory electric equipment  Miscellaneous power plant equipment.	3. Transmission Plant	Land and land rights.  Clearing land and rights-of-way Structures and improvements. Station equipment.  Station equipment futures.  Poles and futures  Poles and futures  Underground conductors and devices.  Underground conduct.  Underground conductors and devices.
		 0P8	1		OF Z		ż	HOMMHAN	٠		EQ.	HWARASH	0	NO WHO AN		MCG0749880H

APPBINDER A.—Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1957, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961.—Continued

<b>44</b>				•	ROLES AND REGOLA	MIIONS	
system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	ELECTRIC PLANT ACCOUNTS—Continued 4. Distribution Plant	Land and land rights. Structures and Improvements. Structures and Improvements. Storage battery equipment. Storage battery equipment. Storage battery equipment. Overhead conductors and devfees. Underground conductors and devfees. Underground conductors and devfees. Line transformers. Meters. Meters. Meters. Installations on customers' premises. Leased property on customers' premises. Street lighting and signal systems.	Land and land rights. Structures and improvements. Office furniture and equipment. Transportation equipment. Slores equipment. Slop equipment. Trools and work equipment. Laboratory equipment. Now account. Now account. May account. Miscellaneous equipment. Miscellaneous equipment. Other tangible property.		
, to the		Ñō.		88888888888888888888888888888888888888	370 373 373 374 375 376 376 378 378		
n. 1, 1961		No.		360 361 362 363 364 367 367 371 371 371 371	389 391 391 393 394 395 396 398 398		
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	ELECTRIC PLANT ACCOUNTS—Continued 4. Distribution Plant	Land and land rights.  Structures and improvements Station equipment. Storage battery equipment. Poles, towers and futures. Overbead conductors and devices. Underground conductors and devices. Line transformers. Services. Installations on customers premises. Leased property on customers premises. Leased property on customers premises. Leased property on customers premises. Street lighting and signal systems.	Land and land rights.  Structures and improvements. Office furniture and equipment. Transportation equipment. Transportation equipment. Tools, shop and garage equipment. Ishoratory equipment. Communication equipment. Miscellaneous equipment. Other tangible property.	(In the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, the earned surplus accounts are included with the income accounts. See below.)	
system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	Electric Plant Accounts—Continued  1. Distribution Plant	Land and is Structures a Structures a Structures a Structure equipment of Structure of Structure of Overhead to Undergrount Line translot Services Meters. Installations Leased prop. Leased prop. Leased prop. Leased prop.	Land and land ri Structures and in Office furniture as Transportation en Transportation en Transportation en Transportation en Troois, shop and g Communication en Miscellaneous en Other tangible pr	Credits: Unappropriated earned surplus (at beginning of period). Balance transferred from income. Miscellaneous credits to surplus, Debits: Balance transferred from income.	Dividends declared—preferred stock, Dividends declared—common stock. Appropriations of surplus. Miscellaneous debits to surplus. Unappropriated earned surplus (at end of period).
7, to the		Zo.		360 362 362 362 362 363 364 371 371 372	389 3994 3997 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	433 434 434 434	437 438 436 216
n. 1, 193		ÿ		35.55 35 35.55 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 3	370 371 372 373 374 377 378 390 390 390	271 400 410 410	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1837, to the system of accounts	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	Electric Plant Accounts—Confined	Land and land rights Structures and improvements Station equipment. Storage battery equipment. Poles, towers and fixtures. O'nefrend ordulutions and devices. Underground conductors and devices. Line transformers. Services. Services. Installations on customers' premises. Leased property on customers' premises. Street lightling and signal systems.	Land and land rights Structures and improvements Office furniture and equipment Stores equipment. Stores equipment Stores equipment Stores equipment Tantsportation equipment Tools and work equipment. Office its and work equipment. Other tangible property Electric plant purchased Electric plant purchased Electric plant sold. Electric plant sold.	Credits: Earned surplus (at beginning of period) Credit balance transferred from income account. Miscellaneous credits to surplus. Debits: Debit balance transferred from income account.	Ocult. Dividend appropriations—preferred stock. Dividend appropriations—common stock Miscellaneous reservations of surplus Miscellaneous deblis to surplus. Earned surplus (at end of period).

Jan. 1, 1937, with the revised system of accounts ejective Jan. 1, 1961—Continued	perm the custom of accounts offentive Ion 1 1061 to the custom of encounts offentive Ion 1 1027
prescribed for Fuduo Utilities and Licensees effective i	T 1061
APPENDIX A-Comparison of the uniform system of accounts	Draw the erretum of eccessive affective Is 1 1027 to the erretum of eccessive

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	Account title	INCOME ACCOUNTS  1. Utility Operating Income	Operating revenues. Operating revenue deductions: Operating expenses. Depreciation. Amortization of limited-term electric invest-	Ments.  New account.  New account.  Soft and institution of electric plant acquisition adjustments.  Property losses chargeable to operations.  Taxes.  Taxes on income deferred in prior years—redit.  Income from electric plant leased to others.  Soft and the utility operating income.	2. Other Income	Income from merchandising, jobbing, and contract work.  Tracts work.  Theome from nonutility operations.  Revenues from lesse of other physical properations.  S23 Revenues.  S24 Income from suking and other funds.  S25 Revenues from suking and other funds.  S26 Revenues from suking and other funds.  S27 Revenues from suking and other funds.  S28 Revenues from suking and other funds.	Miscellaneous amortization.  Miscellaneous income deductions.  Miscellaneous income deductions.  Miscellaneous income debt.  Amortization of debt discount and expense.  Amortization of debt discount and expense.  Amortization of premium on debt.—redit.  Interest on debt to associated companies.  Taxes assumed on interest.  Miscellaneous charges.  Interest charges to construction—credit.  Earned surplus (at beginning of period).  Credit balance transferred from income account.  Miscellaneous credits to surplus.  Miscellaneous credits to surplus.  Miscellaneous credits of surplus.  Miscellaneous reservations of surplus.  Miscellaneous reservations of surplus.	271   Earned surplus (at end of period).
961, to t		No.	<u> </u>						
an. 1, 1	1	No.			412,	<del></del> ;	415,		
From the system of accounts effective	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	. Account title	Income Accounts 1. Utility Operating Income	Operating revenues. Operation expenses. Maintenance expense. Depreciation expense. Depreciation expense. Amortization of limited-term electric plant.	Amortization of other electric plant.  Amortization of electric plant acquisition adjustments.  Amortization of property losses.  Amortization of property losses.  Income taxes.  Provision for deferred income taxes.  Provision for deferred in prior years—credit.  Income from electric plant leased to others  Other utility operating income.	2. Other Income	Income from merchandising, jobbing and contract work.  Income from nonutility operations.  Nonoperating rental income.  Interest and dividend income.  Miscellaneous nonoperating income.  3. Miscellaneous Income Deductions	Miscellaneous amortization Other income deductions.  i. Interest Charges Interest on long-term debt. Amortization of debt dissount and expense. Amortization of of the Missount and expense. Interest on debt to associated companies. Other interest expense.  i. Earned Surplus Unappropriated earned surplus (at beginning of period). Balance transferred from income. Miscellaneous credits to surplus. Miscellaneous debits to surplus. Miscellaneous debits to surplus. Miscellaneous debits to surplus. Dividends debetaed—perferred stock. Dividends deelared—perferred stock.	Unappropriated earned surplus (at end of period).
system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	Account title	INCOME ACCOUNTS 1. Utility Operating Income	Operating revenues. Operating expenses: Operation expense. Maintenance expense. Maintenance expense. Amortization expense. Amortization of limited-term electric plant.	Amortization of electric plant acquisition adjustments. Amortization of property losses. Taxes other than income taxes. Provision for delerred income taxes. Income taxes deferred in prior years—credit. Income fraves deferred in prior years—credit. Income fraves deferred in prior years—credit. Other utility operating income.	2. Other Income	Income from merchandising, jobbing and contract your. Income from nonutility operations. Nonoperating rental income. Interest and dividend income. Miscellaneous nonoperating income.  8. Miscellaneous Income Deductions 4. Interest Charges	Interest on long-term debt. Amortization of debt discount and expense. Amortization of debt discount and expense. Amortization of premium on debt—credit. Other interest expense. Other interest expense. Interest charged to construction—credit. Miscellaneous amortization. Other income deductions.	
, to the s		No.		\$ 400 \$ 402 \$ 403 \$ 403	406 407 408 410 411 412, 413		415,416 417 418 419 421	\$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25	<del>-</del> .
n. 1, 1937		No.		502 503 504	505 506 507 507B 507B 508 508		. 525 525 525 525 525 525 525 525 525 525	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	_
From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accounts	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1837	Account title	INCOME ACCOUNTS 1. Utility Operating Income	Operating revenues - Operating revenue deductions; Operating expenses Depredation - Amortization of limited-term electric invest-	Amortization of electric plant acquisition adjustments. Property losses chargeable to operations. Taxes. Provision for deferred taxes on income. Taxes on income deferred in prior years—credit. Income from electric plant leased to others. Other utility operating income.	2. Other Income	tract work.  Tract work.  Tract work.  Revenues from lease of other physical property.  Dividend revenues.  Revenues from lease of other physical property.  Dividend revenues.  Revenues from sinking and other funds.  Miscellancous nonoperating revenue.  Nonoperating revenue deductions.	Interest on long-term debt.  Amortization of debt discount and expense.  Amortization of of the discount and expense.  Taxe assumed on interest.  Interest on debt to associated companies.  Interest charges.  Interest charges to construction—credit.  Miscellaneous amortization.  A. Disposition of Net Income  Miscellaneous reservations of net income.	•

APPENDIX A.—Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1937, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961—Continued

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accounts	n. 1, 1937	, to the	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	1, 1, 1961,	to the sy	stem of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Section of amounts affactive Lan 1 1937	$\cdot \Big ^{-}$			System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961		8	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Account title	No.	No.	•	Account title	Š	No.	Account title
OPERATING REVENUE ACCOUNTS 1. Sales of Electric Energy			OPERATING REVENUE ACCOUNTS  1, Sales of Electricity	OPERATING REVENUE ACCOUNTS 1. Sales of Electricity			OPERATING REVENUE ACCOUNTS 1. Sales of Electric Energy
Residential or domestic sales.  Rural sales.  Commercial and industrial sales.  Public street and highway lighting. Other sales to public authorities. Sales to other electric utilities. Eales to railroads and railways. Interdepartmental sales.	602 603 603 604 607 608	7 6444444444 84	Residential Residential Commercial Commercia	Residential sales.  Commercial and industrial sales. Public street and highway lichting. Other sales to public authorities. Sales to railroads and railways. Sales for resale. Interdepartmental sales.	44 444 447 448	600 601 601 603 604 605 605 605	Recidential or domestic sales. Rural sales. Commercial and industrial sales. Rural sales. Public street and highway lighting. Other sales to public authorities. Sales to ralloads and rallways. Sales to other electric utilities. Interdepartmental sales.
2. Other Electric Revenues			2. Other Operating Revenues	2. Other Operating Revenues			' 2. Other Electric Revenues
Rent from electric property.  Litterdepartmental rents.  Customers' forfeited discounts and penaltics Sales of water and water power.  Selecting of customers' installations.  Miscellaneous electric revenues	610 611 612 613 614 614	253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253	Rent from electric property. Interdepartmental rents. Forfeited discounts. Sales of water and water power. Miscellaneous service revenues. Other electric revenues.	Forfeited discounts. Miscellaneous service revenues. Sales of water and water power. Rent from electric property. Interdepartmental rents. Other electric revenues.	450 451 453 454 455 455	612 614 613 610 611	Customers' forfeited discounts and penaltles. Servicing of customers' installations. Sales of water and water power. Rent from electric property. Interdepartmental rents. Miscellaneous electric revenues,
OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS			OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS			OPERATING ELPENSE ACCOUNTS
1. Production Expenses			1. Power Production Expenses	1. Power Production Expenses			1. Production Expenses
A. Electric Generation—Steam Power			A. Steam Power Generation	A. Steam Power Generation		-	A. Electric Generation—Steam Power
Operation: Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Belief labor. Prime mover and generator labor. Electric labor. Miscellaneous station labor. Puel. Water Lubricants Station supplies.	701 702.1 702.2 702.3 704 704 705.1	· \$2525555555555555555555555555555555555	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Steam expenses. Electric expenses. Miscellaneous steam power expenses. Tuel. Electric expenses. Steam expenses. Steam expenses. Steam expenses. Electric expenses. Steam expenses. Electric expenses. Miscellaneous steam power expenses.	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Fuel Steam expenses. Steam from other sources Steam transferred—credit. Electric expenses.	500 501 503 504 504	701 703 705.1 705.2 705.3 711 712 702.2 705.3	Operation: Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Fuel. Boiler labor. Ludvicants. Station supplies. Station expenses. Steam from other sources. Steam from other sources. Steam transferred—credit. Prime mover and generator labor. Water. Ludvicants. Station supplies.
Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering Maintenance of structures and improyements.	702 707	510	Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures.	Miscellaneous steam power expenses. Rents. Maintenance Maintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures.	506 507 510 510	705.3 702.4 705.3 706 706	Station expenses. Miscellameous station labor. Station expenses. Rents. Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures and improve-
Mathenance of ooal storage, mandfling, sur weighing equipment.  Mathenance of furnaces and boilers.  Maintenance of steam piping and accessories.  Maintenance of prine movers and generators.  Maintenance of steam piping and accessories.  Maintenance of successory electric equipment.  Maintenance of accessory electric equipment.  Anthenance of miscellaneous power plant equipment.	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	212 212 212 213 213 213 214	Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance	Maintenance of boiler plant	512 513 513	708.1 708.2 708.3 709.1 709.2 709.3	Maintenance of oxal storage, handling, and vergeing equipment.  Wrighing equipment.  Maintenance of holler apparatus.  Maintenance of steam piping and accessories.  Maintenance of prime movers and generators.  Maintenance of prime movers and generators.  Maintenance of accessory electric equipment.  Maintenance of miscellancous power plant.
Miscalhicous: Rents Steam from other sources. Steam from other sources. Steam transferred—credit. Joint expenses—debit.	712	507 503 504	Rents. Steam from other sources. Steam from selected—credit. Deleted.				equipment.

APPENDIX A.-Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Otilities and Licensess effective Jan. 1, 1987, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961.-Continued

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	1, 1, 193	7, to the	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1967	. 1, 1961,	to the s	ystem of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937		_	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961		"	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Account title	Z,	, S	Account title	Account title	No.	No.	Account title
OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued		_	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued			OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS-Continued
1. Production Expenses-Continued			1. Power Production Expenses-Continued	1. Power Production Expenses-Continued			1. Production Expenses-Continued
				B. Nuclear Power Generation	·		
				Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Fuel. Coolants and water. Steam expenses.	517 518 519 520		
				Steam from other sources Steam transferred—credit Electric expenses Miscellaneous nuclear power expenses Ronts	222222	-	New accounts.
				Maintenance supervision and engineering Maintenance of structures Maintenance of reactor plant equipment Maintenance of electric plant Maintenance of electric plant	528 529 530 531 531		
B. Electric Generation—Hydraulic Power			C. Hydraulic Power Generation	C, Hydraulic Power Generation			B. Electric Generation—Hydraulic Power
Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Hydraulic labor. Prime mover and generator labor. Electric labor.	715 716.1 716.2 716.3	535 537 538 538	Operation: Operation supervision and enginer Hydraulie expenses. Electric expenses. Electric expenses.	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering Water for power	535	715 717 716.1 718.1	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Water for power. Hydraulic labor.
Mater for power	716.4		Miscellaneous hydraulic power generation expenses. Water for power. Furthallic expenses.		3	718.2 716.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	Station supplies. Station expenses. Prime mover and generator labor. Fleetric labor
Lubricants	718.1 718.2 718.3		Electric ex Hydraulic Electric ex Miscellane	Electric expenses.	88 .	178.17 178.2 178.2 178.3	Lubricants. Station supplies. Station expanses. Miscellaneaus station labor.
		} 	expenses,	Miscellaneous hydraulic power generation expenses. Rents.	88 89 	718.2	Station supplies. Station expenses. Rents.
Maintenance: Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering Maintenance of structures and improvements. Maintenance of reservoirs, dams, and water-	. 522 228 228 238	25.52 25.52	Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures. Maintenance of reservoirs, dams, and waterways.	Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering Maintenance of structures	242	85 E	Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures and improvements. Maintenance of reservoirs, dams, and water-
Maintenance of prime movers and generators Maintenance of accessory electric equipment. Maintenance of miscellaneous power plant.	722.1 722.2 722.2	<b>4</b> 4 4 5	222 	Maintenance of electric plant	244	722. 722.2 722.2	Maintenance of prime movers and generators, Maintenance of accessory electric equipment, Maintenance of miscellaneous nower plant.
equipment. Maintenance of roads, railroads, and bridges	723		plant. Maintenance of miscellaneous	Maintenance of miscellaneous hydraulic plant.	545	723	equipment. Maintenance of roads, railroads, and bridges.
Ansolvations.  Rents. Joint expenses—debit.  Joint expenses—credit.	724 725 726	₹	### 				

APPENDIX A-Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1987, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961—Continued

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1987, to the system of accounts effective Jan.	1, 1, 1937	, to the	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1 1961 to the execten of encounts effective Lea. 1 1927	1 1961 to 1	he system of each	inte officitive Ion 1 1097
System of accounts effective Jan, 1, 1937			System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan, 1, 1961		System of accor	accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Account title	No.	No.	Account title	Account title	No. No.	-	Account title
Operating Expense Accounts—Continued			OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued		OPERATING E	OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued
1. Production Expenses-Continued			1. Power Production Expenses-Continued	1. Power Production Expenses-Continued		1. Produ	1. Production Expenses-Continued
C. Electric Generation—Internal Combustion Em- gine Power			D. Other Power Generation	D. Other Power Generation		C. Electric Generative Power	G. Electric Generation—Internal Combustion En- aine Power
Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Engine labor. Electric labor. Miscellaneous station labor.	727 728.1 728.2 728.3	548 548 548 549	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering, Generation expenses, Generation expenses, Miscellaneous other power generation ex-	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Fuel	546 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	0	peration: Operation supervision and engineering, Engine liber.
Engine fuel. Water	729 730.1	547		Generation expenses	248 		or. njies
Lubricants Station supplies Station expenses.	730.2 730.3	549	Miscellaneous other power generation expenses.	Miscellaneous other power generation expenses.	730.4 728.3 730.3 730.3		Station expenses. Miscellaneous station labor. Station supplies. Station expenses.
e supervision and engineering e of structures and improvements e of fael holders, producers, and	132 282 283	551 552 553	Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures. Maintenance of generating and electric plant.	Metric. Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering Maintenance of structures	550 735 551 731 552 732	2	Rents. faintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures and improve-
Maintenance of engines Maintenance of generators Maintenance of generators Maintenance of accessory electric equipment. Maintenance of accessory electric equipment.	73.24 24.25 24.25 24.25 24.25	553 553	Maintenance of generating and electric plant. Maintenance of generating and electric plant. Maintenance of generating and electric plant.	Maintenance of generating and electric plant	553 734.		Maintenance of fuel holders, producers, and accessories. Maintenance of engines.
anad span	735 736 737 737 737 737	28	Asametanice of insecusious other power generation plant. Rents. Deleted. Deleted.	Maintenance of miscellaneous other power generation plant.	554 734	ლ <del>4</del>	Maintenance of accessory electric equipment Maintenance of miscellaneous power plant equipment,
D. Other Production Expenses and Credits			E. Other Power Supply Expenses	E. Other Power Supply Expenses		D. Other Prod	D. Other Production Expenses and Credits
Purchased power. Interchange power. Other expenses. Joint expenses—debit.	86 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	555 555 557	Purchased power. Purchased power. Putchased power. Other expenses. Deleted.	Purchased power	555 { 738 556 557 - 740	1	wer.
2. Transmission Expenses			2. Transmission Expenses	2. Transmission Expenses		%	2. Transmission Expenses
Operation: Operation supervision and engineering Load dispatching labor and expenses. Station labor. Station supplies and expenses. Overhead lines.	743 745.1 745.2 746.2	562 562 563 563 564	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering, Doperation supervision and engineering, Load dispatching, Station expenses. Station expenses. Overhead line expenses. Underground line expenses.	Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Load dispatching	560 743 561 744 562 { 745. 563 746. 564 746.	0	peration: Operation supervision and engineering, Load dispatching labor and expenses, Station labor. Station supplies and expenses, Orderbead lines, Underground lines, New accounts.
Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering Maintenance of structures and improvements. Maintenance of station equipment	747 748 749 750. 1		Maintenance: Meintenance supervision and engineering. Maintenance of structures. Maintenance of station equipment. Maintenance of overhead intes.	Rents Maintenance: Maintenance supervision and engineering Maintenance of structures. Maintenance of structures.	<u>``</u>	Rents. Maintenance: Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance	e supervision and engineering, eofstructures and improvements, e of station equipment.
Maintenance of poles and fixtures.  Maintenance of conductors and devices.  Maintenance of conduit.  Maintenance of conductors and devices.	750.2 750.3 751.1 751.2	571 572 572 573 571	Maintenance of overhead lines. Maintenance of overhead lines. Maintenance of underground lines. Maintenance of underground lines. Maintenance of overhead ilnes. Maintenance of overhead ilnes.		671 750.3 750.3 750.3 752.1 751.2 751.2	Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance	Maintenance of nowers and natures. Maintenance of poles and factures. Maintenance of conductors and devices. Maintenance of roads and trails. Maintenance of roads and trails. Maintenance of conduit. Maintenance of conduits.
Kpenses—debit Kpenses—credit	754	290	Kents. Deleted. Deleted.	Maintenance of miscellaneous transmission plant.	573	New account.	

APPENDIX A.—Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Vilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1987, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961.—Continued

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accoun	1, 1937	, to the s	ystem of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	n. 1, 1961,	to the s	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937			System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961		5.4	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Account title	No.	No.	Account title	Account title	No.	No.	Account title
OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued			Operation and Maintenance Expense Accounts—Continued	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued			OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued
3. Distribution Expenses			3. Distribution Expenses	3. Distribution Expenses			3. Distribution Expenses
Operation: Operation supervision and engineering Load dispatching labor and expenses. Distribution maps and records. Obstribution maps and records. Obstribution maps and records. Ostation supplies and expenses. Station labor. Storage battery supplies and expenses. Overhead lines. Orerhead lines. Orerhead systems. Waintenance of structures and improvements. Maintenance of structures and inprovements. Maintenance of structures and inprovements. Maintenance of octoridit. Maintenance of octoridit. Maintenance of conduit. Maintenance of leasted property on customers. Premises. Maintenance of street lighting and signal systems.  Maintenance of street lighting and signal systems.  Rents. Fordit investigations and records. Maintenance of caread structures.  And in expenses—credit. Joint expenses—credit. Joint expenses—credit. Joint expenses—credit. Joint expenses—credit. Joint expenses—credit.  All structures and orders.  Collecting. Customers' contracts and orders.  Collecting. Customers' contracts and orders.  Miscellancous expenses.  Miscellancous expenses.  Miscellancous expenses.  Miscellancous expenses.	255 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	\$558 \$558	Operation: Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Load dispatching. Miscellaneous distribution expenses. Miscellaneous distribution expenses. Station expenses. Station expenses. Station expenses. Overhead line expenses. Underground line expenses. Underground line expenses. Underground line expenses. Underground line expenses. An antenance of structures. Maintenance of underground lines. Maintenance of street lighting and signal systems.  An intenance of street lighting and signal systems.  Latents. Deleted.  **Customer records and collection expenses. Customer records and collection expenses. Unstomer records and collection expenses.	Operation: Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Load dispatching	\$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25	25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.2	Operation: Operation: Operation supervision and engineering. Coad dispatching labor and expenses. Station labor. Storage battery supplies and expenses. Storage battery supplies and expenses. Storage battery supplies and expenses. Overhead lines. Removing and resetting line transformers. Underground lines. Removing and resetting line transformers. Orderground systems. Underground systems. Orderground systems. Other services on customers premises. Other distribution maps and records. Other distribution maps and records. Other distribution office expenses. Raintenance of station equipment. Maintenance of station equipment. Maintenance of station equipment. Maintenance of conductors and devices. Maintenance of conductors and devices. Maintenance of cervices. Maintenance of services. Maintenance of meters. Maintenance of cervices. Customers' contracts and orders. Customers' contracts and accounting. Customers' billing and accounting. Uncollecting. Customers' billing and accounting. Uncollecting.

APPENDIX A.—Comparison of the uniform system of accounts prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees effective Jan. 1, 1957, with the revised system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961—Continued

From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937, to the system of accounts	п. 1, 1937,	to the s	system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	From the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961, to the system of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937	1, 1961,	to the s	ystem of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Bystem of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937		,	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961	System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1961			System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1937
Account title	No.	No.	Account title	Account title	No.	Ñô.	Account title
OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued			OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued	Operation and Maintenance Expense Accounts—Continued			OPEBATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—Continued
6. Sales Promotion Expenses			5. Sales Expenses	5. Sales Expenses			6. Sales Promotion Expenses
Supervision Salaries and commissions. Demonstration Advertising Miscellaneous sales expenses. Revenues from merchandising, jobbing, and contract work. Costs and expenses of merchandising, jobbing, and contract work.	785 786 787.1 787.2 787.3 789.1	911 912 912 913 916 914	Supervision. Demonstrating and selling expenses. Demonstrating and selling expenses. Advertising Expenses. Miscellaneous sales expenses. Releted. Revouse from merchandising, jobbing and contract work. Costs and expenses of merchandising, jobbing and contract work.	Supervision.  Demonstrating and selling expenses.  Advertising expenses.  Revenues from merchandising, jobbing and contract work.  Costs and expenses of merchandising, jobbing and contract work.  Miscellaneous sales expenses.	911 912 913 914 915	786 786 787.1 787.2 789.1 789.2	Supervision. Selaries and commissions. Advertising. Advertising. Revenues from merchandising, jobbing and contract work. Costs and expenses of merchandising, jobbing, and contract work. Miscellaneous sales expenses.
6. Administrative and General Expenses			6. Administrative and General Expenses	6. Administrative and General Expenses			8. Administrative and General Expenses
Operation: Salaries of general officers and executives Other general officers and executives. Expenses of general officers. Expenses of general office employees. General office supplies and expenses. Management and supervision fees and expen-	790 791 792.1 792.2 793	920 921 921 921 923	Operation: Administrative and general salaries. Administrative and general salaries. Office supplies and expenses. Office supplies and expenses. Office supplies and expenses. Office supplies and expenses. Outside services employed.	Operation: Administrative and general salaries Office supplies and expenses Administrative expenses transferred-credit	920	790 792. 1 792. 2 792. 2 793. 807	Operation: Salaries of general offices and executives. Other general office salaries. Expenses of general officers. Expenses of general office employees. General office supplies and expenses. Administrative and general actpenses transferred.—Acount 922 to be
Special services. Legal services. Regulatory commission expenses. Insurance. Inturbator and dameses.	795 797 798 798	923 928 924 925	Outside services employed. Outside services employed. Regulatory commission expenses. Property insurance. In inries and damages.	Outside services employed	823	794	credited with amounts transferred from accounts 920 and 921.) Management and supervision fees and strenses.
Employees' welfars, Pensions. Miscellaneous general expenses. Maincenance of structures and improvements. Maintenance of officeriums and improvements.	800.1 802.1 802.2		Employee pensions and benefits. Employee pensions and benefits, Miscellaneous general expenses, Maintenane of general plant. Maintenanee of general plant.	Property insurance Injuries and damages Employee pensions and benefits	924 525 926	798 798 799 800.1 800.2	L'egal ser vices. Inurance. Injuries and damages. Employees' welfare expenses. Pensions.
Maintenance of communication equipment.  Maintenance of miscellaneous property.  Rents.	802,4 803,4 803,4	932 931 931		Franchise requirements.	726	805.1 805.2 805.3	Cash outlays. Electricity supplied without charge—debit. Other items furnished without charge—debit
Commissions paid under agency sales contracts. Cash outlays. Electricity supplied without charge—debit.	88888 855.2 1 2 4	128	Deleted. Franchise requirements.	Regulatory commission expenses.  Duplicate charges—credit. Miscellaneous general expenses. Ronts	820 88 830 88	8888	Regulatory commission expenses. Duplicate miscellaneous charges—credit. Miscellaneous general expenses. Rents.
Duplicate miscellaneous charges—credit	888	828	Duplicate charges—credit. (See text of account 922).	Maintenance of general plant.	832	802.1	Maintenance of structures and improvements.  Maintenance of office furniture and equip ment.  Maintenance of communication equipment.
Joint expenses—deflit. Joint expenses—credit. Charges by associated companies—clearing Stores expense—clearing	8888		Deleted.			802.4	Maintenance of miscellaneous property.
ng.	903 805 805		Deleted (see account 184).				-

PRESCRIBED FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES AND LICENSEES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE FEDERAL SYSTEM POWER ACT

### Definitions

When used in this system of accounts: 1. "Accounts" means the accounts "Actually issued," as applied to seprescribed in this system of accounts.

means those which have been sold to bona fide purchasers for a valuable consideration, those issued as dividends on stock, and those which have been issued in accordance with contractual requirements direct to trustees of sinking funds. 3. "Actually outstanding," as applied to curities issued or assumed by the utility,

securities issued or assumed by the utility, means those which have been actuissued and are neither retired nor held by or for the utility; provided, however, that securities held by trustees shall be considered as actually outstanding.

a fixed period, over the life of the asset or liability to which it applies, or over the period during which it is anticipated count by distributing such amount over 4. "Amortization" means the gradual extinguishment of an amount in an acthe benefit will be realized.

indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the 5. A. "Associated companies" means companies or persons that directly, or accounting company.

the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a company, whether such power is exer-cised through one or more intermediary rectors, officers, or stockholders, voting B. "Control" (including the terms "controlling," "controlled by," and "controlling," "controlled by," and "under common control with") means companies, or alone, or in conjunction trusts, holding trusts, associated comthe possession, directly or indirectly, of with, or pursuant to an agreement, and ship or voting of securities, common dipanies, contract or any other direct or is established through a majority or minority ownerwhether such power indirect means.

6. "Book cost" means the amount at which property is recorded in these ac-

visions for accrued depreciation, amor-tization, or for other purposes. 7. "Commission," means the Federal counts without deduction of related pro-

14. "Licensee" means any person,

settlement.

action, as distinguished from a transaction involving the issuance of common stock in a merger or a pooling of interest, the value of such consideration shall be 8. "Cost" means the amount of money than cash in a purchase and sale transactually paid for property or services. When the consideration given is other Power Commission.

9. "Cost of removal" means the cost of demolishing, dismantling, tearing down or otherwise removing electric plant, including the cost of transportation and determined on a cash basis. handling incidental thereto.

edness; fees paid trustees; specific costs of obtaining governmental authority; fees for legal services; fees and commisdebt; fees and expenses of listing on ex-10. "Debt expense" means all expenses tial sale of evidences of debt, such as fees fees and taxes for issuing or recording evidences of debt; cost of engraving and printing bonds and certificates of indebtsions paid underwriters, brokers, and salesmen for marketing such evidences of in connection with the issuance and inifor drafting mortgages and trust deeds changes; and other like costs.

action of the elements, inadequacy, obsolescence, changes in the art, changes in demand and requirements of public surance. Among the causes to be given consideration are wear and tear, decay, 11. "Depreciation," as applied to de-preciable electric plant, means the loss in service value not restored by current maintenance, incurred in connection of service from causes which are known tirement of electric plant in the course to be in current operation and against with the consumption or prospective rewhich the ultility is not protected by inauthorities.

means the excess of the par (stated value of no-par stocks) or face value of the crued at the date of the sale over the cash value of the consideration received from 12. "Discount," as applied to the securities issued or assumed by the utility, securities plus interest or dividends actheir sale.

ceiver or trustee.

accounts only, with respect to which it is mutually agreed or intended between the vances, represented by notes or by book "Investment advances" means ad-

23. "Project" means complete unit

of sale.

useful in connection with said unit or any part thereof, and all water rights, rights of way, ditches, dams, reservoirs, lands, or interest in lands the use and storage, diverting, or forebay reservoirs directly connected therewith, the primary line or lines transmitting power therefrom to the point of junction with the distribution system or with the interall miscellaneous structures used and occupancy of which are necessary or appropriate in the maintenance and operdams and appurtenant works and structures (including navigation structures) which are a part of said unit, and all connected primary transmission system of a power house, all creditor and debtor that they shall be settled by the issuance of securities or shall not be subject to current State, licensed under the provisions of the Federal Power Act and subject to the under the terms of the license.
15. "Minor items of property" means the associated parts or items of which 16. "Net salvage value" means the salvage value of property retired less the 17. "Nominally issued," as applied to of of Commission's accounting requirements

retirement units are composed.

cost of removal

24. "Project property" means the property described in and subject to a license issued by the Commission. ation of such unit.

25. "Property retired," as applied to electric plant, means property which has stroyed, or which for any cause has been withdrawn from service. been removed, sold, abandoned, securities issued or assumed by the utility, means those which have been signed, certified, or otherwise executed, and placed with the proper officer for sale is and delivery, or pledged, or otherwise ly placed in some special fund of the utility, but which have not been sold, or issued cordance with contractual requirements.
18. "Nominally outstanding," as applied to securities issued or assumed by the utility, means those which, after

direct to trustees of sinking funds in ac-

26. "Public utility" means any person who owns or operates facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission under the Federal Power Act. (See section 201(e) of said act.)

being actually issued, have been reacquired by or for the utility under cir-

text, means the construction or installation of electric plant in place of property retired, together with the removal of the when not otherwise indicated in the conō 27. "Replacing" property retired. electric plant of a licensee which is not a cumstances which require them to be provided, however, that securities held 19. "Nonproject property" means the by trustees shall be considered as actually considered as held alive and not retired

outstanding.

accounted for by crediting the book cost thereof to the electric plant account in which included.

29. "Salvage value" means the amount "Retirement units" means those tired, with or without replacement, are items of electric plant which, when relicense issued by the Commission.
20. "Original cost," as applied to electric plant, means the cost of such proppart of the project property subject to a erty to the person first devoting it to

sale; or, if retained, the amount at which the material recoverable is chargeable to materials and supplies, or other appropriate account. received for property retired, less any expenses incurred in connection with the ಥ 22. "Premium," as applied to securition, a joint stock company, a business corporation, a partnership, an associatrust, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not, or any re-

21. "Person" means an Individual,

public service.

ible in electric plant in service, or electric plant leased to others, and the date of counted for on a production basis rather tween the date electric plant is includits retirement. If depreciation is acpriate account. 30. "Service life" means the time bethan on a time basis, then service should be measured in terms of the propriate unit of production means the excess of the cash value of the consideration received from their sale over the sum of their par (stated value terest or dividends accrued at the date ᇦ of no-par stocks) or face value and inimprovement or development, consisting ties issued or assumed by the utility,

31. "Service value" means the difference between original cost and net salvage value of electric plant.

32. "State" means a State admitted to

"State" means a State admitted to the Union, the District of Columbia, and organized Territory of the United States.

33. "Utility," as used herein and when not otherwise indicated in the context, means any public utility or licensee to which this system of accounts is appli-

## **General Instructions**

## 1. Classification of Utilities.

tems of accounts prescribed by the Commission, electric utilities and licensees are divided into four classes, as follows: A. For the purpose of applying

Class A. Utilities having annual electric operating revenues of \$2,500,000 or

E. All amounts included in the ac-

impaired.

counts prescribed herein for

electric

Class B. Utilities having annual electric operating revenues of \$1,000,000 or more but less than \$2,500,000.

Class C. Utilities having annual electric operating revenues of \$150,000 or more but less than \$1,000,000.

tions.

Class D. Utilities having annual electric operating revenues of \$25,000 or more but less than \$150,000.

B. This system of accounts applies to Class A and Class B utilities. Those applicable to Class C and Class D utilities are issued separately.

C. The class to which any utility be-longs shall originally be determined by than the lower limit, of the annual elecing revenues for the last three consecutive years. Subsequent changes in classification shall be made when the annual the three immediately preceding years shall exceed the upper limit, or be less the average of its annual electric operatelectric operating revenues for each of tric operating revenues of the classification previously applicable to the utility.

adopt the system of accounts prescribed the Commission for any larger class D. Any utility may, at its option, by the Con of utilities.

2. Records.

tries in such books of account so as to be able to furnish readily full information A. Each utility shall keep its books of and memoranda which support the endetailed information as will permit ready by such account, and all other books, records as to any item included in any account. entry shall be supported Each

reference to the prescribed account numbers may be omitted from the various sources of original entry. Moreover, a different group of account numbers and it is not practicable to show the prescribed account numbers in the various sources of original entry, such tion of such account numbers with the be so kept as to permit ready analysis by prescribed accounts (by direct refereach utility using different account numreadily available a list of such account bers for its own purposes shall keep numbers which it uses and a reconciliaintended that the utility's records shall ence to sources of original entry to the aration of financial and operating stateextent practicable) and to permit prepaccount numbers provided herein. identification, analysis, and verification of all facts relevant thereto. other records, such as minute books, stock books, reports, correspondence, memoranda, etc., which may be useful in developing the history of or facts regarding any transaction.
C. No utility shall destroy any such books or records unless the destruction B. The books and records referred to herein include not only accounting recthereof is permitted by rules and regulategrity of the prescribed accounts is not ords in a limited technical sense, but all clearing accounts, temporary or experiaccounts, may be kept, provided the in-D. In addition to prescribed accounts, mental accounts, and subdivisions of any tions of the Commission.

4. Accounting Period.

Each utility shall keep its books on a monthly basis so that for each month all transactions applicable thereto, as nearly as may be ascertained, shall be Amounts applicable or assignable to specific utility departments shall be so segregated monthly. Each utility shall close its books at the end of each calendar year unless otherwise authorized by entered in the books of the utility. to the prescribed accounts. the Commission. F. The arrangement or sequence of the accounts prescribed herein shall not be controlling as to the arrangement or sequence in report forms which may be plant and operating expenses shall be just and reasonable and any payments or accruals by the utility in excess of just and reasonable charges shall be included in account 426, Other Income Deduc-The account numbering plan used

To maintain uniformity of accounting, utilities shall submit questions of doubtful interpretation to the Commission for 5. Submittal of Questions. consideration and decision.

herein consists of a system of three-digit

prescribed by the Commission.

3. Numbering System.

Æ

Liabilities and other credits.

Plant accounts. Income accounts. Revenue accounts.

300-399 400-439

100-199 Assets and other debits.

whole numbers as follows

6. Item Lists.

440-459 Revenue accounts, 500-599 Production, transmission and distribution expenses.

Customer accounts, sales and gen-

eral administrative expenses.

In certain instances, numbers have been skipped in order to allow for possi-ble later expansion or to permit better C. The numbers prefixed to account titles are to be considered as parts of the

titles. Each utility, however, may adopt of account numbers (see also general for its own purposes a different system instruction 2D) provided that the numthe descriptive headings of the ledger accounts and in the various sources of

coordination with the numbering system

for other utility departments.

of the accounts or elsewhere herein are for the purpose of more clearly indicating the application of the prescribed accounting. The lists are intended to be Lists of "items" appearing in the texts the inclusion of the item in the account each instance must be determined by the appearance of an item in a list warrants mentioned only when the text of the account also indicates inclusion inasmuch as the same item frequently appears in The proper entry representative, but not exhaustive. texts of the accounts. more than one list.

7. Delayed Items.

year but which were not recorded in the books of account shall be included in the Items relating to transactions which occurred prior to the current calendar

bers herein prescribed shall appear in

charged or credited if the items had not been delayed; provided, that when the amount of a delayed item is relatively so large that its inclusion in the accounts for a single month would seriously distort the accounts, it may be distributed in equal amounts to the accounts for the current and remaining months of the calendar year; and provided further, that, if the amount of any delayed item is relatively so large that its inclusion in the accounts for a single year would seriously distort the accounts, the amount shall be included in account 434, count 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, unless the Commission shall prescribe otherwise in specific instances.

8. Unaudited Items.
Whenever a financial statement is re-Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus, or acwould have accounts which It is original entry; however, if a utility uses

volved in the transaction and its effect included in the proper accounts. The utility is not required to anticipate minor items which would not appreciably affect quired by the Commission, if it is known that a transaction has occurred which affects the accounts but the amount inbe estimated and such estimated amount upon the accounts cannot be determined with absolute accuracy, the amount shall the accounts. ments directly from such records at the end of each accounting period according

9. Distribution of Pay and Expenses

gaged in activities chargeable to various spective classes of work, or in case that method is impracticable, upon the basis tenance, and operations, shall be based of a study of the time actually engaged ing expense and other accounts for services and expenses of employees enaccounts, such as construction, mainupon the actual time engaged in the reof Employees. The charges to electric plant, operatduring a representative period. 10. Payroll Distribution.

Underlying accounting data shall be maintained so that the distribution of the cost of labor charged direct to the able. Such underlying data shall permit a reasonably accurate distribution to be tially to clearing accounts so that the construction, cost of removal, electric made of the cost of labor charged initotal labor cost may be classified among operating functions (steam generation, nuclear generation, hydraulic generation, transmission, distribution, etc.) and various accounts will be readily availnonutility operations

penses shall not exceed a reasonable not be diverted from the purpose for which provided unless the permission of the Commission is first obtained. provision for the expense. Material balances in such reserve accounts shall counts made by charges to operating ex-Accretions to operating reserve ac-Operating Reserves.

12. Records for Each Plant.

Separate records shall be maintained electric plant accounts of the book cost of each plant owned, including additions by the utility to plant leased from maintaining each plant owned or operated. The term "plant" as here used means each generating station and each transmission line or appropriate group others, and of the cost of operating and of transmission lines.

If the utility also operates other utility departments, such as gas, water, etc., it shall keep such accounts for the other departments as may be prescribed by proper authority and in the absence of prescribed accounts, it shall keep such department. It is not intended that proprietary and similar accounts which 13. Accounting for Other Departments. accounts as are proper or necessary to reflect the results of operating each such apply to the utility as a whole shall be departmentalized.

14. Transactions With Associated Com-

as restraining the utility from subdividing accounts for the purpose of recording separately transactions with and records so as to be able to furnish accurately and expeditiously statements of all transactions with associated companies. The statements may be required to show the general nature of the tions of the same nature. Nothing herein contained, however, shall be construed transactions, the amounts involved therein and the amounts included in each account prescribed herein with respect associated companies shall be recorded in Each utility shall keep its accounts to such transactions. Transactions with the appropriate accounts for transac-

Contingent assets represent a possible source of value to the utility contingent upon the fulfillment of conditions recertain conditions become obligations of Contingent liabilities include items which may under ciated companies. 15. Contingent Assets and Liabilities. uncertain. garded as

nor assumed liabilities at the date of the balance sheet. The utility shall be pre-pared to give a complete statement of significant contingent assets and liabilities (including cumulative dividends on preference stock) in its annual report and at such other times as may be reutility but which are neither direct quested by the Commission.

16. Separate Accounts or Records for Each Licensed Project.

The accounts or records of each licensee shall be so kept as to show for each project under license:

of the project, including the original cost (or fair value as determined under section 23 of the Federal Power Act) of the original project, the original cost of additions thereto and betterments thereof, credits for property retired from service, and credits for related con-(a) the actual legitimate original cost tributions in aid of construction, as de-termined under the Commission's regulations

maintenance of the project property directly assignable to the project; (b) the charges for operation

(c) the credits and debits to the depreciation reserve account, and the balance in such account;

(d) the credits and debits to operating revenue, income, and surplus accounts that can be identified with and directly assigned to the project.

to insure that accounts or records are currently maintained by each licensee from which reports may be made to the Commistration for use in determining the net investment in each licensed project. The instruction covers only the debit and credit items appearing in the licensee's accounts which is may be identified with and assigned directly to any licensed project. In the determination of the net investment as defined in a section 3 of the Federal Power Act, allocations of items affecting the net investment in may be required where direct assignment is Norz: The purpose of this instruction is not practicable.

## **Electric Plant Instructions**

t Effective Date of System of Accounts. Classification of Electric Plant

 A. The electric plant accounts provided herein are the same as those contained in the prior system of accounts except for inclusion of accounts for nuclear production plant and some changes in classification in the general equipment accounts. Except for these changes, the balances in the various plant accounts,

as determined under the prior system of accounts, should be carried forward. Any remaining balance of plant which has not yet been classified, pursuant to shall be classified in accordance with the the requirements of the prior system,

following instructions.

B. The cost to the utility of its uncleassified plant shall be ascertained by analysis of the utility's records. Adjustments shall not be made to record in uniform system of accounts in effect at the time or in accordance with the dis-cretion of management as exercised under a uniform system of accounts, or charged to operating expenses or to in-come deductions in accordance with the under accounting practices previously utility plant accounts amounts previously followed.

original cost of electric plant shall be determined by analysis of the utility's records or those of predecessor or vendor companies with respect to electric plant trespects of electric plant trespects of electric plant trespects and the difference between the systems and the difference between the original cost so determined, less accumutated provisions for depreciation and the amortization and contributions in aid of (301 to 399, inclusive) shall be stated on the basis of cost to the utility of plant constructed by it and the original cost, estimated if not known, of plant acquired as an operating unit or system. The difference between the original cost, as above, and the cost to the utility of or amortization and contributions in aid of construction applicable to the property acquired if recorded by the accounting utility at the time of acquisition, shall be recorded in account 114, Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments. The entered in account 114, Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments. Any difference between the cost of electric plant and its book cost, when not properly includible account 116, Other Electric Plant ments from date of acquisition, shall be with necessary adjustments for retirein other accounts, shall be recorded in electric plant after giving effect to any accumulated provision for depreciation construction if recorded by the accounting utility, and the cost to the utility, C. The detailed electric plant accounts Adjustments.

2. Electric Plant To Be Recorded at Cost.

A. All amounts included in the accounts for electric plant acquired as an

shall have the meaning stated in this the cost incurred by the person who first devoted the property to utility service. All other electric plant shall be included in the accounts at the cost incurred by the utility. Where the term "cost" is used in the detailed plant accounts, it gible plant accounts, shall be stated at operating unit or system, except as otherwise provided in the texts of the intan-

on a cash basis (see, however, definition 8). In the entry recording such transition, the actual consideration shall be described with sufficient particularity to identify it. The utility shall be prepared to furnish the Commission the particulars of its determination of the cash paragraph.

B. When the consideration given for property is other than cash, the value of such consideration shall be determined value of the consideration if other than

accounts for interest, insurance, or other expenditures occasioned solely by such form of payment.

D. Electric plant contributed to the C. When property is purchased under a plan involving deferred payments, no charge shall be made to the electric plant cash.

utility or constructed by it from contri-butions to it of eash or its equivalent shall be charged to the electric plant ac-counts at cost of construction, estimated the accumulated depreciation and amortization shall be credited to account 271, amount of depreciation and amortization applicable to the property at the cluded in the electric plant accounts and if not known. There shall be credited to the accounts for accumulated depreciation and amortization the estimated time of its contribution to the utility. The difference between the amounts in-Contributions in Aid of Construction.

3. Components of Construction Cost.
The cost of construction properly includible in the electric plant accounts shall include, where applicable, the direct and overhead costs as listed and

(1) "Contract work" includes amounts by other companies, firms, or individuals, costs incident to the award of such conpaid for work performed under contract tracts, and the inspection of such work. defined hereunder:

gaged on construction work, and related (2) "Labor" includes the pay and expenses of employees of the utility enworkmen's compensation insurance, pay-

il taxes and similar items of expense, does not include the pay and expenses of employees which are distributed to construction through clearing accounts nor the pay and expenses included in other items hereunder.

(3) "Materials and supplies" includes the purchase price at the point of free delivery plus customs duties, excise taxes, the cost of inspection, loading and transthe utility's shop. In determining the cost of materials and supplies used for portation, the related stores expenses, construction, proper allowance shall be made for unused materials and supplies, for materials recovered from temporary structures used in performing the work involved, and for discounts allowed and realized in the purchase of materials and and the cost of fabricated materials from supplies.

Note: The cost of individual items of a equipment of small value (for example, \$50 n or less) or of short life, including small portable tools and implements, shall not be charged to utility plant accounts unless the correctness of the accounting therefor is to verified by current inventories. The cost of shall be charged to the appropriate operation the use of clearing accounts, according to the use of such items, or it such thems are in the correctness. consumed directly in construction work, the cost shall be included as part of the cost of the construction.

of transporting employees, materials and supplies, tools, purchased equipment, and other work equipment (when not under own power) to and from points of construction. It includes amounts paid to (4) "Transportation" includes the cost others as well as the cost of operating the utility's own transportation equipment. (See item 5 following.)

(5) "Special machine service" includes the cost of labor (optional), materials and supplies, depreciation, and other expenses incurred in the maintenance, operation and use of special machines, such as steam shovels, pile drivers, derricks, does not include the cost of small tools and other individual items of small value and other labor saving machines; also expenditures for rental, maintenance and operation of machines of others. It or short life which are included in the tion job requires the use for an extended ditchers, scrapers, material unloaders, cost of materials and supplies. (See item period of time of special machines, transportation or other equipment, the net above.) When a particular constructhe

book cost thereof, less the appraised or salvage value at time of release from the job, shall be included in the cost of construction.

shop department assignable to construction work except that the cost of fabricated materials from the utility's shop shall be included in "materials and (6) "Shop service" includes the proportion of the expense of the utility's supplies.

protecting the utility's property from fire venting damages to others, or to the incendiaries, witness fees in relation thereto, amounts paid to municipalities (7) "Protection" includes the cost of property of others, including payments and others for fire protection, and other analogous items of expenditures in conor other casualties and the cost of prefor discovery or extinguishment of fires, cost of apprehending and prosecuting nection with construction work.

expenditures or losses in connection with construction work on account of injuries to persons and damages to the property of others; also the cost of investigation of and defense against actions for such (8) "Injuries and damages" includes account of property damages incident to construction shall be credited to the ac-count or accounts charged with the cost which such compensation is charged. Insurance recovered or recoverable on injuries and damages. Insurance recovered or recoverable on account of compensation paid for injuries to persons incident to construction shall be credited to the account or accounts to

of the damages.

(9) "Privileges and permits" includes public property, streets, or highways, but it does not include rents, or amounts chargeable as franchises and consents payments for and expenses incurred in securing temporary privileges, permits or rights in connection with construction work, such as for the use of private or for which see account 302, Franchises and Consents.

office space occupied by construction forces and amounts properly includible (10) "Rents" includes amounts paid for the use of construction quarters and in construction costs for such facilities jointly used.

(11) "Engineering and supervision" includes the portion of the pay and expenses of engineers, surveyors, draftsmen, inspectors, superintendents and

their assistants applicable to construcized" includes the portion of the pay and expenses of the general officers and (12) "General administration capitaltion work.

plicable to construction work. (13) "Engineering services" includes administrative and general expenses apamounts paid to other companies, firms,

self-insurance for the protection against loss and damages in connection with construction, by fire or other casualty, injuries to or death of persons other than employees, damages to property of others, defalcation of employees and agents, and the nonperformance of conor individuals engaged by the utility to vise, inspect, or give general advice and (14) "Insurance" includes premiums paid or amounts provided or reserved as tractual obligations of others. It does plan, design, prepare estimates, superassistance in connection with construcnot include workmen's compensation or similar insurance on employees included tion work.

(15) "Law expenditures" includes the general law expenditures incurred in connection with construction and the court and legal costs directly related thereto, other than law expenses included in protection, item 7, and in injuries and as "labor" in item 2, above. damages, item 8.

ical property (including land) during the period of construction and other taxes properly includible in construction costs before the facilities become available for "Taxes" includes taxes on physservice. (16)

(17) "Interest during construction" includes the net cost for the period of construction purposes and a reasonable rate on other funds when so used. No construction projects which have been construction of borrowed funds used for interest charges shall be included in these accounts upon expenditures for abandoned.

ect is placed in operation or is completed and ready for service but the construction work as a whole is incomplete, that part of the cost of the property placed in operation, or ready for service, shall be treated as "Electric Plant in Service" and interest thereon as a charge to construction shall cease. Interest on that part of the cost of the plant which is incomplete may be continued as a charge to construction until such time as it is placed Nore: When a part only of a plant or prof-

service, except in operation or is ready for as limited in item 17, above. (18) "Earnings and expenses during construction." The earnings and extute a component of construction costs.

nues received or earned for power produced by generating plants during the construction period and sold or used by the utility. Where such power is sold (a) The earnings shall include reveelectric system for distribution and sale, or is delivered to an associated company, or is delivered to and used by the utility for purposes other than distribution and sale (for manufacturing or industrial use for example), the credit shall be the fair value of the energy so delivered. The revenues shall also include rentals to an independent purchaser before intermingling with power generated by other plants, the credit shall consist of the selling price of the energy. Where the power generated by a plant under construction is delivered to the utility's for lands, buildings, etc., and miscellaneous receipts not properly includible in other accounts.

cost of operating the power plant, and other costs; incident to the production and delivery of the power for which construction is credited under paragraph (a), above, including the cost of repairs and other expenses of operating and maintaining lands, buildings, and other property, and other miscellaneous and like expenses not properly includible in other accounts. (b) The expenses shall consist of the

4. Overhead Construction Costs.

such as engineering, supervision, general office salaries and expenses, construction engineering and supervision by others than the accounting utility, law expenses, and pensions, taxes and interest, shall be charged to particular jobs or units on the basis of the amounts of such overheads reasonably applicable thereto, to the end that each job or unit shall bear its equithe entire cost of the unit, both direct and overhead, shall be deducted from the A. All overhead construction costs, insurance, injuries and damages, relief table proportion of such costs and that plant accounts at the time the property is retired,

nation of pay roll charges includible in construction overheads shall be based on lime card distributions thereof. Where B. As far as practicable, the

studies shall be made periodically of the time of supervisory employees devoted to struction costs of arbitrary percentages or amounts to cover assumed overhead construction activities to the end that only such overhead costs as have a defimits relation to construction chall be capitalized. The addition to direct conς.

costs is not permitted.

C. The records supporting the entries for overhead construction costs shall be so kept as to show the total amount of each overhead for each year, the nature and amount of each overhead expenditure charged to each construction work order and to each electric plant account, and the bases of distribution of such costs.

5. Electric Plant Purchased or Sold.

acquisition, including expenses incidental thereto properly includible in electric plant, shall be charged to account 102, c Electric Plant Purchased or Sold.

B. The accounting for the acquisition is shall then be completed as follows: operating unit or system is acquired by purchase, merger, consolidation, liquida-tion, or otherwise, after the effective date of this system of accounts, the costs of When electric plant constituting an Ä

(1) The original cost of plant, estimated if not known, shall be credited to account 102, Electric Plant Purchased or appropriate electric plant in service accounts and to account 104, Electric Plant Leased to Others, account 105, Electric Plant Held for Future Use, and account 107, Construction Work in Prog-Sold, and concurrently charged to the

ress—Electric, as appropriate.
(2) The depreciation and amortization applicable to the original cost of the properties purchased shall be charged or Sold, and concurrently credited to the appropriate account for accumulated provision for depreciation or amortizato account 102, Electric Plant Purchased

(3) The cost to the utility of any property includible in account 121, Nonutility Froperty, shall be transferred thereto.

aid of construction applicable to the property acquired, shall be charged to (4) The amount of contributions in account 102, Electric Plant Purchased or Sold, and concurrently credited to account 271, Contributions in Aid of Construction, unless otherwise authorized by the Commission

102, Electric Plant Purchased or Sold, shall then be closed to account 114, Elec-The amount remaining in account 3

tric Plant Acquisition Adjustments.

C. If property acquired in the purchase of an operating unit or system is in such physical condition when acquired that it is necessary substantially to rehabilitate it in order to bring the property up to the standards of the utility, the cost of be such work, except replacements, shall be p accounted for as a part of the purchase price of the property.

D. When any property acquired as an operating unit or system includes duplicate or other plant which will be retired by the accounting utility in the reconstruction of the acquired property or its consolidation with previously owned property, the proposed accounting for such property shall be presented to the Commission.

serve such records in conformity with regulations or practices governing the preservation of records of its own construction. lating to the property acquired, or certified copies thereof, and shall pre-E. In connection with the acquisition of electric plant constituting an operating unit or system, the utility shall procure, if possible, all existing records re-

P. When electric plant constituting an operating unit or system is sold, conveyed, or transferred to another by sale, an erger, consolidation, or otherwise, the book cost of the property sold or transferred to another shall be credited to the appropriate utility plant accounts, ingluding amounts carried in account 114, y Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments, and the amounts (estimated if not reknown) carried with respect thereto in a the accounts for accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization and in account 252, Customer Advances for Construction, and account 271, Contributions in Aid of Construction, shall be charged to such accounts and the contra entries made to account 102, Electric Plant Purchased or Sold. Unless otherwise ordered by the Commission, the difference, if any, between (a) the net amount of debits and credits and (b) the consideration received for the property (less commissions and other expenses of making the sale) shall be included in \$ Surplus, or account 435, Miscellaneous making the sale) shall be included account 434, Miscellaneous Credits

Electric Plant Purchased or Sold.)

of purchased properties to a new owner, the accounts of the constituent utilities, with the approval of the Commission, may be combined. In the event original cost has not been determined, the resulting utility shall proceed to determine such cost as outlined NOTE: In cases where existing utilities merge or consolidate because of financial or operating reasons or statutory requirements wather than as a means of transferring title herein.

ity service property leased for a period of more than one year, and the cost of subsequent substantial additions, replacements, or betterments to such property, shall be charged to the electric plant account appropriate for the class to of property leased. If the service life of the improvements is terminable by action of the lease, the cost, less net salve age, of the improvements shall be spread over the life of the lease by charges to account 404, Amortization of Limited-Term Electric Plant. However, if the the lease but by depreciation proper, the cost of the improvements, less net salvage, shall be accounted for as depreciable 6. Expenditures on Leased Property.
A. The cost of substantial initial improvements (including repairs, rearrangements, additions, and betterments) service life is not terminated by action of made in the course of preparing for utilplant.

B. If improvements made to property leased for a period of more than one year are of relatively minor cost, or if the lease is for a period of not more than one year, the cost of the improvements shall be charged to the account in which the rent is included, either directly or by amortization thereof.

holds, easements, water and water power rights, diversion rights, submersion rights, submersion rights, rights of way, and other like interests in land.

B. Where special assessments for public improvements provide for deferred payments, the full amount of the assess-7. Land and Land Rights.
A. The accounts for land and land rights shall include the cost of land terests, and privileges held by the utility in land owned by others, such as leaseowned in fee by the utility and rights, in-

ments shall be charged to the appropriate land account and the unpaid balance shall be carried in an appropriate liability account. Interest on unpaid bal-

ances shall be charged to the appropriate interest account. If any part of the cost of public improvements is included in the general tax levy, the amount thereof shall be charged to the appropriate tax account.

the time of purchase increases in value, the net profit (after giving effect to the cost of the timber) from the sales of tim-ber or its products shall be credited to ac-count 421, Miscellaneous Nonoperating and land rights or clearing land account. Where land is held for a considerable quired with rights of way or other lands shall be credited to the appropriate land period of time and timber on the land at ber, cord wood, or other property ac-C. The net profit from the sale of

of more than one year. A record shall be maintained showing the nature of ownership, full legal description, area, map reference, purpose for which used, city, county, and tax district on which situated, from whom purchased or to whom sold, payment given or received, other costs, contract date and number, date of recording of deed, and book and page of record. Entries transferring or retiring land or land rights shall refer to the original entry recording its acthe acquisition, transfer, or retirement of each parcel of land, and each land right (except rights of way for distribu-tion lines), or water right, having a life D. Separate entries shall be made for quisition. Income.

cellaneous Debits to Surplus, as appropriate, unless a reserve therefor has been authorized and provided. Appropriate adjustments of the accounts shall be mace with respect to any structures or improvements located on land sold.

F. The cost of buildings and other im-E. Any difference between the amount received from the sale of land or land rights, less agents' commissions and other costs incident to the sale, and the book cost of such land or rights, shall be included in account 434, Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus, or account 435, Mis-

tends to buildings or other improvements ments) shall not be included in the land of an interest in land such interest exprovements (other than public improveaccounts. If at the time of acquisition which are then devoted to utility operations, the land and improvements shall (other than public improvements), be separately appraised and the cost al

located to land and buildings or improvements on the basis of the appraisals. If tions, the cost of removing or wrecking wrecked without being used in operashall be charged and the salvage credited to the account in which the cost of improvements are removed the land is recorded.

be used in utility operations. The portion of the cost measured by the fair market value of the land not to be used shall be based upon the cost of the land purchased, less the fair market value of tric operations requires the purchase of that portion of the land which is not to shall be included in account 105, Electric Plant Held for Future Use, or account more land than needed for such purposes, 121, Nonutility Property, as appropriate. G. When the purchase of land for electhe charge to the specific land account

H. Provisions shall be made for amortizing amounts carried in the accounts for limited-term interests in land so as to apportion equitably the cost of each interest over the life thereof. (See account 111, Accumulated Provision for Amortization of Electric Plant in Service, and account 404, Amortization of Limited-Term Electric Plant.)

the accounts for land and land rights are I. The items of cost to be included in as follows:

1. Bulkheads, buried, not requiring maintenance or replacement.

2. Cost, first, of acquisition including mortgages and other liens assumed (but not subsequent interest thereon).

3. Clearing (first cost) the land of brush, by trees, and debris, except in the case of account 332, Reservoirs, Dams and Waterways, in and account 351 (Transmission Plant), a Clearing Land and Rights of Way.

4. Condemnation proceedings, including court and counsel costs. pay-5. Consents and abutting damages,

ment for.

Conveyancers' and notaries' fees.

ers, agents and others in connection with Grading the land, except when directly Fees, commissions, and salaries to brokthe acquisition of the land or land rights. ထံ

9. Leases, cost of voiding upon purchase to occasioned by the building of a structure.

churches, telephone and power lines, etc., in Removing, relocating, or reconstructproperty of others, such as buildings, cemeteries, order to acquire quiet possession. bridges, secure possession of land. bighways, railroads,

11. Retaining walls unless identified with structures,

Special assessments levied by public authorities for public improvements on the basis of benefits for new roads, new bridges, new sewers, new curbing, new pavements, and other public improvements, but not taxes levied to provide for the maintenance of such improvements.

sition, but not amounts paid for topographical surveys and maps where such costs are attributable to structures or plant equipment erected or to be erected or installed on such 13. Surveys in connection with the acqui14. Taxes assumed, accrued to date of

transfer of title.

15. Title, examining, clearing, insuring, and registering in connection with the acquistition and defending against claims relating

to the period prior to the acquisition.

16. Appraisals prior to closing title.

17. Cost of dealing with distributes or legates residing outside of the state or county, such as recording power of attorney, recording will or exemplification of will, re-

cording satisfaction of state tax.

18. Filing satisfaction of mortgage.

19. Documentary stamps.

20. Photographs of property at acquisition.

21. Fees and expenses incurred in the acquisition of water rights and grants.

22. Cost of fill to extend bulkhead line over land under water, where riparian rights are held, which is not occasioned by the erection

of a structure. 23. Sidewalks and curbs constructed by the

utility on public property.

24. Labor and expenses in connection with securing rights of way, where performed by company employees and company agents.

8. Structures and Improvements.
A. The accounts for structures and improvements shall include the cost of all or safeguard property or persons, including all fixtures permanently attached to or without in some way impairing the buildings, and improvements of a perbuildings and facilities to house, support, and made a part of buildings and which cannot be removed therefrom without cutting into the walls, ceilings, or floors, manent character on or to land.

chinery or apparatus for which provided, and the cost of angle irons, castings, etc., B. The cost of specially provided foundations not intended to outlast the mainstalled at the base of an item of equipment, shall be charged to the same account as the cost of the machinery, apparatus, or equipment.

C. Minor buildings and structures, directly in connection with or form a part of a reservoir, dam, waterway, etc., shall such as valve towers, patrolmen's towers, telephone stations, etc., which are used

contents. be considered a part of the facility in connection with which constructed or operated and the cost thereof accounted

the appropriate plant account, and no used primarily for furnishing steam for some particular department and only for heating a building and operating the furnaces and boilers shall be charged to equipment therein, the entire cost of such incidentally for furnishing steam boilers D. Where furnaces and

part to the building account.

E. Where the structure of a dam forms also the foundation of the power plant building, such foundation shall be considered a part of the dam.

follows: (a) When such material is used for filling, the cost of loading, hauling, and dumping shall be equitably apportioned between the work in connection with which the removal occurs and the work in connection with which the material is sold, the net amount realized from such sales shall be credited to the work in connection with which the removal oc-F. The cost of disposing of materials tion of structures shall be considered as a part of the cost of such work, except as excavated in connection with construcsale of excavated materials exceeds the tion with the sale, the excess shall be removal costs and the costs in conneccredited to the land account in which curs. If the amount realized from the site is carried.

rarily attached to buildings for purposes of display or demonstration shall not be G. Lighting or other fixtures tempoincluded in the cost of the building but in the appropriate equipment account.

H. The items of cost to be included in the accounts for structures and improvements are as follows:

1. Architects' plans and specifications inthe cluding supervision. 2. Ash pits (when located within

3. Athletic field structures and improvements.
4. Bollers, furnaces, piping, wiring, building)

tures, and machinery for heating, lighting, signaling, ventilating, and air conditioning systems, plumbing, vacuum cleaning systems,

incinerator and smoke pipe, flues, etc. 5. Bulkheads, including dredging, riprap maintenance fill, piling, decking, concrete, fenders, when exposed and subject to maintens and replacement.

6. Chimneys. 7. Coal bins at

Coal bins and bunkers.

Commissions and fees to brokers, agents, 8. Commissions and fees to brokers architects and others.
9. Conduit (not to be removed)

10. Damages to abutting property during

12. Door checks and door stops.

13. Drainage and sewerage systems.

14. Elevators, crases, hoists, etc., and the machinery for operating them.

15. Excavation, including shoring, bracing, bridging, refill and disposal of excess excavated material, cofferdams around founda-

tion, pumping water from cofferdams during construction, and test borings.

16. Fences and fence curbs (not including protective fences isolating items of equipment, which shall be charged to the approment, who was the same of the sam priate equipment account).

17. Fire protection systems when forming

spart of a structure.

18. Flagpole.
19. Floor covering (permanently attached).
20. Foundations and piers for machinery, constructed as a permanent part of a building or other item listed herein.
21. Grading and clearing when directly occasioned by the building of a structure.
22. Intrasite communication s y st em. poles, pole fartures, wires and cables.
23. Lanssets, voiding upon purchase to se.
24. Leases, voiding upon purchase to se.
25. Leases, voiding upon purchase to se.
26. Lighting fartures and outside lighting fartures and outside lighting fartures.

system. 27. Mailchutes when part of a building. 28. Marquee, permanently attached

building.
29. Painting, first cost.
30. Permanent paving, concrete, brick, flagstone, asphalt, etc., within the property

ines.

31. Partitions, including movable.
32. Permits and privileges.
33. Platforms, railings and gratings when constructed as a part of a structure.
34. Power boards for services to a building.
35. Refrigerating systems for general use.
36. Retaining walls except when identified with land.
37. Roadways, railroads, bridges, and trestles intrasite except railroads provided for

In equipment accounts.
38. Roofs.
39. Scales, connected to and forming a part

of a structure.

40. Screens.41. Sewer systems, for general use.42. Sidewalks, culverts, curbs and streets constructed by the utility on its property.

43. Sprinkling systems.
44. Sump pumps and pits.
45. Stacks—brick, steel, or concrete, when set on foundation forming part of general foundation and steelwork of a building. 46. Steel inspection during construction.

Storage facilities constituting a part

of a building.

48. Storm doors and windows.

49. Subways, areaways, and tunnels, directly connected to and forming part of a structure.

Tanks, constructed as part of a build-ig or as a distinct structural unit.

Temporary heating during construction

Temporary water connection during 53. Temporary shantles and other facilities used during construction (net cost). construction (net cost).

64. Topographical maps.
55. Tunnels, intake and discharge, when constructed as part of a structure, including sluice gates, and those constructed to house

56. Vaults constructed as part of a build-

systems (net cost when used during construction ing. 57. Watchmen's sheds and clock

only).
66. Water basins or reservoirs.
68. Water front improvements.
60. Water meters and supply system for a building or for general company purposes. 61. Water supply piping, hydrants and

wells.

62. Wharves.
63. Window shades and ventilators.
64. Yard drainage system.
65. Yard lighting system.
66. Yard surfacing, gravel, concrete,
oil. (First cost only.)

b

counts shall be credited with the cost of coal bunkers, stacks, foundations, subways, tunnels, etc., the ures of which has terminated with the removal of the equipment with which they are associated even though they have not been physically removed. Norz: Structures and Improvements ac-

Equipment.

to such purchase, expenses of transportation when borne by the utility, labor employed, materials and supplies conequipment account, includes the net pur-chase price thereof, sales taxes, investi-gation and inspection expenses necessary sumed, and expenses incurred by the util-A. The cost of equipment chargeable the electric plant accounts, unless otherwise indicated in the text of an ity in unloading and placing the equipment in readiness to operate. 5

ness of the accounting therefor as electric plant is verified by current inventories. Specal tools acquired and included in the B. Exclude from equipment accounts hand and other portable tools, which are likely to be lost or stolen or which have relatively small value (for example, \$50 or less) or short life, unless the correctbe inpurchase price of equipment shall

ment when used in connection with the or in "stores," shall be charged to the ticular plant or department, such as production, transmission, distribution, etc., plant account appropriate for their use. cluded in the appropriate plant account. Portable drills and similar tool equipoperation and maintenance of a par-

equipment, but piers and foundations which are designed to be as permanent as or which are constructed as a part of the building and which cannot be removed clude angle irons and similar items which the buildings which house the equipment, are installed at the base of an item of C. The equipment accounts shall in-

without cutting into the walls, ceilings or floors or without in some way impairs or floors or without in some way impairs ing the building, shall be included in the valuable accounts.

D. The equipment accounts shall insclude the necessary costs of testing or a running a plant or part thereof during an experimental or test period prior to any test or experimental run extending beyond a period of thirty days.

E. The cost of efficiency or other tests The full particulars of and justification for becoming available for service. The utility shall furnish the Commission with

charged to the appropriate expense accounts, except that tests to determine whether equipment meets the specifications and requirements as to efficiency, performance, etc., guaranteed by manu-facturers, made after operations have commenced and within the period specifled in the agreement or contract of purchase, may be charged to the appromade subsequent to the date equipment becomes available for service shall be priate electric plant account.

10. Additions and Retirements of Electric Plant.

refinement in accounting for additions to and retirements and replacements of electric plant, all property shall be considered as consisting of (1) retirement Each utility shall use such list of retirement units as is in use by it at the effective date hereof or as may be prescribed by the Commission, with the option, however, of using smaller units, provided A. For the purpose of avoiding undue units and (2) minor items of property. the utility's practice in this respect consistent.

tirement units shall be accounted for as B. The addition and retirement of re-

plant account, except that when units When a retirement unit is added are acquired in the acquisition of any electric plant constituting an operating to electric plant, the cost thereof shall to the appropriate electric

system, they shall be accounted for as transfered in electric plant instruction 5.

(2) When a retirement unit is retired trom electric plant, with or without replacement, the book cost thereof shall a be credited to the electric plant account in which it is included, determined in the manner set forth in paragraph D, a below. If the retirement unit is of a deproperty. The cost of remover salvage shall be charged or credited, preciable rlass, the book cost of the unit retired and credited to electric plant shall be charged to the accumulated provision for depreciation applicable to such

account. C. The addition and retirement of minor items of property shall be accounted for as follows:

to plant, the cost thereof shall be accounted for in the same manner as for the addition of a retirement unit, as set forth in paragraph B(1), above, if a substantial addition results, otherwise the charge shall be to the appropriate (1) When a minor item of property which did not previously exist is added

maintenance expense account.

(2) When a minor item of property is retired and not replaced, the book cost thereof shall be credited to the electric plant account in which it is included; and, in the event the minor item is a part of depreciable plant, the account for accumulated provision for depreciation shall be charged with the book cost it. which it is a part when such unit is re-tired, no separate credit to the property account is required when such minor the salvage. If, however, the book cost placed has been or will be accounted for by its inclusion in the retirement unit of and cost of removal and credited with of the minor item retired and not

(3) When a minor item of depreciable property is replaced independently of the retirement unit of which it is a part, the cost of replacement shall be charged to the item, except that if the replacement effects a substantial betterment (the primary aim of which is to make the propthe maintenance account appropriate for ttem is retired.

ş

ment over the estimated cost at current affected more useful, more efficient, greater durability, or of greater caprices of replacing without betterment pacity), the excess cost of the replaceshall be charged to the appropriate elec-

due to the relatively large number or small cost thereof, an appropriate aver-age book cost of the units, with due allowance for any differences in size and character, shall be used as the book cost be determined from the utility's records and if this cannot be done, it shall be estimated. When it is impracticable to determine the book cost of each unit, tric plant account.

D. The book cost of electric plant retired shall be the amount at which such property is included in the electric plant accounts, including all components of construction costs. The book cost shall of the units retired.

ized and provided) and the sale price of the land (less commissions and other ex-penses of making the sale) shall be in-cluded in account 434, Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus or account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, as appropriate. If the land is not used in utility service but is retained by the utility, the book cost shall be charged to account 105, Electric Plant Held for Future Use, or retired shall be credited to the appropriate land account. If the land is sold, the difference between the book cost (less any accumulated provision for depreciation or amortization therefor which has been authoraccount 121, Nonutility Property, E. The book cost of land

Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Electric Plant in Service. Any amounts which, by approval or order of the Commission, are charged to account 182, Extraordinary Property Losses, shall be credited to account 108. appropriate. F. The book cost less net salvage of depreciable electric plant retired shall be charged in its entirety to account 108,

tion of Limited-Term Electric Plant, and 303, Miscellaneous Intangible Plant, and the items of limited-term interest in land included in the accounts for land and land rights, shall be as provided for in the text of account 111, Accumulated Provision for Amortization of Electric G. The accounting for the retirement and account Plant in Service, account 404, Amortizaof amounts included in account Franchises and Consents,

account 405, Amortization of Other Elec-11. Work Order and Property Record

orders. Separate work orders and opened for additions to and retirements struction and retirements of electric plant by means of work orders or job of electric plant or the retirements may be included with the construction work order, provided, however, that all items relating to the retirements shall be kept tion and provided, further, that any maintenance costs involved in the work separate from those relating to construc-A. Each utility shall record all

shall likewise be segregated.

B. Each utility shall keep its work order system so as to show the nature of each addition to or retirement of electric plant, the total cost thereof, the plant account or accounts to which charged or credited. Work orders covering jobs of short duration may be source or sources of costs, and the electric cleared monthly.

C. Each utility shall maintain records in which, for each plant account, the amounts of the annual additions and retirements, subsequent to the effective date of this system of accounts, are classified so as to show the number and cost of the various record units or retirement units.

12. Transfers of Property.

When property is transferred from one electric plant account to another, from ing division or area to another, to or from accounts 101, Electric Plant in Service, 104, Electric Plant Leased to Others, 105, 121, Nonutility Property, the transfer shall be recorded by transferring the original cost thereof from the one acbe transferred in accordance with the one utility department to another, such as from electric to gas, from one operat-Electric Plant Held for Future Use, and count, department, or location to the other. Any related amounts carried in the accounts for accumulated provision for depreciation or amortization shall segregation of such accounts.

13. Common Utility Plant.

A. If the utility is engaged in more extent and in such manner that it is gas, and water, and any of its utility plant is used in common for several utilthan one utility service, such as electric, ity services or for other purposes to such impracticable to segregate it by utility

services currently in the accounts, such property, with the approval of the Commission, may be designated and classified as "common utility plant."

electric department, shall be segregated and accounted for in subaccounts as electric plant is accounted for in accounts 101 to 107, inclusive, and electric plant adjustments in account 116; any amounts classifiable as common plant B. The book amount of utility plant acquisition adjustments or common plant designated as common plant shall be included in account 118, Other Utility Plant, and if applicable in part to the adjustments shall be subject to disposition as provided in paragraphs C and B The original cost of common utility plant in service shall be classified according to of accounts 114 and 116, respectively, for amounts classified in those accounts. detailed utility plant accounts appropri-

ate for the property.

C. The utility shall be prepared to show at any time and to report to the Commistion annually, or more frequently, if resion annually, or more frequently, if residuned, and by utility plant accounts (301 to 399) the following: (1) The book cost of common utility plant, (2) The allocation of such cost to the respective departments using the common utility plant, and (3) The basis of the allocation. D. The accumulated provision for de-

shall be segregated so as to show the preciation and amortization of the utility amount applicable to the property classinance, rents, depreciation and amortization of common utility plant shall be recorded in the accounts prescribed E. The expenses of operation, maintecommon utility plant shall be supported herein, but designated as common exexpenses, and the allocation of such penses to the departments using fled as common utility plant.

Transmission and Distribution basis of allocation used. 14. Plant.

in such manner as to reflect readily the

For the purpose of this system of accounts:

(1) All land, conversion structures, and equipment employed at a primary source of supply (i.e., generating station, or point of receipt in the case of purchased power) to change the voltage or frequency of electricity for the purpose of its more efficient or convenient transmis-A. "Transmission system" means:

(2) All land, structures, lines, switching and conversion stations, high tension tive equipment between a generating or receiving point and the entrance to a distribution center or wholesale point; apparatus, and their control and protecand

(3) All lines and equipment whose primary purpose is to augment, integrate or tie together the sources of power supply. B. "Distribution system" means all

chased power) and of delivery to customers, which are not includible in transmission system, as defined in paragraph A, whether or not such land, strucland, structures, conversion equipment, lines, line transformers, and other facilsource of supply (i.e., generating station, or point of receipt in the case of purtures, and facilities are operated as part of a transmission system or as part of a ities employed between the primary distribution system.

Nors: Stations which change electricity from transmission to distribution voltage shall be classified as distribution stations.

transmission and distribution conductors, the poles, towers, anchors, guys, and rights of way shall be classified as transmission system. The conductors, crossarms, braces, grounds, tiewire, insulators, etc., shall be classified as transmission or the distribution facilities, according to the C. Where poles or towers support both purpose for which used.

tains both transmission and distribution conductors, the underground conduit and right of way shall be classified as distribution system. The conductors shall be classified as transmission or distribution D. Where underground conduit confacilities according to the purpose for which used

E. Land (other than rights of way) and structures used jointly for transmission and distribution purposes shall be classified as transmission or distribu-tion according to the major use thereof.

# Operating Expense Instructions

Wherever allocations are counts shall consist of the pay and clerks, other employees and consultants engaged in supervising and directing the The supervision and engineering includible in the operating expense acexpenses of superintendents, engineers, operation and maintenance of each util-1. Supervision and Engineering. ty function,

necessary in order to arrive at the amount to be included in any account, the method and basis of allocation shall be reflected by underlying records.

### ITEMS

### Labor

1. Special tests to determine efficiency of

mates, and drawings relating to operation or maintenance for departmental approval. 3. Freparing instructions for operations and maintenance activities. equipment operation.
2. Preparing or reviewing budgets, esti-

4. Reviewing and analyzing operating

results.

5. Establishing organizational setup of departments and executing changes therein.

6. Formulating and reviewing routines of departments and executing changes therein.

7. General training and instruction of employees by supervisors whose pay is charge, able hereto. Specific instruction and training in a particular type of work is chargeable to the appropriate functional account.

8. Secretarial work for supervisory personnel, but not general clerical and steno-graphic work chargeable to other accounts.

### Expenses

9. Consultants' fees and expenses.
10. Meals, traveling and incidental expenses.

### 2. Maintenance.

Other work operations applicable to specific classes of plant are listed in functional maintenance expense acclearing accounts includes labor, ma-A. The cost of maintenance chargeable to the various operating expense and terials, overheads and other expenses incurred in maintenance work. A list of work operations applicable generally to utility plant is included hereunder. counts.

B. Materials recovered in connection with the maintenance of property shall

be credited to the same account to which the maintenance cost was charged. C. If the book cost of any property is carried in account 102, Electric Plant Purchased or Sold, the cost of maintaining such property shall be charged to the which is carried in other electric plant in erty leased from others shall be treated accounts for maintenance of property of the same class and use, the book cost of service accounts. Maintenance of propprovided in operating

1. Direct field supervision of maintenance.
2. Inspecting, testing, and reporting on

the need for repairs, replacements, re-arrangements and changes and inspecting testing the adequacy of repairs which of plant specifically to determine Work performed specifically for the purhave been made.

4. Rearranging and changing the location of plant not retired.
5. Repairing for reuse materials recovered pose of preventing failure, restoring service-ability or maintaining life of plant.

clearing 6. Testing for, locating and from plant. trouble.

terruptions in service.

8. Replacing or adding minor items of plant which do not constitute a retirement 7. Net cost of installing, maintaining, and removing temporary facilities to prevent in-

(See electric plant instruction 10.) 3. Rents. unit.

104 105 106

A. The rent expense accounts provided under the several functional groups of expense accounts shall include all rents, able to clearing accounts, and distributed therefrom to the appropriate account. If rents cover property used for more than one function, such as production and transmission, or by more than one ity operations, except (1) minor amounts amounts paid for use of equipment that, owned, would be includible in plant be treated as an expense item and included in the appropriate functional ac-count and (2) rents which are chargedepartment, the rents shall be apporor clearing accounts of each department including taxes paid by the lessee on leased property, for property used in utilpaid for occasional or infrequent use of tioned to the appropriate rent expense on an actual, or, if necessary, an estiany property or equipment and all accounts 391 to 398, inclusive, which shall mated basis.

in connection with utility operations is subleasing shall be credited to the rent B. When a portion of property or equipment rented from others for use subleased, the revenue derived from such was charged to a clearing account, amounts received from subleasing the provided, however, that in case the rent property shall be credited to such clearrevenue account in operating revenues ing account.

lessee, of operating and maintaining leased property, shall be charged to the accounts appropriate for the expense if ģ C. The cost, when incurred the property were owned.

Special deposits. 134 135 136 additions and replacements to electric plant leased from others shall be accounted for as provided in electric plant The cost incurred by the lessee of instruction 6. Ä

### ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS **Balance Sheet Accounts**

Electric plant.

1. UTILITY PLANT

Electric plant in process of reclassifi-Electric plant purchased or sold Electric plant in service.

102 10

Electric plant leased to others. Electric plant held for future use. Completed construction not classication

Construction work in progress—Elecfled-Electric.

107

Accumulated provision for depreciation Accumulated provision for depreciaand amortization.

> 108 109

Plant materials and operating sup-Fuel stock expenses undistributed.

tion of electric plant in service.
Accumulated provision for depreciation of electric plant leased to

tion of electric plant held for future use.
Accumulated provision for amortizadeprecla-Accumulated provision for others.

110

111 112

of electric plant leased to Accumulated provision for amortizain service. tion of electric plant others.

amortiza Accumulated provision for

113

tion of electric plant held for future

Accumulated provision for amortization of electric plant acquisition adjust-Electric plant acquisition adjustments. 116 118 119

Accumulated provision for depreciation utility Other electric plant adjustments. and amortization of other Other utility plant.

OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS Nonutility property. oi

depreciation and amortization of nonutility prop-Investment in associated companies. Accumulated provision for 13<sub>3</sub> 2 2

Other investments. Special funds

Depreciation fund. Amortization fund—Federal. Other spcial funds. Sinking funds. 125 126 127 128

3. CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS

131

stockhold-Reduction in par or stated value of Gain on resale or cancellation Donations received from Premium on capital stock. Other paid-in capital, capital stock. 202 203 Notes an 1 accounts receivable. Working funds. Temporary cash investments. Dividend special deposits. Interest special deposits. Other special deposits.

Appropriated earned surplus. Unappropriated earned surplus Reacquired capital stock. Capital stock expense. 211 212 213 214 215 215 216 Accumulated provision for uncollecti-Receivables from associated companies. Notes receivable from associated com-

installments received on capital stock.

Customer accounts receivable.

141 142 143 144

Notes receivable.

Other accounts receivable,

ble accounts-credit.

Discount on capital stock.

Miscellaneous paid-in capital

acquired capital stock

6. Long-Term Debt

associated

Accounts receivable from

146

panies.

145

Material and supplies.

Fuel stock. Residuals.

151 152 153 154

companies.

Advances from associated companies. Other long-term debt. Reacquired bonds. Bonds. 222 223 223 224

7. CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES Payables to associated companies. Accounts payable. Notes payable. 231

Accounts payable to associated Notes payable to associated pantes. 233 234 compo--oduloo

Nuclear fuel assemblies and nents-Stock account.

158

nents-In reactor.

Other materials and supplies. Nuclear fuel assemblies and

Merchandise.

155 156 157

Customer deposits. Interest accrued. Taxes accrued panies. 235 236 237 Other current and accrued assets. Stores expense undistributed. Nuclear byproduct materials.

Prepayments.

· 159 163 165

Other current and accrued liabilities. Matured long-term debt. Dividends declared. accrued Interest and dividends receivable.

and

Accrued utility revenues. Miscellaneous current

assets.

Rents receivable.

171 172 173 174

Miscellaneous current and Tax collections payable. Matured interest. liabilities. 238 239 240 241 242

ex-

and

Unamortized debt discount

181 182

4. DEFERRED DEBITS

Extraordinary property losses.

Other deferred debits.

accrued

Customer advances for construction. Other deferred credits. Unamortized premium on debt. 251 252 253

Preliminary survey and investigation

Temporary facilities. Miscellaneous deferred debits.

Clearing accounts.

185 185 186

charges.

183

5. PROPRIETARY CAPITAL

Liabilities and other credits.

8. DEFERRED CREDITS

Injuries and damages reserve. Pensions and benefits reserve. OPERATING RESERVES Property insurance reserve. 261 262 263 264 265

CONTRIBUTIONS IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION Amortization reserve—Federal. Miscellaneous operating reserves. 10.

11. Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes Contribtuions in aid of construction. 271

conver-

for

Common stock subscribed.

202

Common stock issued

Common capital stock,

Common stock liability

deferred income amortization. deferred income Accelerated Accumulated Accumulated 281 282

taxes-Liberalized depreciation.

Accumulated deferred income
Other.

æ

conver-

Preferred stock subscribed.

Preferred stock liability for

Preferred stock issued.

202 203 305 305

Preferred capital stock.

No. 110-Part II-

## **Balance Sheet Accounts**

### 1. UTILITY PLANT

## Electric plant in service.

original cost of electric plant, included in accounts 301 to 399, prescribed herein, owned and used by the utility in its electric utility operations, and having an expectation of life in service of more than one year from date of installation, including such property owned by the util-This account shall include ity but held by nominees.

(See also account 106 for unclassified construction costs of completed plant actually in service.)

be recorded in subdivisions separate and B. The cost of additions to and bet-terments of property leased from others, which are includible in this account, shall distinct from those relating to owned property. (See electric plant instrucproperty. tion 6.)

# 102 Electric plant purchased or sold

the cost of electric plant acquired as an operating unit or system by purchase, merger, consolidation liquidation, or propriate accounts in accordance with This account shall be charged with otherwise, and shall be credited with the selling price of like property transferred to others pending the distribution to apelectric plant instruction 5.

acquisition or sale of property recorded herein, the utility shall file with the Commission the proposed journal entries to clear from this account the amounts B. Within six months from the date of recorded herein.

## 103 Electric plant in process of reclassification.

porarily the balance of electric plant as of the effective date of the prior system of accounts, which has not yet been reclassified as of the effective date of this system of accounts. The detailed or continued pending reclassification the electric plant accounts herein count employed prior to such date shall prescribed (301-399), but shall not be used for additions, betterments, or new This account shall include temprimary accounts in support of this acconstruction into

B. No charges other than as provided in paragraph A, above, shall be made to this account, but retirements of such unclassified electric plant shall be cred-

fixed capital accounts until the reclassihereto and to the supporting (old) fication shall have been accomplished.

### Electric plant leased to others. 104

inal cost of electric plant owned by the utility, but leased to others as operating or systems, where the lessee has This account shall include the origexclusive possession. units

B. The property included in this account shall be classified according to the detailed accounts (301 to 399) prescribed for electric plant in service and this account shall be maintained in such detail as though the property were used by the owner in its utility operations.

# 105 Electric plant held for future use.

electric service, but held for such service in the future under a definite plan, and property previously used by the utility in electric service, but retired from such service and held pending its reuse in the held for future use in electric service under a definite plan for such use. There A. This account shall include the original cost of electric plant owned and shall be included herein property acquired but never used by the utility in future, under a definite plan, in electric service.

detailed accounts (301 to 399) prescribed for electric plant in service and the account shall be maintained in such detail B. The property included in this account shall be classified according to the as though the property were in service.

spare capacity of plant in service shall not be included in this account. Note: Materials and supplies, meters and transformers held in reserve, and normal

# 106 Completed construction not classified—Electric.

completed and placed in service but which work orders have not been classidate as a balance sheet may be required by the Commission, this account shall include the total of the balances of work orders for electric plant which has been fled for transfer to the detailed electric At the end of the year or such other plant accounts.

plant in service by accounts is required, the utility shall also report the balance in this account tentatively classified as accurately as practicable according to prescribed account classifications. The purpose of this the Commission the classification of electric Norz: For the purpose of reporting

provision is to avoid any significant omissions in reported amounts of electric plant in service.

### Construction work in progress-Electric.

A. This account shall include the total of the balances of work orders for electric plant in process of construction. B. Work orders shall be cleared from

completion of the job. Further, if a project, such as a hydroelectric project, a steam station or a transmission line, is designed to consist of two or more units at different dates, any expenditures which are common to and which will be used in the operation of the project as a whole shall be included in electric plant in service upon the completion and the readiness for service of the first unit. Any expenditures which are identified exclusively with units of property not yet in service shall be included in this or circuits which may be placed in service this account as soon as practicable after account.

### Accumulated provision for depreciation of electric plant in service. 108

This account shall be credited with

the following:
(1) Amounts charged to account 403,
Depreciation Expense, to account 416, Jobbing, and Contract Work, or to clearing accounts for current depreciation Costs and Expenses of Merchandising, expense.

(2) Amounts charged to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, for past accrued depreciation.

cable to electric properties acquired as operating units or systems. (See electric plant instruction 5.) (3) Amounts of depreciation appli-

Extraordinary Property Losses, when au-(4) Amounts charged to account 182, thorized by the Commission.

(5) Amounts of depreciation applicable to electric plant donated to the utility.

ciable electric plant in service, this account shall be charged with the book cost of the property retired and the cost the salvage value and any other amounts recovered, such as insurance. When retirement, costs of removal and salvage are entered originally in retirement work orders, the net total of such work orders may be included in a separate B. At the time of retirement of depreof removal, and shall be credited with

of the work order, the proper distribution to subdivisions of this account shall be made as provided in the following para-

this account in sufficient detail to show separately for each such functional classification (a) the amount of accrual for depreciation, (b) the book cost of property retired, (c) cost of removal, (d) salvage, and (e) other items, including account is segregated according to the following functional classification for electric plant: (1) Steam production, (2) Nuclear production, (3) Hydraulic production, (4) Other production, (5) Transmission, (6) Distribution, and (7) General. These subsidiary records shall reflect the current credits and debits to C. For general ledger and balance sheet purposes, this account shall be re-garded and treated as a single composite provision for depreciation. For purposes of analysis, however, each utility shall maintain subsidiary records in which this recoveries from insurance.

erty accounts, the accounting for the related accumulated provision for de-D. When transfers of plant are made from one electric plant account to an-other, or from or to another utility depreciation shall be as provided in electric partment, or from or to nonutility propplant instruction 12.

E. The utility is restricted in its use of the accumulated provision for deprecia-tion to the purposes set forth above. It shall not transfer any portion of this account to surplus or make any other use thereof without authorization by the Commission.

Accumulated provision for depre-ciation of electric plant leased to others. 109

This account shall be credited with amounts charged to account 413, Expenses of Electric Plant Leased to Others, for current depreciation expense or to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, for past accrued depreciation of property included in account 104, Elec-tric Plant Leased to Others. Include, also, credits for depreciation applicable to plant acquired as operating units or systems, to plant donated to the utility or for losses transferred to account 182, Extraordinary Property Losses.

B. The requirements of account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation Electric Plant in Service, regarding

sidiary data to be maintained shall be retirements chargeable thereto and subapplicable likewise to this account.

C. The utility is restricted in its use ġ. preciation to the purposes set forth above. It shall not transfer any portion of this account to surplus or make any other use thereof without authorization the accumulated provision for by the Commission. ಕ

ciation of electric plant held for Accumulated provision for future use. A. This account shall be credited with cellaneous Nonoperating Income, for depreciation expense on property included in account 105, Electric Plant Held for Future Use. Include, also, the balance of accumulated provision for depreciation on property which may be transferred to account 105, Electric Plant Held for Future Use, from other propamounts charged to account 421, Mis-

the accumulated provision for depreciation to the purposes set forth above. It shall not transfer any portion of this account to surplus or make any other use thereof without authorization by the B. The utility is restricted in its use of Commission. Nors: Normally, this account will not be used for current depreciation provisions because, as previded herein, the service life in electric plant in service; however, if special circumstances indicate the propriety of current accruais for announced. mences with the date property is includible of current accruals for depreciation, such charges shall be made to account 421, Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income. during which depreciation is computed comAccumulated provision for amortization of electric plant in service. 111

435. Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, for past accrued amortization. It shall be credited also with amounts which may be charged to account 405, Amortization of Miscellaneous Amortization, or to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Sur-A. This account shall be credited with amounts charged to account 404, Amortization of Limited-Term Electric Plant, term electric investments, or to account Other Electric Plant, to account 425, plus, to amortize intangible or other electric plant which does not have a definite terminable life and is not subject to for the current amortization of limitedcharges for depreciation expense,

count shall be charged with the amount previously credited in respect to such property. The book cost of the property B. When any property to which this account applies is sold, relinquished, or otherwise retired from service, this acin account 434, Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus, or account 435, Miscellaneous so retired less the amount chargeable to this account and less the net proceeds realized at retirement shall be included Debits to Surplus, as appropriate.

SO as to each class of property which is being to show separately the balance applicable C. Records shall be maintained amortized.

It shall not transfer any portion of this account to surplus or make any other use thereof without authorization by the D. The utility is restricted in its use of the accumulated provision for amortization to the purposes set forth above. Commission.

tization of electric plant leased to Accumulated provision for amorothers. 112

amortization included in account 104. Electric Plant Leased to Others, or to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, for past accrued amortization. B. When any property to which this for the current amortization of limited-term or other investments subject to This account shall be credited with amounts charged to account 413, Expenses of Electric Plant Leased to Others,

account applies is sold, relinquished, or otherwise retired from service, this account shall be charged with the amount so retired less the amount chargeable to this account and less the net proceeds Surplus, or account 435, Miscellaneous property. The book cost of the property in account 434, Miscellaneous Credits to previously credited in respect to such realized at retirement shall be included Debits to Surplus, as appropriate.

to show separately the balance applicable SO &S to each class of property which is being C. Records shall be maintained amortized.

D. The utility is restricted in its use of the accumulated provision for amor-It shall not transfer any portion of this use thereof without authorization by the tization to the purposes set forth above account to surplus or make any Commission.

Accumulated provision for amor-tization of electric plant held for future use.

113

A. This account shall be credited with amounts charged to account 421, Misceltization expense on property included in account 105, Electric Plant Held for Future Use. Include also the balance of Future Use. Include also the balance of accumulated provision for amortization on property which may be transferred to account 105, Electric Plant Held for Future Use, from other property accounts. laneous Non-operating Income for amor-

Nore: See also note to account 110, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Electric Plant Held for Future Use.

account to surplus or make any other use thereof without authorization by the The utility is restricted in its use of zation to the purposes set forth above. It shall not transfer any portion of this accumulated provision for amorti-Commission. the

114 Electric plant acquisition adjustments.

chase, merger, consolidation, liquidation, or otherwise, and (b) the original cost, estimated, if not known, of such property, less the amount or amounts credited by the accounting utility at the time of acquisition to accumulated proference between (a) the cost to the accounting utility of electric plant acquired visions for depreciation and amortization and contributions in aid of construction This account shall include the difas an operating unit or system by pur-Ą

electric plant in service, electric plant held for future use, and electric plant with respect to such property.

B. With respect to acquisitions after the effective date of this system of accounts, this account shall be subdivided in for each property acquisition and to so as to show the amounts included hereleased to others. (See electric plant instruction 5.)

C. The amounts recorded in this account with respect to each property acquisition shall be amortized, or otherwise disposed of, as the Commission may approve or direct.

tization of electric plant acquisition amor-Accumulated provision for adjustments. This account shall be credited or debited with amounts which are includble in account 406, Amortization of Elec-

account shall be

tric Plant Acquisition Adjustments, account 425, Miscellaneous Amortization, or account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to count 114, Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments, in instances where the amortization of account 114 is not being Surplus, for the purpose of providing for the extinguishment of amounts in acmade by direct write-off of the account.

Other electric plant adjustments. 116

mated if not known, and the book cost of electric plant to the extent that such difference is not properly includible in account 114, Electric Plant Acquisition ference between the original cost, esti-A. This account shall include the dif-Adjustments.

B. Amounts included in this account shall be classified in such manner as to show the origin of each amount and shall be disposed of as the Commission may approve or direct.

Nore: The provisions of this account shall not be construed as approving or authorizing the recording of appreciation of electric plant.

118 Other utility plant.

This account shall include the balances in accounts for utility plant, other than electric plant, such as gas, railway, etc.

ciation and amortization of other 119 Accumulated provision for utility plant.

This account shall include the accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization applicable to utility property other than electric plant.

2. OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS

121 Nonutility property.

cost of land, structures, equipment or other tangible or intangible property owned by the utility, but not used in utility service and not properly includible in account 105, Electric Plant Held for A. This account shall include the

character but nevertheless constitute a distinct operating activity of the company (such as operation of an ice department where such activity is not classed Future Use. B. This account shall be subdivided so as to show the amount of property used in operations which are nonutility in neous property not used in operations. The records in support of each subacto show as a utility) and the amount of miscellacount shall be maintained so as

the ö classification appropriate property.

depreciation and amortization of non-Accumulated provision for utility property.

mulated provision for depreciation and amortization applicable to nonutility This account shall include the accuproperty.

Investment in associated companies. 123

This account shall include the book of discount or premium on interest bearincluding interest accrued thereon when such interest is not subject to current settlement. Include also the offsetting entry to the recording of amortization ing investments. (See account 419, Incost of investments in securities issued or assumed by associated companies and investment advances to such companies, terest and Dividend Income.)

such manner as to show the investment in securities of, and advances to, each associated company together with full particulars regarding any of such investments that are pledged. The account shall be maintained in œ.

clated companies owned and pledged shall be included in this account, but such securities, if held in special deposits or in special funds, shall be included in the appropriate deposit or fund account. A complete record of securities pledged shall be maintained.

Nore B: Securities of associated companies Nore A: Securities and advances of asso-

held as temporary cash investments are includible in account 136, Temporary Cash Investments.

NOTE C: Balances in open accounts with associated companies, which are subject to current settlement, are includible in account 146, Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies.

cost of any security in recognition of a de-cline in the value thereof. Securities shall be written off or written down to a nominal value if there be no reasonable prospect of substantial value. Fluctuations in market value shall not be recorded but a permanent impairment in the value of securities shall be recognized in the accounts. When securities are written off or written down, the amount of the adjustment shall be charged to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Sur-Nore D: The utility may write down the plus, or to an appropriate account for accumulated provisions for loss in value established as a separate subdivision of account.

## Other investments.

This account shall include the book of investments in securities issued

and any investments not accounted for elsewhere. Include also the offsetting entry to the recording of amortization of discount or premium on interest bearing investments. (See account 419, Inor assumed by nonassociated companies, investment advances to such companies, terest and Dividend Income.)

the also account 210, Gain on Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock, See utility reacquired by it under a definite plan for resale pursuant to authorization by the Board of Directors may, if perand account 217, Reacquired Capital mitted by statutes, be included in a sep-B. The cost of capital stock of arate subdivision of this account. Stock.)

C. The records shall be maintained in such manner as to show the amount of each investment and the investment advances to each person. Nors A: Securities owned and pledged shall be included in this account, but securities held in special deposits or in special funds

shall be included in appropriate deposit or fund accounts. A complete record of secutities hall be maintained.
Nore B: Securities held as temporary cash investments shall not be included in this

Nore C: See Note D of account 123. account.

## 125 Sinking funds.

held in sinking funds. A separate account, with appropriate title, shall be kept for each sinking fund. Transfers of cash and book cost of investments the purpose of paying matured sinking-fund obligations, or obligations called for redemption but not presented, or the This account shall include the amount from this account to special deposit accounts, may be made as necessary for Interest thereon.

## 126 Depreciation fund.

This account shall include the amount assets with the accumulated provisions of cash and the book cost of investments which have been segregated in a special fund for the purpose of identifying such for depreciation.

# 127 Amortization fund-Federal.

This account shall include the amount of cash and book cost of investments of any fund maintained pursuant to the requirements of a federal regulatory regated for the purpose of identifying the body, and the cash and investments seg-

account specific assets associated with acc 264, Amortization Reserve—Federal.

## 128 Other special funds.

This account shall include the amount of cash and book cost of investments which have been segregated in special funds for insurance, employee pensions, savings, relief, hospital, and other purposes not provided for elsewhere. A separate account, with appropriate title, shall be kept for each fund.

ment for pensions or other employee benefits shall not be included in this account. Nore: Amounts deposited with a trustee under the terms of an irrevocable trust agree-

# 3. CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS

for which accounts other than those designated as current and accrued assets are provided. There shall not be included in the group of accounts designated as curis reasonably assured, and amounts accuring to the utility which are subject to current settlement, except such items rent and accrued assets any item, the amount or collectibility of which is not reasonably assured, unless an adequate those assets which are readily convertible into cash or are held for current use in therefor. Items of current character but of doubtful value may be written provision for possible loss has been made down and for record purposes carried in Current and accrued assets are cash, current claims against others, payment of which operations or construction, these accounts at nominal value.

### 131 Cash.

This account shall include the amount of current cash funds except working funds.

## 132 Interest special deposits.

posits with fiscal agents or others for the This account shall include special depayment of interest.

# 133 Dividend special deposits.

special de-others for This account shall include special posits with fiscal agents or the payment of dividends.

## 134 Other special deposits.

with fiscal agents or others for special purposes other than the payment of inposits may include cash deposited with federal, state, or municipal authorities This account shall include deposits terest and dividends. Such special de-

destroyed, or otherwise disposed of is replaced; cash realized from the sale of the accounting utility's securities and deposited with trustees to be held until invested in property of the utility, etc. Entries to this account shall specify the gations; cash deposited with trustees to as a guaranty for the fulfilment of oblibe held until mortgaged property sold, purpose for which the deposit is made.

rate purposes shall not be included in this account. Further, deposits for more than one year, which are not offset by current ilabilities, shall not be charged to this account but to account 128, Other Special Funds. Nore: Assets available for general corpo-

### Working funds. 135

This account shall include cash advanced to officers, agents, employees, and others as petty cash or working funds.

# 136 Temporary cash investments.

time loans, bankers' acceptances, United States Treasury certificates, marketable securities, and other similar investments, acquired for the purpose of temporarily This account shall include the book cost of investments, such as demand and investing cash. ď

B. This account shall be so maintained as to show separately temporary cash investments in securities of associated companies and of others. Records shall be kept of any pledged investments.

## 141 Notes receivable.

mand or within one year from the date of issue, except, however, notes receivable from associated companies. (See account 136, Temporary Cash Investments, and account 145, Notes Receivable lectible obligations in the form of notes receivable and similar evidences (except cost, not includible elsewhere, of all colinterest coupons) of money due on de-This account shall include the book from Associated Companies.)

able discounted, sold, or transferred without releasing the utility from liability as endorser thereon, shall be credited to a separate subdivision of this account and appropriate disclosure shall be made in financial statements of any contingent liability arising from Note: The face amount of notes receivsuch transactions.

### Customer accounts receivable. 142

This account shall include amounts due from customers for utility service, and for merchandising, jobbing and contract work. This account shall not in-Ä

associated from qne amounts

This account shall be maintained so as to permit ready segregation of the amounts due for merchandising, jobbing and contract work.

## Other accounts receivable.

143

This account shall include amounts due the utility upon open accounts, other than amounts due from associated comservices and merchandising, jobbing and panies and from customers for utility contract work.

B. This account shall be maintained so as to show separately amounts due on subscriptions to capital stock and from officers and employees, but the account shall not include amounts advanced to officers or others as working (See account 135, Working Funds.) funds.

## Accumulated provision for uncollectible accounts-Cr. 144

This account shall be credited with amounts provided for losses on accounts receivable which may become uncollectible, and also with collections on accounts Uncollectible Accounts, for amounts aptions. Records shall be maintained so previously charged hereto. Concurrent plicable to utility operations, and to corresponding accounts for other operaas to show the write-offs of account recharges shall be made to account 904, ceivable for each utility department.

B. This account shall be subdivided show the provision applicable to the following classes of accounts receivable: ಽ

Merchandising, jobbing and contract work

NOTE A: Accretions to this account shall not be made in excess of a reasonable provision against losses of the character pro-Officers and employees. Others.

uncollectible

notes receivable or for uncollectible receivsary, separate subaccounts therefor shall be established under the account in which the

Nore B: If provisions for

ables from associated companies are neces-

associated 145 Notes receivable from companies.

receivable is carried.

### Accounts receivable from associated companies. 146

These accounts shall include notes and drafts upon which associated companies

balances subject to current settlement in open accounts with associated com-panies. Items which do not bear a spe-cified due date but which have been carried for more than twelve months and items which are not paid within twelve expected to be paid in full not later than months from due date shall be transwith any interest thereon, and debit one year from the date of issue, together ferred to account 123, Investment in Associated Companies.

NOTE A: On the balance sheet, accounts receivable from an associated company may be set off against accounts payable to the

celvable discounted, sold or transferred with-out releasing the utility from liability as endorser thereon, shall be credited to a sepa-rate subdivision of this account and appropriate disclosure shall be made in financial statements of any contingent liability arising NOTE B: The face amount of from such transactions. same company

cost of fuel on hand.

1. Invoice price of fuel less any cash or

other discounts.

transportation charges, not including, how-ever, any charges for unloading from the

shipping medium.
3. Excise taxes, purchasing agents' co missions, insurance and other expenses rectly assignable to cost of fuel.

charged to expense as the fuel is used to the end that the balance herein shall not exceed the expenses attributable to inventory of fuel on hand

- and Unloading from shipping facility All routine fuel analyses.
   Unloading from shippi putting in storage.

ity to first bunker, hopper, bucket, tank or holder of boiler house structure.

6. Operation of mechanical equipment, such as locomotives, trucks, cars, boats, 4. Moving of fuel in storage and transferring from one station to another.
5. Handling from storage or shipping facil-Supplies and Expenses:
7. Tools, lubricants and other supplies.
8. Operating supplies moving fuel. 10. Stores expenses applicable to fuel. equipment. 9. Transportation and other barges, cranes, etc. are liable, and which mature and are

153 Residuals.

use in the utility business for construcof materials purchased primarily for notes re-

This account shall include the book 151 Fuel stock.

2. Freight, switching, demurrage and other

ŧ com-

152 Fuel stock expenses undistributed.

incurred in unloading fuel from the shipping medium and in the handling thereof prior to its use, if such expenses warrant being treated as a part of the A. This account may include the cost of labor and of supplies used and expenses are sufficiently significant in amount to cost of fuel inventory rather than being charged direct to expense as incurred.

relatively small items, the identity of which (from the date of original installation to the final abandonment or sale thereof) cannot be ascertained without

undue refinement in accounting, shall be included in this account at current prices new for such items. The cost of rethe appropriate expense account as in-

B. Amounts included herein shall be

- 1. Procuring and handling of fuel.

when the materials were charged to this

be credited hereto and charged to the appropriate construction, operating exsuch other method of inventory accounting as conforms with accepted accountsupplies issued shall pense, or other account on the basis of a unit price determined by the use of cumulative average, first-in-first-out, ing standards consistently applied. B. Materials and mechanical

expenses

1. Invoice price of materials less cash other discounts.

2. Freight, switching or other transportation charges when practicable to include as part of the cost of particular materials to which they relate.

3. Customs duttes and excise taxes.

4. Costs of inspection and special tests This account shall include the book cost of any residuals produced in produc-

prior to acceptance.
5. Insurance and other directly assignable

and operating

tion or manufacturing processes.

154 Plant materials

supplies.

A. This account shall include the cost

Nore: Where expenses applicable to materials purchased cannot be directly assigned to particular purchases, they shall be charged to account 163, Stores Expense Undistribcharges. uted.

### 155 Merchandise.

with construction, maintenance or the retirement of property, such materials being credited to construction, mainte-

nance or accumulated depreciation provision, respectively, and included herein

tion, operation and maintenance pur-poses. It shall include also the book poses. It shall include also the book cost of materials recovered in connection

for merchandising, jobbing and contract plies shall be observed in respect to items pliances and equipment held primarily work. The principles prescribed in accounting for utility materials and supcost of materials and supplies and ap-This account shall include carried in this account.

oţ

# 156 Other materials and supplies.

items shall be charged to the mainten-

ance account appropriate for the pre-

vious use.

(2) Reusable materials consisting

in this account at original cost, estimated

large individual items shall be included

(1) Reusable materials consisting

as follows:

The cost of repairing such

if not known.

book held primarily for nonutility purposes. The principles prescribed in accounting for utility materials and supplies shall be observed in respect to items carried This account shall include the of materials and supplies this account. cost

g g

### Nuclear fuel assemblies and ponents—In reactor. 157

electricity. This account shall be debited for cost of assemblies and components transferred from account 158, Nuclear This account shall include cost to the Fuel Assemblies and Components—Stock Account, and credited for amounts charged to account 518, Fuel, for cost Upon discharge of the reactor for refueling this account shall be utility of assemblies and components installed in the reactor for production of distribution of assemblies and ponents in use.

cluded in this account shall be carried at the estimated net amount realizable

(3) Scrap and nonusable materials in-

dicated by previous use.

The difference between the

therefrom.

usable materials sold and the net amount

this account, as far as practicable, shall be adjusted to the accounts credited

amounts realized for scrap and nonat which the materials were carried in Associated

from

Receivable

Companies.

Accounts

Assemblies and Components-Stock Account, debited for remaining undistributed net costs pertaining to assemblies and account 158, Nuclear Fuel components removed reactor. and

### Nuclear fuel assemblies and components-Stock account. 158

and components, and held for or being chemically processed after use. When fuel assemblies and components are re-moved from stock for installation in the the utility of nuclear fuel assemblies tion, held in stock as spare assemblies terials are discharged from the reactor, this account shall be debited and account 157 credited with the remaining costs applicable to the spent fuel assemblies. of the reactor discharge materials, an accounting shall be made for disposition of such reprocessed materials, including adjustments to account 518, Fuel, and This account shall include the cost reactor, this account shall be credited and account 157, Nuclear Fuel Assemblies Upon completion of chemical processing components in process of fabrica-Components-In Reactor, debited for the utility's cost thereof. When maother accounts, as appropriate. And ಕ

be on the basis of a unit price determined by the use of cumulative average, firstassemblies and components from more than one lot of fabricated materials, the basis of costing issues from stock may in-first-out, or such other method of in-B. Where stock may consist of ventory accounting as conforms accepted accounting standards sistently applied.

Nore: Provisions will be made as required to provide for reactors utilizing aqueous and liquid metal solutions, siurries, and fluidized solids.

# 159 Nuclear by-product materials.

coverable values of plutonium and other nuclear by-product materials. This account shall be debited and account 518, mission. Adjustments to this account erable values of the excess of the nuclear by-product materials formed in operaproduct materials burned, if any, net of the estimated cost of conversion to metal and delivery to the Atomic Energy Com-This account shall include the net re-Fuel, credited with the estimated recovtion of the reactor over the nuclear byamounts actually realized and with respect to

credits to operations shall be debited or credited, as appropriate, to account 518, accumulated amounts Fuel.

### Stores expense undistributed. 163

This account shall include the cost handling and distribution of materials supervision, labor and expenses incurred in the operation of general storerooms, including purchasing, storage, and supplies. of

B. This account shall be cleared by adding to the cost of materials and supplies issued a suitable loading charge which will distribute the expense equitably over stores issues. The balance in not exceed the amount of stores expenses reasonably attributable to the inventory of materials and supplies exclusive of fuel, as any amount applicable to fuel costs should be included in account 152, the account at the close of the year shall Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed

### Labor:

supplies when not assignable to specific 1. Inspecting and testing materials and

2. Unloading from shipping facility and putting in storage.

3. Supervision of purchasing and stores

department to extent assignable to materials handled through stores.
4. Getting materials from stock and in

readiness to go out.

5. Inventorying stock received or stock on hand by stores employees but not including inventories by general department employees

as part of internal or general audits.
6. Purchasing department activities in checking material needs, investigating sources of supply, analyzing prices, preparing and placing orders, and related activities through store. (Optional. Furchasing department expenses may be included in administrative and general axpenses.)

7. Mainfailing stores equipment.

8. Cleaning and tidying storerosms and to extent applicable to materials handled

9. Keeping stock records, including recording and posting of material receipts and issues and maintaining inventory record of stores offices. stock

10. Collecting and handling scrap materials in stores.

Supplies and expenses:

11. Adjustments of inventories of materials and supplies but not including large differences which can readily be assigned to important classes of materials and equitably distributed among the accounts to which such classes of materials have been charged since the previous inventory.

12. Cash and other discounts not practically assignable to specific materials.

13. Freight, express, etc., when not assignable to specific items. not practi-

14. Heat, light and power for storerooms

and store offices. 15. Brooms, brushes, sweeping compounds and other supplies used in cleaning and tidy-ing storerooms and stores offices.

16. Injuries and damages.
17. Insurance on materials and supplies

and on stores equipment.

18. Losses due to breakage, leakage,

tation companies or others in compensation oration, fire or other causes, less credits for amounts received from insurance, transpor-

of such losses. 19. Postage, printing, stationery and office supplies.

20. Rent of storage space and facilities.

 Excise and other similar taxes not as-Communication service.

signable to specific materials. 23. Transportation expense on inward movement of stores and on transfer between storerooms but not including charges on materials recovered from retirements which shall be accounted for as part of cost of removal. Nore: A physical inventory of each class of materials and supplies shall be made at least every two years.

### 165 Prepayments.

This account, shall include amounts representing prepayments of insurance, rents, taxes, interest and miscellaneous items, and shall be kept or supported in such manner as to disclose the amount of each class of prepayment.

# 171 Interest and dividends receivable.

deposits, etc., the payment of which is This account shall include the amount of interest on bonds, mortgages, notes, commercial paper, loans, open accounts, reasonably assured, and the amount of dividends declared or guaranteed on stocks owned.

current settlement shall not be included herein but in the account in which is carried the principal on which the interest is accrued. Nore B: Interest and dividends receivable Nore A: Interest which is not subject to from associated companies shall be included in account 146, Accounts receivable from associated companies.

## 172 Rents receivable.

ceivable or accrued on property rented This account shall include rents to others. or leased by the utility Nore: Rents receivable from associated companies shall be included in account 146,

173 Accrued utility revenues.

billed revenues, they shall be made likewise for unbilled expenses, such as mated amount accrued for service rendered, but not billed at the end of any accounting period, may be included herein. In case accruals are made for un-At the option of the utility, the estifor the purchase of energy.

## 174 Miscellaneous current and accrued assets.

cost of all other current and accrued assets, appropriately designated and This account shall include the book supported so as to show the nature of each asset included herein.

## 4. DEFERRED DEBITS

### Unamortized debt discount expense. 181

This account shall include the total provided in the following paragraphs of of the debit balances in the discount, exclasses of long-term debt, determined as pense and premium accounts for this account. Ä

the total of credit balances remaining in those accounts having credit balances shall be reported under account 251, assumed by the utility, in which shall be recorded the discount, expense and premium associated with the issuance counts with debit balances shall not be set off against accounts with credit and sale of each such class and series of debt. In stating the balance sheet, the total of the debit balances remaining in those accounts having debit balances shall be reported under this account and Unamortized Premium on Debt. Acand premium account shall be maintained for each class and series of long-term debt (including receivers' certificates) issued or B. A discount, expense balances.

mium shall be amortized over the life of the respective issues under a plan which will distribute the amounts The utility may, however, accelerate the equitably over the life of the securities. The amortization shall be on a monthly basis, and the amounts thereof shall be charged to account 428, Amortization of Debt Discount and Expense, or credited to account 429, Amortization of Premium on Debt—Cr., as may be appropriate. C. The discount, expense and pre-

writing off of discount and expense where s the amounts are insignificant.

upon reacquirement and the face value plus the unamortized premium or less the unamortized discount and expense, as the case may be, applicable to the debt g the difference between the amount paid redeemed, retired and canceled, shall be included in account 434, Miscel-D. When any long-term debt is reacquired or redeemed without being converted into another form of long-term debt and when the transaction is not in connection with a refunding operation, laneous Credits to Surplus or account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, appropriate.

any premium paid or discount earned on the redemption. If the utility desires to amortize any of the discount, expense, or premium associated with the issuance or series before the maturity date of the first issue, account 434, Miscel-laneous Credits to Surplus, or account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, shall be credited or debited, as approprior redemption of the first issue over a period subsequent to the date of redemption, the permission of the Commission must be obtained; provided, however, proceeds with a plan of disposition of the miums associated with the refunded obligations is financed by another issue pense, or premium on the first issue and sion shall not be necessary, if the utility E. When the redemption of one issue that special permission of the Commisdiscount, expense, and redemption preseries of bonds or other long-term ate, with any unamortized discount, exbonds, as follows: ö

(1) A special charge is recorded in the year of refunding in account 428, Amortization of Debt Discount and Expense, equal to the saving in income taxes arising from the refunding transactions;

(2) There is charged to account 435, (2) There is charged to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, in the year of refunding, any amounts of unamortized discount and expenses or redemption premiums relating to bonds or other long-term obligations previously refunded by the refunded bonds under immediate consideration, such amounts sometimes being referred to as "grand-father items"; and,

(3) The utility proceeds to amortize by equal monthly charges, from the date of refunding, the remainder of the charges

associated with the refunded bonds, over a period not longer than that in which the saving in net annual interest and amortization charges equals the remainder of charges to be amortized, after taking into consideration the estimated additional taxes on income attributable to the saving in net annual interest and amortization charges.

debt shall not be included as part of the cost of constructing or acquiring any property, tangible or intangible, except under the provisions of account 432, Interest Charged to Construction—Cr.

# 182 Extraordinary property losses.

A. When authorized or directed by the Commission, this account shall include extraordinary losses on property abandoned or otherwise retired from service which are not provided for by the accumulated provisions for depreciation or amortization and which could not reasonably have been foreseen and provided for, and extraordinary losses, such as unforeseen damages to property, which could not reasonably have been anticipated and which are not covered by insurance or other provisions.

B. The entire cost, less net salvage, of depreciable property retired shall be charged to accumulated provision for depreciation. If all, or a portion, of the loss is to be included in this account, the accumulated provision for depreciation shall then be credited and this account charged with the amount properly chargeable hereto.

C. Application to the Commission for permission to use this account shall be accompanied by a statement giving a complete explanation with respect to the items which it is proposed to include herein, the period over which, and the accounts to which it is proposed to write off the charges, and other pertinent information.

## 183 Preliminary survey and investigation charges.

A. This account shall be charged with all expenditures for preliminary surveys, plans, investigations, etc., made for the purpose of determining the feasibility of utility projects under contemplation. If construction results, this account shall be credited and the appropriate utility plant account charged. If the work is we abandoned, the charge shall be made to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to

Surplus, or to the appropriate operating expense account.

B. The records supporting the entries to this account shall be so kept that the utility can furnish complete information as to the nature and the purpose of the survey, plans, or investigations and the nature and amounts of the several charges.

Nore: The amount of preliminary survey and investigation charges transferred to utility plant shall not exceed the expenditures which may reasonably be determined to contribute directly and immediately and without duplication to utility plant.

## 184 Clearing accounts.

This caption shall include undistributed balances in clearing accounts at the date of the balance sheet. Balances in clearing accounts shall be substantially cleared not later than the end of the calendar year unless items held therein relate to a future period.

## 185 Temporary facilities.

This account shall include amounts shown by work orders for plant installed for temporary use in utility service for periods of less than one year. Such work of temporary facilities and credited with payments received from customers and net salvage realized on removal of the temporary facilities. Any net credit or debit resulting shall be cleared to account 451, Miscellaneous Service Revenues.

# 186 Miscellaneous deferred debits.

A. This account shall include all debits not elsewhere provided for, such as miscellaneous work in progress, and unusual or extraordinary expenses, not included in other accounts, which are in process of amortization and items the proper final disposition of which is uncertain.

final disposition of which is uncertain.

B. The records supporting the entries to this account shall be so kept that the utility can furnish full information as to each deferred debit.

## 5. PROPRIETARY CAPITAL

## 201 Common stock issued.204 Preferred stock issued.

A. These accounts shall include the par value or the stated value of stock without par value if such stock has a stated value, and, if not, the cash value of the consideration received for such

nonpar stock, of each class of capital stock actually issued, including the par or stated value of such capital stock in account 124, Other Investments, and account 217, Reacquired Capital Stock. B. When the actual cash value of the

consideration received is more or less than the par or stated value, the differ-having a par or stated value, the difference shall be credited or debited, as the case may be, to the premium or discount account for the particular class and series.

Tuesday, June 7, 1960

C. When capital stock is retired, these accounts shall be charged with the amount at which such stock is carried herein.

descriptive title, shall be maintained for each class and series of stock. The supporting records shall show the shares nominally issued, actually issued, and nominally outstanding.

NoTE: When a levy or assessment, except a call for payment on subscriptions, is made against holders of capital stock, the amount collected upon such levy or assessment shall be credited to account 207. Premium on Capital Stock; provided, however, that the credit shall be made to account 213. Discount on Capital Stock, to the extent of any remaining balance of discount on the issue of stock.

# 202 Common stock subscribed. 205 Preferred stock subscribed.

value of the stock subscribed, exclusive scriptions to capital stock, included as a count. When properly executed stock ing the shares subscribed, this account capital stock account credited, with the These accounts shall include the shall be credited with the par or stated Other Accounts Receivable, for the agreed price, and any discount or premium shall be debited or credited to the appropriate discount or premium accertificates have been issued representshall be debited, and the appropriate amount of legally enforceable subscripof accrued dividends, if any. Concur-rently, a debit shall be made to subseparate subdivision of account tions to capital stock of the utility. Ä

par or stated value of such stock.

B. The records shall be kept in such manner as to show the amount of subscriptions to each class and series of

3 Common stock liability for con-

206 Preferred stock liability for conversion.

A. These accounts shall include the par value or stated value, as appropriate, of capital stock which the utility has agreed to exchange for outstanding securities of other companies in connection with the acquisition of properties of such companies under terms which allow the holders of the securities of the other companies to surrender such securities and receive in return therefor capital stock of the accounting utility.

Companies have securities of the other companies have been surrendered and capital stock issued in accordance with the terms of the exchange, these accounts shall be charged and accounts 201, Common Stock Issued, or 204, Preferred Stock Issued, as the case may be, shall be credited.

C. The records shall be kept so as to show separately the stocks of each class and series for which a conversion liability exists.

# 207 Premium on capital stock.

A. This account shall include, in a separate subdivision for each class and series of stock, the excess of the actual cash value of the consideration received on original issues of capital stock over the par or stated value and accrued dividends of such stock, together with assessments against stockholders representing payments required in excess of par or stated values.

B. Premium on capital stock shall not be set off against expenses. Further, a premium received on an issue of a certain class or series of stock shall not be set off against expenses of another issue of the same class or series.

c. When capital stock which has been actually issued is retired, the amount in this account applicable to the shares retired shall be transferred to account 210, Gain on Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock.

3 Donations received from stockholders. This account shall include the balance of credits for donations received from stockholders consisting of capital stock of the utility, cancellation or reduction of debt of the utility, and the cash value of other assets received as a donation.

209 Reduction in par or stated value of capital stock.
 This account shall include the balance of credits arising from a reduction in the

of credits arising from a reduction in par or stated value of capital stock. 210 Gain on resale or cancellation

210 Gain on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock.

This account shall include the balance of credits arising from the resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock. (See account 217. Reacquired Capital Stock.)

# 211 Miscellaneous paid-in capital.

This account shall include the balance of all other credits for paid-in capital which are not properly includible in the foregoing accounts.

Nore: Amounts included in capital surplus at the effective date of this system of accounts which cannot be classified as to the scource thereof shall be included in this account.

212 Installments received on capital stock.

A. This account shall include in a separate subdivision for each class and series of capital stock the amount of installments received on capital stock on a partial or installment payment plan from subscribers who are not bound by legally enforceable subscription contracts.

B. As subscriptions are paid in full and certificates issued, this account shall be charged and the appropriate capital stock account credited with the par or stated value of such stock. Any discount or premium on an original issue shall be included in the appropriate discount or premium account.

# 213 Discount on capital stock,

A. This account shall include in a separate subdivision for each class and series of capital stock all discount on the original issuance and sale of capital stock, including additional capital stock of a particular class or series as well as first issues.

B. When capital stock which has been actually issued is retired, the amount in this account applicable to the shares retired shall be written off to account 210, Gain on Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock, provided, however, that the amount shall be charged to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to

Surplus, to the extent that it exceeds the balance in account 210.

C. The utility may amortize the balance in this account by systematic charges to account 425, Miscellaneous Amortization, or it may write off capital stock discount in whole or in part by charges to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus.

## 214 Capital stock expense.

A. This account shall include in a separate subdivision for each class and series of stock all commissions and expenses incurred in connection with the original issuance and sale of capital stock, including additional capital stock of a particular class or series as well as first issues. Expenses applicable to capital stock shall not be deducted from premium on capital stock.

B. When capital stock which has been actually issued by the utility is retired, the amount in this account, applicable to the shares retired shall be written off to account 210, Gain on Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock, provided, however, that the amount shall be charged to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, to the extent that it exceeds the balance in account 210.

C. The utility may amortize the balarance in this account by systematic charges to account 425, Miscellaneous Amortization, or it may write off capital stock expense in whole or in part by charges to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus.

Nore: Expenses in connection with the reacquisition or resale of the utility's capital stock shall not be included herein.

# 215 Appropriated earned surplus.

'This account shall include the amount of earned surplus which has been appropriated or set aside for specific purposes. Separate subaccounts shall be maintained under such titles as will designate the purpose for which each appropriation was made.

# 216 Unappropriated earned surplus.

This account shall include the balance, either debit or credit, of unappropriated surplus arising from earnings. It shall not include items includible in any of the accounts for paid-in capital.

## 217 Reacquired capital stock.

A. This account rhall include in a separate subdivision for each class and

series of capital stock, the cost of capital stock actually issued by the utility and reacquired by it and not retired or canceled, except, however, stock which is held by trustees in sinking or other

11 funds.

B. When reacquired capital stock is restricted or canceled, the difference between its cost, including commissions and expenses paid in connection with the reacquisition, and its par or stated value plus any premium and less any discount and expenses applicable to the shares retired, shall be debited or credited, as appropriate, to account 210, Gain on Reals Stock, provided, however, that debits shall be charged to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, to the extent that they exceed the balance in account

C. When reacquired capital stock is resold by the utility, the difference between the amount received on the resale of the stock, less expenses incurred in the resale, and the cost of the stock included in this account shall be accounted for as outlined in paragraph B.

Nore A: See account 124, Other Investments, for permissive accounting treatment of stock reacquired under a definite plan for resale.

Nore B: The accounting for reacquired

NOTE B: The accounting for reacquired stock shall be as prescribed herein unless otherwise specifically required by statute.

## 6. Long-Term Debt

### 221 Bonds.

This account, shall include in a separate subdivision for each class and series of bonds the face value of the actually issued and unmatured bonds which have not been retired or canceled; also the face value of such bonds issued by others the payment of which has been assumed by the utility.

## 222 Reacquired bonds.

A. This account shall include the face value of bonds actually issued or assumed by the utility and reacquired by it and not retired or canceled. The account for reacquired debt shall not include securities which are held by trustees in sinking or other funds.

or other funds.

B. When bonds are reacquired, the difference between face value, adjusted for unamortized discount, expense or premium and the amount paid upon reacquisition, shall be included in account 434, Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus or

account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, as appropriate. (See, however, account 181, paragraph E, as to refunding operations.)

223 Advances from associated com

A. This account shall include the face value of notes payable to associated companies and the amount of open book accounts representing advances from associated companies. It does not include notes and open accounts representing indebtedness subject to current settlement which are includible in account 233, Notes Payable to Associated Companies, or account 234, Accounts Payable to Associated Companies, sociated Companies.

sociated Companies.

B. The records supporting the entries to this account shall be so kept that the utility can furnish complete information concerning each note and open account.

# 224 Other long-term debt.

A. This account shall include, until maturity, all long-term debt not otherwise provided for. This covers such items as receivers' certificates, real estate mortgages executed or assumed, assessments for public improvements, notes and unsecured certificates of indebtedness not owned by associated companies, receipts outstanding for long-term debt, and other obligations maturing more assumption.

B. Separate accounts shall be maintained for each class of obligation, and records shall be maintained to show for each class all details as to date of obligation, date of maturity, interest dates and rates, security for the obligation, etc.

Nors: Miscellaneous long-term debt reacquired shall be accounted for in accordance with the procedure set forth in account 222, Reacquired Bonds.

# 7. CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Current and accrued liabilities are those obligations which have either matured or which become due within one year from the date thereof: except, however, bonds, receivers' certificates and similar obligations which shall be classified as long-term debt until date of maturity; accrued taxes, such as income taxes, which shall be classified as accrued than one year from date; compensation awards, which shall be classified

as current liabilities regardless of date due; and minor amounts payable in installments which may be classified as current liabilities. If a liability is due more than one year from date of issuance or assumption by the utility, it shall appropriate for the transaction, except, however, the current liabilities previously mentioned.

### 231 Notes payable.

This account shall include the face value of all notes, drafts, acceptances, or other similar evidences of indebtedness, payable on demand or within a time not exceeding one year from date of issue, to other than associated companies.

## 232 Accounts payable.

This account shall include all amounts payable by the utility within one year, which are not provided for in other accounts.

# 233 Notes payable to associated companies.

# 234 Accounts payable to associated companies.

These accounts shall include amounts owing to associated companies on notes, drafts, acceptances, or other similar evidences of indebtedness, and open accounts payable on demand or not more than one year from date of issue or creation.

Nors: Exclude from these accounts notes and accounts which are includible in account 223, Advances from Associated Companies.

## 235 Customer deposits.

This account shall include all amounts deposited with the utility by customers as security for the payment of bills.

### 236 Taxes accrued.

A. This account shall be credited with the amount of taxes accrued during the accounting period, corresponding debits being made to the appropriate accounts for tax charges. Such credits may be based upon estimates, but from time to time during the year as the facts become known, the amount of the periodic credits shall be adjusted so as to include as nearly as can be determined in each year the taxes applicable thereto. Any amount representing a prepayment of taxes applicable to the period subsequent

to the date of the balance sheet, shall be shown under account 165, Prepay-

B. If accruals for taxes are found to be insufficient or excessive, correction therefor shall be made through current tax accruals. However, if such corrections are so large as to seriously distort current expenses, they shall be included in account 434, Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus, or account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus, as appropriate.

C. Accruals for taxes shall be based upon the net amounts payable after credit for any discounts, and shall not include any amounts for interest on tax deficiencies or refunds. Interest received on refunds shall be credited to account 419, Interest and Dividend Income, and interest paid on deficiencies shall be charged to account 431, Other Interest Expense.

D. The records supporting the entries to this account shall be kept so as to show for each class of taxes, the amount accrued, the basis for the accrual, the accounts to which charged, and the amount of tax paid.

## 237 Interest accrued.

This account shall include the amount of interest accrued but not matured on all liabilities of the utility not including, however, interest which is added to the principal of the debt on which incurred. Supporting records shall be maintained so as to show the amount of interest accrued on each obligation.

## 238 Dividends declared.

This account shall include the amount of dividends which have been declared but not paid. Dividends shall be credited to this account when they become a liability.

# 239 Matured long-term debt.

This account shall include the amount of long-term debt (including any obligation for premiums) matured and unpaid, without specific agreement for extension of the time of payment and bonds called for redemption but not presented.

## 240 Matured interest.

This account shall include the amount of matured interest on long-term debt or other obligations of the utility at the date of the balance sheet unless such interest is added to the principal of the debt on which incurred.

# 241 Tax collections payable.

This account shall include the amount of taxes collected by the utility through pay roll deductions or otherwise pending transmittal of such taxes to the proper taxing authority.

Norz: Do not include liability for taxes assessed directly against the utility which are accounted for as part of the utility's own tax expense.

24.2 Miscellaneous current and accrued

# 242 Miscellaneous current and accrued liabilities.

This account shall include the amount of all other current and accrued liabilities not provided for elsewhere apropriately designated and supported so as to show the nature of each liability.

### 8. Deferred Credits

# 251 Unamortized premium on debt.

This account shall include the total of the credit balances in the discount, expense and premium accounts, for all classes of long-term debt, including receivers' certificates. (See account, 181, Unamortized Debt Discount and Expense.)

# 252 Customer advances for construction.

This account shall include advances by customers for construction which are to be refunded either wholly or in part. When a customer is refunded the entire amount to which he is entitled according to the agreement or rule under which the advance was made, the balance, if any, remaining in this account shall be credited to account 271, Contributions in Aid of Construction.

# 253 Other deferred credits.

This account shall include advance billings and receipts and other deferred credit items, not provided for elsewhere, including amounts which cannot be entirely cleared or disposed of until additional information has been received.

## 9. OPERATING RESERVES

# 261 Property insurance reserve.

A. This account shall include amounts reserved by the utility for self-insurance against losses through accident, fire, i flood, or other hazards to its own property leased from others. The amounts charged to account 924, Property Insurance, or other appropriate accounts to cover such risks shall be credited to this account. A schedule of risks

tained, giving a description of the property involved, the character of the risks by this reserve shall be maincovered and the rates used.

Ä

Amortization reserve—Federal.

count for losses covered by self-insurance. Details of these charges shall be maintained according to the year the casualty occurred which gave rise to B. Charges shall be made to this acthe loss.

# 262 Injuries and damages reserve.

juries and Damages, or other appropriothers, and for damages to property A. This account shall be credited with bility, not covered by insurance, for deaths or injuries to employees and neither owned nor held under lease by ate accounts, to meet the probable liaamounts charged to account 925, Inthe utility.

B. When liability for any injury or voluntarily or because of the decision damage is admitted by the utility either the admitted liability shall be charged to this account and credited to the appropriate liability account. Details of these of a court or other lawful authority, charges shall be maintained according to the year the casualty occurred which such as a workmen's compensation board gave rise to the loss.

losses charged to this account shall be credited hereto; the cost of repairs to property of others if provided for herein, shall be Nore: Recoveries or reimbursements for charged to this account.

# 263 Pensions and benefits reserve.

This account shall include provisions made by the utility and amounts accident and death benefits, savings, reposes, where the funds represented by contributed by employees for pensions, the utility either in general or in segrelief, hospital and other provident purthe reserve are included in the assets of gated fund accounts. Ą

the purposes for which this reserve is B. Amounts paid by the utility for established shall be charged hereto.

C. A separate account shall be kept for each kind of reserve included herein,

Norz: If employee pension or benefit plan funds are not included among the assets of the utility but are held by outside trustees, payments into such funds, or accruals therefor, shall not be included in this account.

amortization purposes in accordance with the requirements of a license; also This account shall be credited with such amounts as are appropriated or set aside by a licensee from earnings for the interest derived from the "Amortization Fund—Federal," or income from investments belonging to such fund.

B. This account shall be debited with only such items or amounts as the Commission may require or approve. (See account 127 Amortization Fund—Federal.)

# 265 Miscellaneous operating reserves.

A. This account shall include all operating reserves maintained by the utility which are not provided for elsewhere.

B. This account shall be maintained in such manner as to show the amount of each separate reserve and the nature and amounts of the debits and credits thereto.

poses and does not include any reservations of income the credits for which should be carried in account 215, Appropriated Earned reserves as may be created for operating pur-Nore: This account includes only Surplus.

### 10. CONTRIBUTIONS IN ALD OF CONSTRUCTION

### Contributions in aid of construction.

or property from states, municipalities or other governmental agencies, individfor construction tions or contributions in cash, services, A. This account shall include donauals, and others purposes.

B. The crédits to this account shall not be transferred to earned surplus or to any other account without the approval of the Commission.

C. The records supporting the entries utility can furnish information as to the to this account shall be so kept that the purpose of each donation, the conditions, if any, upon which it was made, (d) others, and the amount applicable (b) municipalities, (c) customers and the amount of donations from (a) States, to each utility department.

D. This account shall be subdivided

Construction-Construction-귱 of in Aid Contributions in Federal. Contributions

to a licensed project. Contributions in Aid of Construction—Federal shall be kept only by licensees. There shall be included therein donations from States, municipalities, individuals or others which have been expended for plant, or control which are included in the plant accounts, General shall include all the donations of a licensed project, referred to in section 3, subsection (13) of the Federal Power Act, 49 Stat. 839; 16 U.S.C. 796(13). This treatment shall not affect to the various utility departments except those which are made in respect Contributions in Aid of Construction the determination of actual legitimate original cost or net investment in accordance with the Act.

account advances for construction which are ultimately to be repaid wholly or in part, (See account 252, Customer Advances for Nore: There shall not be included in this Construction.)

# 11. ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME

TAXES

tice deferred tax accounting of the state public service commission also having jurisdiction shall be filed with the Comcounting plan, shall constitute permission for additional accumulations of deferred taxes on income. Account 283 is Public utilities and licensees shall use the accounts provided below for prior accumulations of deferred taxes on income and for additional provisions. A copy of the order or other authorization to pracing jurisdiction, the public utility or licensee shall file with this Commission a copy of its plan of accounting for deferred taxes on income. The filing of provided for use of those public utilities and licensees which have obtained permission, or, in the absence of a state publice service commission having accountsuch order or other authorization, or acmission of the Commission for specific types of deferrals on taxes on income other than with respect to accelerated amortization or liberalized depreciation.

federal income taxes pursuant to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 but Note A: The text of the accounts below are designed primarily to cover deferrals of

the accounts are also applicable to deferrals Of State taxes on income.
Norz B: Public Utilities and Licensees which, in addition to an electric utility department, have another utility department, gas, water, etc., and which have deferred taxes on income with respect thereto shall

classify such deferrals in the accounts vided below under Subdivisions for utility department.

### Accumulated deferred in come taxes-Accelerated amortization.

A. This account shall be credited and account 410, Provision for Deferred Income Taxes, shall be debited with an amount equal to that by which taxes as permitted by Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (Section 124A of previous Internal Revenue 124A of previous Internal Revenue Code), as compared to the depreciation deduction otherwise appropriate and allowable for tax purposes according to the straight line or other nonaccelerated on income payable for the year are lower because of the use of accelerated fense facilities in computing such taxes, (5-year) amortization of certified de-

years of accelerated (5-year) amortization of certified defense facilities instead of nonaccelerated or nonliberalized depreciation otherwise appropriate for income tax purposes, and deferral of taxes in such prior years as described in paragraph A, above. Such debit to this account and credit to account 411 shall, in general, represent the effect on taxes payable for the current year of the unavailability of a depreciation deduction depreciation method and appropriate estimated useful life for such property.

B. This account shall be debited and account 411 Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit, shall be credited with an amount equal to that by which taxes on income payable for the year used in prior years, as compared to the depreciation deduction otherwise availdinarily used by the utility for similar are greater because of the use in prior for tax purposes, or a reduced amount, with respect to any depreciable property for which accelerated amortization was property in computing depreciation for able and appropriate for such property, considering its estimated useful life, actax purposes by a nonaccelerated or noncording to the depreciation method liberalized depreciation method.

C. Records with respect to entries to this account, as described above, and the account balance, shall be so maintained as to show the factors of calculation and thorization of accelerated amortization the separate amounts applicable to facilities of each certification or for tax purposes. for any prior year's tax deferral, the amortization of which or other recognition in the utility's income accounts has

been completed, or other disposition

count balance with respect to an amount

account and the ance with a consistent policy elects not ever, deferred tax accounting is initiated pended or discontinued on the property accounting described above are not manto follow deferred tax accounting even though accelerated amortization is used in computing taxes on income. If, howdatory for any utility, which in accordwith respect to any certified defense facility, the accounting shall not be susthis Ä

lowed, shall, upon expiration of the estimated useful life of the facility on which
deferred tax calculations were based, or
upon retirement of such facility or predominant part thereof, be credited to
account 411, Income Taxes Deferred
in Prior Years—Credit, or otherwise be
applied as the Commission may authorcovered by that certificate, without approval of the Commission.

E. The utility is restricted in its use of this account to the purposes set forth above. It shall not transfer the balance in this account or any portion thereof to surplus or make any use thereof except as provided in the text of this account mulated deferred taxes with respect to any certified defense facility for which deferred tax accounting has been folwithout prior approval of the Commission. Any remaining balance of accuize or direct.

# 282 Accumulated deferred in come taxes-Liberalized depreciation.

account 410, Provision for Deferred Income Taxes, shall be debited with an amount equal to that by which taxes on income payable for the year are lower the cause of the use of liberalized depreciation in computing such taxes, as permitted by Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as compared to propriate and allowable for tax purposes mated useful life according to the straight line or other nonliberalized A. This account shall be credited and for similar property of the same estithe depreciation deduction otherwise ap-

taxes on income payable for the year are greater because of the use in prior years of liberalized depreciation for inmethod of depreciation..

B. This account shall be debited and account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit, shall be credited with an amount equal to that by which come tax purposes, and deferral of taxes in such prior years as described in paragraph A above. Such debit to this ac-

count and credit to account 411, shall, in general, represent the effect on taxes payable for the current year of the smaller amount of depreciation permitted for tax purposes for the current year with respect to any depreciable property for which liberalized depreciation was used in prior years, as comsimilar property of the same estimated useful life according to the straight line or other nonliberalized depreciation method ordinarily used by the utility in pared to the depreciation deduction otherwise appropriate and available for

computing depreciation for tax purposes. C. Records with respect to entries to this account, as described above, and account balance, shall be so maintained as to show the factors of calculation and the separate amounts applicable to the plant additions of each vintage year for each class, group, or unit as to which different liberalized depreciation methods and estimated useful lives have been

use and estimated a series of the underlying calculations to leave and associate deferred tax be amounts with the respective vintage to years may be based on reasonable for methods of approximation, if necessary, of consistently applied.

D. The use of this account and the accounting described above are not mandatory for any utility, which in accordance with a consistent policy, elects not to follow deferred tax accounting even of though liberalized depreciation is used to computing taxes on income. If howers, deferred tax accounting is initiated with respect to any property such activated in the property, without approval of the followers. Commission.

in the account or any portion thereof to surplus or make any use thereof except as provided in the text of this account without prior approval of the Commisance with respect to any year's plant additions or subdivisions thereof for of the estimated useful life on which the ing has been followed upon retirement inant portion thereof, or upon expiration count 411, Income Taxes Deferred in E. The utility is restricted in its use of this account to the purposes set forth above. It shall not transfer the balance from service of such property or predomdepreciation calculations for tax purposes are based, shall be credited to acwhich liberalized depreciation account-

as provided in the text of this account, without prior approval of the Commission. Any remaining deferred tax acsurplus or make any use Prior Years—Credit, or otherwise applied as the Commission may authorize or direct.

### 283 Accumulated deferred income taxes-Other.

deductions for general accounting purposes will not be fully reflected in the utility's determination of annual net income until subsequent years.

B. This account, when its use has been authorized by the Commission, shall be taxes on income payable for the year are lower because of the current use of the computation of income taxes, which ferred Income Taxes, shall be debited with an amount equal to that by which deductions other than accelerated amortization or liberalized depreciation in A. This account, when its use has been authorized by the Commission for speted and account 410, Provision for Decific types of tax deferrals shall be cred-

that by which taxes on income payable if or the year are greater because of deferral of taxes on income in previous years, as provided by paragraph A, above, because of difference in timing for tax purposes of particular income deductions from that recognized by the amount recognized in the utility's general accounts with respect to the item or class of items for which deferred tax accounting by the utility was authorized debited and account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit, shall be credited with an amount equal to year of the smaller deduction permitted for tax purposes as compared to the other than with respect to accelerated amortization or liberalized depreciation. Such debit to this account and credit to account 411 shall, in general, represent the effect on taxes payable in the current utility for general accounting purposes, by the Commission.

this account, as described above, and the account balance, shall be so maintained as to show the factors of calculation with respect to each annual amount of the item or class of items, other than counting by the utility is authorized by accelerated amortization or liberalized depreciation, for which tax deferral acthe Commission.

D. The utility is restricted in its use of this account to the purposes set forth above. It shall not transfer the balance in the account or any portion thereof to

Credit, or otherwise disposed of as the made, shall be credited to account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years— Commission may authorize or direct.

consideration shall be given to the relative importance of the amount involved, and to other items in the utility's accounts where "prepaid tax accounting" may be appropriate such as situations (a) where the time of taking a deduction in computing taxes on income is such that the tax deduction must be delayed or applied to a series of future years as opposed to earlier recognition of such item in determination of income in the general accounts of the utility or (b) where Nore: In determining appropriate use of this account as a basis of request to the Commission for authorization of its use, inclusion of an income item is required for tax purposes but is to be recognized in whole or in part in the utility's income accounts of a subsequent year or years.

### Electric Plant Accounts

### 1. INTANGIBLE PLANT

Organization. Franchises and consents. Sec. 301 302 303

Miscellaneous intangible plant.

### 2. PRODUCTION PLANT A. STEAM PRODUCTION

Land and land rights.
Structures and improvements.
Boiler plant equipment.

Engines and engine driven generators. Turbogenerator units.

Accessory electric equipment. Miscellaneous power plant equipment.

B. NUCLEAR PRODUCTION

Land and land rights. Structures and improvements. Reactor plant equipment. Turbogenerator units. 320 321 322 323 324 325

Miscellaneous power plant equipment. Accessory electric equipment.

## C. HYDRAULIC PRODUCTION

Structures and improvements. Land and land rights.

Water wheels, turbines and generators. Reservoirs, dams and waterways.

Miscellaneous power plant equipment. Roads, railroads and bridges,

### OTHER PRODUCTION

Fuel holders, producers and accessories. Structures and improvements. Land and land rights. 340 341 342 343 344 345 346

Prime movers. Generators.

Miscellaneous power plant equipment, Accessory electric equipment.

### 3. TRANSMISSION PLANT

Underground conductors and devices. Overhead conductors and devices. Clearing land and rights of way. Structures and improvements. Underground conduit. Land and land rights. Towers and fixtures. Station equipment. Poles and fixtures. Roads and trails. 350 351 352 354 354 355 356 357 357 358

### 4. DISTRIBUTION PLANT

Leased property on customers' premises. Underground conduit. Underground conductors and devices. Installations on customers' premises. Overhead conductors and devices. Structures and improvements. Storage battery equipment. Poles, towers and fixtures. Land and land rights. Station equipment. Line transformers. Services. Meters. 362 364 365 365 366 367 368 369 371 372 373

Street lighting and signal systems.

GENERAL PLANT Land and land rights.

Office furniture and equipment. Structures and improvements. Transportation equipment. 389 390 391 392 394 395 396 397 398

Stores equipment. Tools, shop and garage equipment. Laboratory equipment.

Communication equipment. Power operated equipment. Miscellaneous equipment. Other tangible property.

## Electric Plant Accounts

### Organization.

1. INTANGIBLE PLANT

penditures incident to organizing the the privilege of incorporation and exterprise and putting it into readiness to paid to federal or state governments for corporation, partnership, or other This account shall include all do business.

### ITEMS

1. Cost of obtaining certificates authoriz-Ing an enterprise to engage in the public-utility business.

2. Fees and expenses for incorporation.
3. Fees and expenses for mergers or conscillations.

4. Office expenses incident to organizing the utility.

Stock and minute books and corporate

Nore A: This account shall not include any discounts upon securities issued or assumed; nor shall it include any costs incldent to negotiating loans, selling bonds or other evidences of debt or expenses in connection with the authorization, issuance or

sale of capital stock.

NOTE B: Exclude from this account and virinclude in the appropriate expense account the cost of preparing and filing papers in connection with the extension of the term of incorporation unless the first organization. tion costs have been written off. When charges are made to this account for exor reorganizations, amounts previously included herein or in similar accounts in the books of the companies concerned shall be penses incurred in mergers, consolidations, excluded from this account.

# 302 Franchises and consents.

cates, running in perpetuity or for a specified term of more than one year, to-gether with necessary and reasonable expenses incident to procuring such This account shall include amounts paid to the federal government, to a state or to a political subdivision thereof in consideration for franchises, consents, water power licenses, or certifiand approval, including expenses of orfranchises, consents, water power licenses, or certificates of permission ganizing and merging separate corporations, where statutes require, solely for the purpose of acquiring franchises. franchises, Ą.

B. If a franchise, consent, water power license or certificate is acquired by assignment, the charge to this account in respect thereof shall not exceed amount paid by the original grantee, plus paid by the utility over the amount above specified shall be charged to account to the assignor, nor shall it exceed the the amount paid therefor by the utility the expense of acquisition to such gran-Any excess of the amount actually 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus. tee.

the book cost thereof shall be credited hereto and charged to account 435, Mis-Amortization of Electric Plant in Servcellaneous Debits to Surplus, or to account 111, Accumulated Provision for C. When any franchise has expired ice, as appropriate.

D. Records supporting this account shall be kept so as to show separately ö Nore: Annual or other periodic payments nder franchises shall not be included the book cost of each franchise under franchises consent.

herein but in the appropriate operating expense account.

# 303 Miscellaneous intangible plant.

of patent rights, licenses, privileges, and other intangible property necessary or tions and not specifically chargeable to A. This account shall include the cost valuable in the conduct of utility opera-

charged to account 435, Miscellaneous any other account.

B. When any item included in this account is retired or expires, the book cost thereof shall be credited hereto and Debits to Surplus, or account 111, Accumulated Provision for Amortization of

Electric Plant in Service, as appropriate.
C. This account shall be maintained in such a manner that the utility can furnish full information with respect to the amounts included herein.

### 2. PRODUCTION PLANT

### A. STEAM PRODUCTION 310 Land and land rights.

This account shall include the cost of land and land rights used in connection with steam-power generation. (See electric plant instruction 7.)

# 311 Structures and improvements.

This account shall include the cost in place of structures and improvements used in connection with steam power generation. (See electric plant instruction 8.) Nore: Include steam production roads and railroads in this account.

# 312 Boiler plant equipment.

handling and coal preparing equipment, stalled of furnaces, boilers, coal and ash por, to be used primarily for generating This account shall include the cost insteam and feed water piping, boiler apparatus and accessories used in the production of steam, mercury, or other vaelectricity.

pers, gates, cars, conveyors, hoists, sluicing equipment, including pumps and motors, sluicing 1. Ash handling equipment, including hopsluicing water pipe and fittings,

trenches and accessories, etc., except sluices which are a part of a building.
2. Boiler feed system, including

water heaters, evaporator condensers, heater drain pumps, heater drainers, deaerators, and vent condensers, boiler feed pumps, measuring equipment, and all associated surge tanks, feed water regulators, feed

3. Boiler plant cranes and hoists and associated drives.

ers and baffles, economizers, superheaters, soot blowers, foundations and settlings, settings water walls, arches, grates, insulation, blow-4. Boilers and equipment, including

down system, dryling out of new bollers, also associated motors or other power equipment.

5. Breeching and accessories, including breeching, dampers, soot spouts, hoppers and gates, cinder eliminators, breeching insulation, soot blowers and associated motors.

6. Coal handling and storage equipment, including coal towers, coal jorries, coal cars, locomotives and tracks when devoted princi-

ment, skip holsts and conveyors, weighing equipment, magnetic separators, cable ways, housings and supports for coal handling pally to the transportation of coal, hoppers, downtakes, unloading and hoisting equipequipment.

7. Draft equipment, including air preheaters and accessories, induced and forced draft fans, air ducts, combustion control mechanisms, and associated motors or other power 8. Gas-burning equipment.

trol equipment, etc.
9. Instruments and devices, including all measuring, indicating, and recording equipment for boiler plant service together with Including holders, burner equipment and piping, conequipment,

Including equipment, mountings and supports. Lighting systems.
 Oil-burning eq.

fans, cyclones and ducts, dryers, pulverized fuel bins, pulverized fuel conveyors and equipment, burners, burner piping, priming tanks, heaters, pumps with drive, burner equipment and piping, control equipment, 12. Pulverized fuel equipment, including motors, primary air pulverizers, accessory etc.

equipment, air compressors, motors, etc. 13. Stacks, including foundations and supports, stack steel and ladders, stack brick work, stack concrete, stack lining, stack painting (first), when set on separate founindependent of substructure or dations,

superstructure of building.

14. Station piping, including pipe, valves, fittings, separators, traps, desuperheaters, hangers, excavation, covering, etc., for station piping system, including all steam, conbuilding heating, oil, gas, air piping or piping densate, boller feed and water supply piping, etc., but not condensing water, plumbing, specifically provided for in account 313.

ment, including stokers and accessory motors, equivalent feeding equipclinker grinders, fans and motors, etc.
16. Ventilating equipment.
17. Water purification equipment, includb

ing softeners and accessories, evaporators and accessories, heat exchangers, filters, tanks for filtered or softened water, pumps, motors,

charge pipes and tunnels not a part of a pumps, motors, strainers, raw-water storage tanks, boiler wash pumps, intake and disincluding systems, 18. Water-supply

pers, fuel hogs and accessories, elevators and 19. Wood fuel equipment, including hop-

boiler or condenser water is elaborate, as when it includes a dam, reservoir, canal, pipe line, cooling ponds, or where gas or oil is used as a fuel for producing steam and is supplied through a pipe line system owned by the utility, the cost of such special facilities shall be charged to a subdivision of account 311, Structures and Improvements. conveyors, bins and gates, spouts, measur-Nore: When the system for supplying ing equipment and associated drives.

### 313 Engines and engine-driven generators.

or rotary, and their associated auxiliaries; and engine-driven main generinstalled of steam engines, reciprocating This account shall include the cost ators, except turbogenerator units

### ITEMS

1. Air cleaning and cooling apparatus, including blowers, drive equipment, air ducts not a part of building, louvers, pumps, hoods,

pulleys, reduction Belting, shafting, gearing, etc.

3. Circulating pumps, including connections between condensers and intake and discharge tunnels.

4. Cooling system, including towers, pumps, tank and piping.
5. Condensers, including condensate pumps, air and vacuum pumps, ejectors, unloading valves and vacuum breakers, ex-

pansion devices, screens, etc.
6. Cranes, hoists, etc., including items wholly identified with items listed herein.
7. Engines, reciprocating or rotary.

8. Fire-extinguishing systems.
9. Foundations and settings, especially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided.
10. Generators—Main, a.c. or d.c., includ-

selfexcited units, and excitation systems when ing field rheostats and connections for

identified with the generating unit.

11. Governors.

12. Lighting systems.

13. Lubricating systems, including gauges, etc. filters, tanks, pumps, piping, motors,

recording instruments, sampling and testgauges, meters, including Mechanical ing equipment.

specially constructed

apparatus listed herein.

nections between generator and condenser and between condenser and hotwell.

16. Piping—main steam, including connections from main throttle valve to turbine Piping—main exhaust, including con-

water screens, etc.

inlet. 17. Platforms, railings, steps, gratings, etc.,

appurtenant to apparatus listed herein.
18. Pressure oil system, including accumulators, pumps, piping, motors, etc.
20. Turnottle and lilet valve.
20. Tunnels, intake and discharge, for

condenser system, when not a part structure.

ದೆ

ಕ

21. Water screens, motors, etc.

### Turbogenerator units. 314

the control and switching of electric

Accessory electric equipment.

315

the protection of electric circuits

stalled of main turbine-driven units and accessory equipment used in generating electricity by steam. This account shall include the cost in-

### ITEMS

in the account in which the equipment with which they are associated is in-

ITEMS

cluded.

etc.
2. Circulating pumps, including connections between condensers and intake and drive equipment, air ducts cluding blowers, drive equipment, air ducts not a part of building, louvers, pumps, hoods, 1. Air cleaning and cooling apparatus, in-

3. Condensers, including condensate pumps, air and vacuum pumps, electors, unloading valves and vacuum breakers, expansion devices, screens, etc.

4. Generator hydrogen, gas piping and dedischarge tunnels.

power bus. 2. Excitation system, including

trainment equipment.

5. Cooling system, including towers, pumps, tanks, and piping.
6. Cranes, hoists, etc., including items of order wholly identified with items listed herein.
7. Excitation system, when identified with including

main generating units.

especially to outlast 8. Fire-extinguishing systems.
9. Foundations and settlings, constructed for and not expected the apparatus for which provided.

10. Governors.

filters, water separators, tanks, pumps, pip-ing, motors, etc. gauges, Lighting systems.
 Lubricating systems, including

13. Mechanical meters, including gauges, recording instruments, sampling and testing equipment.

accessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating mechanisms and inter-

locks, reactors and accessories, voltage regulators and accessories, compensators,

resistors, starting transformers, current

transfer, synchronizing and fault ground buses, including oil circuit breakers and

denser and between condenser and hotwell.

15. Piping—main steam, including connections from main throttle valve to turbine 14. Piping—main exhaust, including connections between turbogenerator and coninlet.

Platforms, railings, steps, gratings, etc., 17. Pressure oil systems, including accuappurtenant to apparatus listed herein. 16.

mulators, pumps, piping, motors, etc.

switchboards with panel wiring, panels with instruments and control equipment only, panels with switching equipment mounted or mechanically connected, truck-type sory control boards, generator and exciter signal stands, temperature recording devices, frequency-control equipment, master clocks, watt-hour meters and synchronoscope in the turbine room, station totalizing wattmeter, boiler-room load indicator equipment, storage batteries, panels and charging sets, instrument transformers for supervisory metering, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, switchboards, batteries, boards complete, cubicles, station supervifor batteries, protective 5. Station control system, including station special housing iscreens, doors, etc. 21. Turbogenerators—main, including turbine and generator, field rheostats and electric connections for self-excited units.

22. Water screens, motors, etc.
23. Motsure separator for turbine steam.
24. Turbine lubricating oil (initial charge). ment used primarily in connection with for This account shall include the cost installed of auxiliary generating apparatus, conversion equipment, and equipdenser system, when not a part of structure, 19. Throttle and inlet valve. 20. Tunnels, intake and discharge, for con-

Nore A: Do not include in this account transformers and other equipment used for tricity for the purposes of transmission or changing the voltage or frequency of distribution. and equipment, except electric motors used to drive equipment included in other accounts. Such motors shall be included energy produced by steam power, and

NOTE B: When any item of equipment listed herein is used wholly to furnish power to equipment included in another account, its cost shall be included in such other account.

### 316 Miscellaneous power plant equipment.

and about the steam generating plant devoted to general station use, and which is not properly includible in any of the stalled of miscellaneous equipment in This account shall include the cost inforegoing steam-power production counts. turbine and dual-drive exciter sets and rheostats, storage batteries and charging equipment, circuit breakers, panels and accessories, kniffe switches and accessories, surge arresters, instrument shunts, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, generator field and exciter switch panels, exciter bus the panels, generator and exciter rheostats, etc., special housing, pro-1. Auxiliary generators, including boards, compartments, switching equipment, control equipment, and connections to auxiliary motor

### ITEMS

1. Compressed air and vacuum cleaning

systems, including tanks, compressors, exhausters, air filters, piping, etc.
2. Cranes and hoisting equipment, including cranes, cers, crane rails, monoralls, hoists, etc., with electric and mechanical

connections.

3. Fire-extinguishing equipment for eral station use.

4. Foundations and settings specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided.

formers, potential transformers, protective relays, isolated panels and equipment, conductors and conduit, special supports for generator main leads, grounding switch, etc., special housings, protective screens, etc.

4. Station buses including main, auxillary,

3. Generator main connections, including oil circuit breakers and accessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating mechanisms and interlocks, current trans-

tective screens, etc.

5. Locomotive cranes not includible elsewhere.

6. Locomotives not includible elsewhere. 7. Marine equipment, including boats. barges, etc.

8. Miscellaneous belts, pulleys, shafts, etc.

tory equipment, signal systems, callophones, emergency whistles and sirens, fire alarms, 9. Miscellaneous equipment, including atmospheric and weather indicating devices intrasite communication equipment, laborainsect-control equipment, and other similar equipment. transformers, potential transformers, pro-tective relays, storage batteries and charging equipment, isolated panels and equipment, conductors and conduit, special supports, special housings, concrete pads, general sta-tion grounding system, special fire-extin-

10. Railway cars not includible elsewhere

guishing system, and test equipment.

in the account in which the equipment

with which they are associated is in-

in this

include

NoTE: Do not

cluded.

- Refrigerating systems, including com-
- pressors, pumps, cooling coils, etc.
  12. Station maintenance equipment, including lathes, shapers, planers, drill presses, hydraulic presses, grinders, etc., with motors,
- shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.
  13. Ventilating equipment, including items wholly identified with apparatus listed herein.

herein is wholly used in connection with equipment included in another account, its Nors: When any item of equipment listed cost shall be included in such other account.

## B. NUCLEAR PRODUCTION

# 320 Land and land rights.

land and land rights used in connection with nuclear power generation. (See This account shall include the cost of electric plant instruction 7.)

# 321 Structures and improvements.

place of structures and improvements This account shall include the cost in clear power generation. . (See electric used and useful in connection with nuplant instruction 8.) Norz: Include vapor containers and nuclear production roads and railroads in this

# 322 Reactor plant equipment.

other reactor plant equipment used in steam and feed water piping, reactor and boiler apparatus and accessories and sociated equipment in systems which stalled cost of reactors, reactor fuel handling and storage equipment, prescoolant charging equipment, purification and discharging equipment, radioactive waste tract ment and disposal equipment, boilers, the production of steam to be used priö marily for generating electricity, including auxiliary superheat boilers and aschange temperatures or pressure This account shall include the steam from the reactor system. equipment, surizing

### ITEMS

- 1. Auxiliary superheat boilers and associated fuel storage handling preparation and burning equipment, etc. (See account 312, Boiler Plant Equipment, for items, but exclude water supply, water flow lines, and steam lines, as well as other equipment not strictly within the superheat function.)
  2. Boller feed system, including feed water heaters, evaporator condensers, heater drain
  - pumps, heater drainers, deaerators, and vent feed water regulators, feed water measuring condensers, boiler feed pumps, surge tanks, equipment, and all associated drivers.

- 3. Bollers and heat exchangers.
  4. Instruments and devices, including all measuring, indicating, and recording equipment for reactor and boller plant service together with mountings and supports.
  5. Lighting systems.
  6. Moderators, such as heavy water, graph-tite, etc., initial charge.
  7. Reactor coolant; primary and secondary systems. (initial charge).
  8. Radioactive waste treatment and dis-lighting the statement and dis-lighting statement statement

sion devices, screens, etc.

- posal equipment, including tanks, ion exchangers, incinerators, condensers, chimneys, and diluting fans and pumps.

  P. Foundations and settings, especially
  constructed for and not expected to outlast
  the apparatus for which provided.

  10. Reactor including shielding, control
- 11. Reactor fuel handling equipment, including manipulating and extraction tools, underwater viewing equipment, seal cutting and welding equipment, fuel transfer equipment and fuel disassembly machinery.

  12. Reactor fuel element failure detection rods and mechanisms.

the apparatus for which provided.

- system. 13. Reactor emergency poison container and injection system. 14. Reactor pressurizing and pressure relief
- equipment, including pressurizing tanks and immersion heaters.

motors, etc.

ing equipment.

14. Piping—main exhaust, including nections between turbogenerator and

tion charging, purification, and discharging ton charging, purification, and discharging equipment, including tanks, pumps, heat exchangers, demineralizers, and storage.

16. Station piping, including pipes, verse, fittings, separators, traps, desuperheaters, hangers, excavation, covering, etc., for station piping system, including all-reactor it coolant, steam, condensate, boiler feed and water supply piping, etc., but not condensing water, plumbing, building heating, oil, gas, or air piping.

17. Ventilating equipment, include-a

inlet.

- ing softeners, demineralizers, and accessories, evaporators and accessories, heat exchangers,
- filters, tanks for filtered or softened water, pumps, motors, etc.

  19. Water supply systems, including pumps, motors, strainers, raw-water storage tanks, boller wash pumps, intake and discharge pipes and tunnels not a part of a building.

  20. Reactor plant cranes and noists, and
  - associated drives.

boiler or condenser water is elaborate, as when it includes a dam, reservoir, canal, pipe lines, or cooling ponds, the cost of such special facilities shall be charged to a sub-Nors: When the system for supplying division of account 321, Structures and Improvements.

# 323 Turbogenerator units.

installed of main turbine-driven units and accessory equipment used in gener-This account shall include the ating electricity by steam

counts.

### **RULES AND REGULATIONS**

- drive equipment, air ducts not a part of building, louvers, pumps, hoods, cleaning and cooling apparatus, in-1. Air cleaning cluding blowers,
- 2. Circulating pumps, including connections between condensers, and intake and 3. Condensers, including discharge tunnels.
- transformers and other equipment used for changing the voltage or frequency of electric-energy for the purpose of transmission or energy for the purpose of ITEMS distribution. condensate pumps, air and vacuum pumps ejectors, un-loading valves and vacuum breakers, expan-

  - 1. Auxiliary generators, including boards, compartments, switching equipment, control equipment, and connections to auxiliary power bus.
- storage batterles and charging equipment, circuit breakers, panels and accessories, knife switches and accessories, surge aresters, instrument shunts, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, generator field and exciter switch panels, exciter bus tie panels, generator and exciter rheostats, etc., special housing, protective bine and dual-drive exciter sets and rheostats, 2. Excitation system, including motor, turscreens, etc. 4. Generator hydrogen gas piping system tand hydrogen detrainment equipment, and bulk hydrogen gas storage equipment.
  5. Cooling system, including towers, pumps, tanks and piping.
  6. Cranes, holsts, etc., including items wholly identified with items listed herein.
  7. Excitation system, when identified with respectively. main generating units.

  8. Fire extinguishing systems.

  9. Foundations and settings, especially constructed for and not expected to outlast
  - oil circuit breakers and accessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating mechanisms and interlocks, current transformers, potential transformers, protective relays, isolated panels and equipment, conductors and conduit, special supports for 3. Generator main connections, including Governors.
     Lighting systems.
     Lubricating systems, including gauges, filters, water separators, tanks, pumps, piping. 13. Mechanical meters, including gauges, recording instruments; sampling and testcon
- generator main leads, grounding switch, etc., special housings, protective screens, etc.

  4. Station buses, including main, auxiliary, transfer, synchronizing and fault ground buses, including nictuit breakers and accessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating mechanisms and interlocks, reactors and accessories, voltage regulators and accessories, compensators, resistors, starting transformers, protested starting transformers, protested starting transformers, protective relays, storage batteries and charging equipment, isolated panels and equipment, conductors and conduit, special supports, special housings, concrete pads, general startion grounding system, fire-extinguishing system, and ester quipment and ester quipment is switchboards with panel wiring, panels with instruments and control equipment only, panels with switchling equipment only, panels with switchling equipment mounted or mechanically connected, truckappurtenant to apparatus listed herein.

  17. Pressure oil systems, including accumulators, pumps, piping, motors, etc.

  18. Steelwork, specially constructed for tapparatus listed herein.

  19. Throttle and inlet valve.

  20. Tunnels, intake and discharge, for conservations, when not a part of structure, denser and between condenser and hotwell.

  15. Piping—main steam, including connections from main throttle valve to turbine 16. Platforms, rallings, steps, gratings, etc., con
  - visory control boards, generator and exciter signal stands, temperature recording scope in the turbine room, station totalizing devices, frequency-control equipment, master clocks, watt-hour meters and synchronoequipment, storage batteries, panels and charging sets, instrument transformers for supervisory metering, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, switchboards, batteries, special housing for terles, protective screens, wattmeter, water screens, etc.

    21. Turbogenerators—main, including turbline and generator, field rheostats and electric connections for self-excited units.

    22. Water screens, motors, etc.

    23. Moisture separators for turbine steam.

    24. Turbine lubricating oil (initial charge). This account shall include the cost installed of auxiliary generating apparatus, conversion equipment, and equipergy produced by nuclear power, and the Such motors shall be included ment used primarily in connection with the control and switching of electric enprotection of electric circuits and equipment, except electric motors used to drive equipment included in other ac-

Accessory electric equipment.

Nors: When any item of equipment listed herein is used wholly to furnish power to equipment included in another account, its cost shall be included in such other account.

### Miscellaneous power plant equipment. :,

devoted to general station use, and which is not properly includible in any and about the nuclear generating plant This account shall include the cost installed of miscellaneous equipment in of the foregoing nuclear-power production accounts.

### ITEMS

- Compressed air and vacuum cleaning compressors, exhausters, air filters, piping, etc. systems, including tanks,
- 2. Cranes and hoisting equipment, including cranes, cars, crane rails, monoralis, hoists, etc., with electric and mechanical connections.
- gen-3. Fire-extinguishing equipment for eral station and site use.
- 4. Foundations and settings specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the
  - apparatus for which provided. 5. Locomotive cranes not includible else-
- 6. Locomotives not included elsewhere.
  7. Marine equipment, including boats,
  - barges, etc. 8. Miscellaneous belts, pulleys, counter-
- tory equipment, signal systems, callophones, emergency whistles and sirens, fire alarms, insect-control equipment, and other similar mospheric and weather recording devices, intrasite communication equipment, labora-9. Miscellaneous equipment, including atequipment.
- 10. Railway cars or special shipping containers not includible elsewhere.

  11. Refrigerating systems, including compresors, pumps, cooling colls, etc.

  12. Station maintenance equipment, including lathes, shapers, planers, drill presses,
  - hydraulic presses, grinders, etc., with motors, shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.
    13. Ventilating equipment, including items wholly identified with apparatus listed
    - 14. Station and area radiation monitoring
- Nors: When any item of equipment listed herein is wholly used in connection with equipment included in another account, its equipment.

## C. HYDRAULIC PRODUCTION

cost shall be included in such other account.

## Land and land rights.

hydraulic power generation. (See This account shall include the cost of land and land rights used in connection electric plant instruction 7.)

### improvements. Structures and 331

This account shall include the cost in place of structures and improvements used in connection with hydraulic power generation. (See electric plant instruction 8.)

power plant works.

### Reservoirs, dams and waterways. 332

This account shall include the cost in collecting, storage, diversion, regulation, and delivery of water used primarily for place of facilities used for impounding, generating electricity.

### ITEMS

- Bridges and culverts (when not a part of roads or railroads).
- 2. Clearing and preparing land.
  3. Dams, including wasteways, spillways, flash boards, spillway gates with operating and control mechanisms, tunnels, gate
- houses, and fish ladders.

  4. Dikes and embankments.

  5. Electric system, including conductors, control system, transformers, lighting fix-
- 6. Excavation, including shoring, bracing, bridging, refill, and disposal of excess excavated material.
- rack 7. Foundations and settings specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided. 8. Intakes, including trash racks,

struments.

- cleaners, control gates and valves with operating mechanisms, and intake house when not a part of station structure.

  9. Platforms, rallings, steps, gratings, etc., appurtenant to structures listed herein.
- 10 Power line wholly identified with Items included herein. 11. Retaining walls.
- cluding canals, tunnels, flumes, penstocks, pipe conductors, forebays, taliraces, navigation locks and operating mechanisms, waterhammer and surge tanks, and supporting 12. Water conductors and accessories, intrestles and structures.
- 13. Water storage reservoirs, including dams, flashboards, spillway gates and operating mechanisms, inlet and outlet tunnels, regulating valves and valve towers, silt and towers, and all other structures wholly iden-tified with any of the foregoing items. mud sluicing tunnels with valve or gate

### Water wheels, turbines and generators. 333

of electricity by water power or for the stalled of water wheels and hydraulic driven thereby devoted to the production or flume to tailrace) and generators production of power for industrial or turbines (from connection with penstock This account shall include the cost in-

turbine, and dual-drive exciter sets and rheostats, storage batteries and charging equipment, circuit breakers, panels and accessories, knife switches and accessories, surge arresters, instrument shunts, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, generator field and exciter switch panels, exciter bus its panels, generator and exciter rheostats, etc., special housings, prosystem, tective screens, etc. Excitation other purposes, if the equipment used for such purposes is a part of the hydraulic regulators, oil pumps, operating mechanisms, scroll cases, draft tubes, and draft-tube 1. Exciter water wheels and turbines, including runners, gates, governors, prefeure

mechanisms and interlocks, current transformers, potential transformers, protective relays, isolated panels and equipment, conquerors and conduit, special supports for generator main leads, grounding switch, etc., special housings, protective screens, etc.
4. Station buses, including main, auxiliary, transfer, synchronizing, and fault ground buses, including oil circuit breakers and ac-3. Generator main connections, including oil circuit breakers and accessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating supports.
2. Fire-extinguishing equipment.
3. Foundations and settings, specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided. cooling and washing apparatus, air fans and accessories, air ducts, etc.
5. Generators—main, a.c. or d.c., including field rheostats and connections for self-excited units and excitation system when 4. Generator cooling system, including air

cessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating mechanisms and interlocks, reactors and accessories, voltage regulators and accessories, compensators, resistors starting transformers, current transformers, potential transformers, protective relays, storage batteries, and charging equipment, solated panels and equipment, conductors and conduit, special supports, special fire-extinguishing system, and test equipment.

5. Station control system, including station system, with panel withing panels identified with the generating unit.
6. Lighting systems.
7. Lubricating systems, including gauges, filters, tanks, pumps, piping, etc.
8. Main penstock valves and appurtenances, including main valves, control equipment, bypass valves and fittings, and other acceslators, oil pumps, operating mechanisms, scroll cases, draft tubes, and draft-tube 9. Main turbines and water wheels, including runners, gates, governors, pressure regu-

equipment, master clocks, wait-hour meter, station totalizing wait-meter, storage batteries, panels and charging sets, instrument transformers for supervisory metering, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, switchboards, batteries, special housings for batteries, protective screens, with instruments and control equipment only, panels with switching equipment mounted or mechanically connected, truck-type boards complete, cubicles, station supervisory control devices, frequency control doors, etc. other instruments.

12. Platforms, railings, steps, gratings, etc., appurtenant to apparatus listed herein.

13. Scroll case filling and drain system, including gates, pipe, valves, fittings, etc., it. Water-actuated pressure-regulator system, including tanks and housings, pipes, valves, fittings and insulations, piers and anchorage, and excavation and backfill. supports. 10. Mechanical meters and recording in-11. Miscellaneous water-wheel equipment, including gauges, thermometers, meters, and

Note A: Do not include in this account

listed herein is used wholly to furnish ď Nore B: When any item

control and switching of electric energy produced by hydraulic power and the protection of electric circuits and equip-

ment, except electric motors used to

drive equipment included in other ac-

stalled of auxiliary generating apparatus, conversion equipment, and equipment used primarily in connection with the

This account shall include the cost in-

334. Accessory electric equipment.

counts, such motors being included in

which they are associated is included.

1. Auxiliary generators, including

stalled of miscellaneous equipment in and about the hydroelectric generating plant which is devoted to general station use and is not properly includible in other This account shall include the cost inhydraulic production accounts, compartments, switching equipment, control equipment, and connections to auxiliary power bus. the account in which the equipment with boards,

equipment transformers and other equipment used for 335 Miscellaneous power plant equiptricity for the purpose of transmission or to equipment, it shall be included in such changing the voltage or frequency of elecequipment account. distribution. ment.

compressors, exsystems, including tanks, cor hausters, air filters, piping, etc.

ing cranes, cars, crane rails, monoralls, holsts, etc., with electric and mechanical 2. Cranes and hoisting equipment, includ-

3. Fire-extinguishing equipment for general station use.

4. Foundations and settings, specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided.

5. Locomotive cranes not includible elsewhere.

6. Locomotives not includible elsewhere.
7. Marine equipment, including boats, barges, etc.

8. Miscellaneous belts, pulleys, counter-

mospheric and weather indicating devices, intraste communication equipment, laboratory equipment, insect control equipment, signal systems, callophones, emergency whistles and strens, fire alarms, and other 9. Miscellaneous equipment, including atsimilar equipment. 10. Railway cars, not includible elsewhere.

11. Refrigerating system, including compressors, pumps, cooling coils, etc.

12. Station maintenance equipment, including lathes, shapers, planers, drill presses, hydraulic presses, grinders, etc., with motors, shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.

13. Ventilating equipment, including items wholly identified with apparatus listed here-

Nore: When any item of equipment, listed herein is used wholly in connection with equipment included in another account, its cost shall be included in such other account.

# 336 Roads, railroads and bridges.

This account shall include the cost of roads, railroads, trails, bridges, and trestles used primarily as production faway transportation systems, except when such roads are dedicated to public use necessary to connect the plant with highcilities. It includes also those roads, etc., and maintained by public authorities.

1. Bridges, including foundations, piers, girders, trusses, flooring, etc.

Clearing land.

3. Railroads, including grading, ballast, ties, rails, culverts, hoists, etc.

Roads, including grading, surfacing, Structures, constructed and maintained in connection with items listed herein. culverts, etc.

6. Trails, including grading, surfacing, culverts, etc. foundations, piers,

girders, trusses, flooring, etc. 7. Trestles, including

Nore A: Roads intended primarily for connecting employees houses with the power plant shall not be included herein but in account 331, Structures and Imtemporary NOTE B: The cost of provements.

bridges, etc., necessary during the period of construction but abandoned or dedicated to public use upon completion of the plant, shall not be included herein but shall be charged to the accounts appropriate for the construction.

### D. OTHER PRODUCTION

# 340 Land and land rights.

This account shall include the cost of land and land rights used in connection with other power generation. (See electric plant instruction 7.)

# 341 Structures and improvements.

This account shall include the cost in place of structures and improvements used in connection with other power generation. (See electric plant instruction 8.)

### 342 Fuel holders, producers, and accessories.

344 Generators.

This account shall include the cost producers and accessories devoted to the installed of fuel handling and storage take pipe through which fuel is directly drawn to the engine, also the cost of gas production of gas for use in prime equipment used between the point of fuel delivery to the station and the inmovers driving main electric generators.

Including

Cranes, hoists, etc.,

ITEMS

main generators.

### ITEMS

1. Blower and fans.
2. Bollers and pumps.
3. Economizers.
4. Exhauster outfits.
5. Flues and piping.
6. Pipe system.
7. Producers.
8. Regenerators.
9. Scrubbers.

 Steam injectors.
 Tanks for storage of oil, gasoline, etc. Vaporizers.

### 343 Prime movers.

cost installed of Diesel or other prime movers devoted to the generation of electric energy, together with their auxiliaries. This account shall include the

be included in account 344, Generators.

345 Accessory electric equipment.

appurtenant to apparatus listed herein.

struments.

### ITEMS

1. Air-filtering system.
2. Belting, shafting, pulleys, reduction gearing, etc.

equipment used primarily in connection

conversion equipment,

paratus,

installed of auxiliary generating This account shall include the

tric energy produced in other power gen-

with the control and switching of

erating stations, and the protection of electric circuits and equipment, except electric motors used to drive equipment Such motors shall be included in the account in which the equipment with which it is asincluded in other accounts. sociated is included. items 5. Engines, Diesel, gasoline, gas, or other internal combustion. towers, listed

3. Cooling system, including t pumps, tanks, and piping.
4. Cranes, holsts, etc., including wholly identified with apparatus

### ITEMS

1. Auxiliary generators, including

compartments, switching equipment, control equipment, and connections to auxilincluding system, 2. Excitation lary power bus.

stats, storage batteries and charging equipment, circuit breakers, panels and accessories, knife switches and accessories, surge arresters, instrument shunts, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, generator field and exciter switch panels, exciter bus tle panels, generator and exciter rheostats, etc., special housings, protective turbine and dual-drive exciter sets and rheoscreens, etc. 6. Foundations and settings specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided.
7. Governors.
8. Ignition system.
9. Inlet valve.
10. Lighting systems, including filters, tanks, pumps, and piping.
12. Mechanical meters, including gauges, streograph instruments, sampling, and test-reing equipment.

13. Mufflers.

14. Piping.

15. Starting systems, compressed air, or other, including compressors and drives, tanks, piping, motors, boards and connections, storage tanks, etc.

3. Generator main connections, including oil circuit breakers and accessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating 16. Steelwork, specially constructed for apparatus listed herein.
17. Waste heat bollers, antifluctuators, etc. This account shall include the cost installed of Diesel or other power driven

mechanisms and interlocks, current transformers, potential transformers, protective relays, isolated panels and equipment, conductors and conduit, special supports for special housing, protective screens, etc.

4. Station control system, including station switchboards with panel witing, panels with instruments and control equipment nounted or mechanically connected, trunktype boards complete, cubicles, station supervisory control boards, generator and experiences, frequency control equipment, mounted or mechanically connected, trunktype boards complete, cubicles, station supervisory control boards, generator and exciter signal stands, temperature-recording devices, frequency control equipment, master clocks, watth-hour meter, station totalizing metrics. wattmeter, storage batterles, panels and charging sets, instrument transformers for supervisory metering, conductors and conduit, special supports for conduit, switch-boards, batterles, special housing for batterles, protective screens, doors, etc.

5 Station buses, including main, auxiliary, transfer, synchronizing and fault ground buses, including oil circuit breakers and acexcited units and excitation system when identified with the generating unit.
6. Lighting systems.
7. Lubricating system, including tanks, filters, strainers, pumps, piping, coolers, etc.
8. Mechanical meters, and recording inwholly identified with such apparatus.
2. Fire-extinguishing equipment.
3. Foundations and settings, specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided. 4. Generator cooling system, including air cooling and washing apparatus, air fans and accessories, air ducts, etc.
5. Generators—main, a.c. or d.c., including field rheostats and connections for selfitems

and accessories, compensators, resistors, starting transformers, unrent transformers, potential transformers, protective relays, storage batteries and charging equipment, isolated panels and equipment, conductors cessories, disconnecting switches and accessories, operating mechanisms and interlocks, reactors and accessories, voltage regulators and conduit, special supports, special housings, concrete pads, general station ground system, special fire-extinguishing system and test equipment. \$ 9. Platforms, railings, steps, gratings, etc., NoTE: If prime movers and generators are so integrated that it is not practical to classify them separately, the entire unit may ap-

other equipment used changing the voltage or frequency Nore A: Do not include in transformers and

elec-

the purpose of transmission equipment included in another account, its Nore B: When any item of equipment listed herein is used wholly to furnish power to cost shall be included in such other account. tric energy for or distribution.

### 346 Miscellaneous power plant equipment.

and about the other power generating the foregoing other power production stalled of miscellaneous equipment in and not properly includible in any of This account shall include the cost inplant, devoted to general station use, accounts.

### ITEMS

1. Compressed air and vacuum cleaning systems, including tanks, compressors, exhausters, air filters, piping, etc.

2. Cranes and hoisting equipment, including cranes, cars, crane rails, monoralis, hoists, etc., with electric and mechanical connections.

3. Fire-extinguishing equipment for gen-

4. Foundations and settings, specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided. eral station use.

tory equipment, signal systems, callophones, emergency whistles and sirens, fire alarms, and other similar equipment. mospheric and weather indicating devices, intrasite communication equipment, labora-5. Miscellaneous equipment, including at-

6. Miscellaneous belts, pulleys, counter-

shafts, etc.

7. Refrigerating system including compressors, pumps, cooling colls, etc.
8. Station maintenance equipment, including lathes, shapers, planers, drill presses, hydraulic presses, grinders, etc., with motors,

shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.
9. Ventilating equipment, including items wholly identified with apparatus listed

Nore: When any item of equipment, listed herein is used wholly in connection with equipment included in another account, its cost shall be included in such other account. herein

## 3. TRANSMISSION PLANT

### land and land rights used in connection This account shall include the cost of with transmission operations. (See elec-350 Land and land rights.

### 351 Clearing land and rights of way. tric plant instruction 7.)

This account shall include the cost of initial or original clearing of transmission land and rights of way. Nore: The cost of removing stumps, grad-ing, excavating, etc., incident to the prep-

tures used for supporting overhead transmission conductors. structures or to the construction of roads, trails, and bridges, shall not be included in this account but in the accounts directly benefited.

### Structures and improvements. 352

cess excavated material. 4 4 6 6 4 place of structures and improvements used in connection with transmission This account shall include the cost in operations. (See electric plant instruction 8.)

### Station equipment. 353

pose of changing the characteristics of electricity in connection with its transstalled of transforming, conversion, and switching equipment used for the purmission or for controlling transmission This account shall include the cost incircuits.

### ITEMS

cluding guy guards, guy clamps, strain isulators, pole plates, etc.
2. Brackets.
3. Crossarms and braces.
4. Excavation and backfill, including d sectional steel, including items permanently attached thereto. 1. Bus compartments, concrete, brick, and

battery charging equipment, transformers, remote relay boards, and connections.

4. Conversion equipment, including trans-2. Conduit, including concrete and iron duct runs not a part of a building. 3. Control equipment, including batteries,

formers, indoor and outdoor, frequency changers, motor generator sets, rectifiers, cooling synchronous converters, motors, cocequipment, and associated connections.

5. Fences.

6. Fixed and synchronous condensers, including transformers, switching equipment, blowers, motors and connections.

7. Foundations and settings, specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided.

8 General station equipment, including air compressors, motors, hoists, cranes, test equipment, ventilating equipment, etc.

9. Platforms, railings, steps, gratings, etc., appurtenant to apparatus listed herein.
10. Primary and secondary voltage connections, including bus runs and supports, connections or to manholes and the associated regulators, reactors, resistors, surge arresters, and accessory equipment. insulators, potheads, lightning arresters, cable and wire runs from and to outdoor

11. Switchboards, including meters, relays, control wiring, etc.

door, including oil circuit breakers and operating mechanisms, truck switches, and 12. Switching equipment, indoor and outdisconnect switches.

13. Tools and appliances.

tunnels used for housing transmission cables or wires. struction 14.) This account shall include the cost installed of towers and appurtenant fix-

ITEMS

ing iron pipe, fiber pipe, Murray duct, and standpipe on pole or tower.

ö

Conduit, concrete, brick

2. Excavation, including shoring,

bridging, backfill, and disposal of

Anchors, guys, braces.

Brackets. Crossarms, including braces. Excavation, backfill, and disposal of ex-

specially con-to outlast the 5. Manholes, concrete or brick, including fron or steel, frames and covers, hatchways, gratings, ladders, cable racks and hangers, etc., permanently attached to manholes.
7. Pavement disturbed, including cutting cavated material.

3. Foundations and settings structed for and not expected tapparatus for which provided. 4. Lighting systems. Foundations.
 Guards.
 Thrsulator pins and suspension bolts.
 Ladders and steps.
 Rallings, etc.

". ravement disturbed, including cutting and replacing pavement, pavement base and sidewalks.

8. Permits. 9. Protection of street openings. 10. Removal and relocation of subsurface obstructions.

gether with appurtenant fixtures used for supporting overhead transmission

steel, concrete, or other material, to-

stalled of transmission line poles, wood, This account shall include the cost in-

Poles and fixtures.

355

10. Towers.

11. Sewer connections, including traps, tide valves, check valves, etc. 12. Sumps, including pumps. 13. Ventilating equipment.

ĖĖ

1. Anchors, head arm and other guys,

ITEMS

conductors.

# 358 Underground conductors and

installed of underground conductors and devices used for transmission purposes This account shall include the

dis-

posal of excess excavated material.

### ITEMS

6. Extension arms.
6. Gaining, roofing, stenciling, and tagging.
7. Insulator pins and suspension bolts.
8. Paving.
9. Pole steps.

other

ö

material.

11. Racks complete with insulators. 10. Poles, wood, steel, concrete,

12. Reinforcing and stubblng.13. Settings.14. Shaving and painting.

1. Armored conductors, buried, including insulators, insulating materials, splices, potheads, trenching, etc.
2. Armored conductors, submarine, including insulators, insulating materials, splices in terminal chambers, potheads, etc.
3. Cables in standpipe, including pothead and connection from terminal chamber of manhole to insulators on pole.

356 Overhead conductors and devices.

This account shall include the installed of overhead conductors

4. Circuit breakers. 5. Fireproofing, in connection with any items listed herein. and

6. Hollow-core oil-filled cable, including straight or stop joints, pressure tanks, auxiliary air tanks, feeding tanks, terminals, potheads and connections, ventilating equipment, etc. devices used for transmission purposes.

7. Lead and fabric covered conductors, including insulators, compound filled, oil filled, or vacuum splices, potheads, etc. Circuit breakers.
 Conductors, including insulated and bare wires and cables.
 Ground wires and ground clamps.
 Insulators, including pin, suspension, and other types.

8. Lightning arresters. 9. Municipal inspection.

Permits.

11. Protection of street openings.

Switches.
 Other line devices.

## 359 Roads and trails.

and

This account shall include the Installed of underground conduit

Underground conduit.

Lightning arresters.
 Switches.
 Other line devices.

(See electric plant in-

of roads, trails, and bridges used prima-This account shall include the rily as transmission facilities.

piers, 1. Bridges, including foundation girders, trusses, flooring, etc.

Clearing land.
 Roads, including grading, surfacing, cul-

maintained in connection with items included herein. 4. Structures, constructed and

5. Trails, including grading, surfacing, culverts, etc. Nore: The cost of temporary roads, bridges, etc., necessary during the period of construction but abandoned or dedicated to public use upon completion of the plant, shall be charged to the accounts appropriate for the construction.

## 4. DISTRIBUTION PLANT

## 360 Land and land rights.

This account shall include the cost of land and land rights used in connection (See elecwith distribution operations. tric plant instruction 7.)

cost of permits to erect poles, towers, etc., or to trim trees. (See account 364, Poles, Towers and Fixtures, and account 365, Over-Nore: Do not include in this account the head Conductors and Devices.)

# 361 Structures and improvements.

place of structures and improvements used in connection with distribution op-This account shall include the cost in erations. (See electric plant instruction

## 362 Station equipment.

teristics of electricity in connection with This account shall include the cost installed of station equipment, including transformer banks, etc., which are used for the purpose of changing the characits distribution.

### ITEMS

1. Bus compartments, concrete, brick and concrete and fron sectional steel, including items permanently Conduit, including attached thereto.

duct runs not part of building.

3. Control equipment, including batteries, battery charging equipment, transformers, remote relay boards, and connections.

4. Conversion equipment, indoor and outdoor, frequency changers, motor generator sets, rectifiers, synchronous converters, motors, cooling equipment, and associated contors, nections,

5. Fences.

6. Fixed and synchronous condensers, including transformers, switching equipment, blowers, motors, and connections.

7. Foundations and settings, specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the apparatus for which provided

8. General station equipment, including alr compressors, motors, hoists, cranes, test equipment, ventilating equipment, etc.

9. Platforms, railings, steps, gratings, etc., appurtenant to apparatus listed herein.

sulators, potheads, lightning arresters, cable and wire runs from and to outdoor conneclators, reactors, resistors, surge arresters, and Primary and secondary voltage connections, including bus runs and supports, intions or to manholes and the associated reguaccessory equipment.

Switchboards, including meters, relays, control wiring, etc.

outģ 12. Switching equipment, indoor and o door, including oil circuit breakers and erating mechanisms, truck switches, connect switches.

formers, and other special station equipment devoted exclusively to street lighting service shall not be included in this account, but in account 373, Street Lighting and Signal Norz: The cost of rectiflers, series trans-Systems.

# 363 Storage battery equipment.

This account shall include the cost installed of storage battery equipment the purpose of supplying electricity to meet emergency or peak nsed for demands.

### ITEMS

tank insulators, etc.
2. Battery room connections, including cable or bus runs and connections. tanks, 1. Batteries, including elements,

3. Battery room flooring, when specially laid for supporting batteries.

4. Charging equipment, including motor generator sets and other charging equipment and connections, and cable runs from generator or station bus to battery room connections.

5. Miscellaneous equipment, including instruments, water stills, etc.

6. Switching equipment, including end-cell switches and connections, boards and panels, used exclusively for battery control, cell

not part of general station switchboard.

7. Ventilating equipment, including fans and motors, louvers, and ducts not part of building.

NoTE: Storage batteries used for control and general station purposes shall not be included in this account but in the account appropriate for their use.

# 364 Poles, towers and fixtures.

This account shall include the cost nant fixtures used for supporting overinstalled of poles, towers, and appurtehead distribution conductors and service wires

1. Anchors, head arm, and other guys, including guy guards, guy clamps, strain inculators, pole plates, etc.

4. Excavation and backfill, including dis-Brackets.
 Crossarms and braces.

of excess excavated material,

5. Extension arms.

posal

bolts. 6. Foundations.
7. Guards.
8. Insulator pins and suspension 9. Paying.

10. Permits for construction.

other Pole steps and ladders.
 Poles, wood, steel, concrete, or

material.

13. Racks complete with insulators.

14. Railings.

15. Reinforcing and stubbing.

16. Settings.

17. Shaving, painting, gaining, roofing, stenciling, and tagging. 18. Towers.

Overhead conductors and devices. 365

This account shall include the cost inė vices used for distribution purposes. overhead conductors and stalled of

1. Circuit breakers.
2. Conductors, including insulated and bare wires and cables.
3. Ground wires, clamps, etc.
4. Insulators, including pin, suspension, and other types, and the wire or clamps.

Lightning arrecters.
 Railroad and highway crossing guards.

7. Splices. 8. Switches.

cost including the cost of permits therefor. Tree trimming, initial Other line devices.

for street lighting or signal systems shall not be included in this account but in account 373, Street Lighting and Signal solely NoTE: The cost of conductors used Systems.

## 366 Underground conduit.

nels used for housing distribution cables This account shall include the cost installed of underground conduit and or wires.

### ITEMS

1. Conduit, concrete, brick and tile, including iron pipe, fiber pipe, Murray duct, and standpipe on pole or tower.

2. Excavation, including shoring, bracing, bridging, backfill, and disposal of excess ex-

outlast the COD cavated material.

2. Foundations and settings specially structed for and not expected to outlast apparatus for which constructed.

4. Lighting systems.
5. Manholes, concrete or brick, including iron or steel frames and covers, hatchways, grathings, ladders, cable racks and langers, etc., permanently attached to manholes.

6. Municipal inspection. 7. Pavement disturbed, including

and replacing pavement, pavement base, and sidewalks.

8. Permits. 9. Protection of street openings. 10. Removal and relocation of subsurface obstructions.

drains,

11. Sewer connections, including traps, tide valves, chc. 12. Sumps, including pumps. 13. Ventilating equipment.

conduit used solely for street lighting or signal systems shall be included in account 373, Street The cost of underground Lighting and Signal Systems. NOTE:

367 Underground conductors and

cost installed of underground conductors and devices used for distribution purposes. This account shall include the

1. Armored conductors, burled, including insulators, insulating materials, splices, potheads, trenching, etc.

2. Armored conductors, submarine, including insulators, insulating materials, splices in terminal chamber, potheads, etc. 3. Cables in standpipe, including pothead and connection from terminal chamber or

4. Circuit breakers.
5. Fireproofing, in connection with any manhole to insulators on pole.

6. Hollow-core oil-filled cable, including straight or stop joints, pressure tanks, auxillary air tanks, feeding tanks, terminals, potftems listed herein.

7. Lead and fabric covered conductors, incombound-filled, cluding insulators, compound-fille filled or vacuum splices, potheads, etc. heads and connections, etc.

9. Lighthing arresters, 10 Municipal inspection.
10. Fermits.
11. Protection of street openings.
12. Racking of cables.
13. Switches.
14. Other line devices.

Nors: The cost of underground conductors and devices used solely for street lighting or signal systems shall be included in account signal systems shall be included in acco 373, Street Lighting and Signal Systems.

## 358 Line transformers.

installed of overhead and underground distribution line transformers and poletype and underground voltage regulators owned by the utility, for use in trans-This account shall include the cost

ä

8

forming electricity to the voltage at which it is to be used by the customer, stalled cost thereof shall be credited to whether actually in service or held in ly retired from service, the original in-B. When a transformer is permanent-

those in reserve, and the location and the can furnish the number of transformers of various capacities in service and C. The records covering line transformers shall be so kept that the utility use of each transformer. this account.

- 1. Installation, labor of (first installation only).
  - Transformer cut-out boxes. લં છું
- Transformer lightning arresters. Transformers, line and network.

  - Capacitors.
     Network protectors.

Nore: The cost of removing and resetting line transformers shall not be charged to this account but to account 583, Overhead Line Expenses, or account 584, Underground Line Expenses, as appropriate. The cost of line transformers used solely for street lighting or signal systems shall be included in account 373, Street Lighting and Signal Systems.

### 369 Services.

system or the distribution box or mantribution line, to the point of connection Conduit used for underground service stalled of overhead and underground wires leave the last pole of the overhead hole, or the top of the pole of the disconductors leading from a point where with the customer's outlet or wiring. This account shall include the cost inconductors shall be included herein.

- Brackets.
- Overhead to underground, including conduit or standpipe and conductor from last splice on pole to connection with cus- Cables and wires.
   Conduit.
   Insulators.
   Municipal inspection.
   Overhead to undergre tomer's wiring.
- 7. Pavement disturbed, including cutting and replacing pavement, pavement base, and sidewalks.
- 8. Permits.
- Protection of street openings.
  - Service switch. 97

    - Suspension wire.

### Meters

ing the electricity delivered to its users, whether actually in service or held in This account shall include the cost installed of meters or devices and appurtenances thereto, for use in measurreserve.

cables.

B. When a meter is permanently retired from service, the installed cost included herein shall be credited to this account.

C. The records covering meters shall be so kept that the utility can furnish information as to the number of meters of various capacities in service and in reserve as well as the location of each meter owned.

### ITEMS

ing property held for sale.

- 1. Alternating current watt-hour meters. 1:
  2. Current limiting devices.
  3. Demand indicators.
  4. Demand meters.
  5. Direct current watt-hour meters.
  6. Graphic demand meters.
  7. Installation, labor of (first installation

- only).

  1 Only).

  8 Instrument transformers.

  9 Maximum demand meters.

  10 Meter badges and their attachments.

  11. Meter badges and their attachments.

  12. Meter fittings, connections, and shelves sylfnest set).

  13. Meter syltches and cut-outs.

  14. Prepayment meters.

  15. Protective devices.

  16. Testing new meters.

meters for recording output of a generating station, substation meters, etc. It includes only those meters used to record energy de-Nore A: This account shall not include

Ilvered to customers.

Nore B: The cost of removing and resetting meters shall be charged to account 586, Meter Expenses.

### 371 Installations on customers' premises.

installed of equipment on the customer's side of a meter when the utility incurs title to and assumes full responsibility for maintenance and replacement of such property. This account shall not include leased equipment, for which see account 372, Leased Property on Cus-This account shall include the cost such cost and when the utility retains tomers' Premises.

### ITEMS

- Cable vaults.
   Commercial lamp equipment.
   Foundations and settings specially provided for equipment included herein.
- land and land rights used for utility cost of This account shall include the

purposes, the cost of which is not properly includible in other land and land rights accounts. (See electric plant instruction 7.) Frequency changer sets.
Motor generator sets.
Motors.
Switchboard panels, high or low tension.
Wire and cable connections to incoming

# 390 Structures and improvements.

Nore: Do not include in this account any

place of structures and improvements used for utility purposes, the cost of which is not properly includible in other structures and improvements accounts. This account shall include the cost (See electric plant instruction 8.) costs incurred in connection with merchandising, jobbing, or contract work activities. 372 Leased property on customers' This account shall include the cost of

# 391 Office furniture and equipment.

electric motors, transformers, and other

premises.

ings, except the cost of such furniture and equipment which the utility elects to assign to other plant accounts on a ಕ್ಷ and not permanently attached to buildthe utility and devoted to utility service, This account shall include the cost office furniture and equipment owned functional basis. ing such appliances or equipment on the premises of customers and the cost of resetting or removal shall not be charged to this account but to operating expenses, account 587, Customer Installations Expenses. cluding municipal corporations), leased or loaned to customers, but not includequipment on customers' premises (in-Nore A: The cost of setting and connect-

### ITEMS

Nore B: Do not include in this account

any costs incurred in connection with mer-

chandising, jobbing, or contract work ac-

tivities.

- Bookcases and shelves.
   Desks, chairs, and desk equipment.
   Drafting-room equipment.
   Filing, storage, and other cabinets.
   Floor covering.
   Library and library equipment.
   Mechanical office equipment, such a accounting machines, typewriters, etc.
  - 8. Safes. 9. Tables.

stalled of equipment used wholly for public street and highway lighting or traffor, fire alarm, police, and other signal systems.

ITEMS

373 Street lighting and signal systems.

This account shall include the cost in-

# 392 Transportation equipment.

This account shall include the cost of transportation vehicles used for utility purposes.

1. Armored conductors, buried or submarine, including insulators, insulating materials, splices, trenching, etc.
2. Automatic control equipment.
3. Conductors, overhead or underground,

including lead or fabric covered, parkway cables, etc., including splices, insulators, etc. 4. Lamps, arc, incandescent, or other types, including glassware, suspension fixtures, brackets, etc.

- 1. Airplanes.
  2. Automobiles.
  3. Bicycles.
  4. Electrical vehicles.
  5. Motor trucks.
  6. Motorcycles.
  7. Repair cars or trucks.
  8. Tractors and trailers.
  9. Other transportation vehicles.

## 393 Stores equipment.

ping, handling, and storage of materials This account shall include the cost of equipment used for the receiving, shipand supplies. Municipal inspection.
 Ornamental lamp posts.
 Pavement disturbed, including cutting and replacing pavement, pavement base, and

12. Series contactors.13. Switches.14. Transformers, pole or underground.

5. GENERAL PLANT

389 Land and land rights.

10. Protection of street openings.

8. Permits. 9. Posts and standards.

sidewalks.

Relays or time clocks.

1. Chain falls.
2. Counters.
3. Cranes (portable).
4. Rievating and st (portable).
5. Hoists.
6. Lockers.
7. Scales.
8. Shelving.

stacking equipment

Other utility operating income. Total operating income.

414

2. OTHER INCOME

- Storage bins.
   Trucks, hand and power driven.
   Wheelbarrows.
- tools, implements, and equipment used in construction, repair work, general shops and garages and not specifically provided for or includible in other Tools, shop and garage equipment. This account shall include the cost of accounts.

- 1. Air compressors.
  2. Anvils.
  3. Automobile repair shop equipment.
  4. Battery charging equipment.
  5. Belts, shafts and countershafts.
  6. Bollers.
  7. Cable pulling equipment.
  8. Controtte mixers.
  9. Drill presses.
  10. Derricks.
  11. Electric equipment,
  12. Engines.

- Forges.
- 14. Purnaces.
  15. Foundations and settings specially constructed for and not expected to outlast the equipment for which provided.
  - 17. Gasoline pumps, oil pumps and storage
    - Greasing tools and equipment. tanks. 18
      - Hoists.

      - Ladders.
- Lathes.
- Motor-driven tools.
- Pipe threading and cutting tools. 22. Machine tools.
  23. Motor-driven tools.
  24. Motors.
  25. Pipe threading and 26. Proeumatic tools.
- 28. Riveters. 29. Smithing equipment. 27. Pumps.

  - Tool racks.
- 32. Welding apparatus. 33. Work benches.
- Laboratory equipment.

stalled of laboratory equipment used for general laboratory purposes and not specifically provided for or includible in other departmental or functional This account shall include the cost inplant accounts.

### ITEMS

- Current Batteries. Ammeters.
- Frequency changers.
- 4. Galvanometers.
  5. Inductometers.
  6. Laboratory standard millivoit meters.
  7. Laboratory standard voit meters.
  8. Meter-testing equipment.
  9. Millivoit meters.

  - - Millivolt meters.

- 11. Paneis.12. Phantom loads.13. Portable graphic ammeters, voltmeters,

- and wattmeters.

  14. Portable loading devices.
  15. Potential batteries.
  16. Potential batteries.
  17. Rotating standards.
  18. Standard cell, reactance, resistor, and
  - shunt.

- or research 19. Switchboards.
  20. Synchronous timers.
  21. Testing panels.
  22. Testing resistors.
  23. Transformers.
  24. Voltmeters.
  25. Other testing, laboratory, or

Include, also, the tools and accessories acquired for use with such equipment This account shall include the cost of power operated equipment used in construction or repair work exclusive of equipment includible in other accounts. and the vehicle on which such equipequipment not provided for elsewhere. 396 Power operated equipment. ment is mounted.

### ITEMS

- Air compressors, including driving unit and vehicle.
   Back filling machines.
   Boring machines.

399 Other tangible property.

counts on a functional basis.

- 4. Buildozers.
  5. Cranes and holsts.
  6. Diggers.
  7. Engines.
  8. Pile drivers.
  9. Pipe cleaning machines.
- 10. Pipe coating or wrapping machines.
  11. Tractors—Crawler type.
  12. Trenchers.
  13. Other power operated equipment.
- Norm: It is intended that this account include only such large units as are generally self-propelled or mounted on movable equipment.

# Communication equipment.

This account shall include the cost installed of telephone, telegraph, and wireless equipment for general use in connection with utility operations.

- 1. Antennae.
  2. Boths.
  3. Cables.
  4. Distributing boards.
  5. Extension cords.
  6. Gongs.
  7. Hand sets, manual and dial.
  8. Insulators.
  9. Intercommunicating sets.
  10. Loading coils.

- Operators' desks.
  Poles and fixtures used wholly for tele-Operators' desks.
   Poles and fixtures.
   Phone or telegraph wire.
- 13. Radio transmitting and receiving sets.
  14. Remote control equipment and lines.
  15. Sending keys.
  16. Storage batteries.
  17. Switchboards.
  18. Telautograph circuit connections.
  19. Teleptone and telegraph circuits.
  20. Telephone and telegraph circuits.
  21. Testing instruments.
  22. Towers.
  23. Underground conduit used wholly for
- 415-416 Income from merchandising, job. bing and contract work.
  - Income from nonutility operations, Nonoperating rental income. Interest and dividend income. 417
    - Miscellaneous nonoperating income. 419 421
      - Total other income.
- 3. MISCELLANEOUS INCOME DEDUCTIONS Total income. 425
  - Miscellaneous amortization. Other income deductions. Total income deductions.

telephone or telegraph wires and cable wires.

398 Miscellaneous equipment.

Interest on long-term debt.
Amortization of debt discount and ex-Income before interest charges. 427 428

utility operations, which is not includible in any other account of this system of

ITEMS

accounts.

Hospital and infirmary equipment.
 Kitchen equipment.
 Recreation equipment.

4. Radios.
5. Restaurant equipment.
6. Soda fountains.
7. Operators cottage furnishings.
8. Other miscellaneous equipment.

This account shall include the cost of equipment, apparatus, etc., used in the

- Amortization of premium on debt-Cr. Interest on debt to associated compapense. nies. 428 430
  - Interest charged to construction—Cr. Total interest charges. Other interest expense. Net income. 431
- 5. EARNED SURPLUS
- Unappropriated earned surplus (at beginning of period) 216 Nore: Miscellaneous equipment of the nature indicated above wherever practicable shall be included in the utility plant ac-
  - Balance transferred from income. Miscellaneous credits to surplus. Miscellaneous debits to surplus. Appropriations of surplus. 433 435 435 436
- Unappropriated earned surplus (at end of period). Dividends declared—Preferred stock.
  Dividends declared—Common stock. Net addition to earned surplus. 437 438 216 This account shall include the cost of tangible utility plant not provided for

### Income Accounts

1. UTLITY OPERATING INCOME

Operating revenues. Operating expenses.

80

Income Accounts

elsewhere.

- . 1. UTILITY OPERATING INCOME
  - 400 Operating revenues.

tion the total amount included in the There shall be shown under this capelectric operating revenue accounts provided herein. Depreciation expense. Amortization of limited-term electric

## 401 Operation expense.

Amortization of other electric plant.

plant.

405

Maintenance expense.

403 403 404

Operation expense.

Amortization of property losses.

407 408 409 410

sition adjustments.

Taxes other than income taxes.

Income taxes.

tion the total amount included in the There shall be shown under this capelectric operation expense accounts provided herein. (See note to operating expense instruction 3.) Amortization of electric piant acqui-Provision for deferred income taxes.

# 402 Maintenance expense.

prior

믁

Income taxes deferred

Total operating expenses.

Operating income

to others.

ears—Credit.

tion the total amount included in the electric maintenance expense accounts There shall be shown under this capprovided herein. 412-413 Income from electric plant leased

## 3 Depreciation expense.

A. This account shall include the amount of depreciation expense for all classes of depreciable electric plant in service except such depreciation expense as is chargeable to clearing accounts or to account 416, Costs and Expenses of Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work.

B. The utility shall keep such records

chandising, Jobbing and Contract Work.

B. The utility shall keep such records of property and property retirements as will reflect the service life of property which has been retired and aid in estimating probable service life by mortality, turnover, or other appropriate methods; and also such records as will reflect the percentage of salvage and costs of removal for property retired from each account, or subdivision thereof, for depreciable electric plant.

Nore A: Depreciation expense applicable to property included in account 104, Electric Plant Leased to Others, shall be charged to account 413, Expenses of Electric Plant Leased to Others.

NOTE B: Depreciation expense applicable to transportation equipment, shop equipment, tools, work equipment, power operated equipment and other general equipment may be charged to clearing accounts as necessary in order to obtain a proper distribution of expenses between construction and operation.

# 404 Amortization of limited-term electric plant.

This account shall include amortization charges applicable to amounts included in the electric plant accounts inrights, limited-term franchises, licenses, patent rights, limited-term interests in land, and expenditures on leased property where the service life of the improvements is terminable by action of the lease. The charges to this account shall be such as to distribute the book cost of each investment as evenly as may be over the period of its benefit to the utility. (See account 111, Accumulated Provision for Amortization of Electric Plant in Service.)

# 405 Amortization of other electric plant.

A. When authorized by the Commission, this account shall include charges for amortization of intangible or other electric plant in service which does not have a definite or terminable life and which is not subject to charges for depreciation expense.

B. This account shall be supported in such detail as to show the amortization applicable to each investment being

amortized, together with the book cost of the investment and the period over which it is being written off.

# Monte of electric plant acquisition adjustments.

This account shall be debited or credited, as the case may be, with amounts includible in operating expenses, pursuant to approval or order of the Commission, for the purpose of providing for the extinguishment of the amount in account 114, Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments.

# 407 Amortization of property losses.

This account shall be charged with amounts credited to account 182, Extraordinary Property Losses, when the Commission has authorized the amount in the latter account to be amortized by charges to electric operations.

# 408 Taxes other than income taxes.

A. This account shall include the amount of ad valorem, gross revenue or gross receipts taxes, state unempioyment insurance, franchise taxes, federal excise taxes, social security taxes, and all other taxes assessed by federal, state, county, municipal, or other local governmental authorities, which are properly chargeable to electric operations, except income taxes.

B. This account shall be charged in each accounting period with the amount of taxes which is applicable thereto, with concurrent credits to account 236, Taxes Accrued, or account 165, Prepayments, as appropriate. When it is not possible to determine the exact amount of taxes, the amount shall be estimated and adjustments made in current accruals as the actual tax levies become known.

C. The charges to this account shall be made or supported so as to show the amount of each tax and the basis upon which each charge is made. In the case of a utility rendering more than one utility service, taxes of the kind includible in this account shall be assigned directly to the utility department the operation of which gave rise to the tax in so far as practicable. Where the tax in so far as practicable to a specific utility department, it shall be distributed among the utility departments or nonutility operations on an equitable basis.

Nore A: Taxes applicable to nonutility coproperty or investments shall be charged to

the account in which the income from the property or investments is included.

NOTE B: Special assessments for street and

Nore B: Special assessments for street and made annu similar improvements shall be included in Nore E: the appropriate utility plant or nonutility ficiencies sproperty account.

Nore C: Taxes specifically applicable to construction shall be included in the cost of construction.

Construction.

Nore D: Taxes assumed by the utility on property leased from others for use in utility operations shall be charged to the appropriate one of some or when the charge of the proporties.

rent expense or clearing account.

Nore E: Gasoline and other sales taxes that is a small be charged as far as practicable to the same account as the materials on which the E tax is levied.

Nore F: Social security and other forms of a so-called pay roll taxes shall be distributed to utility departments and to nonutility purcharged to the apprioriate plant account.

### 409 Income taxes.

A. This account shall include the amount of state and federal taxes on income properly accruable during the period covered by the income statement to meet the actual liability for such taxes. Concurrent credits for the tax accruals shall be made to account 236, Taxes Accrued, and as the exact amount of taxes becomes known, the current tax accruals shall be adjusted accordingly so that this account, as nearly as can be ascertained, shall include the actual taxes payable which are chargeable to utility operations.

B. The accruals for income taxes shall be apportioned among utility departments and nonutility operations so that, as nearly as practicable, each tax shall be included in the expenses of the utility department or nonutility operation the income from which gave rise to the tax.

Norz A: Taxes assumed by the utility on interest shall be charged to account 431, Other Interest Expense.

Norz B: Income taxes on income from utility plant leased to others shall be charged to account 413, Expenses of Electric Plant Leased to Others.

Norz C: Where statutes or regulatory

Deazer Countries.

Nore C: Where statutes or regulatory practices require that the profits or losses of merchandising, jobbing and contract work shall not be considered in arriving at rates to be charged for utility service, income faxes on income from merchandising, jobbing and contract work shall be charged to account 416. Costs and Expenses of Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work.

Nore D: Income taxes on nonutility income shall be charged to the account in which the income is included. If the amount

of nonutility income is relatively small, the allocation of income taxes thereto may be made annually.

Nore E: Inferest on tax refunds or deficiencies shall not be included in this account 419, Interest and Dividend Income, or account 431, Other Interest Expense, as appropriate.

# 410 Provision for deferred income taxes.

This account shall be debited, and Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes, shall be credited with an amount equal to any deferral of taxes on income as provided by the texts of accounts 281, 282 and 283. There shall not be netted against entries required to be made to this account any credit amounts appropriately includible in account 411, Income Taxes Deferred in Prior Years—Credit.

# 411 Income taxes deferred in prior years—Credit.

cumulated Deferred Income Taxes debited with an amount equal to the portion of taxes on income payable for the year that is attributable to a deferral of axes on income in a prior year, in accounting provided by the texts of accounting provided by the texts of accounts 281, 282, and 283. There shall not be netted against entries required to the made to this account any debit amounts appropriately includible in account 410, Provision for Deferred Income Taxes.

# 412 Revenues from electric plant leased to others.

# 413 Expenses of electric plant leased to others.

A. These accounts shall include respectively, revenues from electric property constituting a distinct operating unit or system leased by the utility to others, and which property is properly includible in account 104, Electric Plant Leased to Others, and the expenses attributable to such property.

tributable to such property.

B. The detail of expenses shall be kept or supported so as to show separately the following:

Operation.
Maintenance.
Rents.
Depreciation.
Amortization.

Amortization. Taxes other than income taxes. Income taxes.

### Other utility operating income. 414

nues received and expenses incurred in This account shall include the reveconnection with the operations of utility plant, the book cost of which is included in account 118, Other Utility Plant.

B. The expenses shall include every element of cost incurred in such opera-tions, including depreciation, rents, taxes, and insurance,

### 2. OTHER INCOME

- Revenues from merchandising, jobbing and contract work. 415
- Costs and expenses of merchandising, jobbing and contract work.

for another for a stipulated profit or commission, and all expenses incurred in mission accruing to the utility on job-bing work performed by it as agent under contracts whereby it does jobbing work spectively, all revenues derived from the sale of merchandise and jobbing or contract work, including any profit or com-These accounts shall include resuch activities.

counts shall be so kept as to permit ready summarization of revenues, costs and ex-B. Records in support of these acpenses by such major items as are feasible.

reported as other income; but the revenues and expenses shall be reported in accounts 914. Eevenues from Merchandising, Jobbing p and Contract Work, and 915, Costs and Expenses of Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work, if such regulatory body requires the net income to be reported as an operating income or expense item. In the absence of a requirement by a state regulatory body, of a requirement by a state regulatory body, or within the such that the state of the st Nors: Revenues and expenses of merchandising, jobbing and contract work shall be reported in these accounts, if a state reguthe utility may use these accounts or ac-counts 914 and 916 at its option, in which case the practice of the utility must be latory body having jurisdiction over the utility requires the net income therefrom to be

### Account 415

- Revenues from sale of merchandise and from jobbing and contract work.
- 2. Discounts and allowances made in set-tlement of bills for merchandise and jobbing

### Account 416:

ances in homes and other places for the pur-Canvassing and demonstrating pose of selling applicanes.

3. Installing appliances on customer premises where such work is done only for pursales

2. Demonstrating and selling activities in

- chasers of appliances from the utility.
  4. Installing wiring, piping, or other property work, on a jobbing or contract basis.
  5. Preparing advertising materials for appliance sales purposes.
- ders for merchandise or for jobbing services.
  7. Cleaning and tidying sales rooms.
  8. Maintaining display counters and other equipment used in merchandising.
  9. Arranging merchandise in sales rooms rand decorating display windows.
  10. Reconditioning repossessed appliances. a il. Bookkeeping and other clerical work in connection with merchandise and jobbing connection with merchandise and jobbing
  - activities.
- 12. Supervising merchandise and jobbing operations.
- Materials and expenses-
- 13. Advertising in newspapers, periodicals, radio, television, etc.
- terials used in jobbing work.

  15. Stores expenses on merchandise and 14. Cost of merchandise sold and of ma
  - jobbing stocks.
- 16. Fees and expenses of advertising and 17. Printing booklets, dodgers, and other commercial artists' agencies.
- 18. Premiums given as inducement to buy 19. Light, heat and power. advertising data. appliances.
  - 20. Depreciation on equipment used pri-marily for merchandise and jobbing operations.
- 21. Rent of sales rooms or of equipment. 22. Transportation expense in delivery and pick up of appliances by utility's facilities or
  - by others. 23. Stationery and office supplies and ex-
- 25. Losses from uncollectible merchandise and jobbing accounts. penses. 24. Taxes directly assignable to merchandise and jobbing operations including in-come taxes on net income derived therefrom.
- 417 Income from nonutility operations.
- erating activity of the enterprise as a A. This account shall include revenues and expenses applicable to operations which are nonutility in character but ģ whole, such as the operation of an ice department where applicable statutes do the operation of a servicing organization engineering, and similar services to not define such operation as a utility, or for furnishing supervision, management, nevertheless constitute a distinct others. and
- ejecosts incurred in such opera-B. The expenses shall include all ments of

vestments and to interest and dividend tions, and the accounts shall be main-tained so as to permit ready summarization as follows:

Maintenance. Operation.

Amortization. Depreciation.

Taxes other than income taxes. Income taxes.

### Nonoperating rental income. 418

buildings, or other property included in account 121, Nonutility Property, which A. This account shall include all rent revenues and related expenses of land, is not used in operations covered by account 417.

ments of costs incurred in the ownership and rental of property and the accounts B. The expenses shall include all eleshall be maintained so as to permit ready summarization as follows:

Maintenance. Operation.

Rents.

Depreciation.
Amortization.
Taxes other than income taxes. Income taxes.

# 419 Interest and dividend income.

A. This account shall include interest revenues on securities, loans, notes, advances, special deposits, tax refunds and all other interest-bearing assets, and dividends on stocks of other companies, whether the securities on which the interest and dividends are received are carried as investments or included in

the amount of such accretion to the fund shall concurrently be credited to sinking or other special fund accounts.

B. If any interest or dividends are required to be retained in a special fund and the fund is represented by a reserve, the appropriate reserve account and charged to account 436, Appropriations of Surplus.

C. This account may include the pro rata amount necessary to extinguish (during the interval between the date the difference between the cost to the bearing securities. Amounts thus credited or charged shall be concurrently included in the accounts in which the utility and the face value of interestof acquisition and the date of maturity)

securities are carried.

D. Where significant in amount, expenses, including operating taxes and income taxes, applicable to security in-

which is not reasonably assured, dividends receivable which have not been declared or guaranteed, and interest or dividends upon reacquired securities issued or assumed by reacquired securities issued or assumed by the utility shall not be credited to this revenues thereon shall be charged hereto. Nors: Interest accrued, the payment of

# 421 Miscellaneous nonoperating income.

account.

This account shall include all revenue and expense items properly includible in the income account and not provided for elsewhere.

- 1. Profit on sale of timber. (See electric 2. Profits from operations of others realplant instruction 7C.)
  - 3. MISCELLANEOUS INCOME DEDUCTIONS ized by the utility under contracts.

# 425 Miscellaneous amortization.

before interest charges. Charges includible herein, if significant in amount, must be in accordance with an orderly tion charges not includible in other accounts which are properly deductible in determining the income of the utility This account shall include amortiza-Similar charges made frregularly withpendent upon the amount of net income out a definite program, or which are deand systematic amortization program shall be charged to account 435, Miscellaneous Debits to Surplus.

adjustments, or of intangibles included in utility plant in service when not authorized to be included in utility operating expenses by the Commission. 1. Amortization of utility plant acquisition

2. Amortization of amounts in account 182, Extraordinary Property Losses, when not authorized to be included in utility operating expenses by the Commission.

3. Amortization of capital stock discount or expenses when in accordance with a sys-

tematic amortization program.

# 426 Other income deductions.

This account shall include miscellaneous expense items which are nonoperating in nature but which are properly deductible before determining come before interest charges.

- 1. Donations for charitable, social or community welfare purposes.
- where utility is beneficiary (net premiums 2. Life insurance of officers and

ö value surrender cash 듸 less increase

fines for violation of statutes pertaining to regulation ö 3. Penalties

nonoperating and their inclusion in this account is for accounting purposes. It does not preclude Commission consideration of proof to the contrary for ratemaking or other Norm: The classification of expenses as purposes.

## 4. INTEREST CHARGES

# 427 Interest on long-term debt.

term debt issued or assumed by the utility, the liability for which is included in account 221, Bonds, or account 224, amount of interest on outstanding long-A. This account shall include Other Long-Term Debt.

B. This account shall be so kept or supported as to show the interest ac-cruals on each class and series of longterm debt.

terest on nominally issued or nominally outstanding long-term debt, including securities Norg: This account shall not include inassumed,

### Amortization of debt discount and expense. 428

the dis-Amounts charged to this concurrently to account 181, Unamortized Debt Discount and expense on outstanding longamortization of unamortized debt This account shall include account shall be credited count and Expense. term debt.

B. This account shall be so kept or supported as to show the debt discount and expense on each class and series of long-term debt.

### 429 Amortization of premium on debt-ڹ

debt. be charged concurrently to account 251, Unamortized Premium on Debt. the Amounts credited to this account shall A. This account shall include amortization of unamortized net mium on outstanding long-term

ö supported as to show the premium on each class and series of long-term debt B. This account shall be so kept

# 430 Interest on debt to associated com-

terest accrued on amounts included in account 223, Advances from Associated Companies, and on all other obligations A. This account shall include the into associated companies

of the advances or other obligations on which the interest is accrued. entries the period covered by the accrual, the to this account shall be so kept as to show to whom the interest is to be paid, rate of interest and the principal amount The records supporting the ф

# 431 Other interest expense.

This account shall include all interest charges not provided for elsewhere.

### ITEMS

or maturing one year or less from date and to on open accounts, except notes and accounts represent on customers deposits.

3. Interest on customers deposits, as assessments, and assessments, tax assessments, and assessments for public improvements past due.

4. Income and other taxes levied upon Interest on notes payable on demand

bondholders of utility and assumed by it.

### 432 Interest charged to construction-ؾ

period of construction of borrowed funds used for construction purposes and a reasonable rate upon other funds when This account shall include concurrent tion based upon the net cost for the so used. (See electric plant instruction 3(17).) credits for interest charged to construc-

### 5. EARNED SURPLUS

# 433 Balance transferred from income.

credit or debit transferred from income This account shall include the net for the year.

# 434 Miscellaneous credits to surplus.

to be credited to this account is not sigtermination for the year, it may be income account. (See also general instruction 7, Delayed Items.) All items included in this account shall be sufficiently described in the entries relating fecting earned surplus not provided for quired by the uniform system of accounts credited to the appropriate nonoperating This account shall include credits afnificant with respect to net income deelsewhere. If an amount otherwise rethereto as to permit ready analysis.

tirement of utility's debt securities.

3. Profit on sale of property or investments. general Profit on reacquisition and resale or re-1. Delayed credits as provided in instruction 7.

# Miscellaneous debits to surplus.

the entries relating thereto as to permit (See also general instruction 7, Delayed count is not significant with respect to All items included in this account shall be sufficiently described in This account shall include amounts If an amount it may be charged to the apropriate nonoperating income deduction account. but not otherwise required by the uniform system of accounts to be charged to this acnet income determination for the year, chargeable to earned surplus provided for elsewhere. ready analysis. Items.)

### ITEMS

1. Decline in value of investments.
2. Delayed debits as provided in general

3. Loss on reacquisition and resale or retirement of utility's debt securities. Instruction 7.

not provided for. 5. Long-term debt discount or expense 4. Provision for past accrued depreciation

written off.

6. Loss on sale of property or investments.
7. Write off of utility plant acquisition adjustments or of intangibles when not done under an orderly systematic program indicating the propriety of inclusion of the annual charges in account 425, Miscellaneous charges

Amortization.

8. Preliminary survey and investigation expenses on abandoned projects.

9. Income taxes, both state and federal, occasioned by items included in account 434,

10. Charges from retirement or resale of Miscellaneous Credits to Surplus.

### 436 Appropriations of surplus. reacquired capital stock.

tions of earned surplus for purposes not provided for elsewhere, This account shall include appropria-

### ITEMS

1. Appropriations of income required under terms of mortgages, orders of courts, contracts or other agreements.
2. Appropriations of income required by action of regulatory authorities.
3. Miscellaneous appropriations of income

o. miscellaneous appropriations of income made at option of utility for specified purposes purposes.

### Dividends declared—Preferred stock.

This account shall include amounts ing preferred or prior lien capital stock declared payable out of earned surplus as dividends on actually outstand-Ä

issued by the utility.

B. Dividends shall be segregated for each class and series of preferred stock

scribed with sufficient particularity to other forms. If not payable in cash, the medium of payment shall be deas to those payable in cash, stock and identify it.

### declared—Common 438 Dividends stock.

This account shall include amounts ing common capital stock issued by the declared payable out of earned sur-plus as dividends on actually outstandutility. Ä

each class of common stock as to those If not payable in cash, the medium of payment shall be described with suffifor payable in cash, stock and other forms. B. Dividends shall be segregated cient particularity to identify it.

## Operating Revenue Accounts

## 1. SALES OF ELECTRICITY

Commercial and industrial sales.
Public street and highway lighting.
Other sales to public authorities. Residential sales. 444 445 445 446 446 446

Sales to railroads and railways. Sales for resale,

Interdepartmental sales.

OTHER OPERATING REVENUES ď

Forfeited discounts.

Miscellaneous service revenues. Sales of water and water power. Rent from electric property. 450 451 453 454 455 455

Interdepartmental rents. Other electric revenues.

# Operating Revenue Accounts

## 1. SALES OF ELECTRICITY

Residential sales.

### A. This account shall include the net billing for electricity supplied for residential or domestic purposes.

B. Records shall be maintained so that revenue received under each rate schedthe quantity of electricity sold and ule shall be readily available.

a single meter is used for both residential and commercial purposes, the total revenue shall be included in this account, or account 442. Commercial and Industrial Sales, accounting to the rate schedule which is applied. Nore: When electricity supplied through If the same rate schedules apply to residential as to commercial and industrial servi classification shall be made according principal use.

# 442 Commercial and industrial sales.

This account shall include the net cms-ಭ billing for electricity supplied

for commercial and industrial

that the quantity of electricity sold and the ule shall be readily available. Records cial and industrial customers (a) which have demands generally of 1000 kw or generally less than 1000 kw. Reasonable transfers of customers between the two classes during the year may be B. Records shall be maintained so that revenue received under each rate schedshall be maintained also so as to show more, and (b) those which have demands deviations above or below the 1000 kw separately the revenues from commerdemand are permissible in order minimized.

customers and related revenues according to a recognized definition of an industrial customer, such classifications are acceptable in lieu of those otherwise required by the text -uoo mercial and industrial customers and re-lated revenues on a lesser basis than 1000 of this account on the basis of 1000 kilowatts kllowatts of demand, or segregates industrial Nore A: If the utility classifies large

of demand.

Nors B: When electricity supplied through a single meter is used for both commercial and residential purposes, the total revenue shall be included in this account, or in account 440, Residential Sales, according to the rate schedule which is applied. If the same rate schedules apply to residential as to commercial and industrial service, classification shall be made according to the principal use.

# 444 Public street and highway lighting.

ing streets, highways, parks and other This account shall include the net public places, or for traffic or other sigbilling for electricity supplied and services rendered for the purposes of lightnal system service, for municipalities or other divisions or agencies of state or federal governments.

the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received from each customer shall be readily available. In addition, the records shall be maintained so as B. Records shall be maintained so that to show the revenues from (a) contracts which include both electricity and servand (b) contracts which include of electricity only. sales fces,

# Other sales to public authorities.

This account shall include the net billing for electricity supplied to municipalities or divisions or agencies of federal or state governments, under special

includible in accounts 444 and 447.

B. Records shall be maintained so as to show the quantity of electricity sold contracts or agreements or service classifications applicable only to public authorities, except such revenues as are

and the revenues received from each customer.

# 446 Sales to railroads and railways.

This account shall include the net the propulsion of cars or locomotives, where such electricity is supplied under billing for electricity supplied to rail-roads and interurban and street railways, for general railroad use, including separate and distinct rate schedules.

B. Records shall be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received from each customer shall be readily available.

g g a Norz: Revenues from incidental use electricity furnished under a contract propulsion of cars or locomotives shall included herein.

### Sales for resale. 447

This account shall include the net billing for electricity supplied to other electric utilities or to public authorities Ą

for resale purposes.

B. Records shall be maintained so as to show the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received from each customer.

to other public utilities for use by them and not for distribution, shall be included in account 442, Commercial and Industrial Sales, unless supplied under the same contract as and not readily separable from revenues includible in this account. Norm: Revenues from electricity supplied

# 448 Interdepartmental sales.

A. This account shall include amounts charged by the electric department at tariff or other specified rates for electricity supplied by it to other utility departments.

the quantity of electricity supplied each other department and the charges there-B. Records shall be maintained so that for shall be readily available.

# OTHER OPERATING REVENUES

## Forfeited discounts.

charges imposed because of the failure of customers to pay their electric bills This account shall include the amount additional discounts forfeited or or before a specified date. 늉

# Miscellaneous service revenues.

451

This account shall include revenues for all miscellaneous services and charges billed to customers which are not specifically provided for in other accounts.

Fees for changing, connecting or discon-2. Profit on maintenance of appliances, wiring, piping or other installations on cusnecting service.

of work orders for plant installed for temporary service of less than one year. (See account 185, Temporary Facilities.)
4. Recovery of expenses in connection with 3. Net credit or debit (cost less net salvage and less payment from customers) on closing premises. tomers,

current diversion cases (billing for the electricity consumed shall be included in the appropriate electric revenue account).

### Sales of water and water power. 453

A. This account shall include revenues revenues derived from furnishing water power for mechanical purposes when the gation, domestic, industrial or other uses, or for the development by others of waplying such water or water power is carinvestment in the property used in supderived from the sale of water for irriter power, or for headwater benefits; also,

be kept in such manner as to permit an analysis of the rates charged and the ried as electric plant in service.

B. The records for this account shall purposes for which the water was used.

# 454 Rent from electric property.

ceived for the use by others of land, buildings, and other property devoted to This account shall include rents reelectric operations by the utility.

B. When property owned by the utility Ą

is operated jointly with others under a definite arrangement for apportioning the actual expenses among the parties by the utility for interest or return or in reimbursement of taxes or depreciation on the property shall be credited to this to the arrangement, any amount received account.

from property constituting an operating unit or system. (See account 412, Revenues from Nore: Do not include in this account rents or system. (See account 412, Rev Electric Plant Leased to Others.)

# 455 Interdepartmental rents.

This account shall include rents credcount of rental charges made against other departments (gas, water, etc.) of ited to the electric department on ac-

the utility. In the case of property operated under a definite arrangement to allocate the costs among the departments using the property, any reimbursement to the electric department for interest or return and depreciation and be credited to this account.

# 456 Other electric revenues.

This account shall include revenues derived from electric operations not includible in any of the foregoing accounts

1. Commission on sale or distribution of electricity of others when sold under rates 2. Compensation for minor or incidental filed by such others.

services provided for others such as customer billing, engineering, etc.

3. Frofit or loss on sale of material and supplies not ordinarily purchased for resale and not handled through merchandising and

jobbing accounts.

4. Sale of steam, but not including sales made by a steamheating department or transfers of steam under joint facility operations.

5. Revenues from transmission of electricity of others over transmission facilities of the utility.

### Operation and Maintenance Expense Accounts 1. Power Production Expenses

## A. STEAM POWER GENERATION

Operation supervision and engineering Fuel.

sources. Steam transferred-Cr. Steam from other Steam expenses. 500 501 502 503 504 505 505

Electric expenses. Miscellaneous steam power expenses. Maintenance Rents.

Maintenance supervision and engineering. 510 511 512 513 514

miscellaneous Maintenance of structures.
Maintenance of boiler plant.
Maintenance of electric plant.
Maintenance of miscellaneous plant.

steam

## B. NUCLEAR POWER GENERATION

Operation supervision and engineering. Operation Coolants and water.

Steam from other sources. Steam transferred-Cr. Steam expenses. 517 518 518 520 521 522 523 524 524

expenses. Electric expenses. Miscellaneous nuclear power

4. Operating boller feed water purification and treatment equipment.
5. Operating ash-collecting and disposal equipment located inside the plant.
6. Operating boller plant electrical equipment.
7. Keeping boller plant log and records and preparing reports on boller plant operation. Materials and Expenses:
7. Cost of fuel including freight, switching, demurrage and other transportation charges.
8. Excise taxes, insurance, purchasing commissions and similar items. gauges, and other instruments and equipment in boiler plant.

10. Cleaning boiler plant equipment when not incidental to maintenance work. o. manding from storage or shipping facility to first bunker, hopper, bucket, tank or holder of boller-house structure. 10. Transportation and other expenses moving fuel in storage.
11. Tools, lubricants and other supplies.
12. Operating supplies for mechanic holder of the boiler-house structure. equipment. 13. Residual disposal expenses boiler plant.
3. Operating boiler and boiler equipment. proceeds from sale of residuals. 8. Testing boiler water. Materials and Expenses: 502 Steam expenses. sidered as maintenance. barges, cranes, etc. Labor: fuel. ing expenses in unloading fuel from the shipping media and handling thereof up to the point where the fuel enters the first boiler plant bunker, hopper, bucket, tank or holder of the boiler-house structure. Records shall be maintained to and room operations, generator operations, etc., shall be charged to the appropriate account. (See operating expense in cost curred or charged initially to account engistations. Direct supervision of specific for the generation of electricity, includinitially to account 151, Fuel Stock, and cleared to this account on the basis of Fuel handling expenses used. Respective amounts of fuel stock and fuel stock expenses shall be readily Supervising purchasing and handling of transfer-Operation and Maintenance Expense This account shall include the cost of labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the operation of steam power generating of fuel used in the production of steam show the quantity, B.t.u. content and B. The cost of fuel shall be charged may be charged to this account as in-In the latter event, they shall be cleared to this account on the basis of the fuel 152. Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed. A. This account shall include the 1. Power Production Expenses facility 4. Moving of fuel in storage and tra commission expenses. Operation supervision and A. STEAM POWER GENERATION activities, such as fuel handling, Miscellaneous general expenses. cost of each type of fuel used. Unloading from shipping 2. All routine fuel analyses. 932 Maintenance of general Maintenance Operation Duplicate charges-Cr. Accounts putting in storage. the fuel used. Regulatory neering. struction 1.) 501 Fuel. available. 200 fuel. 928 929 930 931 collection Revenues from merchandising, jobbing Administrative and general salarles.
Office supplies and expenses.
Administrative expenses transferred ė×. Cost and expenses of merchandising, Maintenance of structures.
Maintenance of station equipment.
Maintenance of overhead lines.
Maintenance of underground lines.
Maintenance of line transformers.
Maintenance of street lighting and sigdis-Maintenance supervision and engineertrans-Operation supervision and engineering ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES D-monstrating and selling expenses. system Miscellaneous distribution expenses. accounts Maintenance of structures. Maintenance of station equipment. Maintenance of overhead lines. Maintenance of underground lines. of miscellaneous 4. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES Property insurance. Injuries and damages. Employee pensions and benefits. Franchise requirements. Maintenance of miscellaneous Customer installations expenses DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES jobbing and contract work. Miscellaneous sales expenses. Street lighting and signal Customer records and Overhead line expenses. Underground line expenses. Outside services employed SALES EXPENSES Miscellaneous customer nal systems.
Maintenance of meters.
Maintenance of misce Meter reading expenses. Maintenance Uncollectible accounts. Operation Operation Operation Operation Advertising expenses. and contract work. tribution plant. Load dispatching. Station expenses. mission plant. Meter expenses. Supervision. expenses. ıci penses. Rents. 915 911 912 913 914 916 ô. 920 921 922 923 924 925 925 927 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 901 902 903 904 569 570 571 572 573 580 581 582 583 584 584 586 587 588 589 590 Maintenance of structures. Maintenance of generating and electric other and Miscellaneous other power generation Operation supervision and engineering. Maintenance supervision and engineer-Operation supervision and engineering. Maintenance supervision and engineer-Maintenance of miscellaneous nuclear Electric expenses. Miscellaneous hydraulic power genera-Maintenance supervision and engineer-Maintenance supervision and engineer-Operation supervision and engineering 'n. System control and load dispatching Miscellaneous transmission expenses dams OTHER POWER SUPPLY EXPENSES Maintenance of electric plant. Maintenance of miscellaneous miscellaneous HYDRAULIC POWER GENERATION plant D. OTHER POWER GENERATION TRANSMISSION EXPENSES Maintenance of electric plant. Maintenance of reservoirs, Underground line expenses. Transmission of electricity Maintenance of structures. Maintenance of structures. power generation plant. of reactor Maintenance Maintenance Maintenance Overhead line expenses. Operation Operation Generation expenses. Hydraulic expenses. ð Purchased power. Load dispatching. Station expenses. Water for power. tion expenses. draulic plant. Other expenses. Maintenance Maintenance expenses. plant. Rents. men 541. 552 553 560 561 562 563 564 565 565 535 536 537 538 538 542 543 546 547 548 549 554 555 556 557 528 529 530 531 532 540 544 545 551 No. 110-Part II-

6. Operation of mechanical equipment, such as locomotives, trucks, cars, boats,

Stores expenses to extent applicable to

occasioned by emergency conditions shall charged to expense as incurred. Nore: Abnormal fuel handling

labor, materials used and expenses incurred in production of steam for electric generation. This includes all expenses of handling and preparing fuel beginning This account shall include the cost of at the point where the fuel enters the first boiler plant bunker, hopper, tank or 1. Supervising steam production.
2. Operating fuel conveying, storage, weighing and processing equipment within

9. Testing, checking, and adjusting meters

crews. Where the work is of a major character, such as that performed on high-11. Repacking glands and replacing gauge glasses where the work involved is of a minor nature and is performed by regular operating acter, such as that performed on pressure bollers, the item should be

Chemicals and boller inspection fees. Lubricants. 13.

208

Boiler feed water purchased and pump-

# 503 Steam from other sources.

steam purchased, or transferred from rom others under a joint facility operating arrangement, for use in prime movers devoted to the production of This account shall include the cost of another department of the utility or electricity.

charge. When steam is transferred from an-other department or from others under a joint operating arrangement, the utility shall Nore: The records shall be so kept as to show separately for each company from which steam is purchased, the point of deproducing such steam, the basis of the charge to electric generation and the extent and manner of use by each department or party livery, the quantity, the price, and the total be prepared to show full details of the cost of involved

# 504 Steam transferred-Credit.

This account shall include credits for expenses of producing steam which are charged to others or to other utility departments under a joint operating arrangement. Include also credits for steam expenses chargeable to other electric accounts outside of the steam generation group. Full details of the basis of determination of the cost of steam transferred shall be maintained. ď

Rent from Electric Property, and in the case of other departments of the utility, to account 455, Interdepartmental Rents. B. If the charges to others or to other departments of the utility include an turn on the joint steam facilities, such amount for depreciation, taxes and reportion of the charge shall be credited in the case of others, to account 454

## 505 Electric expenses.

This account shall include the cost of ators, and their auxiliary apparatus, switch gear and other electric equipment to the points where electricity leaves for labor, materials used and expenses inconversion for transmission or distribucurred in operating prime movers, gener-

- 1. Supervising electric production.
- Operating turbines, engines, generators and exciters.
  - 3. Operating condensers, circulating systems and other auxiliary apparatus.

Operating generator cooling system.

6. Operating switchboards, switch gear and electric control and protective equipment. 7. Keeping electric plant log and records d preparing reports on electric plant Operating lubrication and oil 5. Operating lubrication and system, including oil purification. and preparing reports

trols and other equipment in the electric gauges, and other instruments, relays, conplant.

not incidental to maintenance work.

10. Repacking glands and replacing gauge 9. Cleaning electric plant equipment when

8. Testing, checking and adjusting meters,

operations.

Materials and Expenses: glasses.

- Lubricants and control system oils.
   Generator cooling gases.
   Circulating water purification supplies.
   Cooling water purchased.
   Motor and generator brushes.
- steam power Miscellaneous 206

penses.

vided for or are not readily assignable This account shall include the cost of abor, materials used and expenses incurred which are not specifically proto other steam generation operation expense accounts.

- 1. General clerical and stenographic work.
  2. Guarding and patrolling plant and yard. Labor:
- Building service.
   Care of grounds including snow removal, cutting grass, etc.
  - 5. Miscellaneous labor.

Materials and Expenses:

6. General operating supplies, such as tools, gaskets, packing waste, gauge glasses, hose, indicating lamps, record and report forms, etc. 7.

- First-aid supplies and safety equipment. Employees' service facilities expenses. Building service supplies. ထဲ တဲ

  - 10. Communication service. penses, printing and stationery.

ex-

and incidental 12. Transportation expenses.13. Meals, traveling and

ex-

### 507 Rents. penses.

property of others used, occupied or operated in connection with steam power generation. (See operating expense This account shall include all rents of nstruction 3.)

### Maintenance

Maintenance supervision and engineering. 510

This account shall include the cost of labor and expenses incurred in the gen-

Direct field supervision of specific jobs ision and direction of main-steam generation facilities. shall be charged to the appropriate mainë (See operating supervision and direction of tenance account. pense instruction 1.) tenance of eral

control

# 511 Maintenance of structures.

curred in the maintenance of steam structures, the book cost of which is This account shall include the cost of includible in account 311, Structures and Improvements. (See operating expense labor, materials used and expenses ininstruction 2.)

### Maintenance of boiler plant. 512

of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in the maintenance of steam A. This account shall include the cost plant, the book cost of which is includible in account 312, Boiler Plant Equipment. (See operating expense instruction 2).

ex.

B. For the purpose of making charges hereto and to account 513, Maintenance of Electric Plant, the point at which steam plant is distinguished from electric plant is defined as follows:

a. Inlet flange of throttle valve on

prime mover.

b. Flange of all steam extraction lines on prime mover.

c. Hotwell pump outlet on condensate lines. d. Inlet flange of all turbine-room

e. Connection to line side of motor starter for all boiler-plant equipment.

# 513 Maintenance of electric plant.

sory Electric Equipment. (See operating expense instruction 2 and paragraph B This account shall include the cost of curred in the maintenance of electric plant, the book cost of which is includible in account 313, Engines and Enginegenerator Units, and account 315, Acceslabor, materials used and expenses in-Driven Generators, account 314, Turboexpense instruction 2 and paragraph of account 512.)

### 514 Maintenance of miscellaneous steam plant.

This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of miscellaneous steam generation plant, the book cost of labor, materials used and expenses inwhich is includible in account 316, Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment. operating expense instruction 2.)

### NUCLEAR POWER GENERATION 'n.

### engi and Operation supervision 517

This account shall include the cost of labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the operation of nuclear power generating stations. Direct supervision of specific activities, such as fuel handling, reactor shall be charged to the appropriate ac-(See operating expense instrucoperations, generator operations, tion 1.) count.

### 518 Fuel.

costs for the production of steam in the This account shall include fuel Ä

generation of electricity by nuclear proc-ess (see accounts 157, 158 and 159).

B. Records supporting entries to this account shall be so kept that the utility can furnish the basis of computations classified as to use charges, nuclear fuel burn-up, consumption of non-nuclear and amounts of the individual fuel cost items. The records shall be so maintained that the fuel cost may be readily clear materials formed—credit, provision for chemical processing, and cost of non-nuclear fuel, if any, used for steam materials, net plutonium and other nusuperheat facilities.

### ITEMS

ice, in reserve, in cooling, or in chemical 1. Use charge for nuclear materials in processing.

2. Amortization of costs of fuel assemblies and components in use.

4. Chemical processing of fuel assemblies including charges for converting recovered materials into a form acceptable to a supplier of nuclear materials, disposal of chemical processing wastes and for transportation of 3. Burn-up of nuclear fuel.

5. Plutonium and other nuclear mate--credit. materials. rials-

6. Oil, gas, coal or other fuel used in axillary steam superheat facilities, at cost delivered to station. auxillary

sary accounting procedures to assure that charges to this account shall, so far as pracing periods. Where computed amounts are derived from estimates, corrections of this estimates are necessary. Where significant account shall be made promptly when it is ascertained that significant revisions of the ticable, be accurately distributed to accountdelayed adjustments are necessary, such ad-Nore: The utility shall adopt the neces-

justments shall be made in accordance with the provisions of general instruction 7, De-

### Coolants and water. 519

This account shall include the cost of curred for heat transfer materials and water used for steam and cooling purlabor, materials used and expenses inposes.

### ITEMS

Labor:

 Operation of water supply facilities.
 Handling of coolants and heat transfer materials.

Materials and Expenses:

- Chemicals.
- 4. Additions to or refining of, fluids used in reactor systems.
- Lubricants.
- 6. Pumping supplies and expenses.
  7. Miscellaneous supplies and expenses.
  8. Purchased water.

Norm: Do not include in this account water for general station use or the initial charge for coolants, heat transfer or moderator fluids, chemicals or other supplies capitalized.

### 520 Steam expenses.

labor, materials used and expenses in-curred in production of steam through for operation of any auxiliary superheat This account shall include the cost of nuclear processes, and similar expenses facilities.

Labor:

1. Supervising steam production.
2. Fuel handling including removal, sertion, disassembly and preparation cooling operations and shipment.

Ė for

- 3. Testing instruments and gauges.
  4. Health, safety, monitoring and decon
  - tamination activities. 5. Waste disposal.
- 6. Operating steam boilers and auxillary steam, superheat facilities.

Materials and Expenses:

- Chemical supplies.
- 9. Health, safety, monitoring and decontamination supplies. 10. Boller inspection fees. Charts, logs, etc. œί
  - 11. Lubricants.

### Steam from other sources. 521

This account shall include the cost of other department of the utility or from others under a joint facility operating for use in prime movers steam purchased or transferred from andevoted to the production of electricity. arrangement

NOTE: The records shall be so kept as to show separately, for each company from

which steam is purchased, the point of delivery, the quantity, the price, and the total charge. When steam is transferred from another operating department, the utility shall be prepared to show full details of the the charges to electric generation, and the extent and manner of use by each departcost of producing such steam, the basis of ment involved.

### Steam transferred-Credit. 522

are charged to others or to other utility departments under a joint operating arrangement. Include also credits for tric accounts outside of the steam generation group. Full details of the basis A. This account shall include credits expenses of producing steam which of determination of the cost of steam steam expenses chargeable to other electransferred shall be maintained. for

departments of the utility include an amount for depreciation, taxes and return on the joint steam facilities, such in the case of others, to account 454, Rent from Electric Property, and in the case of other departments of the utility, B. If the charges to others or to other to account 455, Interdepartmental Rents. portion of the charge shall be credited

8. Employees' service facilities expenses. 9. Building service supplies.

### Electric expenses. 523

steam turbines and their auxiliary apequipment to the points where electricity leaves for conversion for transmission or This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in operating turbogenerators, paratus, switch gear and other electric distribution.

### ITEMS

1. Supervising electric production.
2. Operating turbines, engines, generators

neering.

- and exciters.

  3. Operating condensers, circulating water its systems and other auxiliary apparatus.

  4. Operating generator cooling system.

  5. Operating lubrication and oil control is system, including oil purification.

  6. Operating switchboards, switch gear and silectric control and protective equipment.

  7. Keeping plant log and records and preparing reports on electric plant operations.

  8. Testing, checking and adjusting meters, gauges, and other instruments, relays, controls and other equipment in the electric
  - 9. Cleaning electric plant equipment when not incidental to maintenance. plant.
- 10. Repacking glands and replacing gauge glasses.
- 11. Lubricants and control system oils. Materials and

oţ 530 Maintenance

plant

plant, the book cost of which is includible This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in the maintenance of reactor in account 322, Reactor Plant Equipment, (See operating expense instruction 2.) ex.

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred which are not specifically pro-

Miscellaneous nuclear power

524

12. Generator cooling gases.13. Log sheets and charts.14. Motor and generator brushes.

# 531 Maintenance of electric plant.

plant, the book cost of which is includible in account 323, Turbogenerator Units, and account 324, Accessory Electric Equipment. (See operating expense curred in the maintenance of electric This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses ininstruction 2.) vided for or are not readily assignable to other nuclear generation operation 1. General clerical and stenographic work. re-

### Maintenance of miscellaneous nuclear plant. 532

General operating supplies, such as tools,

Materials and Expenses:

ø.

5. Miscellaneous labor. moval, cutting grass, Building service. 2. Plant security.

grounds, including snow

Care of

ITEMS

accounts. Labor:

curred in maintenance of miscellaneous This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses innuclear generating plant, the book cost of which is includible in account 325, Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment. operating expense instruction 2.) gaskets, hose, indicating lamps, record and report forms, etc.
7. First-aid supplies and safety equipment. ex-

# C. HYDRAULIC POWER GENERATION

ex.

13. Meals, traveling and incidental

525 Rents.

penses.

and

11. Miscellaneous office supplies

10. Communication service.

penses, printing and stationery.

12. Transportation expenses.

### Operation

Operation supervision and engineering.

eral supervision and direction of the stations. Direct supervision of specific This account shall include the cost of operation of Lydraulic power generating labor and expenses incurred in the genactivities, such as hydraulic operation, operation, etc., shall be charged to the appropriate account. (See operating expense instruction 1.) generator This account shall include all rents of property of others used, occupied or operated in connection with nuclear generation. (See operating expense instruc-528 Maintenance supervision and engi-This account shall include the cost of

Maintenance

tion 3.)

## 536 Water for power.

This account shall include the cost of water used for hydraulic power generation.

Direct field supervision of specific jobs

labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of maintenance of nuclear generation facilities. shall be charged to the appropriate maintenance account. (See operating expense

### ITEMS

- 1. Cost of water purchased from others, including water tolls paid reservoir compantes.
- 2. Periodic payments for licenses or perwater rights, or payments based on the use mits from any governmental of the water.

labor, materials used and expenses in-

This account shall include the cost of curred in the maintenance of structures, the book cost of which is includible in account 321, Structures and Improve-

529 Maintenance of structures.

instruction 1.)

- 4. Periodic payments for headwater 1 ane-3. Periodic payments for riparian
  - fits or for detriments to others, 5. Cloud seeding.

(See operating expense instruc-

ments. ion 2.)

# 537 Hydraulic expenses,

This account shall include the cost of hydroelectric development outside the and in activities directly relating to the materials used and expenses incurred in operating hydraulic works including reservoirs, dams and waterways. generating station.

### ITEMS

- 1. Supervising hydraulic operation.
  2. Removing debris and ice from trash racks, reservoirs and waterways.
  - 3. Patrolling reservoirs and waterways.
- 4. Operating intakes, spillways, sluiceways,
  - and outlet works.
    5. Operating bubbler, heater or other de
    - loing systems.
- 6. Ice and log Jam work.
  7. Operating navigation facilities.
  8. Operations relating to conservation of game, fish, forests, etc.
  9. Insect control activities.
  - - Materials and Expenses:
- Insect control materials.
   Lubricants, packing, and other supplies used in operation of hydraulic equip-
- conservation 12. Supplies and expenses in of game, fish, forests, etc. 13. Transportation expense.

## 538 Electric expenses.

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in operating prime movers, generators, and their auxiliary apparatus, switchgear, and other electric equipment, to the point where electricity leaves for conversion for transmission or distribution.

### ITEMS Labor:

- Supervising electric production.
- 2. Operating prime movers, generators and auxiliary equipment.
  - Operating generator cooling system.
- 4. Operating lubrication and oil control systems, including oil purification.
- 5. Operating switchboards, switchgear, and 6. Keeping plant log and records and preelectric control and protection equipment.
  - 7. Testing, checking and adjusting meters, gauges, and other instruments, relays, conparing reports on plant operations.
- when not trols, and other equipment in the plant. 8. Cleaning plant equipment incidental to maintenance work.
  - 9. Repacking glands.
- Materials and Expenses:
- Lubricants and control system oils.
- 11. Motor and generator brushes.

### Miscellaneous hydraulic power generation expenses.

vided for or are not readily assignable This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred which are not specifically proto other hydraulic generation operation expense accounts.

### ITEMS

- 2. Guarding and patrolling plant and yard. 1. General clerical and stenographic work.
- grounds including snow re-Building service. 4. Care of
  - moval, cutting grass, etc.
    5. Snow removal from roads and bridges.
    6. Miscellaneous labor.

## Materials and Expenses:

- such as tools, gaskets, packing, waste, hose, indicating lamps, record and report forms, etc.

  8. First-aid supplies and safety equip-7. General operating supplies,
  - 9. Employees' service facilities expenses. ment.
- 10. Building service supplies.
  11. Communication service.
  12. Office supplies, printing and stationery.
  13. Transportation expenses.
  14. Fuel.
  15. Meals, traveling and incidental ex-

  - penses.

### 540 Rents.

property of others used, occupied or operated in connection with hydraulic bays, penstocks, power houses, etc., but not including transmission right of way. (See operating expense instruction 3.) generation, including amounts payable to the United States for the This account shall include all rents of occupancy of public lands and reservations for reservoirs, dams, flumes, forepower

### Maintenance

### 541 Maintenance supervision and engineering.

labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the maintenance of hydraulic power generating stations. Direct field supervision of specific jobs shall be charged to the This account shall include the cost of appropriate maintenance account. operating expense instruction 1.)

# 542 Maintenance of structures.

This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of hydraulic labor, materials used and expenses instructures, the book cost of which is includible in account 331, Structures and

(See operating expense Improvements. instruction 2.)

### Maintenance of reservoirs, dams and waterways.

labor, materials used and expenses incurred in maintenance of plant includible in account 332, Reservoirs, Dams and Waterways. (See operating expense This account shall include the cost of instruction 2.)

# 544 Maintenance of electric plant.

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in maintenance of plant includible in account 333, Water Wheels, Turbines and Generators, and account 334, Accessory Electric Equipment. (See operating expense instruction 2.)

### Maintenance of miscellaneous hydraulic plant. 545

335, Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment, and account 336, Roads, Railroads labor, materials used and expenses incurred in maintenance of plant, the book cost of which is includible in account (See operating expense This account shall include the cost of instruction 2.) and Bridges.

# D. OTHER POWER GENERATION

### Operation

### Operation supervision and engineering. 546

This account shall include the cost of labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the operation of other power generating stations. Direct supervision of activities, such as fuel handling, engine and generator operation, etc., shall be charged to the appropriate account. (See operating expense instruction 1.)

### 547 Fuel.

This account shall include the cost delivered at the station (see account 151, Fuel Stock) of all fuel, such as gas, oil, kerosene, and gasoline used in other power generation.

## 548 Generation expenses.

This account shall include the cost of curred in operating prime movers, generators and electric equipment in other power generating stations, to the point where electricity leaves for conversion labor, materials used and expenses infor transmission or distribution.

### ITEMS

generation 1. Supervising other power operation.

2. Operating prime movers, generators and auxiliary apparatus and switching and other electric equipment.

paring reports on plant operations.
4. Testing, checking, cleaning, oiling and 3. Keeping plant log and records and

adjusting equipment.

## Materials and Expenses:

Dynamo, motor, and generator brushes.
 Lubricants and control system oils.
 Water for cooling engines and genera-

tors.

### Miscellaneous other power generation expenses. 549

This account shall include the cost of curred in the operation of other power generating stations which are not specifically provided for or are not readily assignable to other generation expense labor, materials used and expenses inaccounts.

### ITEMS

1. General clerical and stenographic work.
2. Guarding and patrolling plant and yard. Labor:

- 4. Care of grounds, including snow removal, cutting grass, etc. 3. Building service.
  - 5. Miscellaneous labor.
- Materials and Expenses:

- 6. Building service supplies.
  7. First-aid supplies and safety equipment.
  8. Communication service.
  9. Employes' service facilities expenses.
  10. Office supplies, printing and stationery.
  11. Transportation expense.
  12. Meals, traveling and incidental ex
  - penses.
  - 13. Fuel for heating.
    14. Water for fire protection or general use.
    15. Miscellaneous supplies, such as hand tools, drills, saw blades, files, etc.

### 550 Rents.

property of others used, occupied, or operated in connection with other power (See operating expense in-This account shall include all rents of struction 3.) generation.

### Maintenance

### 551 Maintenance supervision and engineering.

eral supervision and direction of the maintenance of other power generating This account shall include the cost of labor and expenses incurred in the genstations. Direct field supervision of specific jobs shall be charged to the appro-

(See oberpriate maintenance account. expense instruction 1.)

# Maintenance of structures.

in other power generation, the book cost of which is includible in account 341, Structures and Improvements, and account 342, Fuel Holders, Producers and This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of facilities used labor, materials used and expenses in-(See operating expense in-Accessories. struction 2.)

### and generating electric equipment. Maintenance of

of which is includible in account 343, Prime Movers, account 344, Generators, and account 345, Accessory Elec-This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of plant, the book tric Equipment. (See operating expense labor, materials used and expenses ininstruction 2.) cost

### 554 Maintenance of miscellaneous other power generation plant.

curred in maintenance of other power generation plant, the book cost of which is includible in account 346, Miscella-neous Power Plant Equipment. (See This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses inoperating expense instruction 2.)

# E. OTHER POWER SUPPLY EXPENSES

## 555 Purchased power.

A. This account shall include the cost ergy, spinning reserve capacity, etc. In addition, the account shall include the pooling or interconnection agreements wherein there is a balancing of debits only recorded merely because debit and clude, also, net settlements for exchange of electricity or power, such as economy energy, off-peak energy for on-peak en-Distinct purchases and sales shall not be recorded as exchanges and net amounts at point of receipt by the utility of electricity purchased for resale. It shall innet settlements for transactions under and credits for energy, capacity, etc. credit amounts are combined in voucher settlement.

shall show, by months, the demands and B. The records supporting this account prices thereof under each purchase contract and the charges and credits under each exchange or power pooling contract kilowatt-hours charges, demand

System control and load dispatch-556

tric system or operating under a central portion these costs to this account and accounts 561, Load Dispatching.--Trans-This account shall include the cost of authority which controls the production labor and expenses incurred in load dispatching activities for system control. Utilities having an interconnected elecand dispatching of electricity may apmission, and 581, Load Dispatching— Distribution.

### ITEMS

1. Allocating loads to plants and interconnections with others.

clearances test and 2. Directing switching.
3. Arranging and controlling for construction, maintenance, emergency purposes.

4. Controlling system voltages. 5. Recording loadings, water, conditions,

etc.

6. Preparing operating reports and data for billing and budget purposes.

7. Obtaining reports on the weather and special events.

Expenses:

Communication service provided for system control purposes.

ex-9. System record and report forms.
10. Meals, traveling and incidental

penses. 11. Obtaining weather and special events reports.

### 557 Other expenses.

any production expenses, including expenses incurred directly in connection with the purchase of electricity, which are not specifically provided for in other a description of each type of charge will This account shall be charged with Charges to this account shall be supported so that productión expense accounts. be readily available.

comreimbursement of excessive or added production costs for which the insurance company is liable under the terms of the panies, under use and occupancy proshall be credited to this account. of amounts B. Recoveries from insurance of policies, visions policy

# 2. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

### engiand Operation supervision neering. 260

labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the This account shall include the cost of

activities, such as station operation, line operation, etc., shall be charged to the operation of the transmission system as a whole. Direct supervision of specific (See operating exappropriate account. pense instruction 1.)

## 561 Load dispatching.

labor, materials used and expenses incurred in load dispatching operatious This account shall include the cost of pertaining to the transmission of electricity.

### ITEMS

Labor:

 Directing switching.
 Arranging and controlling clearances for construction, maintenance, test and emer-

gency purposes.
3. Controlling system voltages.
4. Obtaining reports on the weather and

6. Preparing operating reports and data for billing and budget purposes. special events:

### Expenses:

î 6. Communication service provided

system control purposes.
7. System record and report forms.
8. Meals, traveling and incidental

penses. 9. Obtaining weather and special events reports.

### Station expenses. 562

or adjacent to a generating station, the expenses applicable to transmission station operations shall nevertheless be tions and switching stations. If trans-mission station equipment is located in This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in operating transmission substacharged to this account.

Labor:

1. Supervising station operation.
2. Adjusting station equipment where such adjustment primarily affects performance, such as regulating the flow of cooling water, adjusting current in fields of a machine or changing voltage of regulators, changing station transformer taps.

3. Inspecting, testing and calibrating station equipment for the purpose of checking its performance.

4. Keeping station log and records and preparing reports on station operation.

5. Operating switching and other station equipment

6. Standing watch, guarding, and patrolling station and station yard.

7. Sweeping, mopping, and tidying station. 8. Care of grounds, including snow removal, cutting grass, etc.

 Bullding service expenses.
 Operating supplies, such as lubricants. brushes, water, commutator goods.

11. Station meter and instrument plies, such as ink and charts.
12. Station record and report forms.
14. Troal expense.
14. Transportation expenses.
15. Meals, traveling, and incidental

penses.

å

### Overhead line expenses. 563

Underground line expenses.

564

penses incurred in the operation These accounts shall include cost of labor, materials used and Ä

transmission lines.

B. If the expenses are not substantial for both overnead and underground lines, these accounts may be combined

Labor:

1. Supervising line operation.
2. Inspecting and testing lightning arresters, circuit breakers, switches, and grounds.
3. Load tests of circuits.
4. Routine line patrolling.
5. Routine voltage surveys made to deters, mine the condition or efficiency of transmission system. ex-

6. Transferring loads, switching and reconnecting circuits and equipment for operating purposes. (Switching for construction or maintenance purposes is not includible in this account.)

7. Routine inspection and cleaning of manholes, conduit, network and transformer vaults.

8. Electrolysis surveys.
9. Inspecting and adjusting line-testing equipment, such as voltmeters, ammeters. wattmeters, etc.

등 10. Regulation and addition of in high-voltage cable systems.

 Transportation expenses.
 Meals, traveling and incidental Materials and Expenses:

ķ

penses. 13. Tool expenses.

14. Operating supplies, such as instrument charts, rubber goods, etc.

þ electricity jo Transmission 565

others.

payable to others for the transmission of the utility's electricity over transmission This account shall include facilities owned by others.

566 Miscellaneous transmission

ð labor, materials used and expenses in-This account shall include the

DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

က်

engi-

Operation supervision

neering.

Operation

curred in transmission map and record work, transmission office expenses, and other transmission expenses not provided for elsewhere

istics of lines and stations, such as capacities, records of physical character-General etc. 2. (

Janitor work at transmission office build-ings, including care of grounds, snow removal,

Ground resistance records.

4. Joint pole maps and records. 5. Line load and voltage records.

General clerical and stenographic work. Preparing maps and prints. General clerical and
 Miscellaneous labor.

Materials and Expenses

Communication service.
 Building service supplies.

and Map and record supplies.
 Transmission office supplies penses, printing and stationery.
 First-aid supplies.

ex-

567 Rents.

sion system, including payments to the United States and others for use of public for This account shall include rents of property of others used, occupied, or operated in connection with the transmisor private lands and reservations transmission line rights of way. operating expense instruction 3.)

### Maintenance

### 568 Maintenance supervision and engineering.

labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of maintenance of the transmission system. Di-This account shall include the cost of rect field supervision of specific jobs shall (See operating expense charged to the appropriate maintenance account. instruction 1.)

# 569 Maintenance of structures.

the book cost of which is includible in account 352, Structures and Improve-(See operating expense instruc-This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in the maintenance of structures, tion 2.) ments.

# 570 Maintenance of station equipment.

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in maintenance of station equipment the book cost of which is includible

(See in account 353, Station Equipment, operating expense instruction 2.)

# 571 Maintenance of overhead lines.

ಕ 355. Poles and Fixtures, 356, Overhead Conductors and Devices, 359, Roads and Trails. (See operating expense instruccurred in maintenance of transmission labor, materials used and expenses inplant, the book cost of which is includible in accounts 354, Towers and Fixtures, This account shall include the cost tion 2.)

expense.

### ITEMS

1. Work of the following character on poles,

clamps or strain insulators on guys in place.
b. Moving line or guy pole in relocation of the same pole or section of line. or removing additional towers and fixtures: a. Installing or

c. Painting poles, towers, crossarms or pole

connections.

extensions.
d. Readjusting and changing position of guys or braces.

crossarms braces, and other pole fixtures.
f. Reconditioning reclaimed pole fixtures.
g. Relocating crossarms, racks, brackets, straightening poles, e. Realigning and

and other fixtures on poles. h. Repairing or realigning pins, racks, or brackets.

i. Repairing pole supported platform.

J. Repairs by others to jointly owned poles.

k. Shaving, cutting rot, or treating poles or crossarms in use or salvaged for reuse.

m. Supporting fixtures and conductors and transferring them to new pole during poles 1. Stubbing poles already in service. replacements.

n. Maintenance of pole signs, stencils,

tags, etc.

2. Work of the following character on overhead conductors and devices:

a. Overhauling and repairing line cutouts, aline switches, line breakers, etc.

b. Cleaning insulators and bushings.
 c. Refusing cutouts.
 d. Repairing line oil circuit breakers and associated relays and control wiring.

e. Repairing grounds.
f. Resagging, retying, or rearranging position or spacing of conductors.
g. Standing by phones, going to calls, cutting faulty lines clear, or similar activities wat times of emergencies.
h. Sampling, testing, changing, purifying, and replenishing insulating oil.

k. Repairing line testing equipment.

tenance purposes

i. Repairing line testing equipment. j. Transferring loads, switching and reconnecting circuits and equipment for maintenance

areas when occurring subsequent to construction trees and clearing brush 1. Chemical treatment of right of way k. Trimming

3. Work of the following character on roads

 Repairing roadway, bridges, etc.
 Trimming trees and brush to maintain Repairing roadway, bridges, etc.

c. Snow removal from roads and trails.
d. Maintenance work on publicly owned roads and trails when done by utility at its previous roadway clearance.

labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the This account shall include the cost of operation of the distribution system Direct supervision of specific activities, such as station operation, line operation meter department operation, etc., shall be charged to the appropriate account. (See operating expense instruction 1.) 572 Maintenance of underground lines. This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of transmission plant, the book cost of which is includible in accounts 357, Underground Conduit, and 358, Underground Conductors labor, materials used and expenses in-

## 581 Load dispatching.

(See operating expense in-

and Devices. struction 2.)

ITEMS

This account (the keeping of which is optional with the utility) shall include erations pertaining to the distribution of the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in load dispatching opelectricity. derground conduit:
a. Cleaning ducts, manholes, and sewer b. Minor alterations of handholes, man-1. Work of the following character on un-

Labor:

holes, or vaults.

c. Refastening, repairing, or moving racks, ladders, or hangers in manholes, or vaults.

d. Flugging and shelving or replugging ducts.

e. Repairs to sewers and drains, walls and

1. Directing switching.
2. Arranging and controlling clearances for construction, maintenance, test and emergency purposes.

 Controlling system voltages.
 Preparing operating reports.
 Obtaining reports on the weather and special events.

derground conductors and devices:

a. Repairing oil circuit breakers, switches, cutouts, and control wiring.

floors, rings and covers.

2. Work of the following character on un-

Expenses:

6. Communication service provided for system control purposes.
7. System record and report forms.
8. Meals, traveling and incidental expenses. b. Repairing grounds.
c. Retraining and reconnecting cables in manhole, including transfer of cables from one duct to another. d. Repairing conductors and splices.
 e. Repairing or moving junction boxes and

## 582 Station expenses.

This account shall include the cost of expenses incurred in the operation of distribution labor, materials used and substations. supports.
g. Repairing electrolysis preventive devices for cables.

f. Refireproofing of cables and repairing

potheads.

h. Repairing cable bonding systems.

### ITEMS

Labor:

1. Supervising station operation.

such as regulating the flow of cooling water, adjusting current in fields of a machine, changing voltage of regulators, or changing station transformer taps. Adjusting station equipment where such adjustment primarily affects performance, i. Sampling, testing, changing, purifying and replenishing insulating oil.

J. Transferring loads, switching and reconnecting circuits and equipment for mainvoltage cable system and replacement of oil Repairs to oil or gas equipment in high-

3. Keeping station log and records and preparing reports on station operation.

miscellaneous

ō

or gas. 573

transmission plant. Maintenance

This account shall include the cost of

labor, materials used and expenses inleased plant which is assignable to trans-

curred in maintenance

4. Inspecting, testing, and calibrating station equipment for the purpose of checking its performance.

5. Operating switching and other station 6. Standing watch, guarding and patrolling station and station yard. equipment.

of owned or

mission operations and is not provided

(See operating expense

instruction 2.)

7. Sweeping, mopping, and tidying station.
8. Care of grounds, including snow re-

moval, cutting grass, etc.

Street lighting and signal system expenses 585 Operating, supplies, such as lubricants,

commutator brushes, water, and rubber Station meter and instrument supplies,

Building service expenses.

Materials and Expenses:

the operation and maintenance of such plant owned by customers where such work is done regularly as a part of the This account shall include the cost of curred in: (1) The operation of street lighting and signal system plant which street lighting and signal systom service. labor, materials used and expenses inis owned or leased by the utility; and (2)

Š

Transportation expense.
 Meals, traveling, and incidental

penses.

12. Station record and report forms.

such as ink and charts.

### ITEMS

1. Supervising street lighting and signal Labor:

equipment used for supplying electricity to customers in periods of emergency, the cost of operating labor and of supplies, such as soda, automastic cell fillers, acid proof shoes, etc., shall be included in this account. If

Nors: If the utility owns storage battery

significant in amount, a separate subdivision

shall be maintained for such expenses.

Overhead line expenses.

583

2. Replacing lamps and incidental cleaning of glassware and fixtures in connection systems operation.

3. Routine patrolling for lamp outages, extraneous nuisances or encroachments, etc. therewith.

4. Testing lines and equipment including voltage and current measurement.
5. Winding and inspection of time switch and other controls.

Materials and Expenses:

Street lamp renewals.
 Transportation and tool expense.
 Meals, traveling, and incidental

and expenses incurred in the operation of overhead and underground distribu-

ITEMS

tion lines.

Supervising line operation.

tively, the cost of labor, materials used

These accounts shall include, respec-

Underground line expenses.

586 Meter expenses. penses.

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses in curred in the operation of customer meters and associated equipment. 2. Changing line transformer taps.

8. Inspecting and testing lightning arresters, line circuit breakers, switches, and

Labor:

4. Inspecting and testing line transformers for the purpose of determining load, temperature, or operating performance.

grounds.

ITEMS

1. Supervising meter operation.
2. Clerical work on meter history and associated equipment record cards, test cards, and reports.

귱

Burveys

6. Load tests and voltage surveys feeders, circuits, and line transformers.

5. Patrolling lines.

7. Removing line transformers and voltage regulators with or without replacement. 8. Installing line transformers or voltage regulators with or without change in capacity provided that the cost of first installation of

3. Disconnecting and reconnecting, removing and reinstalling, sealing and unscaling meters and other metering equipment in connection with initiating or terminating services including the cost of obtaining meter readings, if incidental to such operation.

4. Consolidating meter installations due to elimination of separate meters for different 5. Changing or relocating meters, instrurates of service.

> 9. Voltage surveys, either routine or upon request of customers, including voltage tests

these items is included in account 368, Line

Transformers.

and re-

connecting circuits and equipment for oper-

10. Transferring loads, switching

at customer's main switch.

12. Inspecting and adjusting line testing

Electrolysis surveys.

ation purposes.

Materials and Expenses:

equipment.

13. Tool expense.

14. Transportation expense. 15. Meals, traveling, and incidental

charts, rubber goods, etc.

ment transformers, time switches, and other metering equipment. 6. Resetting time controls, checking operation of demand meters and other metering equipment, when done as an independent operation.

 Inspecting and adjusting meter testing equipment.

8. Inspecting and testing meters, instru-16. Operating supplies, such as instrument

ex-

penses. 17. Rewards paid for discovery of current pickup and delivery charges. 16. Meals, traveling and incidental

Transportation expense,

Nore A: Amounts billed customers for any work, the cost of which is charged to this account, shall be credited to this account.

Norm B: Do not include in this account

# 588 Miscellaneous distribution expenses.

This account shall include the cost of labor; materials used and expenses in-curred in distribution system operation not provided for elsewhere.

### ITEMS

pacities, etc.

ቱ

operated in connection with the distribu-United States and others for the use and occupancy of public lands and reservations for distribution line rights of way This account shall include rents (See operating expense instruction 3.) property of others used, occupied, sion; changes in customer wiring and any other labor cost identifiable as caused by 13. Power, light, heat, telephone, and other

supplies. 10. Transportation expenses. 11. Meals, traveling, and incidental 12. Tool expenses.

Nors: The cost of the first setting and testing of a meter is chargeable to utility plant account 370, Meters.

curred in work on customer installa-tions in inspecting premises and in rendering services to customers of the nature of those indicated by the list of This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses in-587 Customer installations expenses. tems hereunder.

### ITEMS

 Supervising customer installations work.
 Inspecting premises, including check of Labor:

and clearing 3. Investigating, locating, and clear grounds on customers' wiring.

4. Investigating service complaints, wiring for code compliance.

cluding load tests of motors and lighting and power circuits on customers' premises; field investigations of complaints on bills or of voltage.

ex-

5. Installing, removing, renewing, and changing lamps and fuses.

1 6. Radio, television and similar interference work including erection of new aerials on customers' premises and patrolling of lines, testing of lightning arresters, inspection of pole hardware, etc., and examination on or off premises of customers' appliances, wiring, or equipment to locate cause of a interference.

on customers' cns-7. Installing, connecting, reinstalling, removing leased property premises

tomers' fixtures and appliances in shop or 9. Cost of changing customers' equipment 8. Testing, adjusting, and repairing on premises.

cluding setting and removal of check meters cial calls by employees in connection with Investigation of current diversion inand securing special readings thereon; spediscovery and settlement of current diverdue to changes in service characteristics.

Materials and Expenses: current diversion.

12. Materials used in servicing customers' 11. Lamp and fuse renewals.

ment transformers, time switches, and other metering equipment on premises or in shops excluding inspecting and testing incidental to maintenance.

expenses of appliance repair department.

14. Tool expense.

fixtures, appliances and equipment.

Materials and Expenses: 9. Meter seals and miscellaneous meter

diversion.

shall be transferred to account 451, Miscellaneous Service Revenues. Any excess over costs resulting therefrom

expenses incurred in connection with mer-chandising, jobbing and contract work.

Labor: 1. General records of physical characteristics of lines and substations, such as ca-

load and 2. Ground resistance records.3. Joint pole maps and records.4. Distribution system voltage records.

Preparing maps and prints.
 Service interruption and trouble records.

7. General clerical and stenographic work except that chargeable to account 586, Meter Expenses.

formers, manholes, cables, and other distribution facilities. Exclude meter records chargeable to account 586, Meter Expenses, Station Expenses, and stores records chargeable to account 163, Stores Expense Undisand station records chargeable to account 582 8. Operating records covering poles, transtributed. ö

9. Janitor work at distribution office buildings including snow removal, cutting grass

Materials and Expenses:

10. Communication service.

 Building service expenses.
 Miscellaneous office supplies and expenses, printing, and stationery, maps and records and first-aid supplies.

### 589 Rents.

ö tion system, including payments to the

### Maintenance

# 590 Maintenance supervision and engi-

(See operating expense This account shall include the cost of labor and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of maintenance of the distribution system. Direct field supervision of specific jobs shall be charged to the appropriate maintenance instruction 1.)

# 591 Maintenance of structures.

This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of structures, the book cost of which is includible in aclabor, materials used and expenses incount 361, Structures and Improvements. (See operating expense instruction 2.)

# 592 Maintenance of station equipment.

This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of plant, the book cost of which is includible in account 362, Station Equipment, and account 363, Storage Battery Equipment. (See operlabor, materials used and expenses inating expense instruction 2.)

# 593 Maintenance of overhead lines.

ğ curred in the maintenance of overhead distribution line facilities, the book cost (See operating labor, materials used and expenses in-Poles, Towers and Fixtures, account 365, This account shall include the cost which is includible in account Overhead Conductors and Devices, account 369, Services. expense instruction 2.) ö

- g 1. Work of the following character poles, towers, and fixtures:
- clamps or strain insulators on guys in a. Installing additional clamps or remov-
- b. Moving line or guy pole in relocation pole or section of line. ಕ
- c. Painting poles, towers, crossarms, or pole
- d. Readjusting and changing position of guys or braces. extensions.

e. Realigning

- e. Realigning and straightening poles, crossarms, braces, pins, racks, brackets, and g. Relocating crossarms, racks, brackets, f. Reconditioning reclaimed pole fixtures, other pole fixtures.
  - h. Repairing pole supported platform. and other fixtures on poles.
- j. Shaving, cutting rot, or treating poles or crossarms in use or salvaged for reuse. Repairs by others to jointly owned poles.

- k. Stubbing poles already in service.

  1. Supporting conductors, transformers, and other fixtures and transferring them to new poles during pole replacements.
  - m. Maintaining pole signs, stencils, tags,
    - etc.
      2. Work of the following character on overhead conductors and devices:
- a. Overhauling and repairing line cutouts, line switches, line breakers, and capacitor installations.

  - b. Cleaning insulators and bushings.c. Refusing line cutouts.d. Repairing line oil circuit breakers and
    - associated relays and control wiring.
- e. Repairing grounds.
  I. Resagging, retying, or rearranging position or spacing of conductors.
  g. Standing by phones, going to calls, cutting faulty lines clear, or similar activities at times of emergency.
  - h. Sampling, testing, changing, purifying, and replenishing insulating oil.
    i. Transferring loads, switching, and reconnecting circuits and equipment for main
    - tenance purposes.
- Repairing line testing equipment.
   F. Trimming trees and clearing brush.
   I. Chemical treatment of right of way area when occurring subsequent to construc-
- tion of line.

  3. Work of the following character on overhead services:
  - a. Moving position of service either on pole
    - or on customers' premises.
      b. Pulling slack in service wire.
      c. Retying service wire.
- service tightening ö d. Refastening bracket.
- 594 Maintenance of underground lines.
- (See This account shall include the cost of book cost of which is includible in account 366, Underground Conduit, account 367, Underground Conductors and curred in the maintenance of underground distribution line facilities, the labor, materials used and expenses in-Devices, and account 369, Services. operating expense instruction 2.)

### ITEMS

- 령 sewer 1. Work of the following character a. Cleaning ducts, manholes, and underground conduit:
  - b. Moving or changing position of conduit or pipe. c. Minor alterations of handholes, manconnections.
- racks, ladders, or hangers in manholes or vaults. holes, or vaults. d. Refastening, repairing, or moving
  - f. Repairs to sewers, drains, walls, and e. Plugging and shelving ducts.
- a character underground conductors and devices: floors, rings and covers.

  2. Work of the following

- a. Repairing circuit breakers, switches, cutouts, network protectors, and associated relays and control wiring. b. Repairing grounds.
  - ä manholes including transfer of cables from caples c. Retraining and reconnecting one duct to another.
    - d. Repairing conductors and splices.
       e. Repairing or moving junction boxes and potheads.
- f. Refireproofing cables and repairing sup-

ports.

- g. Repairing electrolysis preventive devices for cables. h. Repairing cable bonding systems.

  - 1. Sampling, testing, changing, purifying, and replenishing insulating oil.

    j. Transferring loads, switching and reconnecting circuits and equipment for main-
- tenance purposes.

  k. Repairing line testing equipment.

  l. Repairing oil or gas equipment in high voltage cable systems and replacement of oll or gas.
- underground services: a. Cleaning ducts. b. Repairing any underground service g 3. Work of the following character
  - plant.
- is includible in account 368, Line Trans-This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of distribution line transformers, the book cost of which 595 Maintenance of line transformers. labor, materials used and expenses informers. (See operating expense instruction 2.)

### Maintenance of street lighting and signal systems. 296

cost of which is includible in account 373, Street Lighting and Signal Systems. (See operating expense instruction 2.) This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of plant, the book labor, materials used and expenses in-

# 597 Maintenance of meters.

curred in the maintenance of meters and meter testing equipment, the book cost of which is includible in account 370, Meters, and account 395, Laboratory Equipment, respectively. (See operating This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses inexpense instruction 2.)

### Maintenance of miscellaneous distribution plant. 598

cost of which is includible in accounts This account shall include the cost of curred in maintenance of plant, the book labor, materials used and expenses in-

the maintenance of which is assignable tomers' Premises, and any other plant to the distribution function and is not (See operating 371, Installations on Customers' Premises, and 372, Leased Property on Cusprovided for elsewhere. expense instruction 2.)

similar nature to that listed 2. Maintenance of office furniture and in other distribution maintenance accounts. equipment used by distribution system 1. Work of partment.

# 4. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES

### Supervision. 106

eral direction and supervision of cus-Meter Reading Expenses, or account 903, Customer Records and Collection Exlabor and expenses incurred in the genitles. Direct supervision of a specific This account shall include the cost of tomer accounting and collecting activactivity shall be charged to account 902 penses, as appropriate. expense instruction 1.)

# 902 Meter reading expenses.

This account shall include the cost of curred in reading customer meters, and formed by employees engaged in reading labor, materials used and expenses indetermining consumption meters.

### ITEMS

### Labor:

- 1. Addressing forms for obtaining meter readings by mail.
- 2. Changing and collecting meter charts used for billing purposes.
  3. Inspecting time clocks, checking seals, etc., when performed by meter readers and the work represents a minor activity incldental to regular meter reading routine.
  - 4. Reading meters, including demand meters, and obtaining load information for billing purposes. Exclude and oharge to account 586, Meter Expenses, or to account 903, Customer Records and Collection Expenses, as applicable, the cost of obtaining meter readings, first and final, if incidental to the operation of removing or resetting, reconnecting meters. 4. Reading
- 5. Computing consumption from meter reader's book or from reports by mail when done by employees engaged in reading meters.
- from prepayment to meter reading. when incidental 6. Collecting

to regular activities. 8. Computing estimated or average consumption when performed by employees engaged in reading meters. customers' keys. Maintaining record of

Materials and Expenses:

binders and forms for recording readings, but 9. Badges, lamps, and uniforms.
10. Demand charts, meter books not the cost of preparation. No. 110-–Part II-

11. Postage and supplies used in obtaining meter readings by mail. 12. Transportation, meals, and incidental

expenses.

903 Customer records and collection This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses inexpenses.

curred in work on customer applications;

contracts, orders, credit investigations, billing and accounting, collections and ITEMS complaints.

1. Receiving, preparing, recording and handling routine orders for service, disconnections, transfers or meter tests initiated by the customer, excluding the cost of carrying out such orders, which is chargeable to the account appropriate for the work called

for by such orders.
2. Investigations of customers' credit and keeping of records pertaining thereto, including records of uncollectible accounts written off.

3. Receiving, refunding or applying customer deposits and maintaining customer deposit, line extension, and other miscellaneous records.

by meter to prep-4. Checking consumption shown readers' reports where incidental aration of billing data.

5. Preparing address plates and addressing

bills and delinquent notices.

Preparing billing data.
 Operating billing and bookkeeping ma-

8. Verifying billing records with contracts chines.

9. Preparing bills for delivery, and mailing or rate schedules.

10. Collecting revenues, including collection from prepayment meters unless incidental to meter-reading operations. or delivering bills.

lections for deposit, and preparing cash 60 11. Balancing collections, preparing

credits

other

12. Posting collections and

and or charges to customer accounts and extend-13. Balancing customer accounts ing unpaid balances.

inquent notices and preparing reports of ġ, or delivering

delinquent accounts.

15. Final meter reading of delinquent accounts when done by collectors incidental

vestigations from customers, including preparation of necessary orders, but excluding the cost of carrying out such orders, which is chargeable to the account appropriate for the work called for by such orders. 16. Disconnecting and reconnecting servace because of nonpayment of bills.

17. Receiving, recording, and handling of inquiries, complaints, and requests for in-

activities, except merchandising. Direct supervision of a specific activity, such eral direction and supervision of sales labor and expenses incurred in the gen-18. Statistical and tabulating work on customer accounts and revenues, but not including special analyses for sales department, rate department, or other general purposes, unless incidental to regular customer accounting routines.

This account shall include the cost of

Supervision:

19. Preparing and periodically rewriting meter reading sheets.

as demonstrating, selling, or advertising shall be charged to the account wherein

the costs of such activity are included

(See operating expense instruction 1.)

912 Demonstrating and selling

penses.

20. Determining consumption and computing estimated or average consumption when performed by employees other than those engaged in reading meters.

Materials and Expenses:

21. Address plates and supplies.22. Cash overages and shortages.23. Commissions or fees to others

for

collecting.
24. Payments to credit organizations for investigations and reports.

25. Postage.
26. Transportation expenses, including transportation of customer bills and meter books under centralized billing procedure.
27. Transportation, meals, and incidental

by present and prospective customers.

Demonstrating uses of utility services.

Labor:

expenses.
28. Bank charges, exchange, and other fees for cashing and depositing customers' checks.
29. Forms for recording orders for services,

30. Rent of mechanical equipment. removals, etc.

Nore: The cost of work on meter history and meter location records is chargeable to account 586, Meter Expenses.

904 Uncollectible accounts.

amounts sufficient to provide for losses 144, Accumulated Provision for Uncolcollectible accounts shall be chargd to This account shall be charged with from uncollectible utility revenues. Concurrent credits shall be made to account lectible Accounts—Cr. Losses from unaccount 144.

905 Miscellaneous customer accounts expenses.

8. Supplies and expenses pertaining demonstration, and experimental and

velopment activities.

or the promotion of new business.

Materials and Expenses:

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses inother 크 curred not provided for accounts.

Labor:

1. General clerical and stenographic work.

This account shall include the cost of 2. Miscellaneous labor.

Advertising expenses.

Materials and Expenses:

labor, materials used and expenses incurred in advertising designed to promote or retain the use of utility service except advertising the sale of merchandise by the utility. 3. Communication service.
4. Miscellaneous office supplies and expenses and stationery and printing other than those specifically provided for in accounts 902 and 903.

SALES EXPENSES Operation

ITEMS

1. Direct supervision of department.
2. Preparing advertising material for newspapers, periodicals, billboards, etc., and

ter of sales advertising.

Materials and Expenses:

ě

This account shall include the cost of

labor, materials used and expenses in-

7. Advertising in newspapers, periodicals,

agencies and commercial artists.

Postage on direct mail advertising.
 Premiums distributed generally, such as recipe books, etc., when not offered as inducement to purchase appliances.

14. Supplies and expenses in preparing

15. Office supplies and expenses. advertising material.

4. Experimental and development work in connection with new and improved appliances and equipment, prior to general pub-

utility services.

5. Solicitation of new customers or

lic acceptance.

cluding commissions paid employees.

Nore A: The cost of advertisements which set forth the value or advantages of utility service without reference to specific appliances, or, if reference is made to appliances, accounts 416 or 915, as appropriate. 을 <sup>2</sup> 6. Engineering and technical advice to present or prospective customers in connection with promoting or retaining the use of utility services.
7. Special customer canvasses when their primary purpose is the retention of business ö additional business from old customers, in-10. Loss in value on equipment and appli-

tially mention or refer to the value or advantages of utility service, together with specific NoTE B: Advertisements which substan-

11. Transportation, meals, and incidental

ances used for demonstration purposes. 9. Booth and temporary space rental.

preparing and conducting motion pictures, radio and television programs.

3 Preparing booklets, bulletins, etc., used direct mail advertising.

4. Preparing window and other displays.

5. Clerical and stenographic work.

6. Investigating advertising agencies and media and conducting negotiations in connection with the placement and subject mat-

billboards, radio, etc., for sales promotion purposes, but not including institutional or goodwill advertising includible in account 930, Miscellaneous General Expenses.

8. Materials and services given as prizes or otherwise in connection with civil light-

ing contests, canning, or cooking contests, bazaars, etc., in order to publicize and promote the use of utility services.

9. Fees and expenses of advertising and selling activities, except by mer-chandising, the object of which is to pro-mote or retain the use of utility services curred in promotional, demonstrating,

10. Novelties for general distribution. 2. Conducting cooking schools, preparing recipes, and related home service activities.
3. Exhibitions, displays, lectures, and other programs designed to promote use of

13. Printing booklets, dodgers, bulletins,

invites the reader to purchase appliances from his dealer, or refer to appliances not carried for sale by the utility, shall be considered sales promotion advertising and charged to this account. However, advertisements which are limited to specific makes of appliances sold by the utility and prices, terms, etc., thereof, without referring to the value or advantages of utility service, shall be considered as merchandise advertising and the Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work, cost shall be charged to Cost and Expenses of

fees,

reference to makes of appliances sold by the utility and the price, terms, etc., thereof, and designed for the joint purpose of increasing the use of utility service and the sales of appliances, shall be considered as a combination advertisement and the costs shall be distributed between this account the basis of space, time, or other proportional and accounts 416 or 915, as appropriate, on

holder reports, dividend notices, bond redemption notices, financial statements, and other notices of a general corporate character. Exclude also all institutional or goodwill advertising. (See account 930, Miscel-Norm C: Exclude from this account and charge to account 930, Miscellaneous General Expenses, the cost of publication of stocklaneous General Expenses.)

### Revenues from merchandising, jobbing and contract work.

### Costs and expenses of merchandising, jobbing and contract work.

tract work, including any profit or comsale of merchandise and jobbing or conmission accruing to the utility on jobbing work performed by it as agent under contracts whereby it does jobbing work for another for a stipulated profit or commission and all expenses incurred in such These accounts shall include, respectively, all revenues derived from activities.

expenses by such major items as are B. Records in support of these accounts shall be so kept as to permit ready summarization of revenues, costs and feasible.

operating expense item, but the revenues and expenses shall be reported in accounts 415 and 416, if such regulatory body requires the net income to be reported as nonoperating income. In the absence of a requirement by a state regulatory body, the utility may use these accounts or accounts 416 and 416 at its option, in which case the practice of dising, jobbing, and contract work shall be reported in this account, if a state regula-tory body having jurisdiction over the utility requires, such income to be reported as an Nore: Revenues and expenses of merchanthe utility must be consistent.

### Account 914:

. Revenues from sale of merchandise and 2. Discounts and allowances made in setfrom jobbing and contract work.

tlement of bills for merchandise and jobbing

Account 915:

1. Canvassing and demonstrating appllances in homes and other places for the purpose of selling appliances.

sales rooms.

2. Demonstrating and selling activities in

- 3. Installing appliances on customer premises where such work is done only for purchasers of appli inces from the utility.

  4. Installing wiring, piping, or other property work on a jobbing or contract basis.

  5. Preparing advertising materials for ap-

- pliance sales purposes.

  6. Receiving and handling customer orders of merchandise or for jobbing services.

  7. Cleaning and tidying sales rooms.

  8. Maintaining display counters and other equipment used in merchandising.

  9. Arranging merchandise in sales rooms and decorating display windows.

  10. Reconditioning repossessed appliances.

  11. Bookkeeping and other clerical work and connection with merchandise and jobbing in activities.
  - 12. Supervising merchandise and jobbing

functional organization of the utility.

priate to the departmental or

921 Office supplies and expenses. A. This account shall include

- operations.
  - Materials and Expenses:
- Advertising in newspapers, periodicals, radio, television, etc.
- 14. Cost of merchandise sold and of materials used in jobbing work.

  15. Stores expenses on merchandise and jobbing stocks.
  - commercial artists' agencies.
    17. Printing booklets, dodgers, and other advertising data. 16. Fees and expenses of advertising and
    - 18. Premiums given as inducement to buy
      - appliances.
- Light, heat and power.
   Rent of sales rooms or of equipment.
   Transportation expense in delivery and pick-up of appliances by utility's facilities or by others.

accordance with a classification appropriate to the departmental or other

functional organization of the utility.

cludible in account 920.

B. This account may be subdivided in

the salaries and wages of which are in-

- 22. Stationery and office supplies and
- expenses.
  23. Taxes directly assignable to merchandise and jobing operations.
  24. Losses from uncollectible merchandise

applicable to any group of operating expenses other than the administrative and general group shall be included in the

appropriate account in such group. Further, general expenses which apply to the utility

Nors: Office expenses which are clearly

and jobbing accounts.

# 916 Miscellaneous sales expenses.

This account shall include the cost of except merchandising, which are not includible in other sales expense accounts. labor, materials used and expenses incurred in connection with sales activities,

- 1. General clerical and stenographic work 2. Special analysis of customer accounts not assigned to specific functions.
- not a part of the regular customer accounting and billing routine. and other statistical work for sales purposes
  - 3. Miscellaneous labor.
- Materials and Expenses:
- 4. Communication service.
  5. Printing, postage, and office supplies and expenses applicable to sales activities,

except those chargeable to account 913, Advertising Expenses.

Administrative and general salaries. A. This account shall include the com-

920

- 8. Office supplies and expenses.
  9. Payment of court costs, witness and other expenses of legal department. 6. Administrative and General Expenses
- 10. Postage, printing and stationery. penses.
- expenses Administrative ferred—Credit. 922

This account shall be credited with to construction costs or to nonutility accounts. (See electric plant instrucadministrative expenses recorded in accounts 920 and 921 which are transferred tion 4.) lar operating function.

B. This account may be subdivided in pensation (salaries, bonuses, and other consideration for services, but not in-cluding directors' fees) of officers, executives, and other employees of the utility properly chargeable to utility operations and not chargeable directly to a particu-

### Outside services employed. 923

- This account shall include the fees and expenses of professional consultance and others for general services which are gaged is not considered as an employee not applicable to a particular operating include also the pay and expenses of perfunction or to other accounts. It shall sons engaged for a special or temporary administrative or general purpose in circumstances where the person so enof the utility. office cifically provided for in other accounts. This includes the expenses of the various administrative and general departments, supplies and expenses incurred in connection with the general administration of the utility's operations which are accordance with a classification approassignable to specific administrative or general departments and are not spe-
  - B. This account shall be so maintained as to permit ready summarization cording to the nature of service and person furnishing the same.

- consultants, negotiators, public relations counsel, tax consultants, etc. 1. Fees, pay and expenses of accountants and auditors, actuaries, appraisers, attor-neys, engineering consultants, management
  - general management expenses 2. Supervision fees and under contracts for genera services.

kerage fees and commissions chargeable to other accounts or fees and expenses in con-nection with security issues which are Nore: Do not include inspection and brotssuing secuincludible in the expenses of rities.

as a whole rather than to a particular administrative function shall be included in account 930, Miscellaneous General Expenses.

1. Automobile service, including charges

ITEMS

## 924 Property insurance.

A. This account shall include the cost of insurance or reserve accruals to protect the utility against losses and damages to owned or leased property used in its utility operations. It shall include also the cost of labor and related supplies and expenses incurred in property insurance activities. through clearing account.

2. Bank messenger and service charges.

3. Books, periodicals, bulletins and subscriptions to newspapers, newsletters, tax Communication service expenses.
 Cost of individual items of office equipment used by general departments which 4. Building service expenses for customer accounts, sales, and administrative and g.n-

panies or others for property damages B. Recoveries from insurance comshall be credited to the account charged with the cost of the damage.

> technical, and professional associations paid by a utility for employees. (Company mem-berships are includible in account 930.)

7. Membership fees and dues in trade

are of small value or short life.

Communication service expenses.

eral purposes.

services, etc.

damaged property has been retired, the credit shall be to the appropriate account for accumulated provision for de-

C. Records shall be kept so as to show the amount of coverage for each class dividends distributed by mutual insurance companies shall be credited to the accounts to which the insurance preof insurance carried, the property covered, and the applicable premiums. miums were charged.

### ITEMS

- 1. Premiums payable to insurance companies for fire, storm, burgiary, boiler explosion, lightning, fidelity, riot, and similar insurance.
  - 2. Amounts credited to account 261, Property Insurance Reserve, for similar protec-
- 3. Special costs incurred in procuring in-
- 4. Insurance inspection service. 5. Insurance counsel, brokerage fees, and expenses.

Nore A: The cost of insurance or reserve accruals capitalized shall be charged to construction either directly or by transfer to construction work orders from this account. Nore B: The cost of insurance or reserve accruals for the following classes of property shall be charged as indicated.

- (1) Materials and supplies and stores equipment, to account 163, Stores Expense or appropriate, materials Undistributed,
- equipment to appropriate clearing accounts that may be maintained.
  - (3) Electric plant leased to others, to account 413, Expenses of Electric Plant Leased to Others.
    - (4) Nonutility property, to the appropriate nonutility income account.
- (5) Merchandise and jobbing property, to account 416, Costs and Expenses of Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work, or account 915, as appropriate.
- plies and expenses of administrative and general employees who are only incidentally engaged in property insurance work may be included in accounts 920 and 921, as Nors C: The cost of labor and related supappropriate.

## 925 Injuries and damages.

A. This account shall include the cost insurance or reserve accruals to protect the utility against injuries and damages claims of employees or others, losses of such character not covered by insurance, and expenses incurred in insurance, and expenses incurred of

damages claims. It shall also include the cost of labor and related supplies and expenses damages B. Reimbursements from insurance and Injuries in injuries 뻥 settlement incurred activities

companies or others for expenses charged hereto on account of injuries and damages and insurance dividends or refunds shall be credited to this account.

### ITEMS

- 1. Premiums payable to insurance companies for protection against claims from injuries and damages by employees or others, such as public liability, property damages, casualty, employee liability, etc., and amounts credited to account 262, injuries and Damages Reserve, for similar protection.

  2. Losses not covered by insurance or re
  - serve accruals on account of injuries or deaths to employees or others and damages to the property of others.

    3. Fees and expenses of claim investi-
    - 4. Payment of awards to claimants for gators.
- court costs and attorneys' services.

  5. Medical and hospital service and expenses for employees as the result of occupational injuries, or resulting from claims of others.
  - 6. Compensation payments under work-men's compensation laws.
- 7. Compensation paid while incapacitated as the result of occupational injuries. (See Note A.)
- 8. Cost of safety, accident prevention and similar educational activities.
- Nore A: Payments to or in behalf of employees for accident or death benefits, hospital expenses, medical supplies or for salarles while incapacitated for service or on leave of absence beyond periods normally allowed, when not the result of occupational injuries, shall be charged to account 926, Employee Pensions and Benefits. (See also Note B of account 926.)
  - NOTE B: The cost of injuries and damages or reserve accruals capitalized shall be fer to construction work orders from this charged to construction directly or by transaccount.
    - expenses of employees (except those engaged in injuries and damages activities) spent in attendance at safety and accident prevention educational meetings, if occurring during the Nore C; Exclude herefrom the time and regular work period.

NOTE D: The cost of labor and related engaged in injuries and damages activities supplies and expenses of administrative and general employees who are only incidentally and may be included in accounts 920 as appropriate.

### This account shall include pensions Employee pensions and benefits.

payments for the purchase of annuities for this purpose, when the utility has definitely, by contract, committed itself sion funds are irrevocably devoted to Include, also, expenses incurred in medical, educational or recreational activities istrative expenses in connection with ployee accident, sickness, hospital, and death benefits, or insurance therefor. to a pension plan under which the pento or on behalf of retired employees, or accruals to provide for pensions, or pension purposes, and payments for emfor the benefit of employees, and adminemployee pensions and benefits. paid

pensions and be prepared to furnish full information to the Commission of the plan under which it has created or prolution under which the pension plan is established. poses to create a pension fund and a B. The utility shall maintain a complete record of accruals or payments for copy of the declaration of trust or reso-

count the portion of pensions and benefits expenses which is applicable to nonutility operations or which is charged to construction unless such amounts are distributed directly to the accounts involved and are not included herein in C. There shall be credited to this acthe first instance.

D. Records in support of this account shall be so kept that the total pensions expense, the total benefits expense, the administrative expenses included herein, fits expenses transferred to construction and the amounts of pensions and benebe readily or other accounts will available.

### ITEMS

- Payment of pensions under a nonaccrual or nonfunded basis.
- 2. Accruals for or payments to pension funds or to insurance companies for pension purposes.
  - 3. Group and life insurance premiums ices and expenses of employees when not the 4. Payments for medical and hospital serv-(credit dividends received).
    - 5. Payments for accident, sickness, hospital, and death benefits or insurance. result of occupational injuries.
- for service or on leave of absence beyond periods normally allowed, when not the result 6. Payments to employees incapacitated of occupational injuries, or in excess of statutory awards.

- Expenses in connection with educational recreational activities for the benefit of employees.
- Nore A: The cost of labor and related supplies and expenses of administrative and general employees who are only incidentally engaged in employee pension and benefit activities may be included in accounts 920 and
  - 921, as appropriate.
    Note B: Salaries paid to employees during periods of nonoccupational sickness may be charged to the appropriate labor account rather than to employee benefits.
- A. This account shall include pay-Franchise requirements. 927
- ments to municipal or other govern-mental authorities, and the cost of ma-terials, supplies and services furnished such authorities without reimbursement in compliance with franchise, ordinance, or similar requirements; provided, however, that the utility may charge to this account at regular tariff rates, instead of cost, utility service furnished without charge under provisions of franchises.
  - concurrent credit for such charges shall be made to account 929, Duplicate B. When no direct outlay is involved, C. The account shall be maintained Charges—Credit.
    - so as to readily reflect the amounts of cash outlays, utility service supplied without charge, and other items furnished without charge.
- Nore A: Franchise taxes shall not be charged to this account but to account 408, Taxes Other Than Income Taxes.
- sideration for a franchise running for more than one year shall be charged to account 302, Franchises and Consents. NoTE B: Any amount paid as initial con-
- 928 Regulatory commission expenses.
- penses (except pay of regular employees only incidentally engaged in such work) properly includible in utility oper-ting of such commission, its officers, agents, and employees, and also including payments made to the United States for the expenses, incurred by the utility in connection with formal cases before regubodies, or cases in which such a body is against the utility for pay and expenses latory commissions, or other regulatory regulatory commission for fees assessed This account shall include all exa party, including payments made to
- B. Amounts of regulatory commission of the Commission are to be spread over administration of the Federal Power Act expenses which by approval

future periods shall be charged to account 186, Miscellaneous Deferred Debits, and amortized by charges to this account.

\$ show the cost of each formal case. ģ C. The utility

sented to regulatory bodies, or in the valua-tion of property owned or used by the utility in connection with such cases. engineers, clerks, attendants, witnesses, and others engaged in the prosecution of, or deof counsel, solicitors, attorneys, accountants fense against petitions or complaints prefees, retainers, and

2. Office supplies and expenses, payments to public service or other regulatory commissions, stationery and printing, traveling expenses, and other expenses incurred expenses, and other expenses incurred directly in connection with formal cases before regulatory commissions.

include in other appropriate operating expense accounts, expenses incurred in the improvement of service, additional inspection, or rendering reports, which are made necessary by the rules and regulations, or Nore A: Exclude from this account and orders, of regulatory bodies.

Nors B: Do not include in this account amounts includible in account 302, Frantized Debt Discount and Expense, or account. chises and Consents, account 181, Unamor-214, Capital Stock Expense.

# 929 Duplicate charges-Credit.

This account shall include concurrent credits for charges which may be made to operating expenses or to other accounts for the use of utility service from its own supply. Include, also, offsetting credits for any other charges made to operating expenses for which there is no direct money outlay.

# 930 Miscellaneous general expenses.

This account shall include the cost of labor and expenses incurred in connection with the general management of the utility not provided for elsewhere.

1. Miscellaneous labor not elsewhere provided for. Labor:

### Expenses:

association dues for company 3. Contributions for conventions and meetings of the industry. 2. Industry memberships

4. Experimental and general research work Communication service not chargeable for the industry. 5. Communicati

to other accounts.

registrar, and transfer agent Trustee,

fees and expenses.
7. Stockholders meeting expenses.
8. Dividend and other financial notices.
9. Printing and mailing dividend checks.
10. Directors' fees and expenses.
11. Publishing and distributing annual reports to stockholders.

12. Institutional or goodwill advertising.
13. Public notices of financial, operating, and other data required by regulatory statutes, not including, however, notices required in connection with security issues or acquisitions of property.

### Rents.

931

erly includible in utility operating exoccupied, or operated in connection with penses for the property of others used the customer accounts, sales, and general utility. (See operating expense instruction 3.) This account shall include rents propand administrative functions

### Maintenance

### Maintenance of general plant. 932

assignable to customer accounts, sales and administrative and general func-This account shall include the cost cludible in account 390, Structures and Improvements, account 391, Office Furnitions of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in the maintenance of property, the book cost of which is inture and Equipment, account 397, Communication Equipment, and account 398, (See operating expense instruction 2.)

B. Maintenance expenses Miscellaneous Equipment.

furniture and equipment used elsewhere on office than in general, commercial and sales offices shall be charged to the following accounts

Nuclear Power Generation, Account 532. Hydraulic Power Generation, Account 546. Other Power Generation, Account 554. Steam Power Generation, Account 514. Transmission, Account 573.

Merchandise and Jobbing, Account 416 or Distribution, Account 598.

Garages, Shops, etc., Appropriate clearing account, if used.

other general equipment accounts shall be included herein unless charged to clearing accounts or to the particular functional maintenance expense account indicated by Nore: Maintenance of plant included the use of the equipment.

6, 1960; [F.R. Doc. 60-4950; Filed, June